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## Item Checkup

- Mainboard
- Multi-lingual Quick Installation Guide
- User Manual (Mainboard)
- Support CD
- Bundled Bonus Pack CD
- Bundled Bonus Pack Manual
- Cable :
  - ATA 66/100 IDE Cable
  - 2 x Serial ATA Cable
  - FDD Cable
  - RS232 Cable (Optional)
  - USB Cable (Optional)

# Chapter 1 Specification

## Introduction

This series of mainboards features an integration of the powerful processor Intel Pentium 4 and the single-chip North Bridge Intel 865G. The Intel P4 processor is a rapid execution engine supporting 800/533/400MHz system bus, while North Bridge Intel 865G is a high performance integrated chipset providing Dual Channel DDR 400/333/266 SDRAM memory interface, Hub interface, AGP interface as well as an integrated Graphics Port for VGA display.

Integrated with 865G, South Bridge Intel ICH5 supports the LPC Super I/O, upstream Hub interface, PCI interface, IDE interface, Serial ATA interface, USB 2.0 interface, AC'97 2.2 (6-channel) Audio interface and the interrupt control. This chapter is to introduce to users every advanced function of this high performance integration.

### **Topics included in this chapter are:**

**1-1 Mainboard Layout**

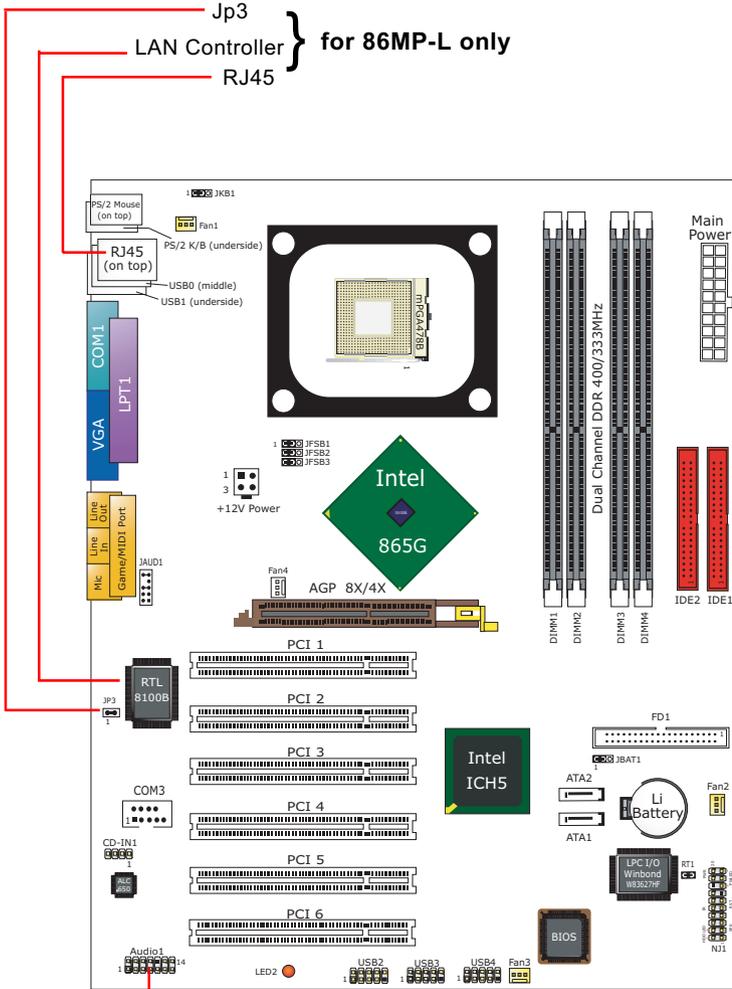
**1-2 Chipset Diagram**

**1-3 Mainboard Specification Table**

**1-4 Mainboard Specifications\*\***

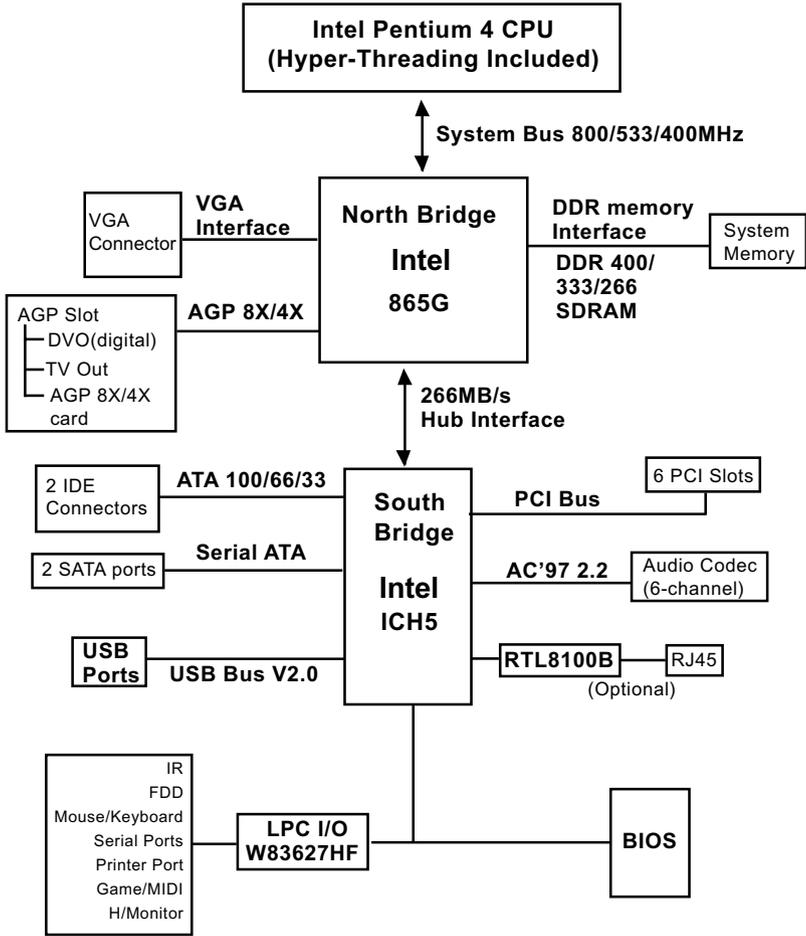
**\*\* If any difference is found between the mainboard description and the Mainboard you are using, please look up the Errata/Update Slip enclosed inside for the correction or updated information, or else contact the mainboard Dealer or visit our Web Site for the latest manual update.**

# 1-1 Mainboard Layout



**Optional 6-channel Audio-Out Connector**

## 1-2 Chipset System Block Diagram



Pentium 4 + Intel 865G + Intel ICH5 Diagram

### 1-3 Mainboard Specification Table

<b>86MP/86MP-L Specifications and Features</b>		
CPU	Socket 478B for P4 CPU (HT CPU included)	
North Bridge	Intel 865G, supporting 800/533/400MHz FSB	
South Bridge	Intel ICH5	
BIOS	AMI BIOS	
Memory	Supporting Dual-channel DDR 400/333/266 SDRAM, up to 4GB in 4 DIMM slots	
I/O Chip	W83627HF, with Hardware Monitor	
AGP interface	AGP8X/4X Mode only; 1 AGP Slot on board	
Audio	AC'97 Audio 2.2 compliant, 6 channel audio	
IDE Interface	2 UATA 66/100 IDE ports	
SATA Interface	2 Serial ATA connectors	
PCI Slots	6 PCI Master slots on board	
I/O Connectors	8 USB V2.0, 1 FDD port, 2 COM ports, 1 LPT, 1 IrDA, 1 PS/2 K/B, 1 PS/2 Mouse	
Networking	LAN Controller RTL8100B and Connector RJ45 (for 86MP-L only)	
VGA Display	1 x VGA connector on board for analog display	
Other common features	Keyboard/Mouse Wake Up	
Optional Features	Models	
		86MP
LAN Controller on board	No	Yes

## 1-4 Mainboard Specifications

### 1-4.1 CPU Socket

CPU Socket 478B on board, supporting Intel® Pentium 4 processors (including Intel Hyper-Threading CPUs) in 478-pin package for :

- 800/533/400MHz System Bus;
- Hyper-pipelined technology;
- Advanced dynamic execution;
- Advanced transfer cache;

### 1-4.2 System Chipsets

North Bridge Intel 865G:

- A high performance integrated chipset providing P4 processor interface (including Hyper-threading Technology), Dual channel DDR 400/333/266 SDRAM memory, Hub interface, AGP interface as well as another integrated VGA interface with one on-board display port.
- Showing Hyper-Threading Logo when booting with a Hyper-threading CPU.

South Bridge Intel ICH5:

- Supporting the LPC I/O, upstream Hub interface, PCI interface, IDE interface, Serial ATA interface, USB 2.0 interface, AC'97 2.2 (6-channel) Audio interface and the interrupt control.

### 1-4.3 Memory

4 DDR DIMM 184-pin slots on board :

- Supporting unregistered, non-ECC Dual-channel DDR 400/333/266 SDRAM up to 4 GBs
- DIMMs to be populated in identical pairs for Dual-channel operation
- SPD (Serial Presence Detect) Scheme for DIMM Detection supported

### 1-4.4 AMI BIOS

Flash Memory for easy upgrade, supporting BIOS Writing Protection, Year 2000 compliant, and supporting various hardware configuration during booting system (See Chapter 4 BIOS Setup):

- Standard BIOS Features(Times, Date, System Information etc.)
- Advanced BIOS Features (CPU,IDE, Floppy, SuperIO, Hardware Health, ACPI, USB, and Frequency/Voltage Control)
- Advanced Chipset Features (NorthBridge, SouthBridge Configuration)
- PCI/PNP Resource Management (IRQ Settings, Latency Timers etc.)
- Boot Configuration Setup (Boot Settings, Boot Device Priority etc.)
- BIOS Security Features (Supervisor Password, User Password)

### **1-4.5 Integrated Multiplexed AGP and DVO Interface**

Integrated multiplexed AGP and DVO interface in 865G, supporting AGP performance and analog/Digital display:

- one AGP slot on board, supporting both Digital Video Out card or AGP8x/4x card for analog/digital display (TMDS, LVDS and TV-out) (See AGP Installation in Chapter 2 of this manual)
- One 15-pin VGA connector on board, supporting analog display
- Hardware motion compensation assist for software MPEG/DVD de-code
- Integrated 2D/3D graphics accelerator
- VGA Driver enclosed in Support CD for user's installation

### **1-4.6 Multi-I/O Functions**

- Serial ATA Controller integrated in ICH5, supporting:
  - 2x Serial ATA connectors supporting up to 150MByte/s transfer rate
- PCI EIDE Controller, supporting:
  - 2x UATA100/66/33 IDE connectors supporting up to 4 IDE devices
- Dedicated IR Functions:
  - Third serial port dedicated to IR function either through the two complete serial ports or the third dedicated port Infrared-IrDA (HPSIR) and ASK (Amplitude Shift Keyed) IR
- Multi-mode Parallel Data Transfer:
  - Standard mode, high speed mode ECP and enhanced mode EPP
- Floppy Disk Connector:
  - One FDD connector supporting 2 floppy drives with drive swap support
- Universal Serial Bus Transfer Mode:
  - USB V2.0 compliant; 480Mb/s USB Bus, supporting Windows 2000 or later operating systems (no support for Windows 9X/ME)
  - 2 built-in USB connectors and 3 USB Headers which require 3 additional USB cables to provide 6 more optional USB ports
- PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse
- UARTs (Universal Asynchronous Receiver / Transmitter):
  - Two serial ports (COM1 & COM3) on board

### **1-4.7 Expansion Slots**

- 6 PCI Bus Master slots
- 1 AGP slot
- 4 DDR SDRAM DIMM slots

### **1-4.8 Advanced System Power Management**

- ACPI 1.0B compliant (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface), including ACPI suspend mode support (See ACPI Configuration of Advanced BIOS Features in BIOS Setup)
- APM V1.2 compliant (Legacy Power Management)
- Supporting Wake-On-LAN
- Supporting Real Time Clock (RTC) for date alarm, month alarm, and century field configuration

### **1-4.9 LAN on board (for 86MP-L only)**

PCI local bus single-chip Fast Ethernet Controller RTL8100B on board:

- Supporting 10/100Mb data transfer
- Supporting Wake On LAN function through the on-board RJ45 LAN Connector
- LAN Driver enclosed in Support CD for user's installation.

### **1-4.10 Hardware Monitor on board**

- Hardware Monitor supported by W83627HF, providing monitoring and alarm for flexible desktop management of hardware voltage, temperatures and fan speeds.
- Utility Software Soltek Hardware Monitor for displaying system status is enclosed in Support CD for user's installation.

### **1-4.11 AC'97 Audio Codec on board**

AC'97 Audio Codec 2.2 compliant on board

- Supporting 6-channel display of PCM audio output
- 6 channel audio consists of Front Left, Front Right, Back Left, Back Right, Center and Subwoofer for complete surround sound effect
- AC'97 Audio Codec Driver enclosed in Support CD for user's installation.

### **1-4.12 6-channel Audio-out Support (Optional)**

- This series is designed with an optional 6-channel Audio-out connector "Audio1". If this option is chosen, a 6-channel Audio-out card will be enclosed in the Mainboard package to provide 3 additional audio-out ports for the 6-channel sound.

### **1-4.13 Form Factor**

- ATX Form Factor, ATX Power Supply, version 2.03 compliant, supported by one Main Power Connector, one +12V Power Connector.
- Mainboard size: 305mm x 244mm

# Chapter 2 Hardware Setup

## To Get Things Ready for Hardware Setup !

1. We recommend to install your CPU before any other components. For detailed installation instructions of processor, you can also refer to the pamphlet enclosed in your CPU package.
2. Installing a cooling fan with a good heat sink is a must for proper heat dissipation for your CPU. Get ready an appropriate fan with heat sink for proper installation. Improper fan and installation will damage your CPU.
3. In case CPU Vcore, CPU clock or Frequency Ratio is adjustable on board, please follow the instructions described in the User's manual for proper setup. Incorrect setting will cause damage to your CPU.

