



User's Manual

**Intel *i915PL* mainboard
for Intel Socket 775 processor**

TRADEMARK

All products and company names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

These specifications are subject to change without notice.

*Manual Revision 1.1
August 29, 2005*

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:

THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTION ON THE FACE OF THE MANUFACTURER LIMITED WARRANTY. THE MANUFACTURER EXPRESSLY EXCLUDES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING ITS PRODUCTS; INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NONINFRINGEMENT. THIS DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES SHALL APPLY TO THE EXTENT ALLOWED UNDER LOCAL LAWS IN THE COUNTRY PURCHASED IN WHICH LOCAL LAWS DO NOT ALLOW OR LIMIT THE EXCLUSION OF THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES.

80 Port Frequently Asked Questions

Below is a list of some basic POST Codes, possible problems and solutions. For more detailed information about POST Codes, refer to Appendix B in this manual.

POST CODE	Problem	Solution
FFh or CFh	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. BIOS chip inserted incorrectly2. Incorrect BIOS update version3. Mainboard problem4. Add-on card inserted incorrectly.	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Reinsert the BIOS chip2. Download the correct BIOS version update from the manufacturer's Web site.3. Replace mainboard4. Remove and replace the add-on card
C1h - C5h	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Memory module inserted incorrectly2. Memory compatibility problem3. Memory module damaged	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Reinsert memory module2. Replace memory with correct type3. Replace memory module
2Dh	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Error occurred in VGA BIOS2. VGA card inserted incorrectly	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Replace VGA card2. Reinsert the VGA card
26h	Overclock error	Clear CMOS or press the insert key to power on the system
07h - 12h	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Initial Keyboard controller error2. RTC error	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Ensure that the keyboard and mouse are connected correctly.2. Replace the RTC battery.

Table of Contents

		<i>Page</i>
<i>Section 1</i>	<i>Introduction</i>	
	Package Contents	1-1
	Mainboard Features	1-2
	System Block Diagram	1-5
<i>Section 2</i>	<i>Specification</i>	
	Mainboard Specification	2-1
<i>Section 3</i>	<i>Installation</i>	
	Mainboard Layout	3-1
	Easy Installation Procedure	3-2
	CPU Insertion	3-2
	Jumper Settings	3-4
	System Memory Configuration	3-5
	Expansion Slots	3-6
	Device Connectors	3-7
	Power-On/Off (Remote)	3-12
<i>Section 4</i>	<i>BIOS Setup</i>	
	Main Menu	4-1
	Standard CMOS Setup	4-2
	Advanced BIOS Features	4-3
	Advanced Chipset Features	4-5
	Integrated Peripherals	4-7
	Power Management Setup	4-12
	PNP/PCI/PCI-E Configuration	4-14
	PC Health Status	4-15
	Power BIOS Features	4-18
	Defaults Menu	4-21
	Supervisor/User Password Setting	4-22
	Exit Selecting	4-23

<i>Section 5</i>	<i>Driver Installation</i>	
	Easy Driver Installation	5-1
	Realtek Sound Manager Quick User guide	5-2
<i>Appendix</i>	<i>Appendix A</i>	
	Update Your System BIOS	A-1
	<i>Appendix B</i>	
	POST Codes	B-1

Section 1

INTRODUCTION

1-1 Package Contents

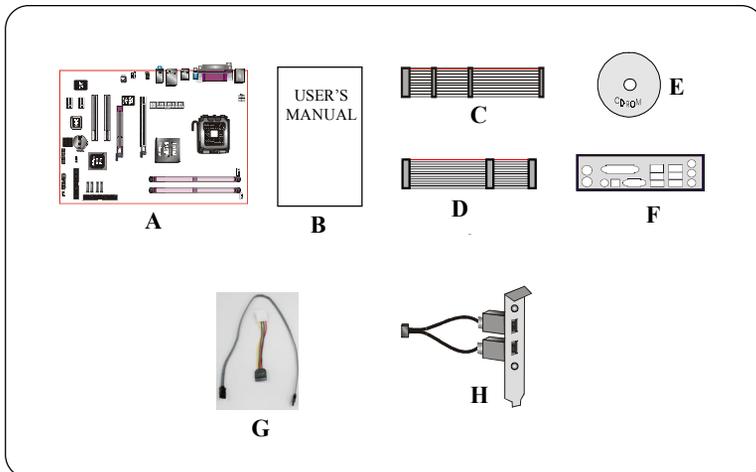
Contents

- A. Mainboard
- B. User's manual
- C. Floppy drive cable
- D. HDD drive cable
- E. CD (drivers and utilities)
- F. I/O Shield
- G. S-ATA data and power cable

Optional Items

- H. Extra USB2.0 port cable

If you need the optional item, please contact your dealer for assistance.



1-2 Mainboard Features

Brief Introduction

★ **Intel® Pentium® 4 processors**

The Pentium 4 processor is designed to deliver performance across applications and usages where end-users can truly appreciate and experience the performance. The Pentium 4 processor delivers this world-class performance for consumer enthusiasts and business professional desktop PC users as well as for entry-level workstation users.

Intel adds support for Hyper-Threading Technology to the Pentium 4 processor family. HT Technology allows a single, physical Pentium 4 processor to function as two logical processor for next generation multi threaded application.

For more information about all the new features the Pentium 4 delivers, check out the Intel website at <http://www.intel.com>

★ **Chipset**

This board is designed with Intel® 915PL chipset. The Intel® 915PL chipset consists of the Graphics Memory Controller Hub (GMCH) and the I/O Controller Hub (ICH6).

★ **Dual Channel**

Supports dual channel of DDR400 memory to give you twice the memory bandwidth for greater system performance.

★ **PCI-Express (PCI-E)**

Next generation peripheral interface to succeed to current PCI bus for the next decade. With smaller slot size and 250MB/sec(PCI-E*1) or 4GB/sec(PCI-E*16) maximum transfer, PCI-Express overcomes PCI bus bottleneck.

★ **Hardware Monitoring**

Hardware monitoring enables you to monitor various aspects of the system operation and status. This includes CPU temperature, voltage and fan speed in RPMs.

★ **Ultra ATA100**

The mainboard provides an Ultra ATA100 Bus Master IDE controller. This controller supports Ultra ATA100 protocols which are ideal to support demanding applications such as real-time video, multimedia, and a high performance operating system. A new IDE cable is required for Ultra ATA100.

★ **10/100 LAN (Optional)**

This mainboard is mounted with a ethernet LAN controller. It allows the mainboard to connect to a local area network by means of a network hub.

★ **GbE LAN (Optional)**

The new Gigabit Ethernet LAN allows data transmission at 1,000 megabits per second (Mbps), which runs 10 times faster than conventional 10/100BASE-T Ethernet LANs.

