

PRM-0080I

High Performance

Pentium II PCI Mainboard

User's Guide



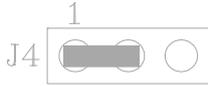
Edition 1.10

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WARNING

For the system to operate normally, please make sure J4 of the mainboard is set as below. Refer to Fig. 2 in this manual for the location J4.



If J4 is shorted to 2-3, no CMOS data can be retained.

CAUTION

The motherboard is an electrostatic sensitive device. Don't open or handle except at a static-free workstation.

POWER OFF

It needs to hold the power switch 4 seconds to turn off the power.

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CONTENTS

CHAPTER 1	INTRODUCTION	5
CHAPTER 2	JUMPER SETTINGS	7
2.1	JUMPERS PRESENTATION	7
2.2	GRAPHICAL DESCRIPTION OF JUMPER SETTINGS	8
2.3	J3 - CPU CLOCK SPEED	9
2.4	JP9 – CPU FRONT SIZE BUS FREQUENCY SETTING	9
2.5	J4 - CLEAR CMOS DATA	10
2.6	J6 - VOLTAGE SELECTION FOR SYSTEM ROM	10
2.7	MEMORY CONFIGUARTION	11
CHAPTER 3	CONNECTOR CONFIGURATION	12
3.1	JP1 - ATX POWER SUPPLY CONNECTOR	13
3.2	JP10 - IrDA CONNECTOR	13
3.3	JP12 - FLOPPY DRIVE CONTROLLER	13
3.4	JP13 – SB LINK CONNECTOR	14
3.5	JP14, JP15 - PRIMARY/SECONDARY IDE CONNECTORS	14
3.6	JP16 – LAN WAKE UP CONNECTOR	14
3.7	JP17 - HDD LED	14
3.8	JP18 - SPEAKER	15
3.9	JP19 - POWER ON/OFF SWITCH	15
3.10	JP20 - RESET	15
3.11	JP21 - POWER LED	15
3.12	CPU FAN, SYSTEM FAN & CHASSIS FAN CONNECTOR	16
3.13	PS/2 KEYBOARD CONNECTOR	16
3.14	PS/2 MOUSE CONNECTOR	16
3.15	UNIVERSAL SERIAL BUS PORT 0 & 1	17
3.16	SERIAL PORT COM1 & COM2	17
3.17	PARALLEL PORT CONNECTOR	17
3.18	RETENTION MECHANISM KITS INSTALLATION GUIDE	17
3.19	OPTIONAL HEATSINK SUPPORT INSTALLATION GUIDE	20
CHAPTER 4	AWARD BIOS SETUP GUIDE	22
4.1	AWARD BIOS SETUP	22
4.2	STANDARD CMOS SETUP	24
4.3	BIOS FEATURES SETUP	25
4.4	CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	27
4.5	POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP MENU	29
4.6	PCI CONFIGURATION	31
4.7	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS SETUP MENU	33
4.8	LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS MENU	35
4.9	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD	35
4.10	USER PASSWORD	35
4.11	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION	36

4.12	SCSI HARD DISK INSTALLATION	36
4.13	SAVE & EXIT SETUP MENU	36
4.14	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING MENU	36
CHAPTER 5	FLASH AND DMI UTILITY	37
5.1	AWARD FLASH UTILITY	37
5.2	DESKTOP MANAGEMENT INTERFACE (DMI) OVERVIEW	39
APPENDIX A	QUICK GUIDE	43

Preface

The motherboard is a 4 layer, ATX form factor high performance PCI/AGP mainboard. It includes Intel i82440BX system chipset, SMC FDC37M672 Super I/O controller.

Features

Processor

- Intel Celeron, Pentium II/III
- The mainboard can run with following speeds: 233-500MHz

Chipset

- Intel i82443BX (PCI A.G.P. Controller)
- Intel 82371EB (PCI ISA IDE Xcelerator)
- SMC FDC37M672 (Super I/O Controller)
- NS LM75/LM78 (System Voltage & Temperature Monitoring IC)

Main Memory

- Memory configurations up to 1GB SDRAM.
- DIMM socket for 3.3V SDRAM.
- ECC Function ensure data correction and integrity.

Multi I/O

- On board Multi-I/O supports two serial, one parallel ports and floppy drive controller.
- Serial ports are 16550 Fast UART compatible.
- Parallel port has EPP and ECP capabilities.
- PS/2 keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector is provided.
- IrDA supported.
- USB supported.

Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) Interface

- A.G.P. specification compliant
- A.G.P. 66/133MHz devices supported

PCI IDE

- On board supports PCI Master IDE Controller, two connectors support up to four IDE devices such as HDD, CD ROM drive and Tape Back-up drives, etc.
- PCI Master IDE controller supports PIO Mode 3 and 4 devices, I/O data transfer rate can be up to 16.6MB/s.
- Ultra DMA Mode supported. Transfer rate can be up to 33MB/s.

System BIOS

- Award/AMI BIOS (128KB Flash EPROM).

Slots

- One AGP slot
- Four PCI slots (1 shared)
- Three ISA slots(1 shared)

Form Factor

- Full ATX Size (305mm x 217mm) 4 Layer

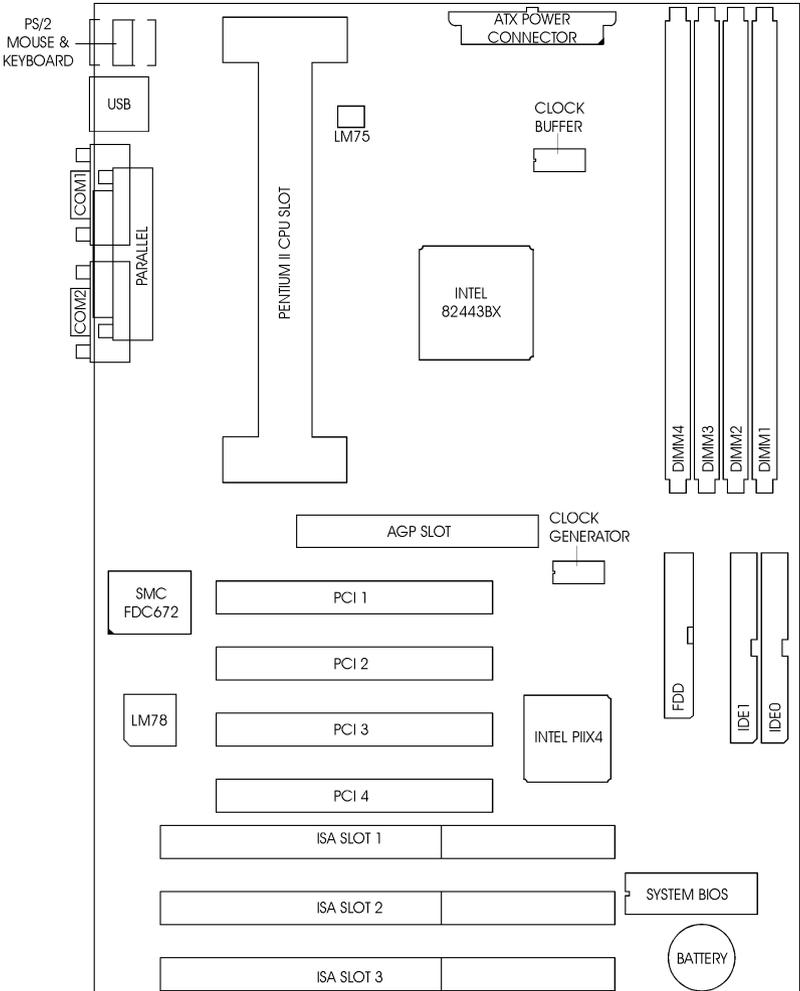
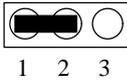
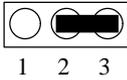


Fig. 1 Key Components of the Mainboard

2.1 JUMPERS PRESENTATION



Pins 1 and 2 are shorted with a jumper cap.



Pins 2 and 3 are shorted with a jumper cap.



The jumper is shorted when the jumper cap is placed over the two pins of the jumper.



The jumper is open when the jumper cap is removed from jumper.