**The following topics are included in this chapter:**

**2-1 CPU Installation with Socket 478B**

**2-2 Pentium 4 CPU Fan Installation**

**2-3 Memory Installation**

**2-4 Indicator LED: System Powered On LED**

**2-5 VGA / AGP 8X/4X Slot Installation**

**2-6 IDE Connectors Installation**

**2-7 Serial ATA Connectors Installation**

**2-8 Floppy Drive Connector Installation**

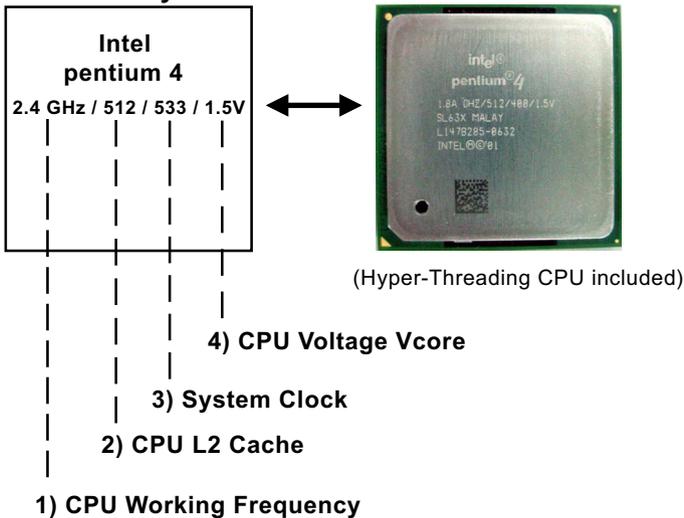
**2-9 ATX V2.03 Power Supply Installation**

**2-10 Jumper Settings**

**2-11 Other Connectors Configuration**

## 2-1 CPU Installation with Socket 478B

### 2-1.1 To Identify a Pentium 4 CPU



On the heatsink side of a Pentium 4 CPU, there printed a line of figures to identify its specifications. The line consists of 4 parts:

1. CPU Working Frequency: this part depicts the working frequency of the CPU. For example,
  - 2.4 GHz depicts that this CPU is locked to 2.4 GHz working frequency (18 x 133MHz CPU clock);
  - 2A GHz depicts that this CPU is an A version, locked to 2.0 GHz working frequency (20 x 100MHz CPU clock)
  - 3.06GHz depicts that this is a 3.06GHz hyper-threading CPU
2. CPU L2 Cache: this part depicts the L2 Cache size. For example,
  - 512 stands for 512 KB L2 Cache; 256 stands for 256 KB L2 Cache
3. System Clock: this part depicts the System Clock (Front Side Bus) provided by the CPU. For example,
  - 533 stands for a 533MHz system clock provided by a 133MHz CPU times 4;
  - 400 stands for a 400 system clock provided by a 100 MHz CPU x 4.
4. CPU Voltage Vcore: this part depicts the CPU Voltage. For example,
  - 1.5V stands for a CPU of 1.5V Vcore.

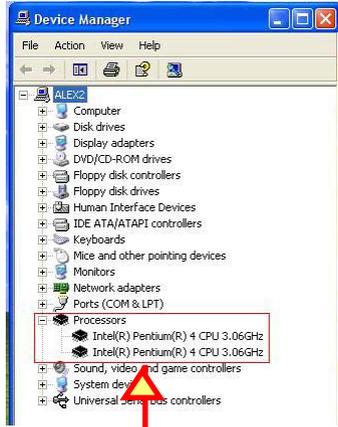
Note: System Clock vs CPU Clock

P4 CPU is a quadpumped CPU. The system bus is provided by the CPU clock x 4. Therefore, users can figure out the P4 CPU clock by the System Clock divided by 4.

### 2-1.2 CPU Installation with Socket 478B

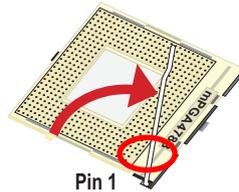
This mainboard is built with CPU Socket 478B ( 478-pin) supporting the Intel Pentium 4 CPU:

- Follow the steps described in this section to install the 478-pin Pentium 4 CPU into the on board Socket 478.
- After installation of Pentium 4 CPU, you must also install the specific Pentium 4 CPU fan designed in tandem with this CPU. This CPU Fan installation is described in next section.
- This mainboard supports Hyper-threading dual-in-one CPU, the function of which can be enabled by Windows XP. (See illustration on the right.)

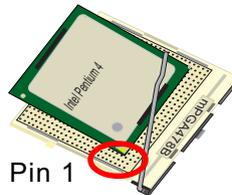


( If Hyper-threading CPU is installed successfully with O/S Win XP, the O/S will enable the dual-in-one CPU function.)

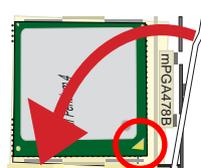
1. First pull sideways the lever of Socket 478, and then turn it up 90° so as to raise the upper layer of the socket from the lower platform.



2. Configure Pin 1 of CPU to Pin 1 of the Socket, just as the way shown in the diagram on the right. Adjust the position of CPU until you can feel all CPU pins get into the socket with ease.



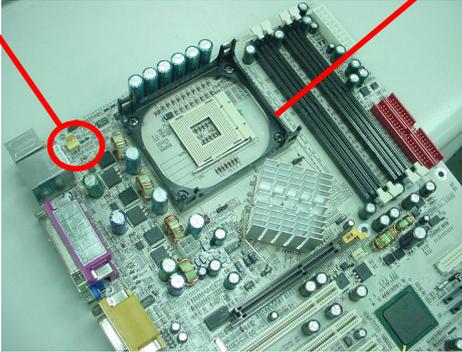
3. Make sure that all CPU pins have completely entered the socket and then lower down the lever to lock up CPU to socket.



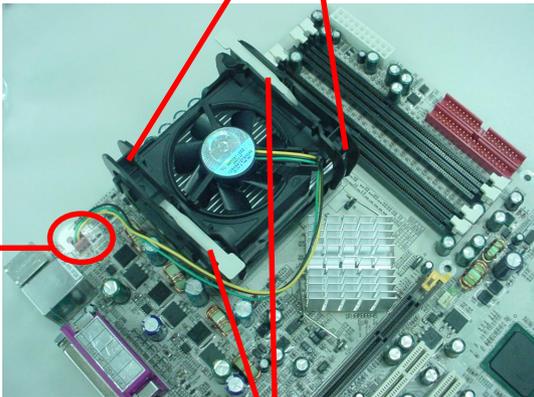
## 2-2 Pentium 4 CPU Fan Installation:

CPU Fan Connector

Pentium 4 Fanbase



1. Press down 4 latches.



2. Press down the 2 levers to lock fan to fanbase

3. Connect Fan Connector to CPU FAN connector

The above pictures are taken from sample mainboards as installation illustration. The layout in the pictures may be different from your mainboard.

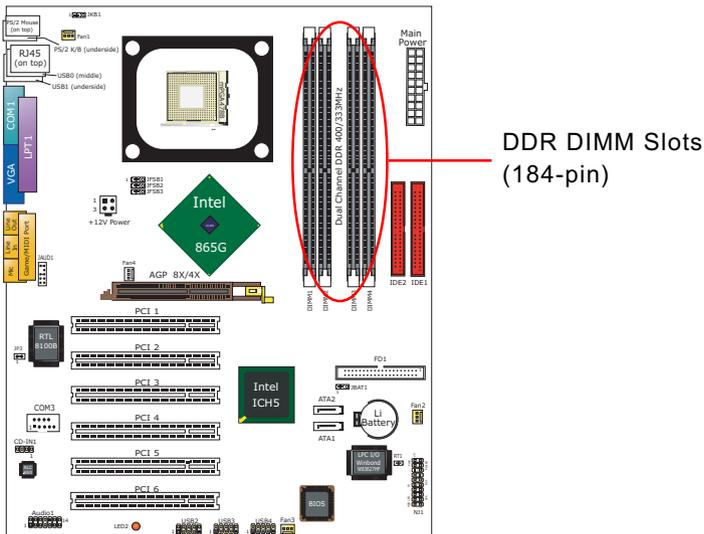
## 2-3 Memory Installation

How to tackle the memory Modules:

- Make sure to unplug your power supply before adding or removing memory module.
- Pay attention to the orientation of the DIMM slots.

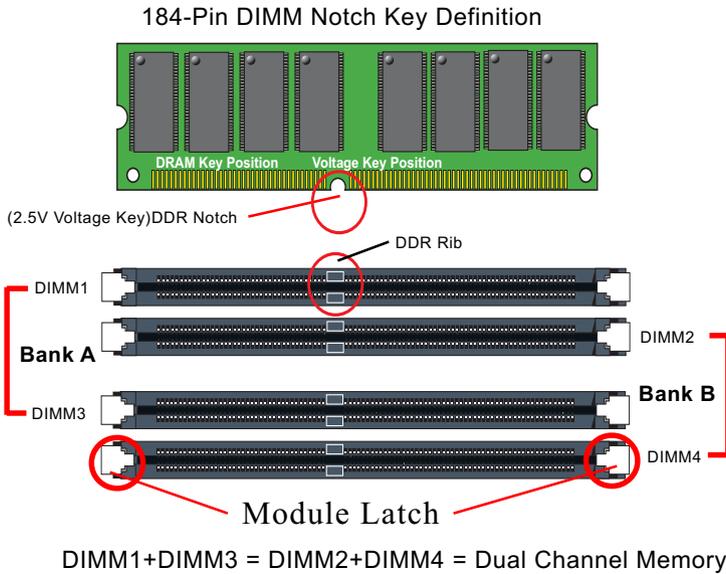
### Dual Channel Memory Features

- Dual Channel memory configuration provides higher performance than Single Channel configurations
- Matched DIMMs need to have identical density, DRAM technology, DRAM bus width, and equal number of memory banks.
- This series supports up to 4GB unbuffered Dual-channel DDR 400/333/266 SDRAM, with 4 DDR DIMM slots on board. Do not insert other type of modules into these slots.
- The dual memory controller can double the DDR memory bandwidth up to 6.4GB/s with DDR400, 5.4GB/s with DDR333 and 4.2GB/s with DDR266.



### 2-3.1 To Install DDR SDRAM Module

- To enable Dual-channel memory function, users should insert totally identical (size and frequency) DDR module pair into the bank-pair. In this series, DIMM1 and DIMM3 is a pair, and DIMM2 and DIMM4 is another.
- DDR DIMM slot has 184 pins and one notch. Insert a DDR SDRAM vertically into the 184-pin slot with the notch-to-rib matching.

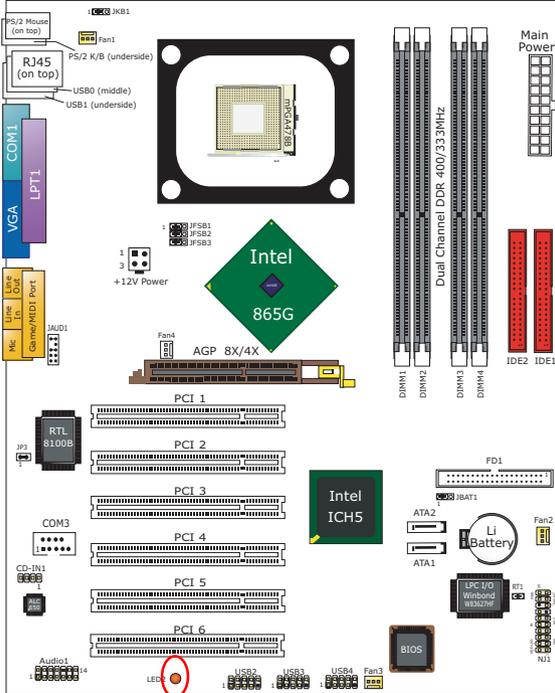


### 2-3.2 To Remove a DIMM

Power off the system first, and then press down the holding latches on both sides of slot to release the module from the DIMM slot.

## 2-4 Indicator LED: System Powered On LED

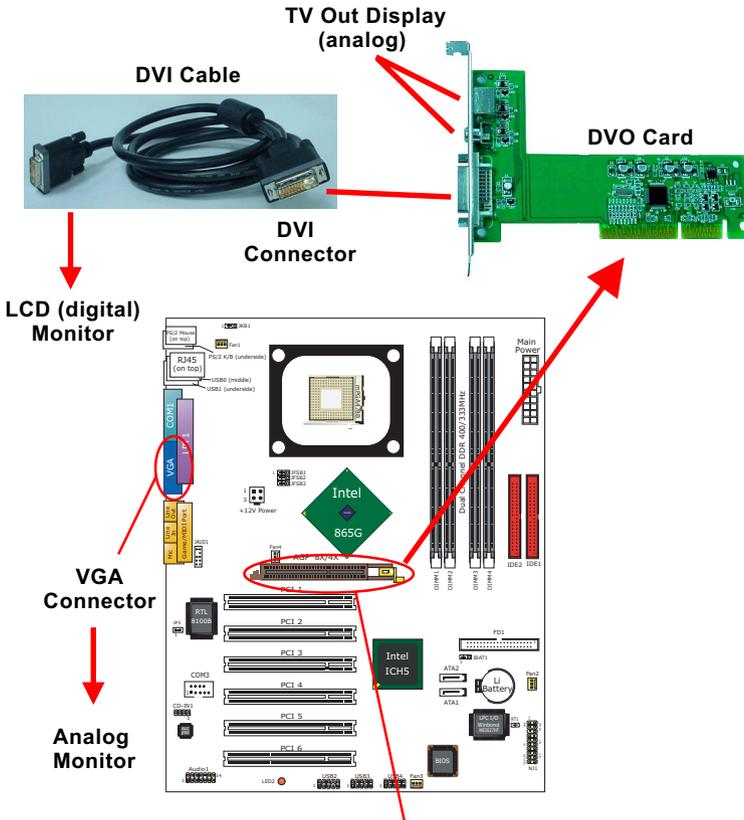
An indicator LED2 is designed on board. Whenever system is connected to power, the LED2 will simultaneously light up.



Indicator LED2: System Powered On LED

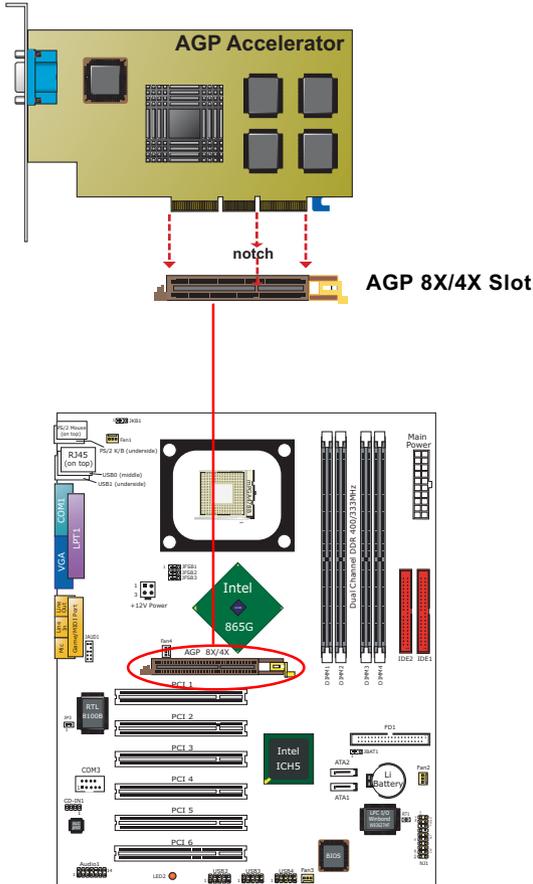
## 2-5 VGA / AGP 8X/4X Slot Installation

1. To install on-board VGA, please connect your monitor directly to VGA connector on board.
2. To install AGP 8X/4X card / Digital-Video-Out(DVO) / TV Out display, please insert an AGP / DVO /TV Out card into the AGP slot. This AGP slot supports AGP 8X/4X card(analog), DVO card and TV Out card, respectively but not simultaneously.