★ **Serial ATA (S-ATA)**

Support Serial ATA, an evolutionary replacement for Parallel ATA IDE storage interface. Increases the peak data transfer speed up to 150MB/sec and allows future enhancements to the computing platform.

★ **USB2.0**

A popular USB standard for plugging in peripherals with up to 480Mbps transfer speed while maintaining backward compatibility with older USB1.1 device.

★ **6ch**

Mainboard is equipped with 6 channel of audio to support Dolby Digital 5.1 audio for DVD-playback. The onboard audio jacks can be configured for normal 2 channel mode or 6 channel mode.

Special Features

BIOS Features:

 **Magic Health**

Reports your system hardware status for every boot-up to help detect faults early. Monitor hardware status including CPU temperature, CPU/Memory/ Chipset voltage, fan RPM speed for chassis fan, CPU fan & Power supply fan.

 **EZ-Boot**

Simply press “ESC” to select your bootable device. No more hassle to search the BIOS menu, change and re-start.

 **PowerBIOS**

Supporting a full range of overclocking setting via BIOS. Various adjustable feature include FSB/Chipset/Memory voltage tweaking.

H/W Features:

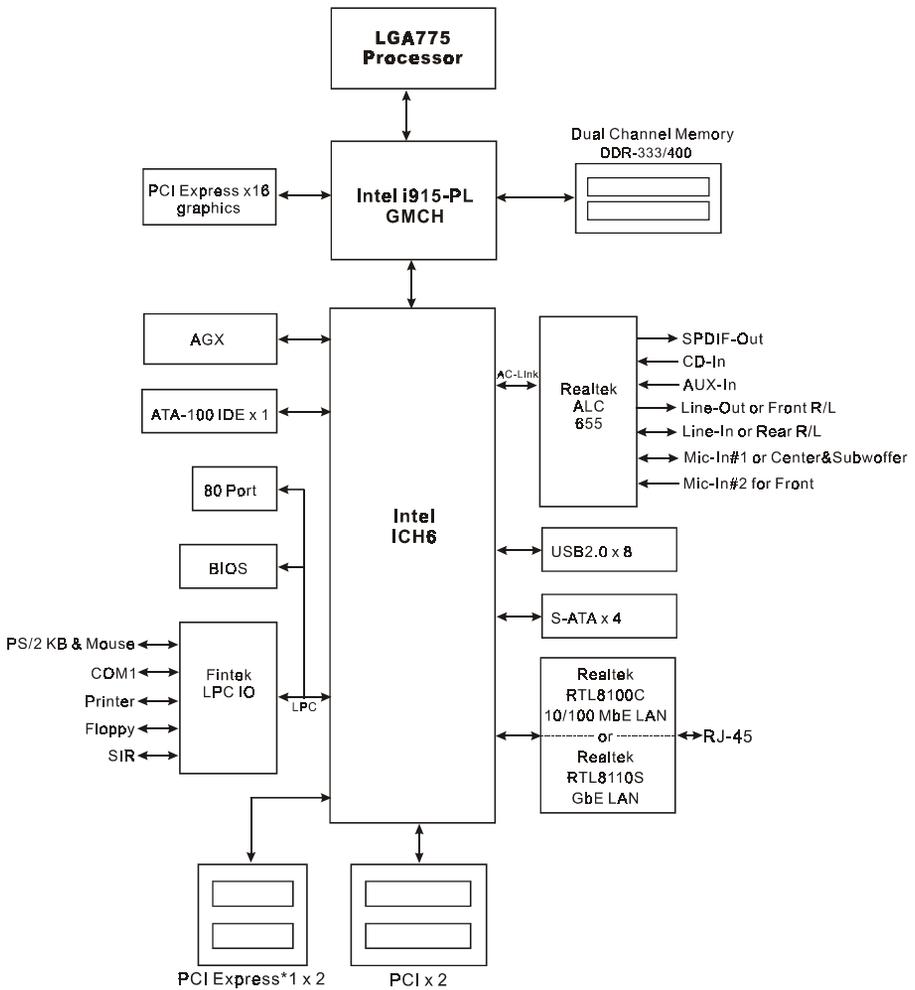
 **80 Port**

An onboard LED-display trouble-shooting device, facilitating user to detect boot-up problems.

 **QuickSPDIF**

On board SPDIF-out connector for quick connection to multi-channel speakers. Not only removes cable cluttering but also delivers loss-free digital audio to let you enjoy DVD movies and games with crystal clear sound.

1-3 System Block Diagram



- The following table of VGA cards have been tested compatible with this mainboard.

4X AGP Card	
nVidia Geforce 2	ELSA MX-400 32MB
nVidia Geforce 4	ELSA MX-460 64MB DDR GLADIAC 517VIVO
	ASUS Ti-4400 128MB V8440
	APT MVGA-NVG25 BAUTi-4600 128MB
ATi	ATI Radeon 8500DDR 64MB
8X AGP Card	
nVidia Geforce FX	Albatron GeForce FX5200EP 128MB DDR
	Ennyah EF550 G FX5500128MB DDR TV+DVI
	ELSA Gladiac FX736EX Geforce FX5700/Ultra128MB DDR TV+DVI
	Leadtek WinFast A350 Ultra TDH MYVIVO FX5900/256MB
	Leadtek WinFast A400 Ultra FX6800 256MB
	ASUS Geforce FX5700/Ultra V9570/TD/N/128M/A
nVidia Geforce 4	Geforce4 MX 440 64MB/TV-Out
	EM4000L GF4 MX4000L 128M DDR TV
	Ennyah GF4 MX440B-8X 64MB DDR TV
ATi	Power Color Radeon 9700 XR9700-C3/P128MB DDR
SIS	Power Color Xabre 400 64MB DDR XP400A-B3
	Xabre 600 Ultra 64MB DDR TRIPLEX



Please refer to the manufacturer's website for updated list of compatible VGA cards.

Section 2

SPECIFICATION

Mainboard Specification

● **Processor**

- ◆ Support Intel® Pentium 4® 5xx/6xx series, P4EE processors up to 3.80GHz in LGA775 socket with 533/800 MHz front-side system bus
- ◆ Support Intel® Celeron D® 3xx series processors up to 3.2+GHz in LGA775 socket with 533 MHz front-side system bus
- ◆ Support Intel® EM64T® 64-bit Computing platform
- ◆ Supports Hyper-Threading Technology
See <<http://www.intel.com/info/hyperthreading>> for information including details on which processor support HT Technology.