Jumpers Convention

Different color of jumper caps (mini-jumpers) are used on the board to represent different usage of the jumpers:

Red: CPU Clock setting

Black: Other

2.2 GRAPHICAL DESCRIPTION OF JUMPER SETTINGS

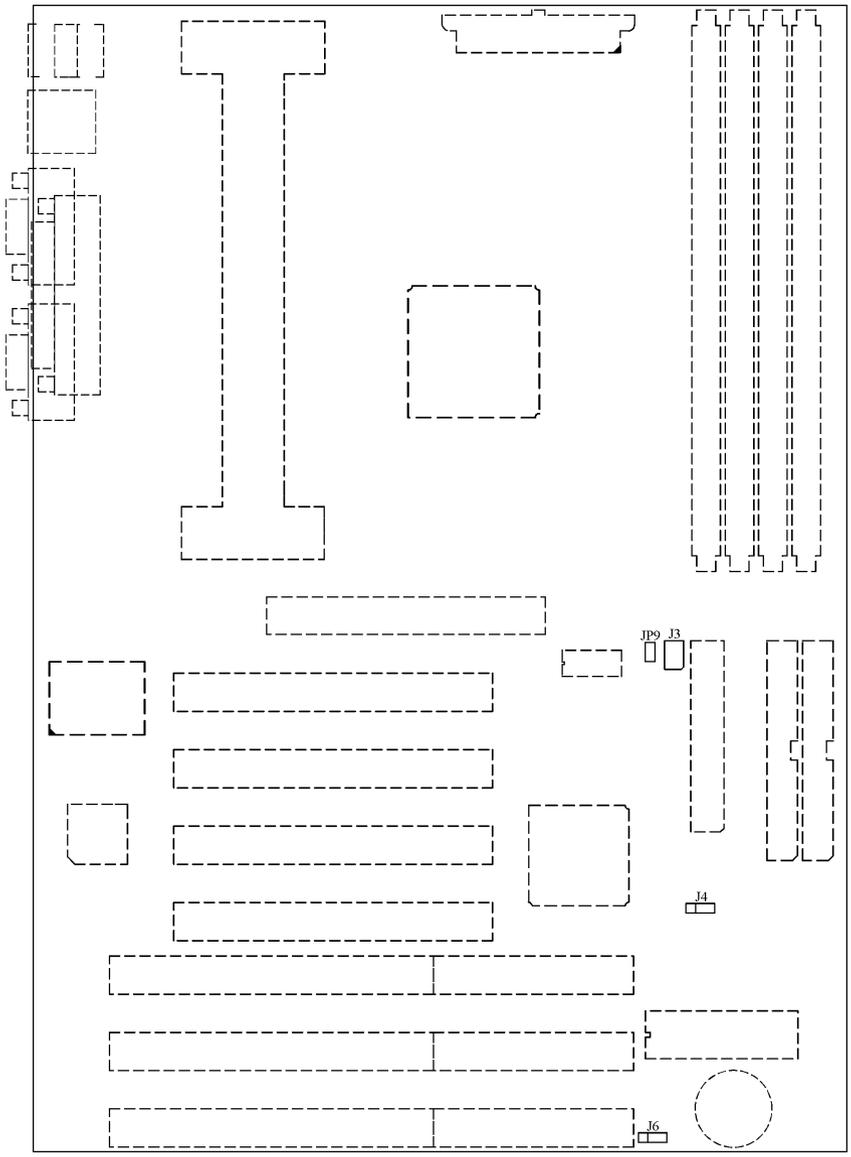


Fig. 2 Jumper Location of the mainboard

2.3 J3 - CPU CLOCK SPEED

The table below summaries the Processor frequency and settings of each jumper of the motherboard.

CPU	Freq.	CPU Front Size Bus Freq.	Ratio	Rating Setting (J3)			
				1-2	3-4	5-6	7-8
Pentium II	233MHz	66MHz	3.5x	close	open	open	close
Pentium II	350MHz	100MHz					
Celeron	266MHz	66MHz	4.0x	close	close	close	open
Pentium II	400MHz	100MHz					
Celeron	300MHz	66MHz	4.5x	close	open	close	open
Pentium II/III	450MHz	100MHz					
Celeron	333MHz	66MHz	5.0x	close	close	open	open
Pentium II/III	500MHz	100MHz					
Celeron	366MHz	66MHz	5.5x	close	open	open	open
Celeron	400MHz	66MHz	6.0x	open	close	close	close
Celeron	433MHz	66MHz	6.5x	open	open	close	close

Table 1: Jumper Setting

 Reserve for future support

2.4 JP9 – CPU FRONT SIZE BUS FREQUENCY SETTING

JP9	CPU Front Size Bus Freq.
	Auto Detect according CPU installed
	Always 100MHz

Table 2: CPU Front Size Bus Frequency Setting

2.5 J4 - CLEAR CMOS DATA

J4 is used to clear the content of the CMOS Data in the RTC (build in PIIX4 chip).

J4	Description
 <p>1</p>	Normal
 <p>1</p>	Clear CMOS Data

Table 3: Clear CMOS Data

2.6 J6 - VOLTAGE SELECTION FOR SYSTEM ROM

J6 is used to select the operation voltage of the system ROM.

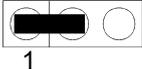
J6	Description
 <p>1</p>	5V Flash EPROM
 <p>1</p>	12V Flash EPROM

Table 4: Voltage Selection for System ROM

2.7 MEMORY CONFIGUARTION

When 100MHz Front Side Bus Processor is used. SDRAM DIMMs with PC/100 specification and Serial Presence Defect (SPD) data structure are required. The mainboard lets user upgrade system memory via DIMM sockets on the mainboard. On board memory is located in eight banks: Row 0 - 7. Four DIMM sockets are provided for 3.3V Synchronous DRAM. Table 5 provides the typical memory configurations supported by the mainboard.

Rows 0/1 (DIMM1)	Rows 2/3 (DIMM2)	Rows 4/5 (DIMM3)	Rows 6/7 (DIMM4)
Installed	None	None	None
None	Installed	None	None
None	None	Installed	None
None	None	None	Installed
Installed	Installed	None	None
Installed	None	Installed	None
Installed	None	None	Installed
None	Installed	Installed	None
None	Installed	None	Installed
None	None	Installed	Installed
Installed	Installed	Installed	None
Installed	Installed	None	Installed
Installed	None	Installed	Installed
None	Installed	Installed	Installed
Installed	Installed	Installed	Installed

Table 5

The maximum memory size is up to 1GB. The size of each DIMM can be 8MB, 16MB, 32MB, 64MB, 128MB or 256MB.

CHAPTER 3

CONNECTOR CONFIGURATION

Once the mainboard has been fastened into system case, the next step is to connect the internal cables. The internal cables are wire leads with plastic female connectors that attach to the connectors. The mainboard connectors have varying numbers of pins and are the points of contact between the mainboard and other parts of the computer.