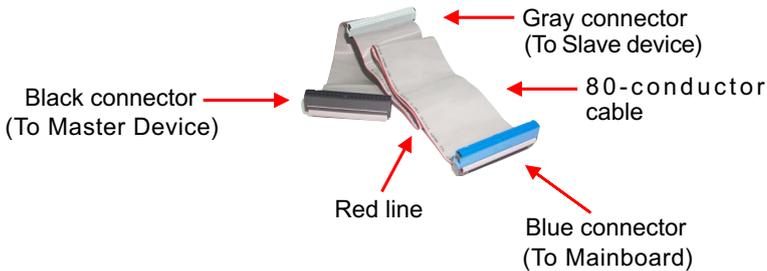
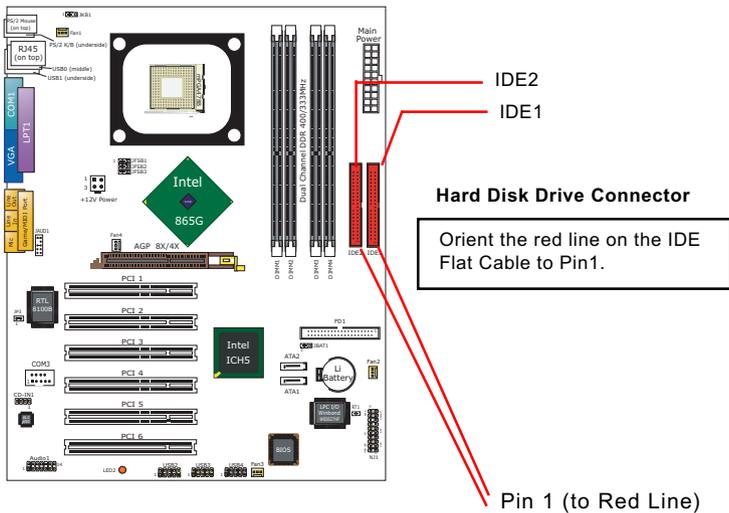
**Insert an AGP 8X/4X card / DVO / TV Out card to AGP slot for AGP / DVO / TV Out Display**

3. Please note the AGP slot on board supports 1.5V AGP 8X/4X card only if users want to install a VGA card. A Rib is specifically added to the 8X/4X slot so as to match the AGP 8X/4X card. To insert a 3.3V AGP 2X card into the AGP 8X/4X slot will damage the system chip and burn the 1.5V circuitry. An AGP 8X card will support a data transfer rate up to 2GB/sec, while an AGP 4X card will provide 1GB/sec transfer rate.



## 2-6 IDE Connectors Installation

To install IDE Connector, you may connect the blue connector of IDE cable to the primary (IDE1) or secondary (IDE2) connector on board, and then connect the gray connector to your slave device and the black connector to your master device. If you install two hard disks, you must configure the second drive to Slave mode by setting its jumpers correctly. Please refer to your hard disk documentation for the jumper settings.

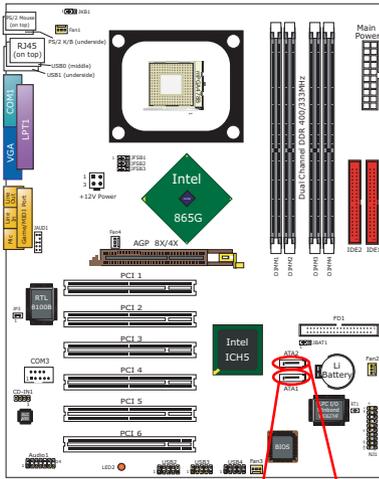


### IDE Flat Cable

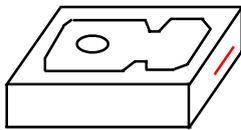
## 2-7 Serial ATA Connectors Installation

The Serial ATA is designed to improve the Parallel ATA with the capability of Hot Plug and offer a data bandwidth of 150Mbytes/second. It also reduce voltage and pin count and can be implemented with thin cables which improve the inner ventilaton of PC cases.

2 Serial ATA connectors are built on board, supported by the SATA Controller for SATA Hard Disk Drives.



Serial ATA Connector ATA1 and ATA2



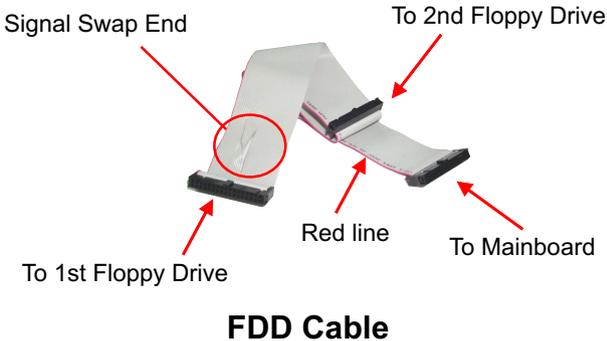
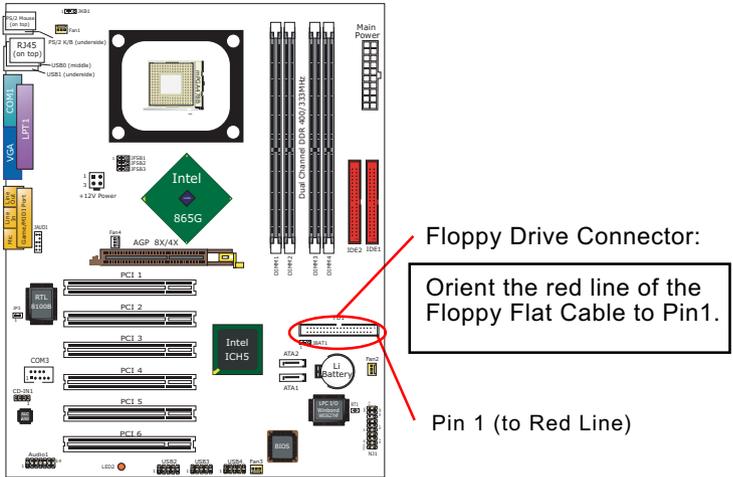
Serial ATA Hard Disk



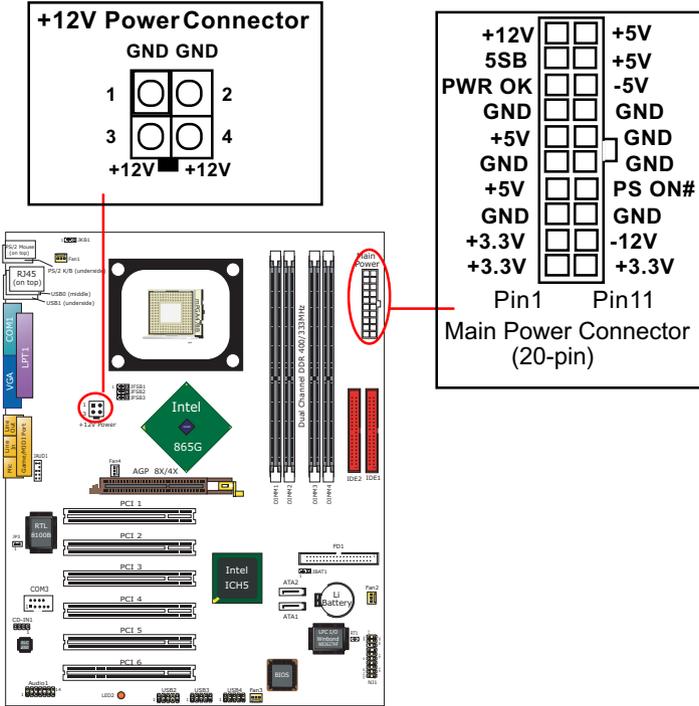
Serial ATA Cable

## 2-8 Floppy Drive Connector Installation

To install FDC, you should connect the end of FDC cable with single connector to the board, and connect the other end with two connectors to the floppy drives.



## 2-9 ATX V2.03 Power Supply Installation



ATX V2.03 Power Supply is strongly recommended for mainboard running with 2GHz or higher CPU.

To set up Power Supply on this mainboard:

1. Connect the on-board Main Power Connector (20-pin) to the Main Power Connector (20-pin) of an ATX Power Supply which can be of the latest version 2.03 model, and then connect the square-shaped +12V Power Connector on board to the square-shaped +12V Power Connector of the Power Supply.

Warning: Both the Main Power Connector and the +12V Power Connector should be connected to Power Supply; otherwise, the system may either not start or be damaged.

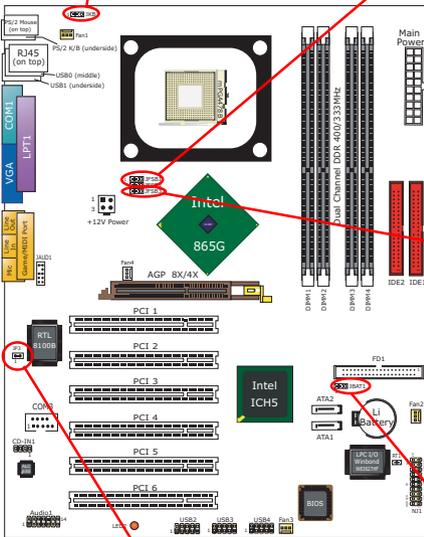
2. This ATX Power Supply should be able to provide at least 720mA/ +5V standby power for Wake On Lan function.

## 2-10 Jumper Settings

The following diagrams show the locations and settings of jumper blocks on the mainboard.

<b>JKB1: Keyboard / Mouse Wake Up</b>	
 1	<b>1-2 closed (default)</b> Disabled
 1	<b>2-3 closed</b> Enabled

<b>JFSB1&amp;JFSB2: CPU Frequency Select</b>			
(default) CPU Auto- Detection	<b>100MHz</b> (FSB400)	<b>133MHz</b> (FSB533)	<b>200MHz</b> (FSB800)
1  1 	1  1 	1  1 	1  1 

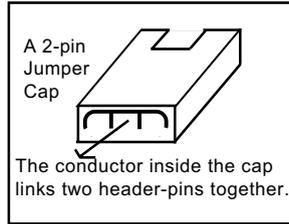
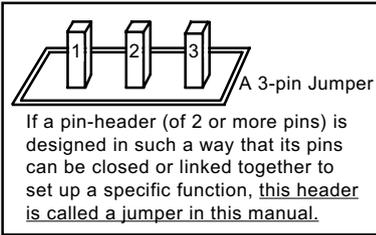


<b>JFSB3 (Optional) Memory Turbo Mode</b>	
 1	<b>1-2 closed (default)</b> Turbo Mode Disabled
 1	<b>2-3 closed</b> Turbo Mode Enabled

<b>Jp3 LAN Controller Select (86MP-L only)</b>	
 1	<b>1-2 closed</b> 1 LAN controller disabled
 1	<b>1-2 opened (default)</b> 1 LAN controller enabled

<b>JBAT1 Clear CMOS</b>	
 1	<b>1-2 closed (default)</b> To hold data
 1	<b>2-3 closed</b> To clear CMOS

**How to tackle the Jumpers:**



- A Jumper is usually but not necessarily given a “JpX” legend.
- In the Jumper setting diagram, the jumper pins covered with black marks stand for closed pins with jumper cap.



- Do not remove any jumper cap when power is on. Always make sure the power is off before changing any jumper settings. Otherwise, the mainboard will be damaged.

**2-10.1 JFSB1 & JFSB2: CPU Frequency Select**

JFSB1 and JFSB2 are designed on board for CPU frequency select.

1. Setting JFSB1 1-2 closed and JFSB2 to 1-2 closed will allow CPU on board to Auto Detect its own frequency and apply it to the System Bus.
2. Setting JFSB1 2-3 closed and JFSB2 2-3 closed is for 100 MHz CPU.
3. Setting JFSB1 opened and JFSB2 2-3 closed is for 133 MHz CPU.
4. Setting JFSB1 2-3 closed and JFSB2 opened is to select a CPU clock at 200 MHz for your CPU. If 200MHz is an overclock for your CPU, it may or may not boot your system. If an overlock fails to boot system, you should restore the default setting and then clear CMOS to reboot your system. (See Clear CMOS in next paragraph.)

JFSB1&JFSB2: CPU Frequency Select			
(default)	100MHz	133MHz (FSB533)	200MHz
CPU Auto-Detection			
JFSB1	JFSB1	JFSB1	JFSB1
1	1	1	1
JFSB2	JFSB2	JFSB2	JFSB2
1	1	1	1

Further Notes on CPU Overclocking:

1. If you have successfully booted system, with or without CPU overclock, you still can try another CPU overclock in BIOS Setup. Please enter BIOS Setup, choose “Frequency/Voltage Control” of Advanced BIOS Features, and configure the “CPU Clock” item to raise your CPU clock.
2. CPU overclocking should take all components on board into account. If you fail in BIOS overclocking, you will not be able to restart system. In such case, Power off system and clear CMOS by JBAT1 and then restart your system. And remember to reconfigure whatever should be reconfigured.
3. If your system is already fixed in a cabinet or case, you may not like to take the trouble to clear CMOS. Then power on your system with the power button on the PC case and simultaneously press down the “Insert” key on the keyboard until you see the initial bootup screen appear. And remember you should also enter CMOS BIOS Setup instantly and choose “Load Optimized Defaults” to restore default BIOS .

### 2-10.2 (Optional) JFSB3: Memory Turbo Mode

JFSB3 is designed on board for improving Memory performance. If you want to obtain better system performance, you can set JFSB3 2-3 closed to enable the Memory Turbo Mode. Otherwise, you can set JFSB3 1-2 closed to disable the Memory Turbo Mode.

<b>JFSB3 (Optional) Memory Turbo Mode</b>	
	<b>1-2 closed (default)</b> <sup>1</sup> Turbo Mode Disabled
	<b>2-3 closed</b> <sup>1</sup> Turbo Mode Enabled

### 2-10.3 JBAT1: Clear CMOS

When you have problem with rebooting your system, you can clear CMOS data and restore it to default value. To clear CMOS with Jumper JBAT1, please follow the steps below:

1. Power off system.
2. Set JBAT1 to Pin 2-3 closed.
3. After 2 or 3 seconds, restore the JBAT1 setting to Pin1-2 closed.
4. CMOS data are restored to default now. Remember never clear CMOS when system power is on.

<b>JBAT1 Clear CMOS</b>	
	<b>1-2 closed (default)</b> <sup>1</sup> To hold data
	<b>2-3 closed</b> <sup>1</sup> To clear CMOS

### 2-10.4 Jp3: LAN Controller Select (86MP-L only)

Jp3 is a 2-pin jumper for enabling or disabling the on-board LAN Controller. Users can set LJP1 1-2 opened to enable the on-board LAN Controller so as to set up the LAN driver, or to set Jp3 1-2 closed to disable the on-board LAN Controller. No matter Jp3 is enabled or disabled, users are free to use an add-on PCI LAN card for networking.

Jp3 LAN Controller Select (86MP-L only)	
 1-2 closed 1 Disabled	
 1-2 opened (default) 1 Enabled	

### 2-10.5 JKB1: Keyboard / Mouse Wake Up

JKB1 is designed on board as a jumper to enable/disable the PS/2 keyboard/mouse Wake Up from suspend mode.