● **Chipset**

- ◆ Intel® 915PL Chipset (915PL + ICH6)

● **Main Memory**

- ◆ Two 184-pin DDR SDRAM DIMM sockets
- ◆ Support 2.5v DDR-333/400 DIMMs with dual channel architecture
- ◆ Support single-sided or double-sided, non-ECC, DIMMs with 256Mb/512Mb/1Gb devices
- ◆ Support up to 2GB system memory

● **Expansion Slots**

- ◆ **Two** PCI connectors compliant with PCI v2.3
- ◆ **Two** PCI-E x1 connectors compliant with PCI Express 1.0a
- ◆ **One** PCI-E x16 connectors compliant with PCI Express 1.0a
- ◆ **One** 1.5v AGX (Advanced Graphics Xtender) slot for AGP card support

● **IDE**

- ◆ **One** IDE interface (up to 2 IDE devices) with UDMA-33, ATA-66/**100** support from embedded IDE controller

Specification

● USB

- ◆ **Eight** USB connectors compliant with USB2.0 from embedded USB controller (4 connectors at rear panel)

● S-ATA

- ◆ **Four** S-ATA ports with up to 150MBps bandwidth

● LAN

- ◆ 10/100Mb Ethernet from onboard Realtek RTL8100C PCI controller, or 1Gb Ethernet from onboard Realtek RTL8110 PCI controller

● Audio

- ◆ Onboard Realtek ALC-655 selectable 2 or 6-CH audio CODEC (AC97 v2.3 compliant)
 - Support CD-In, AUX-In
 - Coaxial S/PDIF-out available on rear panel
 - Support **Jack detection** for fool-proof audio device installation
 - Rear panel audio jacks configuration:

Audio Jack Color	2 channel	6 channel
Light Blue	Line-in	Rear stereo-out
Lime	Line-out	Front stereo-out
Pink	Mic-in	Center&Subwoofer

● I/O

- ◆ Onboard **Fintek** LPC bus I/O controller
- ◆ Legacy peripheral interface for PS/2 keyboard & mouse, FDD, Parallel, Serial, and IrDA (v1.0 compliant)
- ◆ Support Hardware Monitoring for fan speed monitoring, CPU/System temperature
- ◆ Intelligent **fan speed control** for **CPU-fan (PWM)** for quiet operation

● BIOS

- ◆ Flash EEPROM with Award Plug&Play BIOS
- ◆ Support **EZ Boot** for fast bootable device selection
- ◆ Support **Magic Health** for system hardware status report during system boot-up

● **Peripheral Interfaces**

☞ **At Rear Panel**

- ◆ PS/2 keyboard and mouse ports
- ◆ **One** Parallel (printer) port
- ◆ **One** S/PDIF-Out Coaxial jack
- ◆ **One** Serial port
- ◆ **One** RJ45 LAN connector
- ◆ **Four** USB2.0 ports
- ◆ **Three** Audio jacks

☞ **Onboard connector and pin-header**

- ◆ **One** floppy drive connector
- ◆ **One** ATA-100 IDE connector
- ◆ **Four** extra USB2.0 ports
- ◆ **One** CD-IN and AUX-IN connector
- ◆ **One** IR connector
- ◆ **Four** S-ATA connectors
- ◆ **Three** Fan connectors

● **Front Panel Controller**

- ◆ Supports Reset & Soft-Off switches
- ◆ Supports HDD & Power LEDs
- ◆ Supports PC speaker
- ◆ Supports Front Panel Audio connector

● **Special Features**

- ◆ Support KBPO function – Keyboard power on, turn on the computer from keyboard
- ◆ Support Wake-On-LAN by PME
- ◆ Onboard 80 Port LED display for system debugging
- ◆ Support Asynchronous clocking mode between FSB and PCI/PCI-E

Specification

- ◆ **PowerBIOS** for excellent overclocking features:

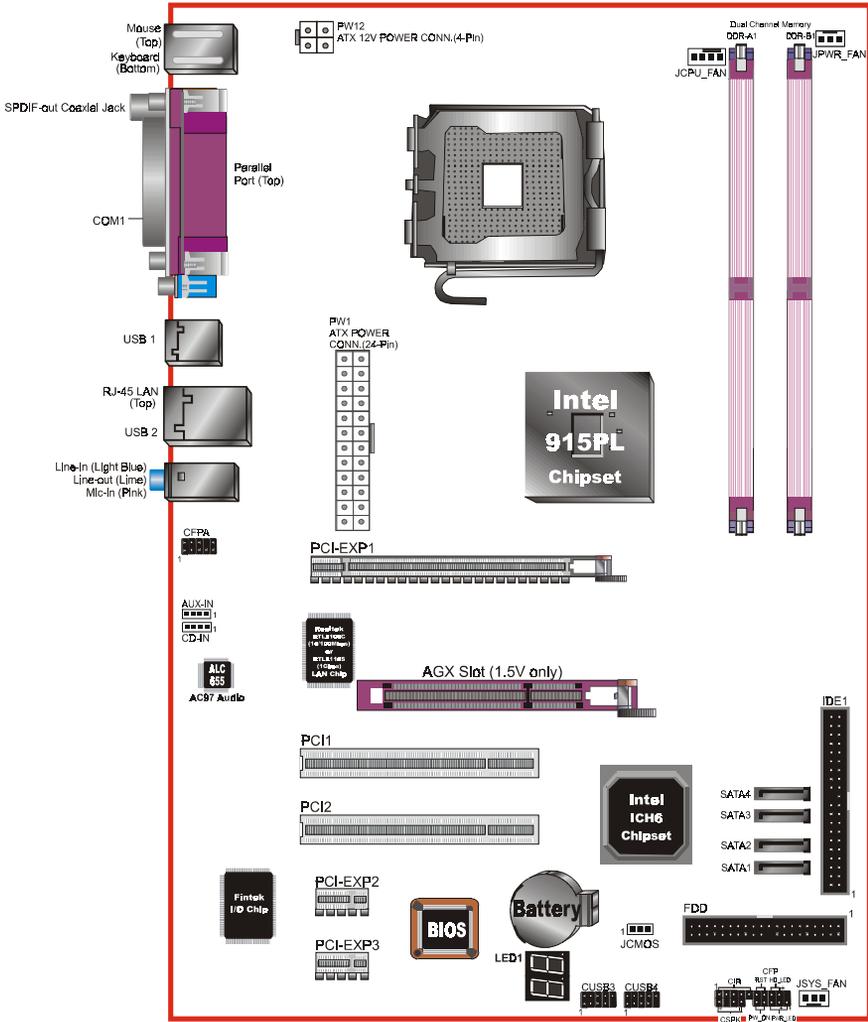
- Programmable FSB and PCI Clock output frequency with **1MHz fine tuning**
- Support BIOS adjustable CPU multiplier, FSB clock, PCI-E x16 clock, DIMM frequency
- Support BIOS adjustable CPU Core voltage, Chipset voltage, DIMM voltage settings

- **Form Factor**

- ◆ 305mm x 220mm ATX size

Section 3 INSTALLATION

Mainboard Layout

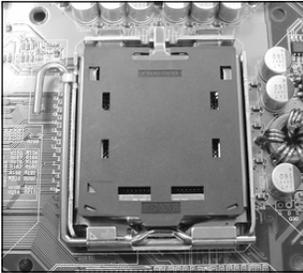


Easy Installation Procedure

The following must be completed before powering on your new system:

- 3-1. CPU Installation
- 3-2. Jumper Settings
- 3-3. System Memory
- 3-4. Expansion Slots
- 3-5. Device Connectors

3-1 CPU Installation



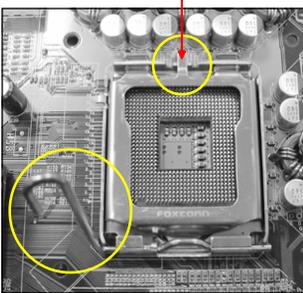
<Figure 1>

Step 1

Carefully remove the plastic protection plate from the socket.