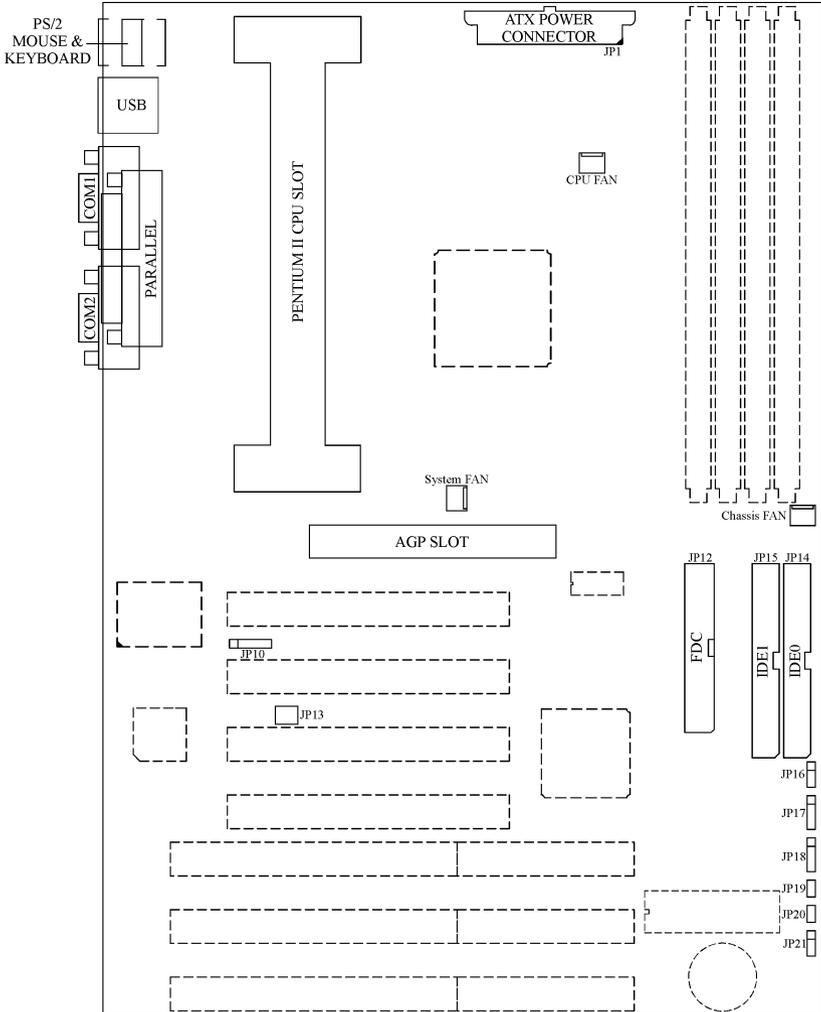


Fig 3 Connector Location

3.1 JP1 - ATX POWER SUPPLY CONNECTOR

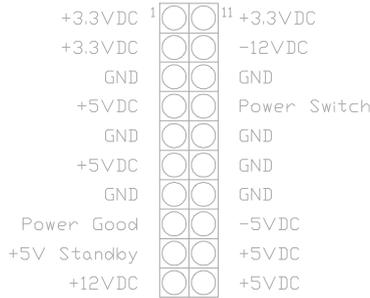


Fig. 4 ATX Power Supply Connector

3.2 JP10 - IrDA CONNECTOR

JP10 is an IrDA connector that uses UART2 as interface of IrDA Infrared and HP SIR.



Fig. 5 IrDA Connector

3.3 JP12 - FLOPPY DRIVE CONTROLLER

This connector supports the floppy drive ribbon cable. After connecting the single end to the board, connect the two plugs on the other end to the floppy drive.

3.4 JP13 – SB LINK CONNECTOR

In order to migrate the legacy Sound Blaster compatible audio to the PCI bus, some Audio Card may incorporate a pair of PC/PCI request/grant sideband signals to interface to the PCI bus. This connector is provided for Creative PCI sound cards SB Link connection.

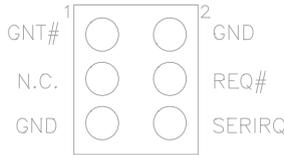


Fig. 6 SB Link Connector

3.5 JP14, JP15 - PRIMARY/SECONDARY IDE CONNECTORS

These connectors support the provided IDE hard disk ribbon cable. After connecting the single end to the board, connect the two plugs on the other end to your hard disk or other device.

3.6 JP16 – LAN WAKE UP CONNECTOR

JP16 is used to connect to the Network Card which support the LAN wake up feature.



Fig. 7 LAN Wake Up Connector

3.7 JP17 - HDD LED

JP17 is usually connected to a HDD LED on front of the system case. If the HDD is in operation, the indicator lights during operation.



Fig. 8 HDD LED

3.8 JP18 - SPEAKER

JP18 is a four pins connector, which is used to connect the system speaker.



Fig. 9 Speaker

3.9 JP19 - POWER ON/OFF SWITCH

It is used to switch on or off the ATX power supply. The power is turned on by short the power switch once. It needs to hold the power switch about 4 seconds to turn it off when it has not start to display.

3.10 JP20 - RESET

Attach the Reset switch cable to this connector. The Reset switch restarts the system.

3.11 JP21 - POWER LED

Attach the power led cable to this connector. If the system is power on, the indicator lights.



Fig. 10 Power LED

3.12 CPU FAN, SYSTEM FAN & CHASSIS FAN CONNECTOR

These FAN connectors are used to connect with the CPU Fan or the Chassis Fan Power cable.

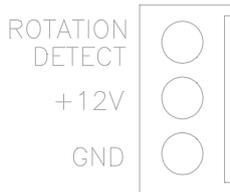


Fig. 11 FAN Connector

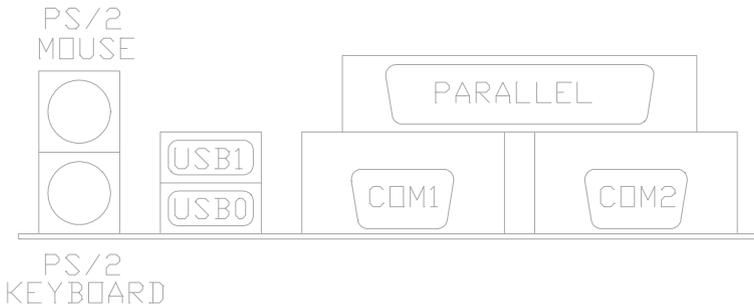


Fig. 12 I/O Connector

3.13 PS/2 KEYBOARD CONNECTOR

This connector is a six-pin female mini DIN connector using a PS/2 plug. If a standard AT size keyboard plugs, you may use the DIN to mini DIN adaptor.

3.14 PS/2 MOUSE CONNECTOR

This connector is a six-pin female mini DIN connector using a PS/2 plug. Plug the jack on the PS/2 keyboard cable into this connector.

3.15 UNIVERSAL SERIAL BUS PORT 0 & 1

These connectors are two four pin female sockets which are available for connecting USB device.

3.16 SERIAL PORT COM1 & COM2

This is a D-Type 9 pin male connector for pointing devices or other serial devices.

3.17 PARALLEL PORT CONNECTOR

This is a D-Type 25 pin female connector.

3.18 RETENTION MECHANISM KITS INSTALLATION GUIDE

Retention Mechanism Kits includes following components:

1. Retention mechanism Assembly

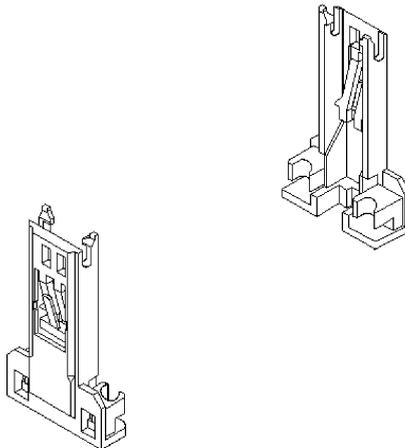


Fig. 13

2. Retention Mechanism Attach Mount

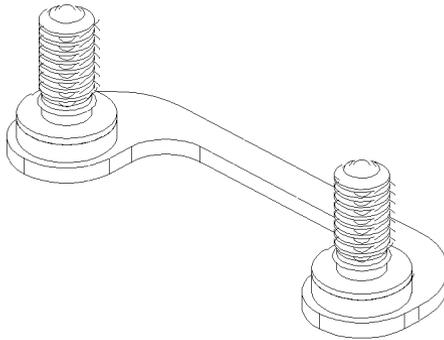


Fig. 14

3. Before the installation of RM Kits find the six holes on the motherboard for RM installation. The hole position and usage is as following:

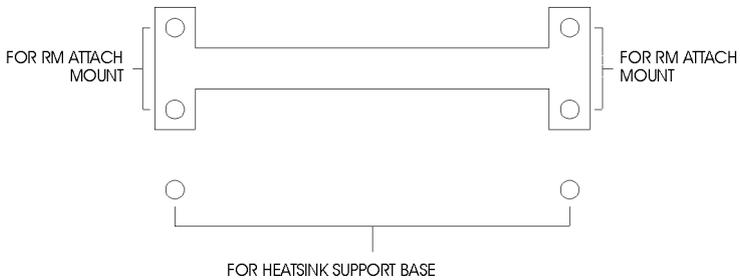


Fig. 15

Installation Guide

1. Mount the two RM Attach Mounts onto the motherboard from bottom side. These mounts will be used to attach the RM Assembly.
2. Put the RM Assembly on the Slot 1 and use the four screws to fix RM Assembly to the RM Attach Mount.