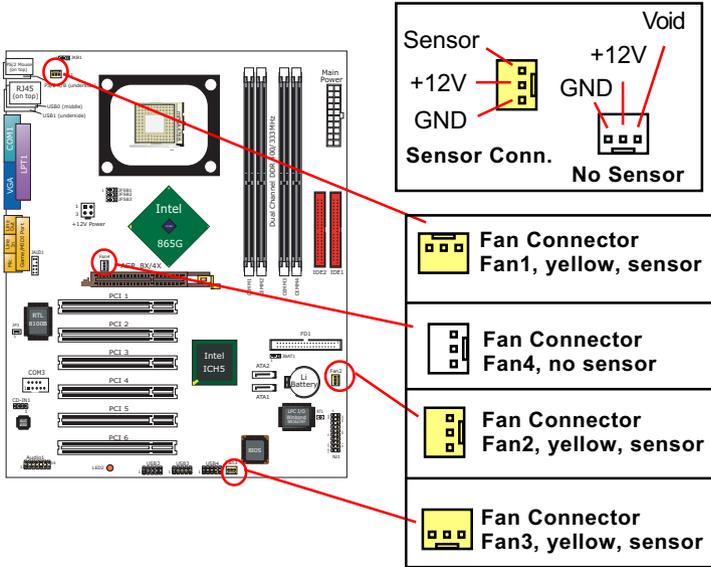
USB keyboard/mouse Wake Up function is also supported on this mainboard.

JKB1: Keyboard / Mouse Wake Up	
 1-2 closed (default) 1 Disabled	
 2-3 closed 1 Enabled	

## 2-11 Other Connectors Configuration

This section lists out all connectors configurations for users' reference.

### 2-11.1 On Board Fan Connectors



Both Sensor and No-sensor Fan Connectors support CPU/AGP/System/Case cooling fan with +12V mode. A Hardware Monitor chipset is on board, with which users can install a Hardware Monitor Utility and read the fan speed transmitted from the sensor fan. Otherwise, users can read the fan speed from the "Hardware Monitor Status" via BIOS.

A running Fan will send out 2 electric pulses per rotation of its fan blade. A Sensor Fan Connector will count the electric pulses and send the information to the System Hardware Monitor which in turn will work out the fan rotation speed and display it on screen.

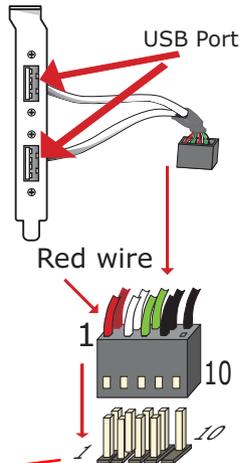
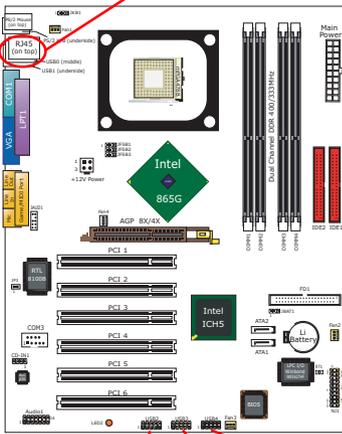
### 2-11.2 USB Ports and USB Pin-headers

This series provides two USB ports USB0 and USB1 on board supporting various USB devices. In addition, three USB pin-headers are added on board to provide expansion of six more optional USB ports by using three additional USB cables. Users can order the optional USB cables from your mainboard dealer or vendor.

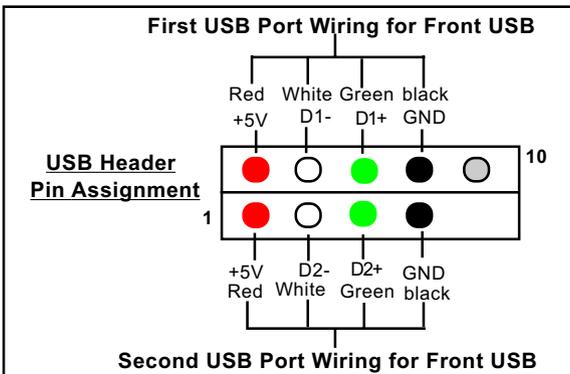
When plugging the USB cable to USB Header, users must make sure the red wire is connected to Pin 1.

All 8 USB ports are compliant with 1.1 / 2.0 USB Bus. USB 2.0 supports Win 2000 and up (no support for Windows 9X/ME). Please see Chapter 3 for USB2.0 Installation.

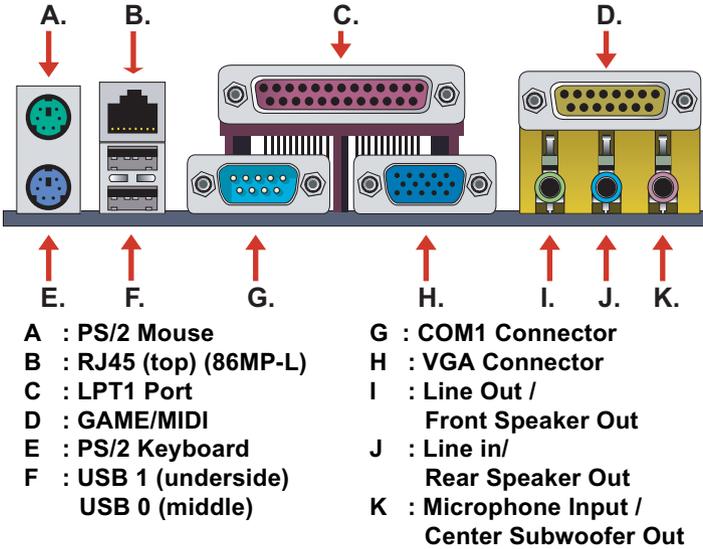
USB connectors USB0 and USB1 (underside)      USB Cable (Optional)



USB Pin-headers USB2 and USB3 and USB4

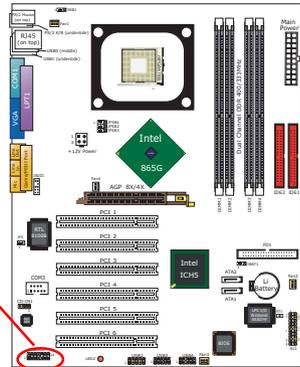
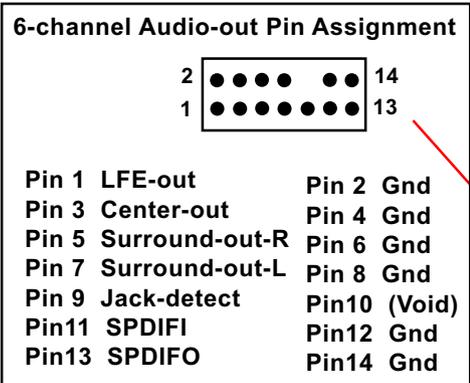


### 2-11.3 Chassis Panel Connectors



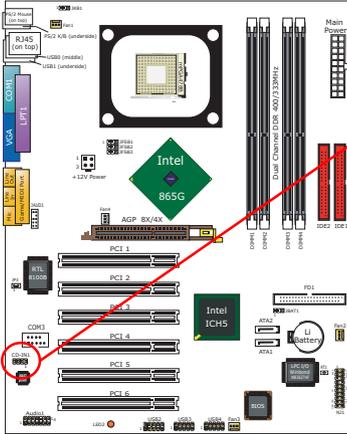
### 2-11.4 6-channel Sound Output Connector (Optional)

This series is designed with an optional 6-channel Audio-out connector “Audio1”. If this option is chosen, it will provide 3 additional audio-out ports for the 6-channel sound.



### 2-11.5 CD-ROM Audio Connectors

CD-IN1 is an audio connector connecting CD-ROM audio to mainboard.

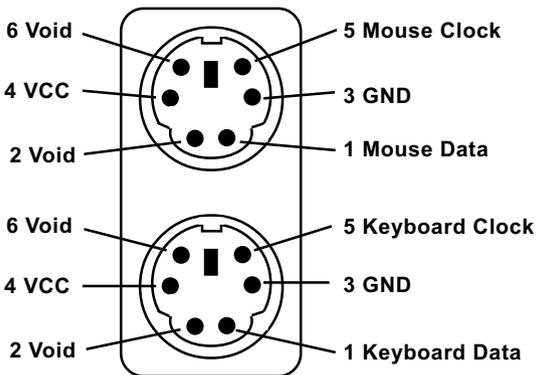


CD-ROM Audio Pin Assignment

CD-IN1	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4
	Left Channel	GND	GND	Right Channel

### 2-11.6 PS/2 Mouse And PS/2 Keyboard

(PS/2 Mouse: On top of keyboard connector, green)

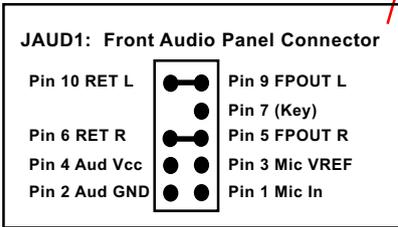
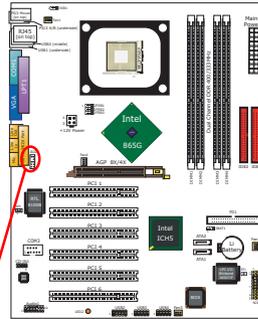


(PS/2 Keyboard Connector: Underside, purple)

### 2-11.7 Front Panel Audio Connector

This Mainboard is designed with a Front Panel Audio connector “JAUD1” which provides connection to your chassis.

1. When JAUD1 is set to 5-6 closed and 9-10 closed, this default setting disables this connector and leaves the Back Panel Audio enabled.
2. To use this Front Panel Audio Connector, please open all pins of JAUD1 and connect it to your chassis.

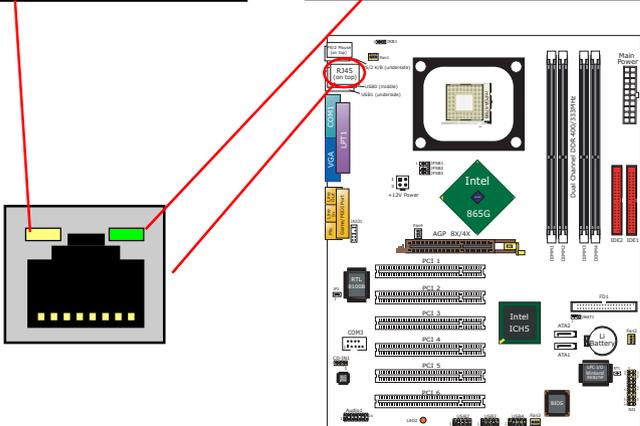


### 2-11.8 LAN Connector (86MP-L Only)

One RJ45 connector is on board for network connection.

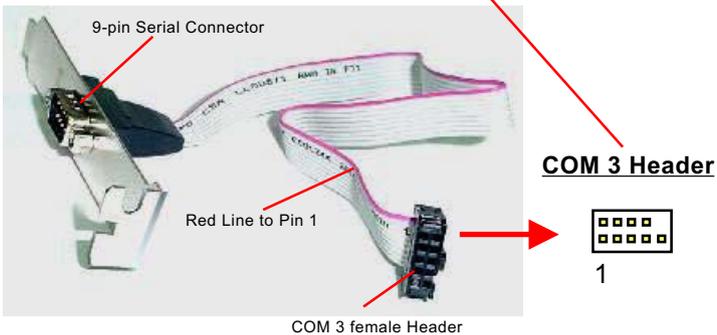
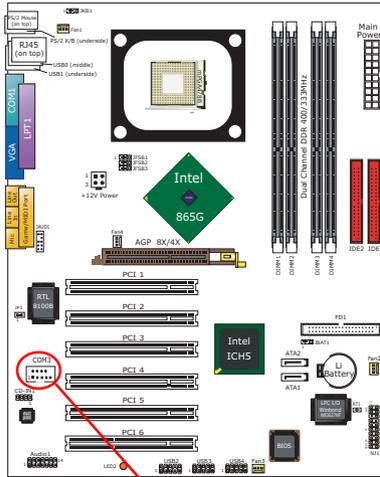
Yellow LED “On” to indicate Network hub is in connection with the system.

Green LED blinks to indicate that data transmission is undergoing in 10/100 Base T mode.



### 2-11.9 COM 3 Header for one Serial Port

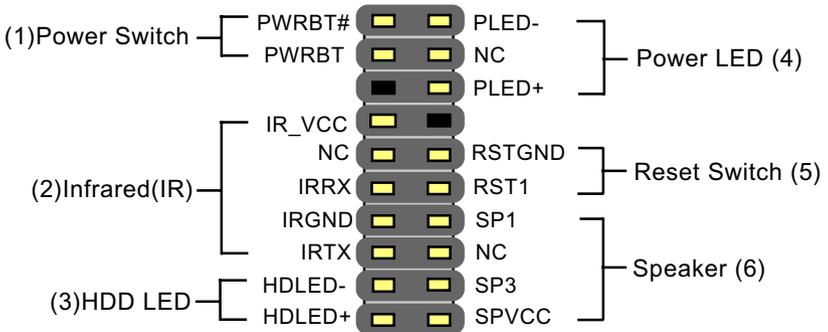
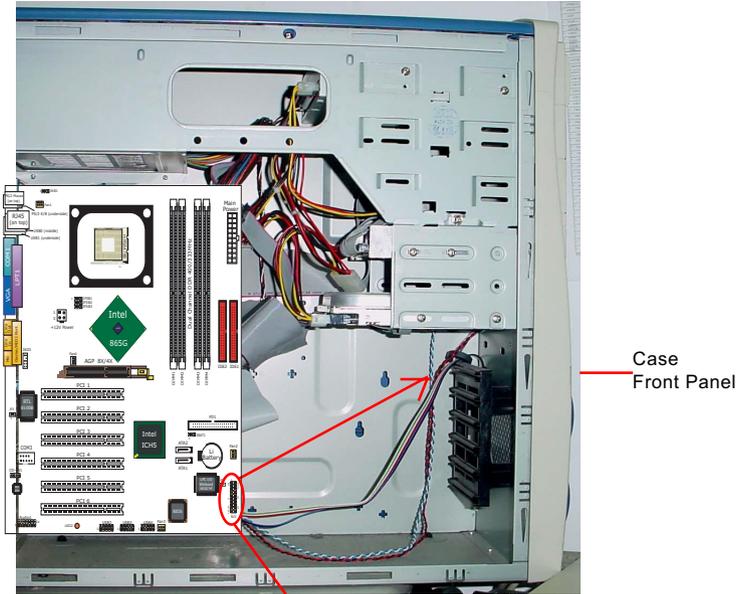
COM 3 Header is built on board, which requires a serial COM 3 cable to provide a 9-pin serial connector for a serial device. When you insert COM 3 cable to COM 3 header, take notice that the red line of the cable must connect to Pin 1 of COM 3 header.



**COM 3 Cable (RS232) (optional)**

### 2-11.10 Complex Pin-header

This complex Pin-header consists of the following connectors for various supports. When you have fixed the mainboard to the case, join the connectors of this Complex Pin-header to the case Front Panel.



**(1) Power Switch Connector:**

Connection: Connected to a momentary button or switch.

Function: Manually switching the system between “On” and “Soft Off”. Pressing the momentary button for more than 4 seconds will also turn the system off.

**(2) IR Connector (Infrared Connector):**

Connection: Connected to Connector IR on board.

Function: Supporting wireless transmitting and receiving module on board.

**(3) HDD LED Connector:**

Connection: Connected to HDD LED.