Warning:

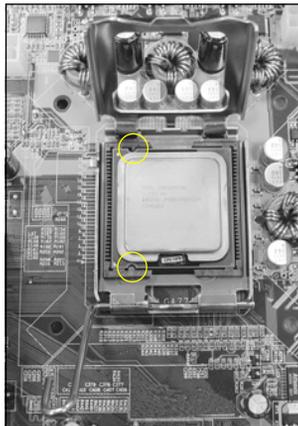
The pins inside the CPU socket are fragile and are easily broken. Be careful not to touch them when installing the CPU.



<Figure 2>

Step 2

Open the socket by releasing the actuation lever, and press downwards at the tip shown by the arrow.



<Figure 3>

Step 3

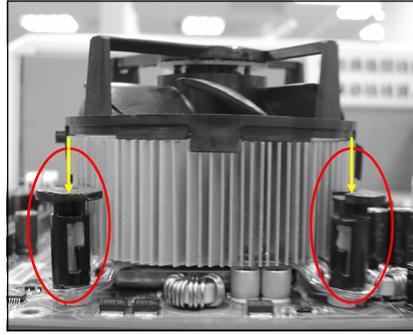
Before inserting the CPU, align the CPU according to the key slots shown in the picture. Gently place the CPU into the socket and make sure it is fully seated.



<Figure 4>

Step 4

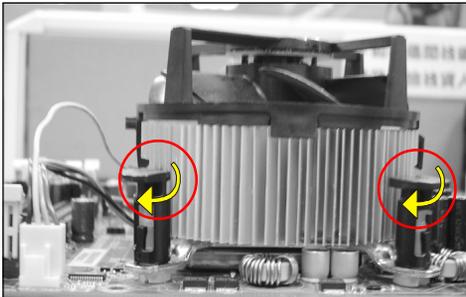
- Put the CPU lid on the socket, and close the socket by lowering and locking the actuation lever.
- Apply thermal compound to the top of the CPU and into the four holes around CPU area to install the cooler as shown.



<Figure 5>

Step 5

- Place the CPU cooler on top of the socket. Press its clips down firmly until it is completely seated in the hole.



<Figure 6>

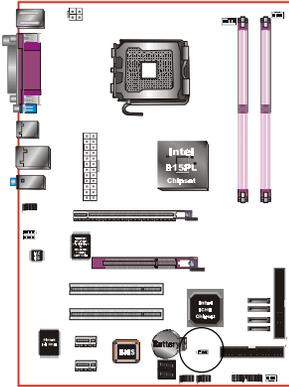
Step 6

- Rotate the clips 90 degrees to lock the CPU cooler in place.
- Plug the cooler fan power into the mainboard's CPU fan connector. The installation is complete.

CAUTION:

- Installing with incorrect CPU cooler and heatsink assemblies may damage the CPU. Use Intel's thermal solution shown in the illustrations above: an active heatsink; an extruded aluminum heatsink base; and a fan attached to the top of the fin array.
- Apply thermal compound or paste to the CPU to avoid CPU overheating and damage.
- In accordance with Intel guidelines specifications, do not install a CPU over 20 times to avoid damaging the pins on the CPU socket.

3-2 Jumper Settings



JCMOS: Clear CMOS data Jumper

If the CMOS data becomes corrupted or you forgot the supervisor or user password, clear the CMOS data to reconfigure the system back to the default values stored in the ROM BIOS.



Settings:

- 1-2: Normal (Default)
- 2-3: Clear CMOS

To CMOS Clear data, please follow the steps below.

1. Turn off the system.
 2. Change the jumper from “1-2” to “2-3” position for a few seconds.
 3. Replace the jumper back to the “1-2” position.
 4. Turn on the system and hold down the key to enter BIOS setup.
-

3-3 System Memory Configuration

The mainboard accommodates two 184-pin DDR DIMM sockets.

- Supports up to 2.0GB of 333/400MHz DDR SDRAM.
- Supports dual channel memory interface.
- Supports non-ECC memory and non-Registered DIMMs only.
- Supports 256Mb/512Mb/1Gb DDR technologies in x8 and x16 devices only.
- SPD (Serial Presence Detect) scheme for DIMM detection support.
- Supports configurations defined in the JEDEC DDR DIMM specification only.

Memory configurations supported:

Slot No	1 DIMM		2 DIMMs
DIMM#1	DS/SS		DS/SS
DIMM#2		DS/SS	DS/SS

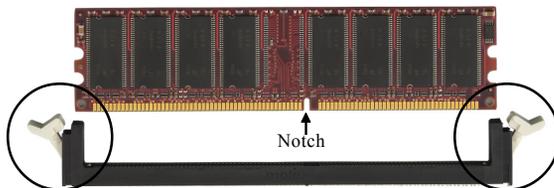
* DS - Double-sided DIMM, * SS - Single-sided DIMM

NOTES:

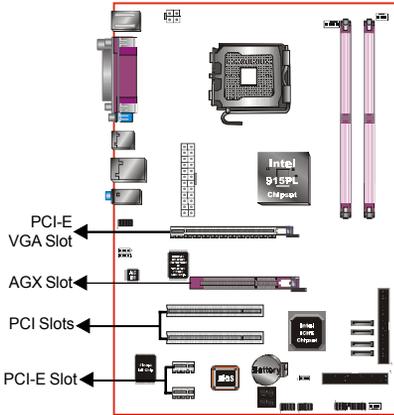
- Using non-compliant memory with higher bus speeds (overclocking) may severely compromise the integrity of the system.

Memory Installation :

- ① To install, align the notch on the DIMM module with the connector.
- ② Press straight down as shown in the figure below until the white clips close and the module fits tightly into the DIMM socket.



3-4 Expansion Slots



PCI-E VGA Slot

The elongated PCI-E*16 is intended for PCI-E VGA card installation.

AGX Slot

The mainboard is equipped with one 1.5v AGX (Advanced Graphics Xtender) slot for AGP card support.

PCI-E Slots

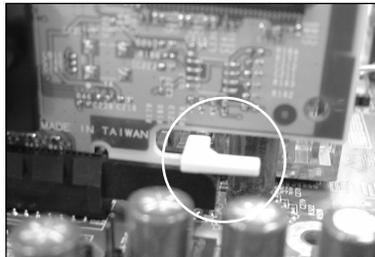
The mainboard is equipped with two PCI-E*1 compliant with PCI Express 1.0a.