3. Please refer to the diagram for the installation of Pentium II CPU

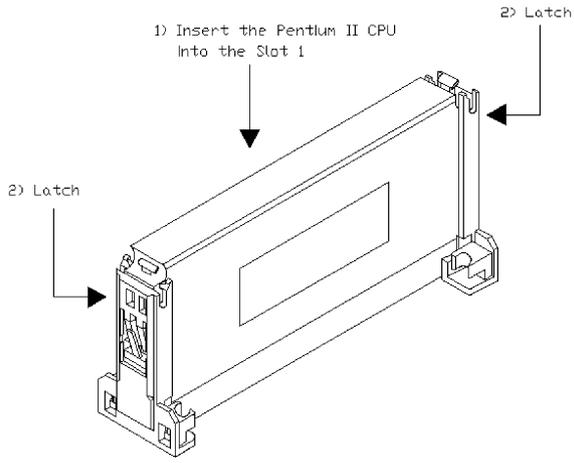


Fig. 16a

4. Please refer to the diagram for the installation of Celeron CPU or Pentium II in SECC2 package.

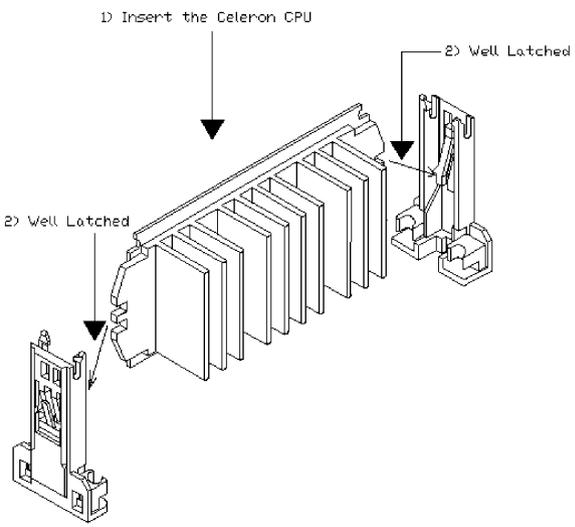


Fig. 16b

3.19 OPTIONAL HEATSINK SUPPORT INSTALLATION GUIDE

Optional Heatsink Support includes following components:

1. Heatsink Top Support

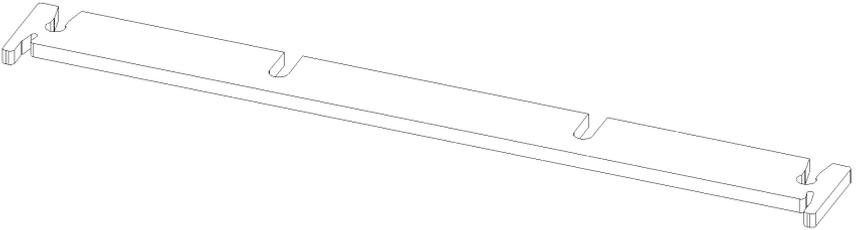


Fig. 17

2. Heatsink Support Base

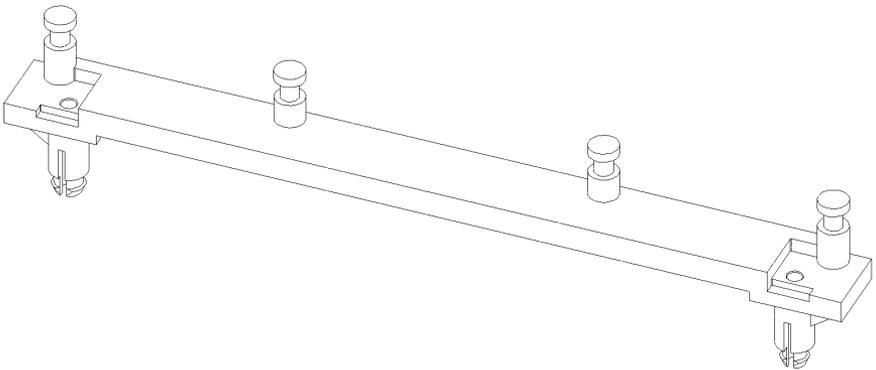
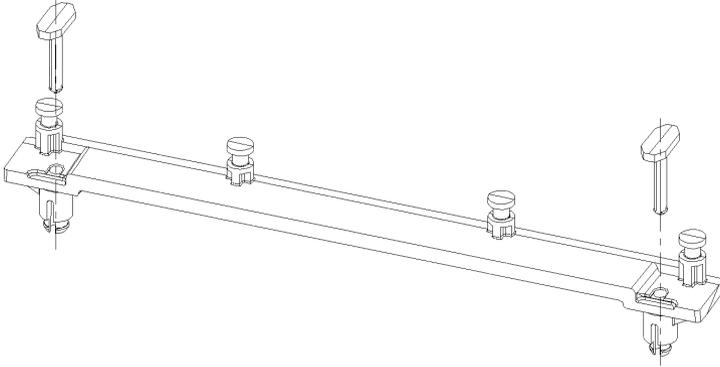


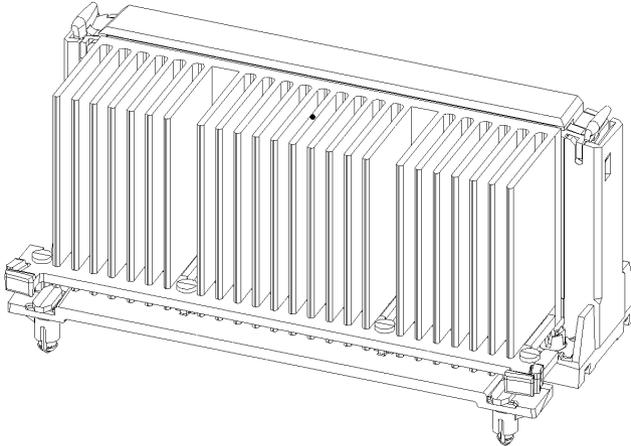
Fig. 18

Installation Guide

1. Refer to Fig. 15 install the Heatsink Support Base onto the motherboard, insert the two plastic nail to the hole in the Heatsink Support Base as following diagram:

**Fig. 19a**

2. Insert the Heatsink Top Support to the Pentium II Heatsink and the Heatsink Support Base as the following diagram:

**Fig. 19b**

CHAPTER 4

AWARD BIOS SETUP GUIDE

This following manual is specially provided for the BIOS supported system. After the configuration of the mainboard, and have assembled the components, user can turn on the completed system. At this point, run the software setup to ensure that the system information is correct.

The software setup of the system board is achieved through Basic Input-Output System (BIOS) programming. Use the BIOS setup program to tell the operating system what type of devices (such as disk drives) are connected to the system board.

The system setup is also called CMOS setup. Normally, users need to run system setup if either the hardware configuration is not identical with information contained in the CMOS RAM, or the CMOS RAM has lost power.

4.1 AWARD BIOS SETUP

The setup program provided with the mainboard is the Award BIOS from Award Software, Inc. Enter the AWARD Setup program's Main Menu as follows:

1. Turn on or reboot the system. After a series of diagnostic check, the following message appear:

“Press DEL to enter SETUP”

- Press the key to enter the AWARD BIOS setup program and the following screen appears:

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KD19)
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
Esc : Quit	↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item
F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color
Time, Data, Hard Disk Type...	

Fig. 20

- Choose an option and press <Enter>. Modify the system parameters to reflect the options installed in the system. (see the following sections for more information).
- Press <ESC> at anytime to return to the Main Menu.
- In the Main Menu, choose “SAVE AND EXIT SETUP” to save change and reboot the system. Choosing “EXIT WITHOUT SAVING” to ignore all changes and exists the program.