Function: To supply power to HDD LED.

**(4) Power LED Connector:**

Connection: Connected to System Power LED.

Function: To supply power to “System Power LED”.

**(5) Reset Switch Connector:**

Connection: Connected to case-mounted “Reset Switch”.

Function: To supply power to “Reset Switch” and support system reboot function.

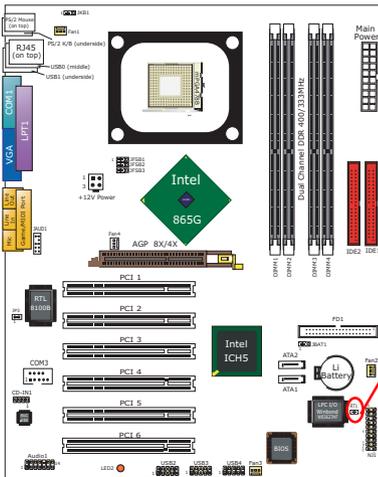
**(6) Speaker Connector:**

Connection: Connected to the case-mounted Speaker.

Function: To supply power to the case-mounted Speaker.

---

## 2-11.11 Thermal Resistor



**Thermal Resistor RT1**



RT1

RT1 is mounted with Thermal Resistor by default for detecting system temperature.

Resistor RT1: A thermal resistor is mounted by default to connector RT1 so as to detect the temperature of the system. What RT1 does is to transmit the thermal signal to Hardware Monitor.

# Chapter 3 Software Setup

## Drivers, Utilities and Software Installation

- Support CD:

This series of mainboards will be shipped with a Support CD which contains those necessary driver files, Application Softwares and some helpful utilities. It is a user-friendly, auto-run CD which will open itself up in a CD-ROM automatically.

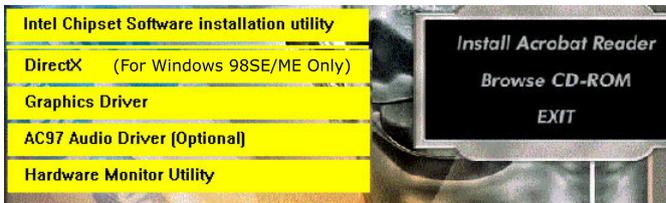
This chapter is devoted to describing the installations of all these essential drivers and utilities on Windows 9X, Windows ME, Windows 2000 and Windows XP. And installation on Windows XP as the general illustration hereby.

The priority of drivers to be installed should also be noted. Users are recommended to take the following installation orders :

- 3-1 To Open up the Support CD**
- 3-2 To Install Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility**
- 3-3 To Install DirectX**
- 3-4 To Install Graphics Driver**
- 3-5 To Install AC'97 Audio Drivers**
- 3-6 To Install Hardware Monitor Utility**
- 3-7 To Install LAN Drivers (for 86MP-L only)**
- 3-8 To Install Intel USB V2.0 Drivers**

### 3-1 To Open up the Support CD

1. Please put the Support CD enclosed in your mainboard package into the CD-ROM drive. In a few seconds, the Main Menu will automatically appear, displaying the contents to be installed for this series:



2. In case your system does not open the Support CD automatically, please click to the following path to enter the Main Installation Menu:  
D:\Autorun.exe (assuming that your CD-ROM Drive is Drive D)
3. We should take "Intel Chipset Software installation Utility" as first installation priority to optimize the Intel system. From next section, we provide detailed descriptions of all these installations with graphical illustrations.

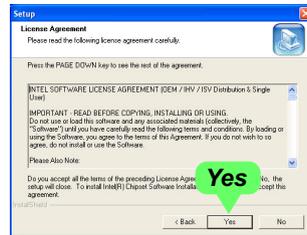
## 3-2 Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility

1. Following the procedures of opening the Support CD, click to “Install Intel Chipset software installation Utility” to proceed.

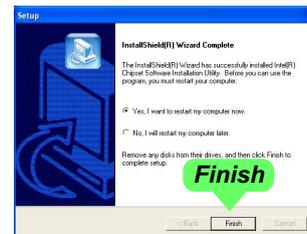
2. The Intel Service Pack InstallShield Wizard will pop up to guide you to the Intel Service pack installation. Press “**Next**” button to continue.



3. “Intel Software License Agreement” screen will appear, please click the “**Yes**” button to agree with the Licence Agreement and continue.



4. After all the setup process is finished, please restart your computer by clicking on “Finish” so as to take the Utility into effect.



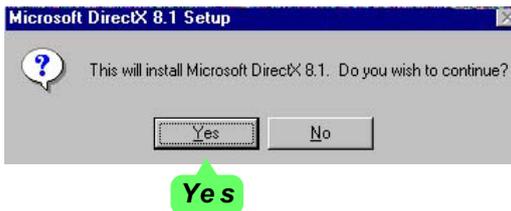
### 3-3 DirectX Installation

Following the installation of INF, you have to restart system so that your system can be reconfigured with the driver just installed. When restarting procedures finish, please open the Support CD with your CD-ROM to enter the Main Installation Menu.

Then click to “Install DirectX”. This utility will support a better graphic display of the built-in VGA interface. Please note that DirectX installation is for Windows 98SE/ME only.



1. When the screen of “Microsoft DirectX 8.X Setup” appears, please press “Yes” button to continue.



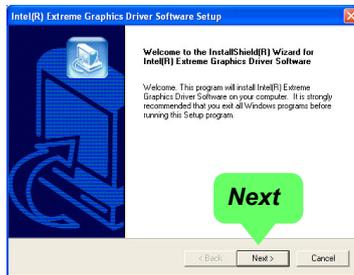
3. After all the setup procedures have completed, click to “OK” button to exit the Installation program and re-start your system.



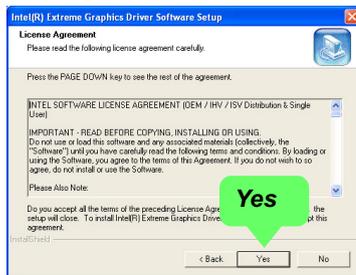
### 3-4 Graphics Driver Installation

Following the installation of IAA, you have to restart system so that your system can be reconfigured with the utility. When restarting procedures finish, please open the Support CD with your CD-ROM to enter the Main Installation Menu.

1. For installation of on-board VGA driver, you must first connect the monitor to the on-board VGA connector. Then click to “Install Graphics Driver”. The Graphics Driver is specifically for on-board VGA.
2. When the screen of “Intel(R) Extreme Graphics Driver Software Setup” appears, please press “Next” button to continue.



3. On the “Licence Agreement” screen, click on “Yes” to continue.



3. After all the setup procedures have completed, click to “Finish” button to exit the Installation program and restart your system.



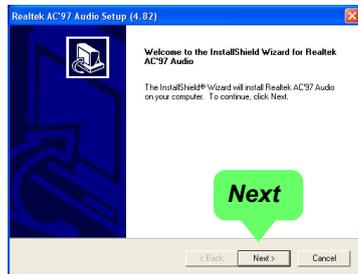
### 3-5 AC'97 Audio Driver Installation

Avance AC97 Audio Codec on board, AC'97 2.2 compatible stereo audio code for PC multimedia systems. Avance AC'97 Audio Codec Driver is provided in Support CD for user's installation.

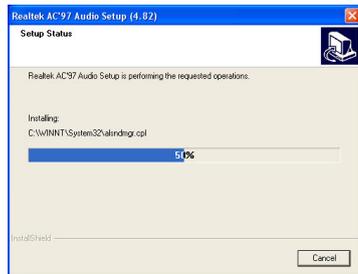
#### 3-5.1 Install AC'97 6-channel Audio Driver

1. Following the procedures of opening the Support CD, click to "AC'97 Audio Driver" to proceed.

2. Instantly, the "installShield Wizard" screen appears to guide you through the "Avance AC'97 Audio Setup".



3. instantly, the Setup program proceeds to install the softwares which include AC'97 driver and AVRack. (If you want to stop setup, click the "Cancel" button.)



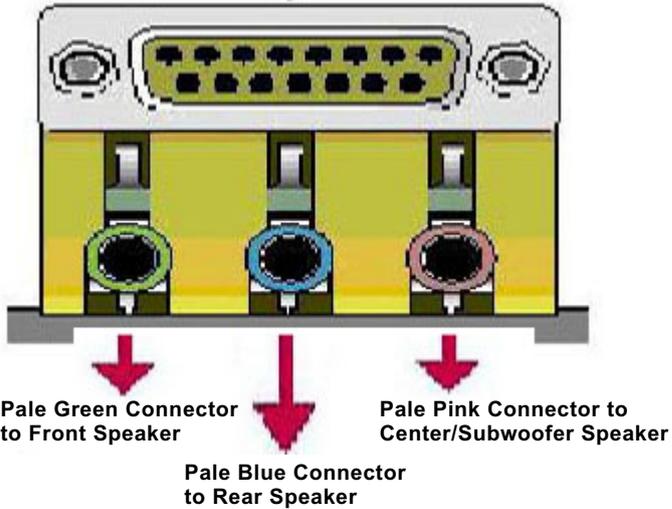
4. After the setup process is finished, please check the radial button "Yes, I want to restart my computer now." And click "Finish" to restart your system.



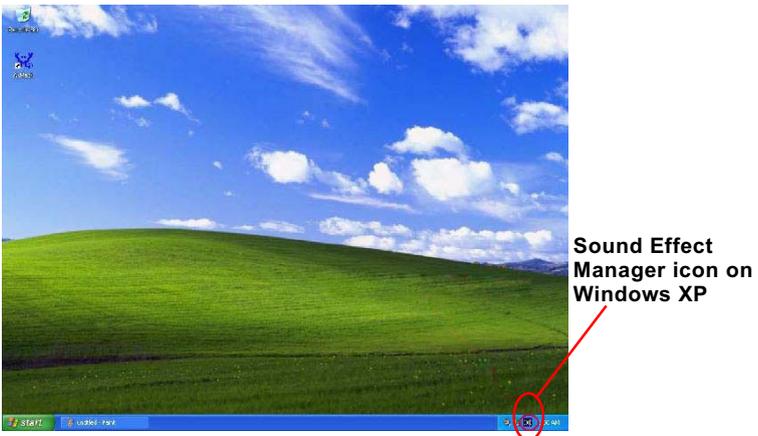
### 3-5.2 Verify 6-channel Audio

After installation of AC'97 6-channel Codec, you must configure the 5.1 Speaker connection to enable the 6-channel audio.

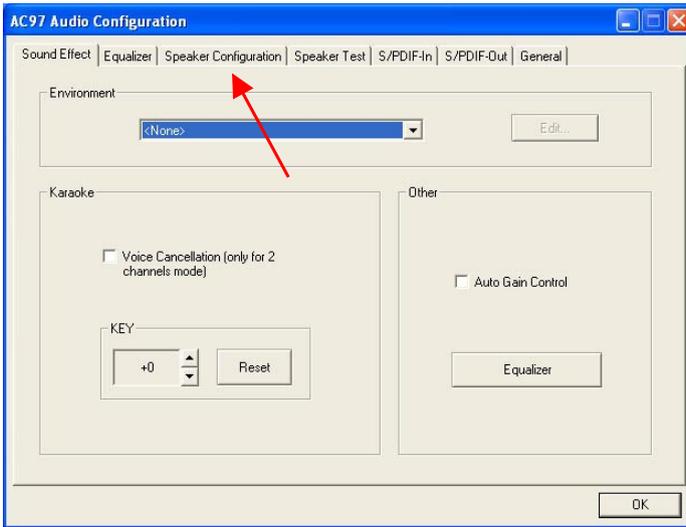
1. Connect your on-board Audio Connector to your 6-channel speakers as depicted in the figure below:



2. After Connection is done, start your Windows system and double click the Avance Sound Effect manager icon to enter 6-channel configuration:



- The AC'97 Audio Configuration" screen will pop out. Click the "Speaker Configuration" bar with your mouse.



- Instantly, the "Speaker Configuration" screen will pop out. Pick the items "6-channel mode for 5.1 speakers output" and "Synchronize the phonejack switch with the speakers settings" and then click "OK" to finish configuration.



5. At finishing the Speakers Configuration, you can also click the “Speaker Test” bar on the screen to test the 6-channel performance. The figure below is the “Speaker Test” screen with testing instructions enclosed on it. Follow the instructions to perform the Speakers Test.



## 3-6 To Install Hardware Monitor Utility

### 3-6.1 Installation

Hardware Monitor is built on this mainboard. Its installation is programmed to a fully automated mode on Windows 9X/Me/NT4/2000/XP. Users can follow the model installation below for its installation on various Windows System.

1. Following the procedures of opening the Support CD, click to “Hardware Monitor Utility” to proceed.

2. The Soltek Hardware Monitor InstallShield Wizard will pop up to guide you to the Intel Service pack installation. Press “Next” button to continue.



3. The InstallShield Wizard screen will show the current setting, please click the “Install” button to continue.



4. After all the setup process is finished, click “Finish” to exit the wizard.



### 3-6.2 Verification

1. After installing Soltek Hardware Monitor, double click "SoltekHM" icon on the desktop to open the main window of the Soltek Hardware Doctor.



2. Then the pop-up screen will show all information about CPU Temperature, Fan Speed and various Voltages.

Showing the Fan Speed(s) that is supported by the mainboard.

Showing the temperature(s), the function of which is supported by the mainboard.

Click on "Soltek" button to display the function menu.

The screenshot shows the Soltek Hardware Monitor software interface. It is designed to look like a futuristic, metallic handheld device. The interface is divided into several sections: 'TEMPERATURE' with sub-sections for CPU Die (40), ABS II (47), and RT 2 (79); 'FAN TACHOMETER' with sub-sections for Fan 1 (not found), Fan 2 (6730), and Fan 3 (not found); 'VOLTAGE' with sub-sections for CPU Voltage (1.712), DIMM Voltage (2.512), 3.3V (3.796), 5V (4.919), 12V (12.096), -12V (-12.044), 5VSB (4.914), and Battery (7.000). A 'SOLTEK' button is located on the right side of the device. A 'Status Warning LED' is also visible. A context menu is open over the 'SOLTEK' button, showing options: 'About SoltekHW', 'Hide', and 'Exit'. The text 'SOLTEK COMPUTERING' is visible at the bottom of the device.

Showing the Voltage(s) that is supported by the mainboard.

Status Warning LED

\*Note: Not all items or functions showing in the above picture will show up. Only those items or functions that are supported by the mainboard will reveal themselves in the above screen.

## 3-7 To Install LAN Drivers (for 86MP-L only)

### 3-7.1 RTL8100B LAN driver on Windows ME / 2000 / XP

1. When you newly install Windows ME, Windows 2000 or Windows XP, the system will detect the LAN Controller on board and configure it automatically into system. Therefore, users need not bother to install the LAN controller into these operating systems.
2. To verify the existence of RTL8100B Controller and Driver, please enter the “Control Panel” of your system and click “Network” to open the “Configuration” screen. You can then see the “Realtek8139 (A/B/C) PCI Fast Ethernet Adapter” is already installed in system.