PCI Slots

The mainboard is equipped with two PCI slots.

VGA Card Installation Caution

1. Remove the bracket (on the PC case) for the slot you intend to use.
2. Firmly press down the card into the slot until it is completely seated. Ensure the VGA slot clicker is locked as shown in the picture below.



3. Secure the card's bracket to the PC case with a screw.

3-5 Device Connectors

The I/O back panel for this mainboard is shown below. When installing the mainboard into the computer case, use the bundled I/O shield to protect this back panel.

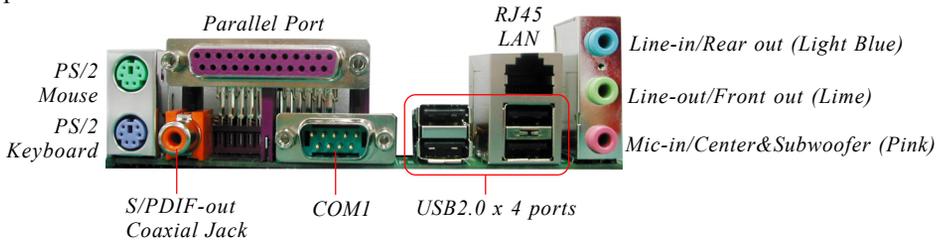
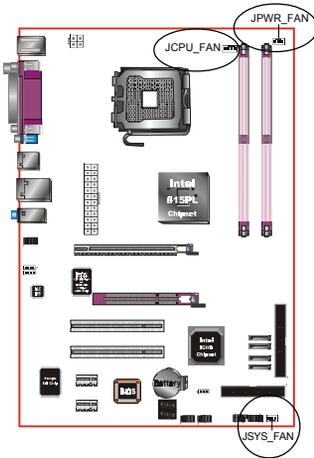


Figure 7 - I/O Ports



JCPU_FAN / JPWR_FAN / JSYS_FAN:

CPU/Power/Chassis Fan Power Connectors

JCPU_FAN: The CPU must be kept cool by using a heatsink with fan assembly.

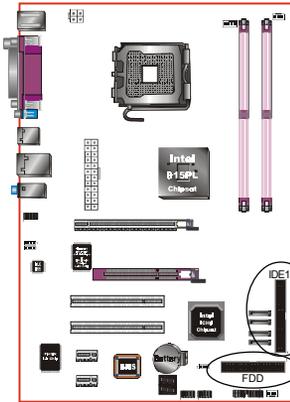
JPWR_FAN: If you are installing an additional fan in the unit, connect to this fan connector.

JSYS_FAN: The chassis fan will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU.



This mainboard is equipped with intelligent fan speed control. Refer to the PC Health Status submenu of the BIOS.

Installation



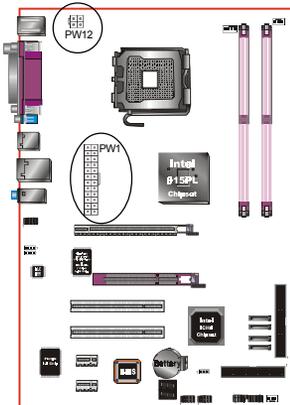
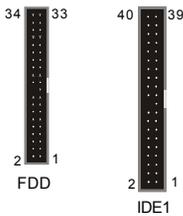
FDD: Floppy Controller Connector

IDE1: ATA-66/100 IDE Connector

Supports up to 2 IDE devices from embedded IDE controller .



When using two IDE drives, one must be set to Master mode and the other to Slave mode. Refer to your disk drive user’s manual for information about selecting the proper drive switch settings.



PW1: 24-pin ATX Power Connector

PW12: 4-pin ATX12V Power Connector

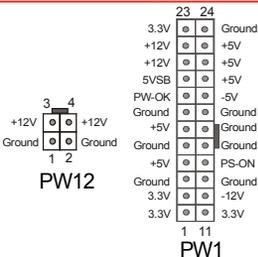
The mainboard is equipped with a standard 24-pin ATX main power connector and a 4-pin +12V power connector for connecting an ATX12V power supply. The plugs of the power cables are designed to fit in only one orientation. Insert the plugs into the connectors until they fit in place.

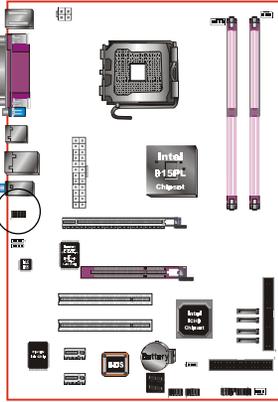
Caution:

The PW1 and PW12 Power Connector must be used simultaneously .



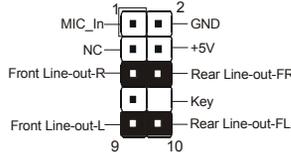
The board requires a minimum of 300 Watt power supply to operate. Your system configuration (amount of memory, add-in cards, peripherals, etc.) may exceed this minimum power requirement. To ensure that adequate power, use a 350 Watt or greater power supply.



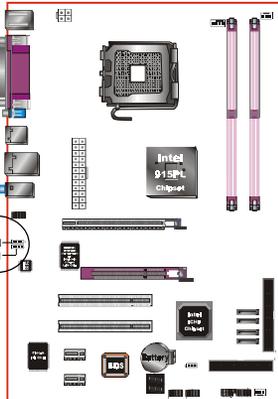


CFPA: Front Panel Audio Connector

When the jumpers are removed this connector can be used for front panel audio. The front panel phone jack should have “normal close” switch. Without phone plug inserted, the rear panel audio is enabled. With phone plug inserted, the rear panel audio will be disabled.



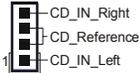
Settings:
 Pins (5-6) & (9-10) Short (default): Only the onboard rear panel audio jack can be used.
 Pins (5-6) & (9-10) Open: Only front panel audio jack can be used.



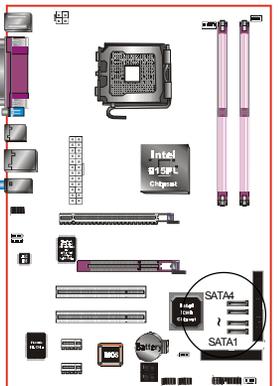
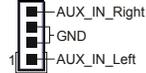
CD-IN/AUX-IN: CD Audio_IN Connector

The CD-IN and AUX-IN connectors are used to receive audio from a CD-ROM drive, TV tuner or MPEG card.