4.2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KD19)
 STANDARD CMOS SETUP
 AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Date (mm:dd:yy) : Wed, May 21 1997																		
Time (hh:mm:ss) : 20 : 27 : 55																		
HARD DISKS	TYPE	SIZE	CYLS	HEAD	PRECOMP	LANDZ	SECTOR	MODE										
Primary Master :	Auto	0	0	0	0	0	0	AUTO										
Primary Slave :	None	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----										
Secondary Master :	None	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----										
Secondary Slave :	None	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----										
Drive A : 1.44M , 3.5in.				<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Base Memory:</td> <td>0K</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Extended Memory:</td> <td>0K</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other Memory:</td> <td>512K</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"><hr/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total Memory:</td> <td>512K</td> </tr> </table>					Base Memory:	0K	Extended Memory:	0K	Other Memory:	512K	<hr/>		Total Memory:	512K
Base Memory:	0K																	
Extended Memory:	0K																	
Other Memory:	512K																	
<hr/>																		
Total Memory:	512K																	
Drive B : None																		
Video : EGA/VGA																		
Halt On : All Errors																		
Esc : Quit			↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item			PU/PD/+/- : Modify												
F1 : Help			(Shift)F2 : Change Color															

Fig. 21

- Date(mm/dd/yy)** Type the current date.
- Time(hh:mm:ss)** Type the current time.
- Hard Disks** Choose from the standard hard disk types 1 to 45. Type 47 is user definable. Type Auto is for auto detect the hard disk type.
- Drive A&B** Choose 360K, 5.25in.; 1.2M, 5.25in.; 720K, 3.5in.; 1.44M, 3.5in.; 2.88MB 3.5in. or None
- Video** Choose EGA/VGA, CGA 40, CGA 80, or MONO,
- Halt On** Choose All Errors; No Errors; All, But Keyboard; All, But Diskette or All, But Disk/Key

4.3 BIOS FEATURES SETUP

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KD19)

BIOS FEATURES SETUP

AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Virus Warning	: Disabled	Video BIOS Shadow	: Disabled
Quick Power On Self Test	: Disabled	C8000-CBFFF Shadow	: Disabled
Boot Sequence	: A,C,SCSI	CC000-CFFFF Shadow	: Disabled
Swap Floppy Drive	: Disabled	D0000-D3FFF Shadow	: Disabled
Boot Up Floppy Seek	: Enabled	D4000-D7FFF Shadow	: Disabled
Boot Up Numlock Status	: Off	D8000-DBFFF Shadow	: Disabled
Boot Up System Speed	: Low	DC000-DFFFF Shadow	: Disabled
Gate A20 Option	: Fast		
Typematic Rate Setting	: Disabled		
Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	: 6		
Typematic Delay (Msec)	: 250		
Security Option	: Setup		
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	: Disabled		
Assign IRQ to VGA	: Disabled		
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	: Non-OS2		
HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability	: Disabled		
Report No FDD For Win95	: No		
		ESC: Quit	↑ ↓ → ←: Select Item
		F1: Help	PU/PD/+/-: Modify
		F5: Old Values	(Shift)F2: Color
		F7: Load Setup Defaults	

Fig. 22 BIOS Setup Defaults

A short description of the screen items follows:

Virus Warning: When enabled, you receive a warning message if a program (specifically, a virus) attempts to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive. You should then run an anti-virus program. The default is Disabled.

Quick Power On Self Test: Choose Enabled or Disabled. This option let the POST sequence runs longer for through tests.

Boot Sequence: With the default setting the BIOS first attempts to boot from drive A: and then, if unsuccessful, from hard disk C:. User can select other boot up sequence. Available sequences are "A,C,SCSI", "C,A,SCSI", "C,CDROM,A", "CDROM,C,A", "D,A,SCSI", "E,A,SCSI", "F,A,SCSI", "SCSI,A,C", "SCSI,C,A", "C only", "LS120,C".

Swap Floppy Drive: Choose Enabled or Disabled. This option lets end users to change the Drive A: or B: to others.

Boot Up NumLock Status: Choose On or Off. On puts numeric keypad in Num Lock mode at boot-up. Off puts numeric keypad in arrow key mode at boot-up.

Boot Up System Speed: Choose High or Low. Set the CPU timing at Boot Up, the default is high.

Gate A20 Option: Choose Fast (chipset handled) or Normal (keyboard handled). The gate A20 is a device used to address memory above 1Mbytes. Initially, the gate A20 was handled via a pin on the keyboard. Today, while keyboards still provide this support, it is more common, and much faster, for the system chipset to provide support for gate A20.

Typematic Rate Setting: Choose Enabled or Disabled. Enabled will determines the typematic rate defined by following two options.

Typematic Rate: The number selected 6,8,10... indicates how fast the number of characters can response in one second.

Typematic Delay (Msec): The number selected indicates the time period between two identical keys appear.

Security Option: Choose Setup or System. If system is selected, the password should be set.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop: Select Disabled or Enabled. If Enabled the MPEG Card can synchronised with PCI/VGA.

Assign IRQ to VGA: Choose Enabled or Disabled. Enabled will assign an IRQ to Graphic Controller.

OS Select For DRAM > 64MB: Select Disabled or Enabled. If the system memory is larger than 64MB and running OS/2, please enable this item. However, if it use other operating system, please disable this feature. Furthermore, if the system memory is less than 64MB, the BIOS will ignore this function.

HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability: Choose Enabled or Disabled. Enabled will support the hard disk S.M.A.R.T. feature (Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology).

Report No FDD For Win95: Choose Yes or No. Yes will show a removable disk in Window 95 when the floppy drive is set as None.

Video BIOS Shadow: ROM Shadow copies Video BIOS code from slower ROM to faster RAM. Video BIOS can then execute from RAM.

C8000-DFFFF Shadow: If enabled and BIOS is present in this segment, then the BIOS is shadowed.

4.4 CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP

The Advanced Chipset Setup option is used to change the values of the chipset registers. These registers control most of the system options in the computer.

Note: Change these Settings only if user is familiar with the Chipset.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KD19)
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Auto Configuration	: Enabled	Current CPU Temperature	: 56°C/133°F
SDRAM CAS Latency Time	: 3	Current System Temp.	: 27°C/80°F
DRAM Data Integrity Mode	: Non-ECC	Current System FAN Speed	: 6428RPM
System BIOS Cacheable	: Disabled	Current CPU FAN Speed	: 0RPM
Video BIOS Cacheable	: Disabled	Current Chassis FAN Speed	: 0RPM
Video RAM Cacheable	: Disabled	Vcore	: 2.01V 2.5 (V) : 2.48V
8 Bit I/O Recovery Time	: 1	3.3 (V)	: 3.32V 5.0 (V) : 5.05V
16 Bit I/O Recovery Time	: 1	12 (V)	: 12.22V -12 (V) : -12.37V
Memory Hole At 15M-16M	: Disabled	-5 (V)	: -5.07V
Passive Release	: Disabled		
Delayed Transaction	: Enabled		
AGP Aperture Size (MB)	: 256		
		ESC: Quit ↑ ↓ → ←: Select Item	
		F1: Help PU/PD/+/-: Modify	
		F5: Old Values (Shift)F2: Color	
		F7: Load Setup Defaults	

Fig. 23

A short description of the screen items follows:

Auto Configuration: When Auto Configuration is Enabled, BIOS will set up the chipset with the predetermined optimal parameters according to the CPU installed. Otherwise, set it manually.

SRAM CAS Latency Time: It defines the length of time for Column Address Stroke allowed to precharge. The choice is “2” or “3”.

DRAM Data Integrity Mode: Select “ECC” (Error-correcting Code) or “Non-ECC” according to the type of DIMM installed.

System/Video BIOS Cacheable: Choose Enabled or Disabled. “Enabled” allows system/video BIOS be cacheable.

Video RAM Cacheable: Choose Enabled or Disabled. “Enabled” allows video RAM to be cacheable.

8 Bit I/O Recovery Time: This item is used to set the recovery time allowed for 8 bit I/O access. Choices are from NA, 1 to 8 CPU clocks.

16 Bit I/O Recovery Time: This item is used to set the recovery time allowed for 16 bit I/O access. Choices are from NA, 1 to 4 CPU clocks.

Memory Hole At 15M-16M: Choose Enabled or Disabled. “Enabled” allows some linear VGA cards to run large frame port, or it can be reserved for some operating system.

Passive Release: Choose Enabled or Disabled. When Enabled, CPU to PCI bus access is allowed during passive release. Otherwise, the arbiter only accepts another PCI master access to local DRAM.

Delayed Transaction: Choose Enabled or Disabled. The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select Enabled to support compliance with PCI specification 2.1.