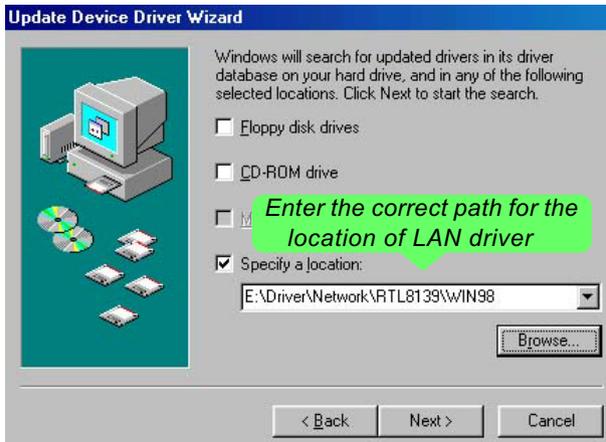
### 3-7.2 RTL8100B LAN driver on Windows 9X

The LAN driver contained in the Support CD is not included in the Autorun Menu. To install RTL8100B LAN driver on Windows 9X, please follow the steps shown below:

1. On the “Start” screen of your system, please click to the following path:  
    \My Computer\properties\Device manager
2. In the “Device manager” screen, you can see the item “PCI Ethernet Controller” with a yellow question mark on its left side, which indicates that the LAN controller is already detected by system but the driver for this on-board RTL8100B Ethernet Controller is not installed yet. Please point to this item with your mouse and double click on it (or click the “Properties” button).
3. Instantly, the “PCI Ethernet Controller Properties” screen shows up. Please click the “General” bar to continue.
4. In the “General” screen, click “reinstall Driver” button to continue. Please note that the status of “Device Usage” should stay at “Exists in all hardware profiles”.



5. In the "Update device Driver Wizard" screen, click "Next" to continue until you see a dialog box asking you to "Specify a location" for the driver. You should **now** insert the Support CD into your CD-ROM.
6. As illustrated in the picture below, check the item "Specify a location" and click the "Browse" button to find out the correct path for the driver. Supposing your CD-ROM drive is Drive E, please type: E:\Driver\Network\RTL8139\Win98 into the blank bar. (Please note that both RTL8100B and RTL8139C controllers are supported by Driver RTL8139. ) Then click the "Next" button to continue.

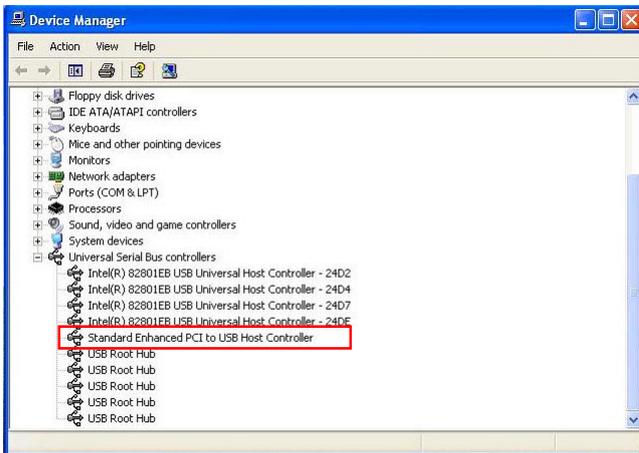


7. The Update Device Driver Wizard will then go on installing the driver, until the "Insert Disk" dialog box shows up. Please withdraw your Support CD and insert the Windows 98 CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive for updating system and click "OK" to continue.
8. The Update Device Driver Wizard will then proceed to update the system with the LAN driver. When the "Finish" screen shows up, click "Finish" to continue.
9. Final Dialog box will appear to remind you that you must restart your computer to finish updating the new hardware. Please click "Yes" to restart system and finish the LAN driver installation.

### 3-8 To Install USB 2.0 Driver for Windows 2000/XP

USB V2.0 with its 480Mb/s transfer rate supports operating system Windows 2000 and Windows XP via the Windows 2000 and Windows XP Service Pack. For achieving Intel USB 2.0 support, users should install the latest Service Pack for Windows 2000 or Windows XP. (intel USB 2.0 does not support Windows 9X/ME.)

1. After installation of Intel Chipset software installation Utility in Windows 2000 or Windows XP, start to install the latest Service Pack version into the operating system. The installation of the latest Service Pack will support USB2.0 in Windows 2000 or Windows XP now.(The latest Service Pack can be found in Microsoft Web Site.)
2. To verify USB2.0 installation, please enter “Device Manager” of “My Computer”. On the “Device Manager” screen, you should be able to see the item “Standard Enhanced PCI to USB Host Controller”, verifying USB2.0 Driver is installed successfully.



# Chapter 4 AMI BIOS Setup

## THE BIOS

BIOS stands for Basic Input and Output System. It was once called ROM BIOS when it was stored in a Read-Only Memory (ROM) chip. Now manufacturers would like to store BIOS in EEPROM which means Electrically Erasable Programmable Memory. BIOS used in this series of mainboard is stored in EEPROM, and is the first program to run when you turn on your computer.

BIOS performs the following functions:

1. Initializing and testing hardware in your computer (a process called "POST", for Power On Self Test).
2. Loading and running your operating system.
3. Helping your operating system and application programs manage your PC hardware by means of a set of routines called BIOS Run-Time Service.

**This Chapter includes the following topics :**

**4-1 About BIOS Setup**

**4-2 To Run BIOS Setup**

**4-3 About CMOS**

**4-4 The POST (Power On Self Test)**

**4-5 To Update BIOS**

**4-6 BIOS Setup**

### **4-1 About BIOS Setup**

BIOS setup is an interactive BIOS program that you need to run when:

1. Changing the hardware of your system. (For example: installing a new Hard Disk etc.)
2. Modifying the behavior of your computer. (For example: changing the system time or date, or turning special features on or off etc.)
3. Enhancing your computer's behavior. (For example: speeding up performance by turning on shadowing or cache)

### **4-2 To Run BIOS Setup**

First access BIOS setup menu by pressing < DEL > key after "POST" is complete ( before OS is loaded ). BIOS will then display the following message:

DEL : SETUP

### **4-3 About CMOS**

CMOS is the memory maintained by a battery. CMOS is used to store the BIOS settings you have selected in BIOS Setup. CMOS also maintains the internal clock. Every time you turn on your computer, the BIOS Looks into CMOS for the settings you have selected and configures your computer accordingly. If the battery runs out of power, the CMOS data will be lost and POST will issue a "CMOS invalid" or "CMOS checksum invalid" message. If this happens, you have to replace the battery and check and configure the BIOS Setup for the new start.

### **4-4 The POST ( Power On Self Test )**

POST is an acronym for Power On Self Test. This program will test all things the BIOS does before the operating system is started. Each of POST routines is assigned a POST code, a unique number which is sent to I/O port 080h before the routine is executed.

## 4-5 To Update BIOS

- System BIOS is incorporated into a Flash memory component. Flash BIOS allows user to upgrade BIOS without the need to replace an EPROM component.
- The Upgrade Utility can be loaded on a floppy diskette for upgrading saving, and verifying the system BIOS. The Update Utility can also be run from a hard disk drive or a network drive.
- It is highly recommended that you save a copy of the original mainboard BIOS along with a Flash EPROM Programming utility (AMIXXX.EXE) to a bootable floppy disk so that you can reinstall the BIOS when in need.
- Normally, to update BIOS is unnecessary if the system is working fine. Users should only update BIOS when incompatible problems are encountered or new features have to be added to system.
- “AMIFLASH.EXE” is a Flash EPROM Programming utility that updates the BIOS by uploading a new BIOS file to the programmable flash ROM on the mainboard. This program only works in ***DOS environment, the utility can not be executed in Windows 95/98, ME, NT, Windows 2000 or Windows XP environment.***

### • **Please follow the steps below for updating the system BIOS:**

Step 1. Please visit the board maker's website, download the zip files of the latest BIOS and AMI flash utility “AMIFLASH.EXE” for your mainboard. After unzipping, the BIOS file format will be \*.ROM, of which “\*” stands for the specific BIOS file name.

Step 2. Create a bootable diskette. Then copy the BIOS file and AMI flash utility “AMIXXX.EXE” into the diskette.

Step 3. Insert the diskette into drive A, boot your system from the diskette.

Step 4. Under “ A “ prompt, type “ **AMIXXX.EXE \*.ROM** “ and then press <Enter> to run BIOS update program. Please note that there should be a space between AMIXXX.EXE and \*.ROM. (\*.ROM depends on your mainboard model and version code. Instead of typing “\*”, you should type the specific file name for your specific mainboard). For example, you may type “amiflash(space)LDL005.rom”.

Step 5. When the message “Flash ROM Update Completed - Pass.” appears, please restart your system.

Step 6. You will see a message “CMOS Memory Size Wrong” during booting the system. Press <Del> or <F1> to run CMOS setup utility, then reload “LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS” or “**Load Optimal Defaults**” and save this change.

## 4-6 BIOS SETUP --- CMOS Setup Utility

### 4-6.1 CMOS Setup Utility

This mainboard comes with the AMI BIOS from American Megatrends Inc. Enter the CMOS Setup Utility Main Menu by:

1. Turn on or reboot your system. After a series of diagnostic checks, the following message will appear:

**PRESS <Del> TO RUN SETUP**

2. Press the <Del> key and the main program screen will appear as follows.

**CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1985-2002, American Megatrends, Inc.**

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▶ Standard BIOS Features</li><li>▶ Advanced BIOS Features</li><li>▶ Advanced Chipset Features</li><li>▶ PCI/PNP Resource Management</li><li>▶ Boot Configuration Setup</li><li>▶ BIOS Security Features</li><li>Save Changes and Exit</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Discard Changes and Exit</li><li>Load Optimal Defaults</li><li>Discard Changes</li></ul>
<p>↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults</p>	
<p>Configure Time and Date.    Display System Information ...</p>	

3. Use the arrow keys on your keyboard to select an option, and press <Enter>. Modify the system parameters to reflect the options installed in your system.
4. You may return to the Main Menu anytime by pressing <Esc>.
5. In the Main Menu, "Save Changes and Exit" saves your changes and reboots the system, and "Discard Changes and Exit" ignores your changes and exits the program.

6. In entering the Main option of the Main Menu, please use the functions in the Function List to configure the setting:

↑↓↔ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults

Use [Enter], [Tab] or [Shift-Tab] to select a field.

Use [+] or [-] to choose the options.

<F1>: "General Help" provides explanations of the hot-key functions available.

<F7>: "Previous values" allows user to discard previous values or not.

<F8>: "Fail-safe defaults" allows user to load Fail-safe Defaults or not. Save and Exit Setup.

<F9>: "Optimized Defaults" allows user to load Optimal Defaults or not.





### 4-6.3.1. CPU Configuration

Choose “CPU Configuration” in “Advanced BIOS Features” and press <Enter>. The following sub-screen will appear for configuration:

**CPU Configuration**

Configure advanced CPU settings	Help Item
<p>Manufacturer : Intel                      Brand String : Intel(R) Pentium (R) 4 CPU 1500MHz                      Frequency : 1500MHz                      PSB Speed : 8</p> <p>Ratio Status : Locked                      Ratio Actual Value : 15                      Ratio CMOS Setting : 8</p> <p>Hyper-threading Function : Disabled</p>	<p>Sets the ratio between CPU core clock and the FSB Frequency.                      Note: If an invalid ratio is set in CMOS, then actual and setpoint values may differ.</p>

**Manufacturer** BIOS shows the current manufacturer of on-board CPU.

**Brand String** BIOS shows the current brand of on-board CPU.

**Frequency** BIOS shows the current on-board CPU frequency.

**Ratio Status** BIOS shows the current ratio (multiplier) status of on-board CPU. For P4 CPUs, the ratio is usually locked.

**Ratio Actual Value** BIOS shows the actual CPU ratio.

**Ratio CMOS Setting** BIOS shows the CPU Ratio in CMOS. If an invalid ratio is set in CMOS, then actual and setpoint values may differ.

**Hyper-threading Function** BIOS shows the current status of Hyper-threading function. If Hyper-threading CPU is running on board, this item will show “Enabled” status. If Hyper-threading CPU is not on-board, this item shows “Disabled”.

### 4-6.3.2. IDE Configuration

Choose “IDE Configuration” in “Advanced BIOS Features” and press <Enter>. The following sub-screen will appear for IDE Devices configuration:

#### IDE Configuration

IDE Configuration	Help Item
IDE Configuration	P/S-ATA(Auto)
S-ATA Running Enhanced Mode	Yes
P-ATA Channel Selection	Both
S-ATA Ports Definition	P0-3rd./P1-4th
▶ Primary IDE Master	Hard Disk
▶ Primary IDE Slave	ATAPI CDROM
▶ Secondary IDE Master	Not Detected
▶ Secondary IDE Slave	Not Detected
▶ Third IDE Master	Not Detected
▶ Fourth IDE Master	Not Detected
Hard Disk Write Protect	Disabled
IDE Detect Time Out (Sec)	35
ATA(P1) 80Pin Cable Detection	Host & Device

↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
 F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults

4-6.3.2-1 IDE Configuration

**IDE Configuration** Allows you to configurare IDE device mode.  
Choices:  
P/S-ATA(Auto): Parallel/Serial ATA combined mode;  
S-ATA Only: For S-ATA running on board only;  
P/S-ATA(Win98/Me): P/S-ATA on Win98/Me only  
Disabled: IDE Configuration disabled

**IDE Configuration** — Choosing “P/S-ATA(Auto)” to configure the following:

**S-ATA Running Enhanced Mode** If P/S-ATA (Auto) is chosen, use this item to choose S-ATA Running Enhanced Mode.  
**(Combined Mode Option)** Choices:  
 **Yes**: Choose from the following option:  
P-ATA (parallel ATA) Channel Selection:  
Choices: Primary; Secondary; Both  
S-ATA Ports Definition:  
Choices: P0-3rd./P1-4th.; P0-4th./P1-3rd.

**No**: Choose from the following options:  
P-ATA (parallel ATA) Channel Selection:  
Choices: Primary; Secondary; Both

**IDE Configuration** — Choosing “S-ATA Only” to configure the following:

**S-ATA Ports Definition** Allows you to assign the S-ATA port locations.  
Choices: P0-3rd./P1-4th.; P0-4th./P1-3rd.;

**IDE Configuration** — Choosing “P/S-ATA(Win98/Me)” to configure the following:

**Combined Mode Option** Choices: P-ATA 1st Channel; S-ATA 1st Channel;

**S-ATA Ports Definition** Choices: P0-Master/P1-Slave; P0-Slave/P1-Master;

4-6.3.2-2 Primary/Secondary IDE Master/Slave and Third/Fourth IDE Master

▶ Primary IDE Master	Hard Disk
▶ Primary IDE Slave	ATAPI CDROM
▶ Secondary IDE Master	Not Detected
▶ Secondary IDE Slave	Not Detected
▶ Third IDE Master	Not Detected
▶ Fourth IDE Master	Not Detected

**Primary/Secondary IDE Master/Slave** Press <Enter> To show the detected information of Primary / Secondary IDE Master/Slave device(s).