CD-IN

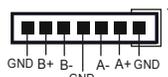


AUX-IN

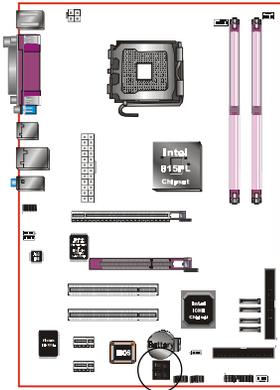


SATA1/SATA2/SATA3/SATA4: S-ATA Connectors

These connectors enable you to connect Serial ATA HDDs or optical drives type.



Installation



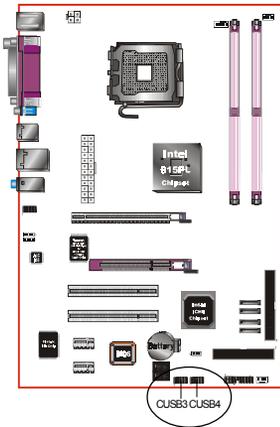
LED1: 80 Port Debug LED

Provides two-digit POST code to show why the system fail to boot. Allows quick and easy optimization.

The LED will display the CPU temperature when you run the bundled USDM software.



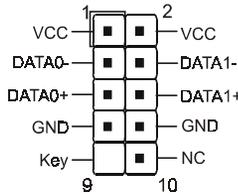
80 Port Debug 7-segment LED display
(Refer to Appendix B for POST codes)



CUSB3/CUSB4: Four USB 2.0 ports

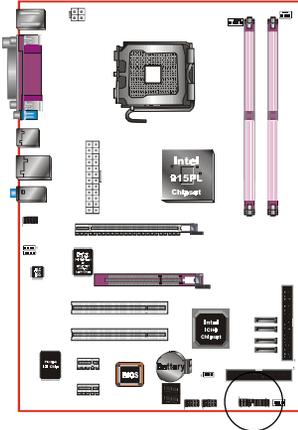
This mainboard includes additional USB2.0 ports, identified by two 10-pin connector.

If you wish to use the additional USB ports, install the card-edge bracket to the system chassis then insert its cables to this 10-pin connector.



CAUTION !

If you purchased a separate USB cable make sure it has the same pin assignment. A different pin assignment may damage the system. If you need the USB cable, please contact our retailer.



CFP: Front Panel Connector

◆ **HD_LED**

This LED will light up whenever the hard drive is being accessed.

◆ **PWR_LED**

This connects to the power button of the system chassis

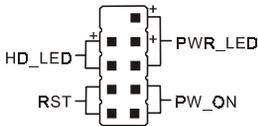
◆ **RST**

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system thus prolonging the life of the power supply or system.

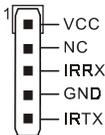
◆ **PW_ON**

This is connected to the power button on the case. To use the Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN feature, refer to the Power Management Setup in the BIOS setup section of this manual.

CFP



CIR



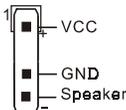
CIR: IR connector

Connect your IrDA cable to this IR connector.

CSPK: Speaker

Connect to the system's speaker for beeping

CSPK



3-6 Power-On/Off (Remote)

This board has a 24-pin ATX and a 4-pin ATX12V power supply connector to support power supplies with **Remote On/Off** feature. The 4-pin ATX12V connector must be plugged in for the system to operate safely. The chassis power button should be connected to the mainboard front panel PW_ON header.

You can turn off the system in two ways: by pressing the front panel power On/Off button or using the "Soft Off" function that can be controlled by an operating system such as Windows[®]XP/ME/2000/98.

Note: The board requires a minimum of 300 Watt power supply to operate. Your system configuration (amount of memory, add-in cards, peripherals, etc.) may exceed this minimum power requirement. To ensure that adequate power, use a 350 Watt (or higher) power supply.

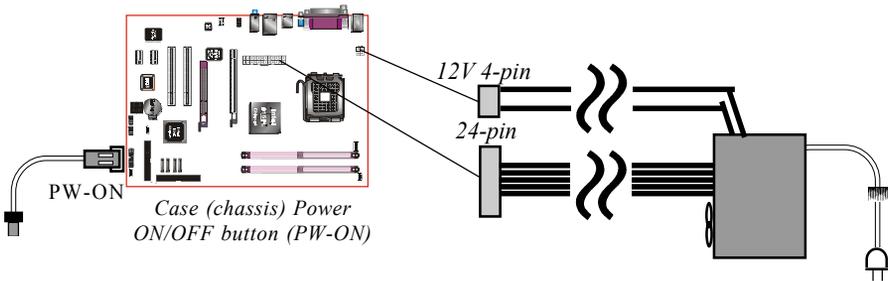


Figure 8: Simple ATX power ON/OFF controller

Section 4

BIOS SETUP

Main Menu

The ROM BIOS contains a built-in Setup program which allows user to modify the basic system configuration and hardware parameters. The modified data is stored in a battery-backed CMOS, so that data will be retained even when the power is turned off. In general, the information saved in the CMOS RAM will stay unchanged unless there is a configuration change in the system, such as hard drive replacement or a device is added.

It is possible for the CMOS battery to fail causing CMOS data loss. If this happens you will need install a new CMOS battery and reconfigure your BIOS settings.



The BIOS setup screen and description are for reference only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen. The contents of BIOS are subject to change without notice. Please visit our website for updates.

To enter the Setup Program :

Power on the computer and press the key during the POST (Power On Self Test). The BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY opens. (Figure 1)



Figure 1: CMOS Setup Utility

BIOS

The main menu displays all the major selection items. Select the item you need to reconfigure. The selection is made by moving the cursor (press any direction (arrow key)) to the item and pressing the 'Enter' key. An on-line help message is displayed at the bottom of the screen as the cursor is moved to various items which provides a better understanding of each function. When a selection is made, the menu of the selected item will appear so that the user can modify associated configuration parameters.

4-1 Standard CMOS Setup

Choose "STANDARD CMOS FEATURES" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY Menu (Figure 2). Standard CMOS Features Setup allows the user to configure system settings such as the current date and time, type of hard disk drive installed, floppy drive type, and display type. Memory size is auto-detected by the BIOS and displayed for your reference. When a field is highlighted (use direction keys to move the cursor and the <Enter> key to select), the entries in the field can be changed by pressing the <PgDn> or the <PgUp> key.