AGP Aperture Size (MB): Select the size of the Accelerated Graphic Port (AGP) aperture. The aperture is a portion of the PCI memory address range dedicated for graphics memory address space. Host cycles that hit the aperture range are forwarded to the AGP without any translation. The available options are 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 and 256MB.

The below items will show only with SYSTEM MONITORING FEATURES:

Current CPU Temperature: This item will show the temperature of CPU.

Current System Temp.: This item will show the temperature of the system board.

Current System FAN/CPU FAN/Chassis FAN Speed: These item will show the rotate speed per minute of the FAN connected to the System FAN, CPU FAN and Chassis FAN correspondingly.

Vcore/2.5(V)/3.3(V)/5.0(V)/12(V)/-12(V)/-5(V): These items show the different voltage of the system board.

4.5 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP MENU

The Power Management Setup option is used to change the values of the chipset registers for system power management functions.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KD19)
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Power Management	: User Define	** Reload Global Timer Events **	
PM Control by APM	: Yes	IRQ [3-7,9-15], NMI	: Disabled
Video Off Method	: Blank Screen	Primary IDE 0	: Disabled
Video off After	: Suspend	Primary IDE 1	: Disabled
MODEM Use IRQ	: 3	Secondary IDE 0	: Disabled
		Secondary IDE 1	: Disabled
Suspend Mode	: Disabled	Floppy Disk	: Disabled
HDD Power Down	: Disabled	Serial Port	: Disabled
HDD Down When Suspend	: Enabled	Parallel Port	: Disabled
IRQ 8 Break Suspend	: Disabled		
Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN	: Instant-Off	ESC: Quit	↑ ↓ → ←: Select Item
PWRON After PWR-Fail	: Disabled	F1: Help	PU/PD/+/-: Modify
CPUFAN Off In Suspend	: Enabled	F5: Old Values	(Shift)F2: Color
Wake Up On LAN/Modem	: Enabled	F7: Load Setup Defaults	
Resume by Alarm	: Enabled		
Date (of Month)	: 0		
Timer (hh:mm:ss)	: 0 : 0 : 0		

Fig. 24

A short description of the screen items follows:

Power Management: Available selection are “Disabled”, “User Define”, “Max Saving” and “Min Saving”:

“Disabled” will disable all the power saving functions.

“User Define” makes the time period waiting for Suspend Mode to be programmed.

“Max Saving” will set the time period waiting for Suspend Mode to be 20 seconds.

“Min Saving” will set the time period waiting for Suspend Mode to be 40 minutes.

PM Control by APM: Available options are “Yes” and “No”. To choose “Yes” to let the Power Management Function to be control by the MS APM software.

Video Off Method: Choose V/H SYNC+Blank, DPMS or Blank Screen. This is monitor Power Saving Method. V/H SYNC+Blank means turn off Vertical, Horizontal scanning and blank the screen. Blank Screen will blank the display screen. DPMS (Display Power Management System) can allow the System BIOS control the Display Card to turn off the Display.

Video Off After: As the system moves from lesser to greater power-saving modes. Select the mode in which you want the monitor to blank. The available options are “Suspend” and “NA”.

MODEM Use IRQ: Available options are 3,4,5,7,9,10,11 and NA. It is used to choose the interrupt line that the Modem is used. “NA” means not available.

Suspend Mode: To set the time period waiting for Suspend Mode when the Power Management function is set to “User Define”.

HDD Power Down: To select the time period will turn the HDD off. Accessing the HDD again will take a few seconds for HDD to spin up for operation.

HDD Down When Suspend: When Enabled, the hard disk will power down when the system is Suspend Mode.

IRQ 8 Break Suspend: You can select Enabled or Disabled monitoring of IRQ8 (the Real Time Clock) so it does not awaken the system from Suspend Mode.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN: Available options are “Instant-Off” and “Delay 4 sec.”. For “Instant-Off” option, the power of the system will be switched off at once when the power button is pressed for turn it off. For “Delay 4 sec.” Option, the power of the system will be switched off with pressing the power button for 4 seconds.

PWRON After PWR-Fail: When Enabled, the BIOS will turn on the ATX power supply when the A/C Power recovered after the A/C main power failure. The default value is “Disabled”.

CPUFAN Off In Suspend: When Enabled, the FAN Power on FAN connector will be turn off when the system is Suspend Mode.

Wake Up On LAN/Modem: When Enabled the external modem ring in or the wake up packet received by the Network Card, with wake up on LAN feature, can wake up the system. (ATX power supply required)

Resume by Alarm/Date (of Month)/Timer (hh:mm:ss): To enable the **Resume by Alarm** will wake up the system at the time set on the **Date (of Month)** and **Timer (hh:mm:ss)**.

Reload Global Timer Event: When Enabled, an event occurring on each device listed below restarts the global time for Standby Mode.

IRQ[3-7,9-15], NMI
 Primary IDE 0
 Primary IDE 1
 Secondary IDE 0
 Secondary IDE 1
 Floppy Disk
 Serial Port
 Parallel Port

4.6 PCI CONFIGURATION

The PCI Configuration Setup option is used to configure the PCI add-on Cards on PCI Slots. Without proper setup the PCI Add-on Cards might not function properly.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KD19)
 PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
 AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

PNP OS Installed	: No	PCI IDE IRQ Map To	: PCI-AUTO
Resources Controlled By	: Manual	Primary IDE INT#	: A
Reset Configuration Data	: Disabled	Secondary IDE INT#	: A
IRQ-3 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	Used MEM base addr	: C800
IRQ-4 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	Used MEM Length	: 8K
IRQ-5 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-7 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-9 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-10 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-11 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-12 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-14 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-15 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
DMA-0 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	ESC: Quit	↑ ↓ → ←: Select Item
DMA-1 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	F1: Help	PU/PD/+/-: Modify
DMA-3 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	F5: Old Values	(Shift)F2: Color
DMA-5 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	F6: Load BIOS Defaults	
DMA-6 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	F7: Load Setup Defaults	
DMA-7 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		

Fig. 25

Note: Change these Settings only if user is familiar with the Chipset and all the PCI Add-on Cards functions.

A short description of the screen items follows:

PNP OS Installed: Set this option to Yes if the operating system installed in the computer is Plug and Play-aware (e.g. Windows 95).

Resources Controlled By: The Award Plug and Play BIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play compatible device. If you select Auto, all the interrupt (IRQ) and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

Reset Configuration Data: If enable this option, the BIOS will clear and reset the ESCD after hardware reset.

IRQ#/DMA# assigned to: These items will be shown only when “Resources Controlled By” option is set the “Manual”. The available options are “Legacy ISA” and “PCI/ISA PnP”. If the option is set to “Legacy ISA”, the BIOS will never assign the specified IRQ/DMA resource to PCI or ISA PnP Devices. If “PCI/ISA PnP” is chosen, the BIOS will make the specified IRQ/DMA have a chance to be assigned to the PCI or ISA PnP devices.

PCI IDE IRQ Map To: Choose PCI-AUTO, PCI-SLOT1, PCI-SLOT2, PCI-SLOT3, ISA. The default setting is PCI-AUTO.

Primary/Secondary IDE INT#: Each PCI peripheral connection is capable of activating up to four interrupts: INT#A, INT#B, INT#C and INT#D. By default, a PCI connection is assigned INT#A. Assign INT#B has no meaning unless the peripheral device requires two interrupt services them just one.