**Third/Fourth IDE Master** Press <Enter> to show the detected information of third/fourth IDE Master device(s).

If any IDE device is detected in any one of the above items press <Enter> to reveal the IDE information:

**Primary/(Secondary/Third/Fourth) IDE Master/(Slave)**

Primary/(Secondary/Third/Fourth) IDE Master/(Slave)	Help Item
Device : Hard Disk Vendor : WDC WD400BB-00DEA0 Size : 40.0GB LBA Mode : Supported Block Mode : 16Sectors PIO Mode : 4 Async DMA : MultiWord DMA-2 Ultra DMA : Ultra DMA-5 S.M.A.R.T. : Supported	Select the type of device connected to the system.
Type : Auto LBA/Large mode : Auto Block (Multi-Sector Transfer) : Auto PIO Mode : Auto S.M.A.R.T. : Auto 32Bit Data Transfer : Disabled	

**Type** To select the types of the IDE devices:  
 Not Installed; Auto: Setting type automatically  
 CD-ROM: ATAPI (Packet Interface) CD-ROM drive  
 ARMD: ATAPI Removable Media Device

**LBA/Large mode** To auto-select (default) or disable LBA/Large mode.

**Block (Multi-Sector Transfer)** To auto-select (default) or disable Block Mode.

**PIO Mode** To auto-select (default) or disable PIO Mode.  
 Choices: Disabled; 1, 2, 3, 4

**S.M.A.R.T** Allows you to enable / disable the Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology for the hard disk.

**32Bit Data Transfer** To auto-select (default) or disable 32Bit Data Transfer.

4-6.3.2-3 Hard Disk Write Protect

**Hard Disk Write Protect** Allows you to Enabled / Disable(default) Hard Disk Write Protection

4-6.3.2-4 IDE Detect Time Out

**IDE Detect Time Out (Sec)** Allows you to set time out for IDE Detection.  
Choices: 0 - 35 seconds in 5 seconds stepping

4-6.3.2-5 ATA(P) 80Pin Cable Detection

**ATA(PI) 80Pin Cable Detection** Allows you to select ATA(PI) devices for 80Pin Cable Detection. To set Host & Device allows onboard IDE controller and IDE disk drive to detect the type of IDE cable used.  
Choices: Host & Device, Host, Device



### 4-6.3.4. Super IO Configuration

Choose “SuperIO Configuration” in “Advanced BIOS Features” and press <Enter>. The following sub-screen will appear for configuration:

**SuperIO Configuration**

Configure Win627 Super IO Chipset	Help Item																		
<table border="0"> <tr><td>OnBoard Floppy Controller</td><td>Enabled</td></tr> <tr><td>Serial Port1 Address</td><td>3F8/IRQ4</td></tr> <tr><td>Serial port2 Address</td><td>2F8/IRQ3</td></tr> <tr><td>Serial port2 Mode</td><td>Normal</td></tr> <tr><td>OnBoard CIR Port</td><td>Disabled</td></tr> <tr><td>Parallel Port Address</td><td>378</td></tr> <tr><td>Parallel Port Mode</td><td>Normal</td></tr> <tr><td>Parallel Port IRQ</td><td>IRQ7</td></tr> <tr><td>OnBoard Game/MIDI Port</td><td>Disabled</td></tr> </table>	OnBoard Floppy Controller	Enabled	Serial Port1 Address	3F8/IRQ4	Serial port2 Address	2F8/IRQ3	Serial port2 Mode	Normal	OnBoard CIR Port	Disabled	Parallel Port Address	378	Parallel Port Mode	Normal	Parallel Port IRQ	IRQ7	OnBoard Game/MIDI Port	Disabled	<p>Allows BIOS to Enable or Disable Floppy Controller.</p>
OnBoard Floppy Controller	Enabled																		
Serial Port1 Address	3F8/IRQ4																		
Serial port2 Address	2F8/IRQ3																		
Serial port2 Mode	Normal																		
OnBoard CIR Port	Disabled																		
Parallel Port Address	378																		
Parallel Port Mode	Normal																		
Parallel Port IRQ	IRQ7																		
OnBoard Game/MIDI Port	Disabled																		

**OnBoard Floppy Controller** Allows you to enable / disable the Onboard Floppy Controller.  
 Choices: Enabled; Disabled

**Serial Port1 Address** Allows you to set the Onboard Serial Port1 Address.  
 Choices: Disabled; 3F8/IRQ4; 3E8/IRQ4; 2E8/IRQ3;

<p><b>Serial Port2 Address</b></p>	<p>Allows you to set the Onboard Serial Port2 Address.                  Choices: Disabled; 2F8/IRQ3; 3E8/IRQ4; 2E8/IRQ3;</p>
<p><b>Serial Port 2 Mode</b></p>	<p>If Serial Port2 Address is not disabled, it allows you to set the Serial Port 2 Mode. Choices:                  -- Normal;                  -- IrDA: Providing 2 items for configuration:                      IR I/O Pin Select: SINB/SOUTB; IRRX/IRTX                      IR Duplex Mode: Half Duplex; Full Duplex                  -- ASK IR: Providing 2 items for configuration:                      IR I/O Pin Select: SINB/SOUTB; IRRX/IRTX                      IR Duplex Mode: Half Duplex; Full Duplex</p>

**OnBoard CIR Port** Allows you to set the onboard CIR Port.  
 Choices: Disabled; 2E0; 3E0

**Parallel Port Address** Allows you to configure Parallel Port Address.  
 Choices: Disabled; 378; 278; 3BC;

**OnBoard CIR Port** Allows you to set the onboard CIR Port.  
Choices: Disabled; 2E0; 3E0

**CIR Port IRQ** Allows you to set the onboard CIR Port IRQ for 2E0 or 3E0.  
Choices: IRQ3; IRQ4; IRQ9; IRQ10; IRQ11

**Parallel Port Address** Allows you to configure Parallel Port Address.  
Choices: Disabled; 378; 278; 3BC;

- Disabled: To disable this function;
- 378: 2 items to configure for address 378:
  - Parallel Port Mode:
    - Normal;
    - Bi-Directional;
  - EPP:
    - EPP Version: 1.9; 1.7
  - ECP:
    - ECP Mode DMA Channel: DMA0; DMA1; DMA3
- Parallel Port IRQ: IRQ5; IRQ7

**OnBoard Game/MIDI Port** Allows you to enable/disable OnBoard Game/MIDI Port.  
Choices: Enabled; Disabled

---

### 4-6.3.5 Hardware Health Configuration

Choose “Hardware Health Configuration” in “Advanced BIOS Features” and press <Enter>. The following sub-screen will appear for configuration:

Hardware Health Configuration		Help Item
System Temperature	: 34°C/93°F	Enables Hardware Health Monitoring Device.
CPU Temperature	: 45°C/113°F	
Fan1 Speed	: 3125 RPM	
Fan2 Speed	: 3169 RPM	
Fan3 Speed	: N/A	
CPU Core	: 1.500 V	
+1.50V	: 1.516 V	
+3.30V	: 3.258 V	
+5.00V	: 5.094V	
+12.0V	: 12.074 V	
-12.0V	: -12.048 V	
5VSB	: 5.467 V	
Battery	: 3.444 V	

↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
 F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimize Defaults

**System Temperature** Shows current system temperature.

**CPU Temperature** Shows current CPU internal temperature.

**Fan1/2/3 Speed** Displaying the current speed of Chassis/CPU/Power Fan.

**CPU Core** Showing CPU core actual voltage value.

**1.5V/3.3V/+12V/+5.00V/5VSB/Battery** Showing current voltage against the 1.5V/3.3V/+12V/+5V/5VSB/Battery power supply.

### 4-6.3.6 ACPI Configuration

Choose “ACPI Configuration” in “Advanced BIOS Features” and press <Enter>. The following sub-screen will appear for ACPI configuration:

#### ACPI Configuration

ACPI Settings		Help Item
ACPI Aware O/S	Yes	Enables Hardware ACPI support for Operating System.  Enable: If OS supports ACPI.  Disable: If OS Does not support ACPI.
▶ General ACPI Configuration	Press Enter	
▶ Advanced ACPI Configuration	Press Enter	

**ACPI Aware O/S** Allows you to enable ACPI Aware O/S function if your O/S supports ACPI. Windows XP, 2000, 98SE all support ACPI. Choices:

Yes: If “Yes” it allows you to configure “General / Advanced ACPI”.

No: If “No”, no “General/Advanced ACPI” to be configured.

#### ▶ General ACPI Configuration:

To press < Enter > on General ACPI Configuration will reveal the following item(s).

**Suspend mode** This item allows you to select the Suspend mode. You can select S3(STR) for suspending to DRAM if your system supports this mode. Or you can select S1 (POS) for Power on Suspend under ACPI mode. Choices: S1(POS)(default); S3(STR); Auto

**(Optional) USB Device Wakeup From S3/S4** This item allows you to enable / disable the USB device Wakeup function from S3/S4 mode.

► **Advanced ACPI Configuration:**

To press < Enter > on Advanced ACPI Configuration will reveal the following item(s).

**ACPI 2.0 Support** Allows you to enable / disable ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) 2.0 Support function.  
Choices: Yes; No

**ACPI APIC Support** Allows you to enable / disable ACPI APIC (Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller) Support function.

**APIC ACPI SCI IRQ** If APIC ACPI Support is enabled (Yes), it allows you to enable / disable APIC ACPI SCI IRQ function.

**BIOS-->AML ACPI table** Allows you to enable / disable BIOS-->AML ACPI table function.

**Headless mode** Allows you to enable / disable Headless operation mode through ACPI.

### 4-6.3.7 USB Configuration

Choose “USB Configuration” in “Advanced BIOS Features” and press <Enter>. The following sub-screen will appear for configuration:

#### USB Configuration

USB Configuration	Help Item
Module Version - 2.22.5-7.4	Enable USB host controllers.
USB Devices Enabled : None	
USB Function                    8 USB Ports	
Legacy USB Support            Enabled	
Port 64/60 Emulation        Disabled	
USB 2.0 Controller           Enabled	
USB 2.0 Controller Mode     FullSpeed	
▶ USB Mass Storage Device Config Press Enter	

↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
 F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults

**USB Function** Allows you to set the USB Function on the USB port (s).  
 Choices: 8 USB Ports (default); 6 USB Ports ; 4 USB Ports; 2 USB Ports; Disabled

**Legacy USB Support** Allows you to enable(default) / disable the Legacy USB support.  
 Choices: Enabled(default); Disabled; Auto

**Port 64/60 Emulation** Allows you to enable(default) / disable Port 64/60 Emulation  
 Choices: Enabled; Disabled(default)

**USB 2.0 Controller** Allows you to enable(default)/ disable the USB 2.0 Controller.

**USB 2.0 Controller Mode** Allows you to configure the USB 2.0 Controller Mode.  
 Choices: FullSpeed; HiSpeed.

► **USB Mass Storage** Press “Enter” to view its submenu shown below.  
**Device Config**

**USB Mass Storage** To select number of seconds POST waits for the  
**Reset Delay** USB mass storage device after start unit command.  
Choices: 10 Sec; 20 Sec; 30 Sec; 40 Sec

---

### 4-6.3.8 Frequency/Voltage Control

Choose “Frequency/Voltage Control” in “Advanced BIOS Features” and press <Enter>. The following sub-screen will appear for configuration:

#### Frequency/Voltage Control

Frequency/Voltage Configuration	Help Item
CPU Linear Frequency                      Enabled CPU Clock                                      100MHz Fix AGP/PCI Frequency                      Enabled	Press “+”/”-” to select.
AGP Voltage Control                          1.5V DIMM Voltage Control                        2.5V CPU Voltage Control                          Auto	

↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults

**CPU Linear Frequency** This item allows you to enable / disable this setting function.

**CPU Clock** If CPU Linear Frequency is set at Enabled, this item allows you to set CPU Clock.  
Choices: 100MHz ~350MHz in 1MHz stepping.  
(100MHz~250MHz is for 100MHz CPU;  
133MHz~283MHz is for 133MHz CPU;  
200MHz~350MHz is for 200MHz CPU.)

**Fix AGP/PCI Frequency** Allows you to fix AGP/PCI Frequency.  
Choices: Enabled; Disabled

**AGP Voltage Control** Allows you to configure the AGP Voltage.  
Choices: 1.5V; 1.6V; 1.7V; 1.8V

**DIMM Voltage Control** Allows you to configure the DIMM Voltage.  
Choices: 2.5V; 2.6V; 2.7V; 2.8V

**CPU Voltage Control** Allows you to configure the CPU Voltage. Usually, to raise CPU voltage will raise the chance of CPU overclocking and yet risk damage of CPU.  
Choices: Auto; 0.8500V ~1.6000V in 0.0125V stepping

### 4-6.3.9 Power Management

Choose “Power Management” in “Advanced BIOS Features” and press <Enter>. The following sub-screen will appear for configuration:

Power Management		Help Item
APM Configuration		
Power Management/APM	Enabled	Enable or disable APM.
Video Power Down Mode	Suspend	
Hard Disk Power Down Mode	Suspend	
Standby Time Out	Disabled	
Suspend Time Out	Disabled	
Power Button mode	On/Off	
Restore on AC Power Loss	Power Off	
Resume On Ring	Disabled	
Resume On LAN/PME#	Disabled	
Resume On RTC Alarm	Disabled	

↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
 F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults

**Power Management/ APM** Allows you to enable (default)/ disable the Power management / Advanced Power Management function.

**Video Power Down Mode** Allows you to select the Video Power Down Mode. Choices: Disabled; Standby; Suspend

**Hard Disk Power Down Mode** Allows you to select the Hard Disk Power Down Mode. Choices: Disabled; Standby; Suspend

**Standby Time Out (Minute)** To set the duration of Standby Time Out. Choices: Disabled; 1; 2; 4; 8; 10; 20; 30; 40; 50; 60

**Suspend Time Out (Minute)** To set the duration of Suspend Time Out. Choices: Disabled; 1; 2; 4; 8; 10; 20; 30; 40; 50; 60

- Power Button Function** Allows you to set power Button function.  
Choices: On/Off (default); Suspend
- Restore on AC/Power Loss** Allows you to set the restore state from AC/Power Loss.  
Choices: Last State; Power Off (default); Power On
- Resume on Ring** Allows you to enable / disable (default)the Resume on Ring Signal function.  
An input signal on the serial Ring Indicator (RI) Line (in other words, an incoming call on the modem) awakens the system from a soft off state.
- Resume on LAN/PME#** Allows you to enable / disable (default)the Resume on LAN/PME# function.
- Resume On RTC Alarm** Allows you to enable / disable (default)the Resume On RTC Alarm function.

<b>RTC Alarm Date / Hour / Minute / Second</b>	If resume On RTC Alarm is enabled, this field allows you to set the Alarm date Hour, Minute and second. Date Choices: Every Day; 01 ~ 31 Hour Choices: 00 ~ 23 Minute Choices: 00 ~ 59 Second Choices: 00 ~ 59
--	--

### 4-6.4 Advanced Chipset Features

Advanced Chipset Features is used to modify the values of chipset buffers. These buffers control the system options.