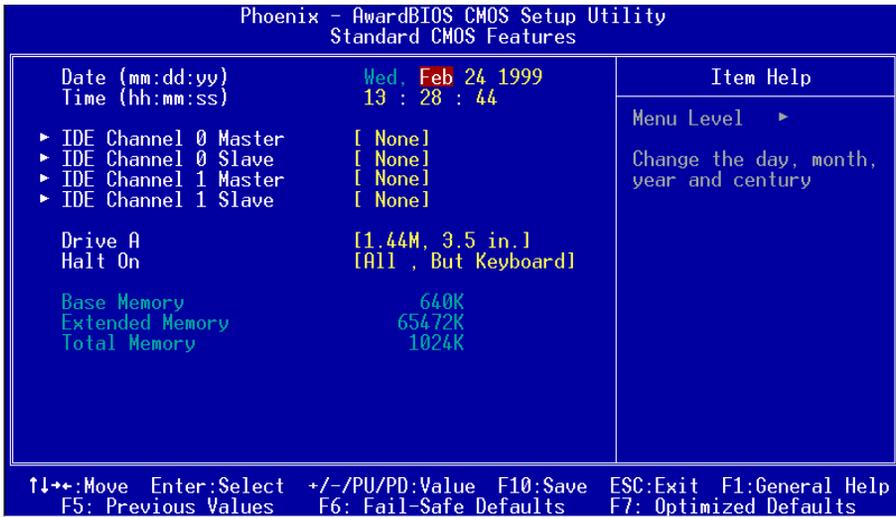


Figure 2: Standard CMOS Setup

Notes:

- If the hard disk Primary Master/Slave and Secondary Master/Slave are set to Auto, the hard disk size and model will be auto-detected.
- The "Halt On:" field is used to determine when the BIOS will halt the system if an error occurs.

4-2 Advanced BIOS Features

Selecting the “ADVANCED BIOS FEATURES” option in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu allows users to change system related parameters in the displayed menu. This menu shows all of the manufacturer’s default values for the board.

Pressing the [F1] key displays a help message for the selected item.

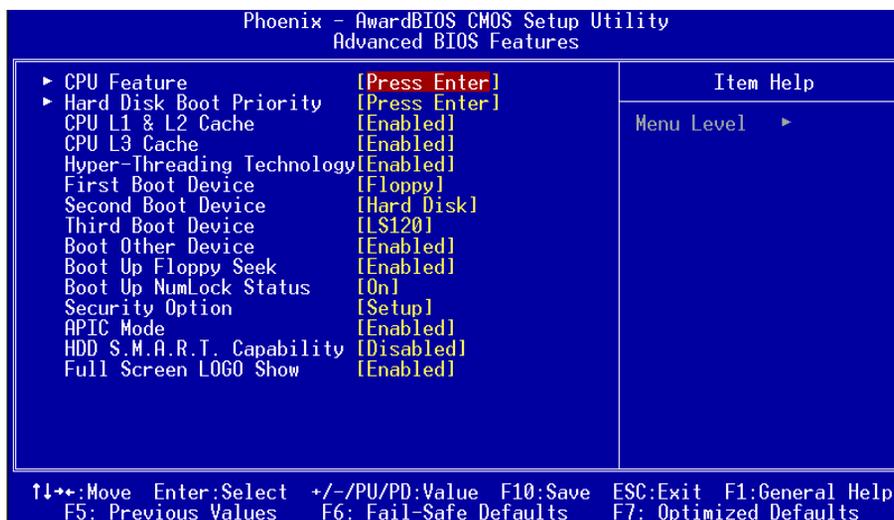


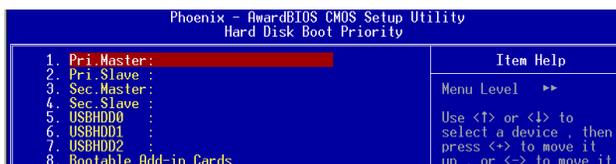
Figure 3: BIOS Features Setup

▶ CPU Feature

This field is available only for Pentium® CPU with Prescott core.

▶ Hard Disk Boot Priority

This item allows you to select the hard disk boot priority.



CPU L1 & L2 Cache

This controls the status of the processor’s internal Level One and Level Two cache. Options: Enables, Disabled.

BIOS

CPU L3 Cache

This controls the status of the processor's internal Level Three cache.

Options: Enables, Disabled.

Hyper-Threading Technology

Enables the CPU Hyper-Threading Technology.

Options: Enables, Disabled.

Note: It is recommend to enable Hyper-Threading Technology on system with Windows XP and Linux 2.4 and disabling it for legacy OS.

First /Second/Third/Other Boot Device

The BIOS attempts to load the operating system from the devices in the sequence selected in these items.

Options: Floppy, LS120, Hard Disk, CDROM, ZIP100, USB-FDD, USB-CDROM, LAN, Disabled.

Boot Other Device

When enabled, the system searches all other possible locations for an operating system if it fails to find one in the devices specified under the first, second, and third boot devices.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

If this item is enabled, it checks the size of the floppy disk drives at start-up time. You don't need to enable this item unless you have a legacy diskette drive with 360K capacity.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Boot Up NumLock Status

This controls the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. The default is On.

On: The keypad acts as a 10-key pad.

Off: The keypad acts like cursor keys.

Security Option

This category allows you to limit access to the System and Setup, or just to Setup. The default is Setup.

System: The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied unless the correct password is entered at the prompt.

Setup: The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied unless the correct password is entered at the prompt.

APIC Mode

This item allows you to enable APIC (Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller) functionality. APIC is an Intel chip that provides symmetric multiprocessing (SMP) for its Pentium systems.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability

The S.M.A.R.T. (Self-Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting Technology) system is a diagnostics technology that monitors and predicts device performance. S.M.A.R.T. Software resides on both the disk drive and the host computer. If a device failure is predicted, the host software, through the Client WORKS S.M.A.R.T. applet, warns the user of the impending condition and advises appropriate action to protect the data.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Full Screen LOGO Show

This item allows you determine Full Screen LOGO display during POST.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

4-3 Advanced Chipset Features

Choose the “ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES” option in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu to display following menu.

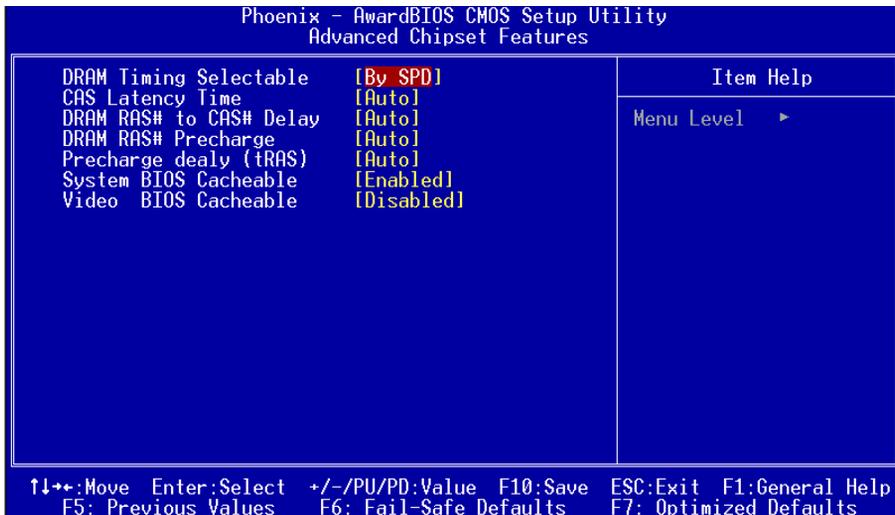


Figure 4: Chipset Features Setup

BIOS

DRAM Timing Selectable

For setting DRAM Timing, select By SPD to follow Intel PC DDR SDRAM Serial Presence Detect Specification.