Used MEM Base Addr/Used MEM Length: These items will be shown only when “Resources Controller By” option is set to “Manual”. They are used to reserve the memory space for the memory installed on the ISA card in the specified memory segment (such as some network card). The available options for “User Mem Base Addr” are “N/A”, “C800”, “CC00”, “D000”, “D400”, “D800” and “DC00”, which is used to select the base memory address of the ISA card used. With the “Used Mem Base Addr” is selected, the size of the memory installed on ISA card is chosen by “Used Mem Length”: “8K”, “16K”, “32K” or “64K”

4.7 INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS SETUP MENU

The Integrated Peripherals setup option is need to change the values of the I/O chipset registers for I/O functions.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69KD19)
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

IDE HDD Block Mode	: Enabled	Onboard Parallel Port	: 3BC/IRQ7
IDE Primary Master PIO	: Auto	Parallel Port Mode	: ECP+EPP1.9
IDE Primary Slave PIO	: Auto	ECP Mode Use DMA	: 1
IDE Secondary Master PIO	: Auto		
IDE Secondary Slave PIO	: Auto		
IDE Primary Master UDMA	: Auto		
IDE Primary Slave UDMA	: Auto		
IDE Secondary Master UDMA	: Auto		
IDE Secondary Slave UDMA	: Auto		
On-Chip Primary IDE	: Enabled		
On-Chip Secondary IDE	: Enabled		
USB Keyboard Support	: Disabled		
Init Display First	: AGP		
Onboard FDD Controller	: Enabled		
Onboard Serial Port 1	: 3F8/IRQ4		
Onboard Serial Port 2	: 2F8/IRQ3		
UART 2 Mode	: Standard	ESC: Quit	↑ ↓ → ←: Select Item
Duplex Select	: Full	F1: Help	PU/PD/+/-: Modify
RxD, TxD Active	: Hi, Hi	F5: Old Values	(Shift)F2: Color
IRRX Mode Select	: IRMODE	F7: Load Setup Defaults	

Fig. 26

A short description of the screen items follows:

IDE HDD Block Mode: This allows your hard disk controller to use the fast block mode to transfer data to your hard disk drive.

IDE Primary Master PIO/IDE Primary Slave PIO/IDE Secondary Master PIO/IDE Secondary Slave PIO: Available selection are “Auto”, “Mode 0”, “Mode 1”, “Mode 2”, “Mode 3” and “Mode 4”. To choose “Auto”, the system BIOS will scan the IDE device and decide which mode of the device is . Otherwise the user should key in the mode of the device to the corresponding field.

Some harddisks cannot work properly with its corresponding timing, please set a slower timing.

IDE Primary Master UDMA/IDE Primary Slave UDMA/IDE Secondary Master UDMA/IDE Secondary Slave UDMA: Available selection are “Auto” or “Disabled”. To choose “Auto”, the system BIOS will scan the IDE device to support Ultra DMA or not.

On-Chip Primary/Secondary PCI IDE: This item is used to set the onboard IDE controller. The settings are Primary, Secondary, Both or Disabled. The default setting is Both.

USB Keyboard Support: Select Enabled if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard.

Init Display First: This item is used to select the initialization sequence between AGP and PCI Slot. Select “AGP” or “PCI Slot” to choose which device first accordingly.

Onboard FDD Controller: Choose Enabled or Disabled. “Enabled” allows onboard Floppy Drive Controller to be functioned, otherwise the users should use other sources.

Onboard Serial Port 1: Choose Auto, Disabled, 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4 and 2E8/IRQ3. While choosing proper I/O Address/IRQ, be sure not to cause Address conflict with other I/O devices. The default setting is 3F8/IRQ4.

Onboard Serial Port 2: Choose Auto, Disabled, 3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4 and 2E8/IRQ3. While choose proper I/O Address/IRQ, be sure not to cause Address conflict with other I/O devices. The default setting is 2F8/IRQ3.

UART 2 Mode: Choose Standard, ASKIR (Amplitude Shift Keyed Infrared Port), IrDA 1.0 or IrDA 1.1 for serial Interface.

Duplex Select: The available options are “Full” and “Half”. It is used to choose the IR function working in full duplex mode or half duplex mode correspondingly.

RxD, TxD Active: The available options are “Hi, Hi”, “Hi, Lo”, “Lo, Hi” and “Lo, Lo”. It is used to configure the logic level of Receive and Transmit signal in IrDA interface.

IRRX Mode Select: The available options are “IRMODE” and “IRRX3”. It is used to choose the Receive mode of IrDA interface.

Onboard Parallel Port: Choose None or with four different I/O Address and corresponding IRQx. While choosing proper I/O Address, be sure not to cause Address conflict with other I/O devices.

Parallel Port Mode: Choose Normal, SPP, ECP, ECP+EPP1.9, EPP1.7+SPP and ECP+EPP1.7 Mode. Make proper selection with the attached printer port device.

ECP Mode Use DMA: Choose “1” or “3” to select the DMA channel used for the ECP device. This item is shown if the **Onboard Parallel Mode** is chosen as “ECP” or “ECP/EPP” option.

4.8 LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS MENU

This Main Menu item uses the default setup values. Use this option as a diagnostic aid if the system behaves erratically. Choose this item and the following message appears:

“Load SETUP Defaults (Y/N)? N”

To use the Power-On defaults, change the prompt to “Y” and press <Enter>.

4.9 SUPERVISOR PASSWORD

Two level of password is supported. Depending on the setting of the “Security Option” in the “BIOS FEATURES SETUP”, the system BIOS will ask for password every time booting up the System or entering BIOS Setup. With the supervisor password, both the system booting and BIOS setup changing is allowed.

This main menu item lets the user to set up the Supervisor Password.

Change the password as follows:

1. Choose “PASSWORD SETTING” in the Main Menu and press <Enter>. The following message appears:

“ENTER PASSWORD:”

2. Enter the Password and press <Enter>. The following message appears:

"CONFIRM PASSWORD:"

Important: Keep a safe record of the new password. If forget or lose the password, the only way to access the system is to disconnect the CMOS batteries and then re-enter the password.

4.10 USER PASSWORD

With the user password, only booting up the system is accepted, but changing the BIOS setup is not allowed.

4.11 IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION

When users can not find the Hard Disk information, it is very helpful to use this option.

1. Choose this item and press <Enter>.
2. After couple seconds, the screen will appear the Hard Disk information and following message:

“SELECT PRIMARY MASTER OPTION(N=SKIP): N”

3. Enter Y or N to confirm the acceptance then enter.
4. The process will repeat for Primary Slave, Secondary Master and Secondary Slave Hard Disks.

4.12 SCSI HARD DISK INSTALLATION

In Standard CMOS Setup Utility, select hard disk type to be “Not Installed”. In Advanced CMOS Setup Utility, Disable “Adapter ROM Shadow DC00”. On the SCSI Controller card, set the jumpers which configure the SCSI card BIOS segment address located at DC00 or DE00. Format the SCSI disk by the Formatter provided in the SCSI BIOS.

4.13 SAVE & EXIT SETUP MENU

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the centre of the screen to assist you to Save data to CMOS and Exit the Setup.

Save to CMOS and Exit (Y/N)?

4.14 EXIT WITHOUT SAVING MENU

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the centre of the screen to assist you to Abandon all Data and Exit Setup.

Quit Without Saving (Y/N)?

CHAPTER 5

FLASH AND DMI UTILITY

5.1 AWARD FLASH UTILITY

This section will provide instructions to guide you through updating your old BIOS. The file name we use to program here is *test.bin*, and the file name to save old BIOS is *2A59F000.OLD*. Please note that those file names are not absolute. They are only examples to let you have a more clear understanding of the updating process.

How to Begin

1. Please type “*awdf*lash” and press the **ENTER** key to begin the updating process.
2. Once you enter, you will see a main menu displaying:

FLASH MEMORY WRITER V5.XX Copyright (C) 1996, Award Software, Inc.,	
For I430HX-2A59F000 Flash Type	DATE: 06/18/96
File Name to Program:	
Error Message:	

Fig. 27

3. Type the program name “*test.bin*”, and then press the **ENTER** key.
4. At the bottom of the menu, you will be requested to answer:

“Do You Want to Save BIOS (Y/N)?”

If you do not wish to save the old BIOS:

5. Please type “N”, and then press the ENTER key.
6. Then you will be request to answer:

“Are You Sure to Program?”

7. Answer “N” if you do not want to program, and then it will exit.

To save the old BIOS:

8. Please respond “Y”, and then press the ENTER key.
9. Move the cursor to “File Name to Save:”
10. Type file name “**2A59F000.OLD**”, and then press the **ENTER**.
(Your old BIOS will be saved in the file name you create. In this case, the old BIOS is saved in the file name, 2A59F000.OLD).
11. Then you will be requested to answer:

“Are You Sure to Program (Y/N)?”

12. Type “Y” to begin programming, and press the **ENTER** key.
13. When the programming is finished, the showing message will appear:

“Programming Flash Memory - 1FF00 0K



Message: Please Power off or Reset System”

14. Once you see the showing message “**Power Off or Reset System**”, please re-start your system.
15. When you power on the computer again, you will find your old BIOS has already been successfully updated.