Run the Advanced Chipset Features as follows:

Choose "Advanced Chipset Features" from the Main Menu and a list of option will appear:

**CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1985-2002, American Megatrends, Inc.  
Advanced Chipset Features**

Advanced Chipset Settings	Help Item
<p><b>Warning: Setting wrong values in below sections may cause system to malfunction.</b></p> <p>▶ NorthBridge Configuration                      Press Enter ▶ SouthBridge Configuration                      Press Enter</p>	<p>Options for NBEnable USB host controllers.</p>

↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults

### 4-6.4.1 NorthBridge Configuration

Choose “NorthBridge Configuration” in “Advanced Chipset Features” and press <Enter>. The following sub-screen will appear for configuration:

**NorthBridge Configuration**

		Help Item
DRAM Frequency	Auto	
Configure DRAM Timing by SPD	Enabled	
Memory Hole	Disabled	
Init. Graphic Adapter Priority	AGP/Int-VGA	
Internal Graphics Mode Select	Enabled, 8MB	
Graphics Aperture Size	64MB	
C.S.A Gigabit Ethernet	Auto	
Boot Display Device	Auto	
Flat Panel Type	640x480LVDS	
TV Standard	Auto	

**DRAM Frequency** Allows you to set the current SDRAM frequency. Choices: Auto; 266MHz; 333MHz; 400MHz

**Configure SDRAM Timing by SPD** SPD (Serial presence detect) is a device in memory module for storing the module information such as DRAM timing and chip parameters. If this option is enabled, BIOS will access SPD automatically to configure module timing. If disabled, DRAM timing can be configured manually.  
Default: Enabled

<b>DRAM CAS# Latency</b>	With SDRAM Timing by SPD disabled, you can select the SDRAM CAS# (Column Address Strode)latency manually. Choices: 2 Clocks; 2.5 Clocks; 3 Clocks
<b>DRAM RAS# Precharge</b>	With SDRAM Timing by SPD disabled, you can select the SDRAM RAS# (Row Address Strode) Precharge cycle manually. Choices: 2 Clocks; 3 Clocks; 4 Clocks
<b>DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay</b>	With SDRAM Timing by SPD disabled, you can select the SDRAM RAS# to CAS# delay cycle manually. Choices: 2 Clocks; 3 Clocks; 4 Clocks
<b>DRAM Precharge Delay</b>	Allows you to set the SDRAM Precharge Delay cycle. Choices: 5 Clocks; 6 Clocks; 7 Clocks; 8 Clocks
<b>DRAM Burst Length</b>	With SDRAM Timing by SPD disabled, you can select the SDRAM Burst length manually. Choices: 8; 4

**Memory Hole** Allows you to enabled / disabled (default) the support of Memory Hole which is reserved for ISA card.  
Choices: Disabled; 15MB-16MB

**Init. Graphics Adapter Priority** Allows you to select the initial Graphics Adapter.  
Choices: Internal VGA; AGP/Int-VGA(default); AGP/PCI; PCI/AGP; PCI/Int-VGA;

**Internal Graphics Mode Select** Allows you to set the internal graphic mode.  
Choices: Enabled(1MB; 4MB; 8MB; 16MB; 32MB); Disabled

**AGP Aperture Size** Series of options are available: 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256MB. Memory mapped and graphics data structures can reside in a Graphics Aperture. This area is like a linear buffer. BIOS will automatically report the starting address of this buffer to the O.S. The default setting is 64MB.

**C.S.A Gigabit Ethernet** Allows you to disable C.S.A Gigabit Ethernet  
Choices: Auto(default); Disabled

**Boot Display Device** Allows you to select the Boot Display device.  
 Choices: Auto (default); CRT; TV; EFP; LFP;  
 CRT+EFP; CRT+LFP

**Flat Panel Type** Allows you to select the flat panel type.  
 Choices: 640x480LVDS;800x600LVDS;  
 1024x768LVDS; 1280x1024LVDS;  
 1400x1050LVDS;1600x1200LVDS;  
 640x480CMOS; 800x600CMOS;  
 1024x768CMOS; 1280x1024CMOS;  
 1400x1050CMOS; 1600x1200CMOS

**TV Standard** Allows you to select the TV standard.  
 Choices: Auto (default); NTSC(M / M\_J / 433 / N);  
 PAL(B / G / D / H / I / M / N / 60);  
 SECAM(L / L1 / B / D / G / H / K / K1 / )

#### 4-6.4.2 SouthBridge Configuration

Choose “SouthBridge Configuration” in “Advanced Chipset Features” and press <Enter>. The following sub-screen will appear for configuration:

##### SouthBridge Configuration

OnBoard AC'97 Audio	Auto	<b>Help Item</b>

↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
 F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults

**Onboard AC'97 Audio** Allows you to disable AC' 97 Audio.  
 Choices: Auto (default); Disabled

### 4-6.5 PCI/PNP Resource Management

PCI/PNP Resource Management allows you to modify the system's power saving functions.

Choose "PCI/PNP Resource Management" from the Main Menu and a screen with a list of options will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1985-2002, American Megatrends, Inc.  
**PCI/PNP Resource Management**

Advanced PCI/PNP Settings	Help Item
<p><b>Warning: Setting wrong values in below sections may cause system to malfunction.</b></p>	
Plug & Play O/S PCI Latency Timer Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA Palette Snooping PCI IDE BusMaster OffBoard PCI/ISA IDE Card	No 32 Yes Disabled Disabled Auto
IRQ3 IRQ4 IRQ5 IRQ7 IRQ9 IRQ10 IRQ11 IRQ14 IRQ15	Available Available Available Available Available Available Available Available
DMA Channel 0 DMA Channel 1 DMA Channel 3 DMA Channel 5 DMA Channel 6 DMA Channel 7	Available Available Available Available Available Available
Reserved Memory Size	Disabled

↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
 F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults

- Plug & Play O/S** Allows you to configure the PNP devices by BIOS or O/S.  
Choices: No(by BIOS) (default); Yes(by O/S)
- PCI Latency Timer (PCI Clocks)** Allows you to set the PCI Latency Time.  
Choices: 32(default); 64; 96; 192; 128; 160; 192; 224; 248;
- Allocate IRQ to PCI VGA** Allows you to assign IRQ to PCI VGA card if card requests IRQ.  
Choices: Yes(default); No
- Palette Snooping** This option allows the BIOS to preview VGA status, and to modify the information delivered from the feature Connector of the VGA card to MPEG card. This option can solve the display inversion to black after you have used a MPEG card.
- PCI IDE BusMaster** Allows you to enable / disable(default) the PCI IDE Bus Master function.
- OffBoard PCI/ISA IDE Card** Some PCI IDE cards may require this to be set to the PCI slot number that is holding the card.  
Choices: Auto; PCI Slot1; PCI Slot2; PCI Slot3; PCI Slot4; PCI Slot5; PCI Slot6
- IRQ 3/4/5/7/9/10/11/14/15** Allows you to specify available IRQs to be used by PCI/PNP devices.  
Choices: Available(default); Reserved
- DMA 0/1/3/5/6/7** Allows you to specify available DMAs to be used by PCI/PNP devices.  
Choices: Available(default); Reserved
- Reserved Memory Size** Allows you to specify memory size to reserve for legacy ISA devices.  
Choices: Disabled(default); 16K; 32K; 64K

### 4-6.6 Boot Configuration Setup

Boot Configuration Setup allows you to modify the system's boot settings.

Choose "Boot Configuration Setup" from the Main Menu and a screen with a list of options will appear:

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1985-2002, American Megatrends, Inc.  
**Boot Configuration Setup**

Boot Settings	Help Item
<p>▶ Boot Setting Configuration                      Press Enter</p> <p>▶ Boot Device Priority                                Press Enter</p>	<p>Configure Settings during System Boot.</p>

↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults

### 4-6.6.1 Boot Settings Configuration

Choose “Boot Settings Configuration” in “Boot Configuration Setup” and press <Enter>. The following items will appear for onfiguration:

Boot Configuration Setup		Help Item
Boot Settings		
Quick Boot	Enabled	Configure Settings during System Boot.
Quiet Boot	Disabled	
AddOn ROM Display Mode	Force BIOS	
Bootup Num-Lock	On	
PS/2 Mouse Support	Auto	
Wait For 'F1' If Error	Enabled	
Hit 'DEL' Message Display	Enabled	
Interrupt 19 Capture	Disabled	

**Quick Boot** Allows you to enable (default)/ disable quick boot of your system. If enabled, BIOS will skip certain tests while booting. This will decrease the time needed to boot the system.

**Quiet Boot** The bootup screen displays normal POST messages with Disabled selected; the bootup screen displays OEM Logo instead of POST messages with Enabled selected.  
Choices: Enabled; Disabled

**AddOn ROM Display Mode** If “Force BIOS” (default) is chosen, the vendor’s logo screen will be followed by the “AddOn ROM” initial screen (the screen showing the add-on card BIOS message). If “Keep Current” is chosen, no “Add-On ROM” screen is followed.

**Bootup Num-lock** Allows you to toggle between On (default) or Off to control the state of the NumLock keys when the system boots. If On, the numeric keypad is in numeric mode. If off, the numeric keypad is in cursor control mode.

**PS/2 Mouse Support** Enabled (default), PS/2 mouse is supported. Disabled, PS/2 Mouse is not supported. If "Auto" is set, the system will auto detect the PS/2 Mouse.

**Wait For 'F1' If Error** Allows you to hit F1 key when errors occur.  
Choices: Enabled(default); Disabled

**Hit 'DEL' Message Display** The system will show "Press DEL key to run Setup when enabled.  
Choices: Enabled(default); Disabled

**Interrupt 19 Capture** Allows option ROMs to trap interrupt 19.  
Choices: Enabled; Disabled(default)

### 4-6.6.2 Boot Device Priority

Choose "Boot Device Priority" in "Boot Configuration Setup" and press <Enter>. The bootable devices installed on board will appear and are allowed to assign the Boot Priority.

**Boot Device Priority**

Boot Device Priority		Help Item
1st Boot Device	1st FLOPPY DRIVE	Configure Settings during System Boot.
2nd Boot Device	PM-WDC WD400BB-00	

**1st/2nd/3rd Boot Device** Allows you to set (by pressing <Enter>) floppy or IDE devices already installed to be the 1st/2nd/3rd boot device.  
Choices: Disabled; Device(s) installed

## 4-6.7 Boot Security Features

Boot Security Features allows you to modify the system's boot security settings.

1. Choose "Boot Security Features" from the Main Menu and a screen with a list of options will appear:

**CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 1985-2002, American Megatrends, Inc.**  
**Boot Security Features**

Security Settings	Help Item
Supervisor Password : Not Installed User Password : Not Installed	Install or Change the password.
Change Supervisor Password      Press Enter	
User Access Level                      Full Access	
Change User Password                Press Enter	
Clear User Password                  Press Enter	
Password Check                        Setup	
Boot Sector Virus Protection        Disabled	

↑↓←→ : Move    Enter : Select    +/- : Values    F10: Save    Esc: Exit    F1: General Help  
F7 : Previous Values    F8 : Fail-Safe Defaults    F9: Optimized Defaults

2. Use one of the arrow keys to move between options and modify the selected options by using + / - keys. An explanation of the <F> keys follow (The option marked with a triangle by the left consists of sub-options):

<F1>: "General Help" provides explanations of the hot-key functions available.

<F7>: "Previous values" allows user to discard previous values or not.

<F8>: "Fail-safe defaults" allows user to load Fail-safe Defaults or not. Save and Exit Setup.

<F9>: "Optimized Defaults" allows user to load Optimal Defaults or not.

3. Press <ESC> to return to the Main Menu when you finish setting up all items. The following descriptions are provided as a quick guide.

### 4-6.7.1 Supervisor Password

This line will show "Installed" when supervisor password is set up. Otherwise, it will show "Not Installed".

### 4-6.7.2 User Password

This line will show "Installed" when user password is set up. Otherwise, it will show "Not Installed".

### 4-6.7.3 Change Supervisor Password

This option allows you to set a Supervisor password for the system:

1. Choose "Change Supervisor Password" in the "BIOS Security Features" and press <Enter>. Then the following message appears:

[ Enter new supervisor password ]

2. The first time you run this option, enter your password up to 6 characters and press <Enter>. (The screen does not display the entered characters.)
3. After you enter the password, the following message appears, prompting you to confirm the password:

[ Confirm New Password ]

4. Enter the same password "exactly" the same as you have just typed to confirm the password and press <Enter>.
5. The following message appears to confirm the new password setup.

[ Password installed ]
[OK]

6. Then press any key to continue your CMOS Setup. To save the password setup, you should press "Save Changes and Exit" and choose "OK" to exit and save setup.
7. If you enter a new password into the box, you will be using this new password after you have finished and saved this new setup. Instead, if you press <Enter> before you enter any new password into the instruction box, another message box appears, telling you that you have disabled the Supervisor Password. That means, no password is set for either entering BIOS Setup or system:

[ Password uninstalled ]
[OK]

**User Access Level** Allows you to set four different Access Levels when Supervisor Password has been set.  
Choices: Full Access; Limited; View Only; No Access

Note: "User Access Level" and "Password Check" will appear when "Supervisor Password" has been set.

### 4-6.7.4 Change User Password

This option allows you to set a User password for the system:

1. Choose "Change User Password" in the "BIOS Security Features" and press <Enter>. Then the following message appears:

[ Enter New Password ]

2. The first time you run this option, enter your password up to 6 characters and press <Enter>. (The screen does not display the entered characters.)
3. After you enter the password, the following message appears, prompting you to confirm the password:

[ Confirm New Password ]

4. Enter the same password "exactly" the same as you have just typed to confirm the password and press <Enter>.
5. The following message appears to confirm the new password setup.

[ Password installed ]
[OK]

6. Then press any key to continue your CMOS Setup. To save the password setup, you should press "Save Changes and Exit" and choose "OK" to exit and save setup.

### 4-6.7.5 Clear User Password

1. To remove the current user password, choose "Clear User Password" and press <Enter>. An instruction box appears on the screen, assuring to clear User Password:

Clear User Password?
[OK]    [Cancel]

2. Then choose [OK] and press <Enter>. The User Password is successfully removed.

**Password Check** Allows you to set BIOS to check up password with a password prompt at BIOS Setup or whenever re-starting system. This option will appear when you have set Supervisor Password or User Password. Choices: Setup (default); Always

#### 4-6.7.6 Boot Sector Virus Protection

**Boot Sector Virus Protection** When enabled, you receive a warning message if a program (specifically, a virus) attempts to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive.  
You should then run an antivirus program. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive.

NOTE: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you disable the virus warning.

### 4-6.8 Save Changes and Exit

Save Changes and Exit allows you to save all modifications you have specified into the CMOS memory. Highlight this option on the Main Menu and press <Enter>. The following message appears:

[ Saving configuration changes and exit setup? ]
[OK]                      [Cancel]

Press <Enter> key to save the configuration changes and exit CMOS Setup to restart your system.

### 4-6.9 Discard Changes ( and Exit )

Discard Changes option allows you to exit (or not exit) the Setup Utility without saving the modifications that you have specified. Highlight this option on the Main Menu and press <Enter> and the following message appears:

[ Discard Changes (and exit setup?) ]
[OK]                      [Cancel]

Follow the message and press <Enter> key to exit CMOS Setup and restart system.

### 4-6.10 Load Optimal Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item, you will get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

[ Load Optimal Defaults ? ]
[OK]                      [Cancel]

Press <Enter> now to load Optimal values for all the Setup options.