Warning

Please note that Award Flash Utility cannot run under EMM386 or QEMM. Thus, when executing the command “**awdf**lash”, and error message will appear:

“Error Message: Fail - Due to EMM386 or QEMM!”

5.2 DESKTOP MANAGEMENT INTERFACE (DMI) OVERVIEW

This motherboard can support DMI within the BIOS level. DMI is able to auto-detect and record information pertinent to a computer's system such as the CPU type, CPU speed, and internal/external frequencies, and memory size. The onboard BIOS will detect as many system information as possible and store those collected information in a 4KB block in the motherboard's flash EPROM and allow the DMI to retrieve data from this database.

The DMI Configuration Utility (DMICFG.EXE) must be used in real mode in order for the program to run, the base memory must be at least 180K. Memory managers like HIMEM.SYS (required by windows) must not be installed. You can boot up from a system diskette without AUTOEXEC.BAT and CONFIG.SYS files, "REM" HIMEM.SYS in the CONFIG.SYS, or press <F5> during bootup to bypass your AUTOEXEC.BAT and CONFIG.SYS files.

Using the DMI Configuration Utility

Edit DMI

```

Award DMI Configuration Utility V1.04a, Copyright Award Software Inc. 1996
[Edit DMI] [Add DMI] [Load DMI FILE] [Save DMI FILE]

BIOS
System
Base Board
Enclosure/Chassis
Processor
Memory Controller
Memory Module
Memory Module
Memory Module
Memory Module
Cache
Cache
Port Connector
System Slots

Type : BIOS Information
Handle : 0000
Vendor Name : Award Software International, Inc.
BIOS Version : 4.51 PG
BIOS starting Address Segment : E000
BIOS Build Date : 05/12/97
BIOS Characteristics : Press [ENTER] for detail
Size of BIOS ROM : 0128K

=== Display Component ===

↑↓←→-Move cursor ENTER-Accept DEL-Delete ESC-Abort&Exit

```

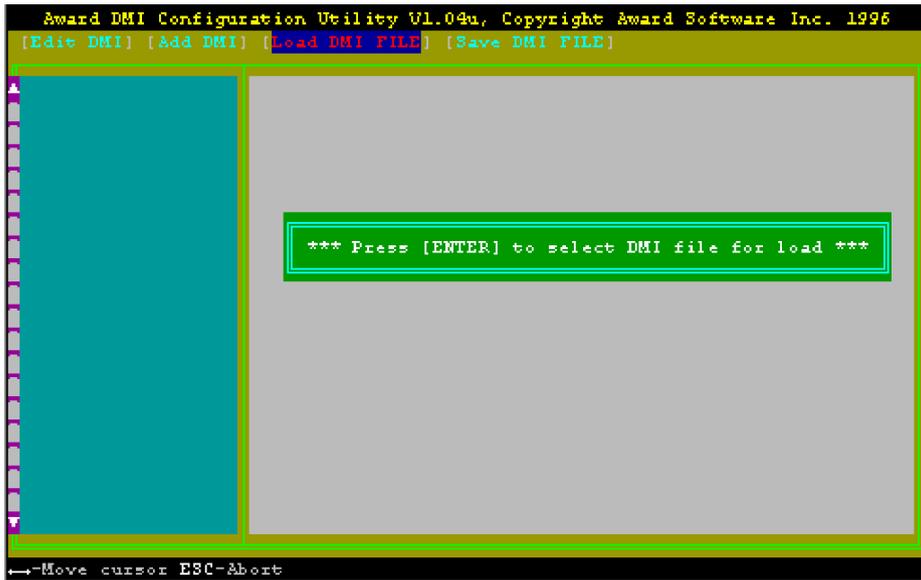
Use the ←→ (left-right) cursors to move the top menu items and the ↑↓ (up-down) cursor to move between the left hand menu items. The bottom of the screen will show the available keys for each screen. Press enter at the menu item to enter the right hand screen for editing. “Edit component” appears on top. The reversed color field is the current cursor position and the blue text are available for editing. The orange text shows auto-detected information and are not available for editing. The blue text “Press [ENTER] for detail” contains a second pop-up menu is available, use the + - (plus-minus) keys to change the settings. Enter to exit and save, ESC to exit and not save.

If the user has made changes, ESC will prompt you to answer Y or N. Enter Y to go back to the left-hand screen and save, enter N to go back to left-hand screen and not save. If editing has not been made, ESC will send you back to the left hand menu without any messages.

Add DMI

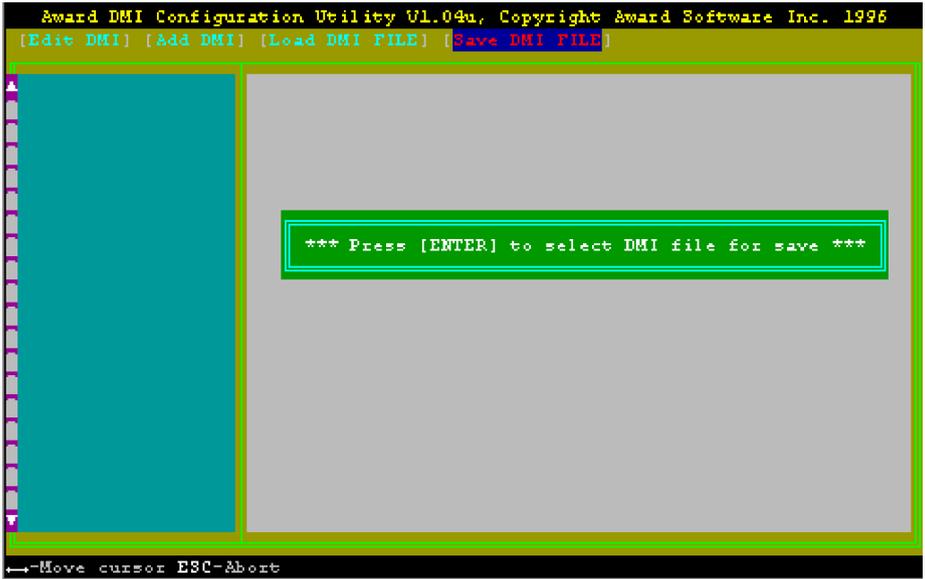


This DMI Configuration Utility also allows the system integrator or end user to add additional information into the DMI database such as serial numbers, housing configurations, and vendor information. Those information not detected by the motherboard BIOS and has to be manually entered through the DMI Configuration Utility and updated into the DMI database.

Load DMI File

You can load the disk file to memory by entering a drive and path and file name here.

Save DMI File



You can save the DMI (normally only saved to flash ROM) to a file by entering the drive and path here. If you want to cancel save, you may press ESC and a message “Bad File Name” appears here to show it was not saved.

APPENDIX A

QUICK GUIDE

The table below summaries the functions and settings of each jumper of the motherboard.

Function		Jumper Settings
CPU Speed Selection	Pentium II 233, 350MHz	J3: 1-2 close 3-4 open 5-6 open 7-8 close
	Celeron 266MHz, Pentium II 400MHz	J3: 1-2 close 3-4 close 5-6 close 7-8 open
	Celeron 300MHz, Pentium II/III450MHz	J3: 1-2 close 3-4 open 5-6 close 7-8 open
	Celeron 333MHz, Pentium II/III 500MHz	J3: 1-2 close 3-4 close 5-6 open 7-8 open
	Celeron 366MHz (for future support only)	J3: 1-2 close 3-4 open 5-6 open 7-8 open
	Celeron 400MHz (for future support only)	J3: 1-2 open 3-4 close 5-6 close 7-8 close
	Pentium II/Celeron 433MHz (for future support only)	J3: 1-2 open 3-4 open 5-6 close 7-8 close
CPU Clock Freq. Selection	Always 100MHz Front Bus Size	JP9: open
	66MHz or 100MHz – Auto Detected according the CPU installed	JP9: short
Clear CMOS Data	Normal	J4: 1-2 short
	Clear	J4: 2-3 short
System ROM Selection	5V Flash EPROM	J6: 1-2 short
	12V Flash EPROM	J6: 2-3 short