Options: Manual, By SPD.

CAS Latency Time

This item specifies the number of clock cycles needed after a Column Address Strobe (CAS) signal before data can be read.

Options: 2, 2.5, 3, Auto.

DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay

This item sets the timing parameters for the system memory such as the CAS (Column Address Strobe) and RAS (Row Address Strobe).

Options: 2, 3, 4, 5, Auto.

DRAM RAS# Precharge

This item refers to the number of cycles required to return data to its original location to close the bank or the number of cycles required to page memory before the next bank activate command can be issued.

Options: 2, 3, 4, 5, Auto.

Precharge Delay (tRAS)

This item specifies the number of clock cycles needed after a bank active command before a precharge can occur (sets the minimum RAS pulse width.).

Options: Auto, 4 ~ 15.

System BIOS Cacheable

This item allows the system BIOS to be cached in memory for faster execution.

Options: Disabled, Enabled.

Video BIOS Cacheable

This item allows the video BIOS to be cached in memory for faster execution.

Options: Disabled, Enabled.

4-4 Integrated Peripherals

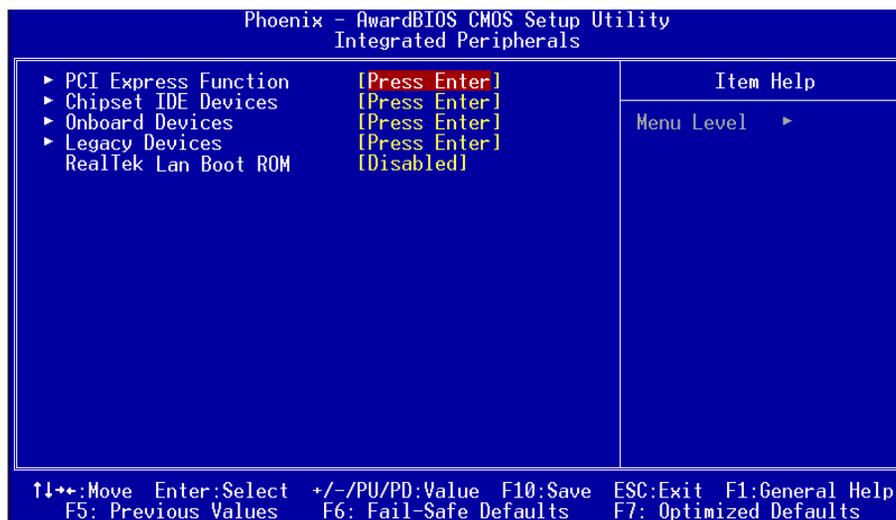


Figure 5: Integrated Peripherals

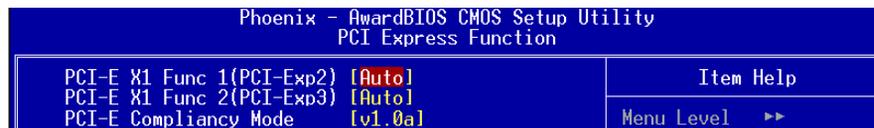
Realtek Lan Boot ROM

Enable/disable the onboard Realtek LAN Boot ROM for booting from LAN.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

▶ PCI Express Function

Scroll to PCI Express Function and press <Enter>. The following screen appears:



PCI-E x1 Func 1(PCI-Exp2)/PCI-E x1 Func 2(PCI-Exp3)

This item allows you to select the PCI Express x1 slot.

Options: Auto, Enabled, Disabled

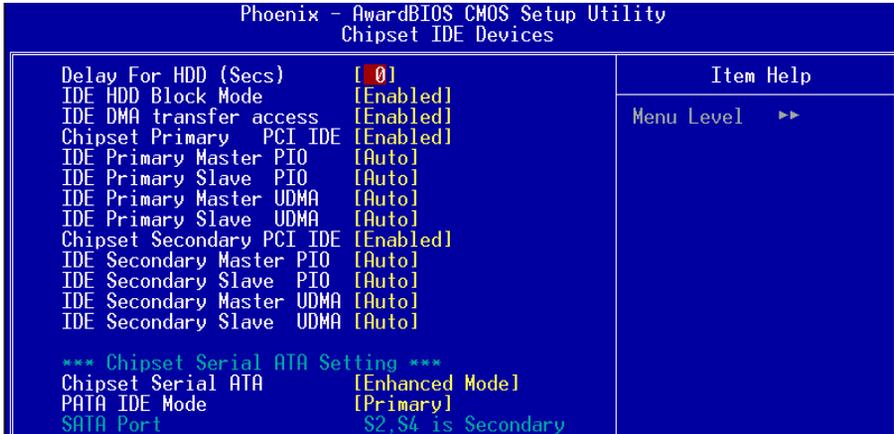
PCI-E Compliancy Mode

This item allows you to select the PCI-E Compliancy mode.

Options: V1.0a, V1.0.

► **Chipest IDE Devices**

Scroll to Chipest IDE Devices and press <Enter>. The following screen appears:



Delay For HDD (Secs)

This item allows you to set longer time stand by before system Scan HDD at post screen. Some HDD may need a longer stand by time before it can be detected.
Options: 0 ~ 15.

IDE HDD Block Mode

IDE Block Mode allows the controller to access blocks of sectors rather than a single sector at a time. The default is Enabled.
Options: Enabled, Disabled.

IDE DMA transfer access

Automatic data transfer between system memory and IDE device with minimum CPU intervention. This improves data throughput and frees CPU to perform other tasks.
Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Chipest Primary (Secondary) PCI IDE

The mainboard supports two channel of ordinary IDE interface. Select “Enabled” to activate each channel separately.



If you do not use the onboard IDE connector, set the Onboard Primary (Secondary) PCI IDE to “Disabled”.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 to 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

Options: Auto, Mode 0 ~ 4.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA

Select the mode of operation for the IDE drive. Ultra DMA-33/66/100 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver. If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA-33/66/100, select Auto to enable UDMA mode by BIOS.

Options: Auto, Disabled.

***** On-Chip Serial ATA Setting *******Chipest Serial ATA**

This sets the mode of SATA. Combined mode will force SATA to replace one of the traditional IDE Primary or Secondary ports. Enhanced mode allows Serial ATA to work simultaneously with Parallel -ATA.

Options: Disabled, Auto, Combined Mode, Enhanced Mode, SATA Only.

PATA IDE Mode

This option is available only when On-chip Serial ATA is in Combined mode. Assigning “Primary” will make PATA IDE the Primary port and the remaining SATA as Secondary port. Similarly, assigning “Secondary” will make PATA IDE the Secondary port and SATA as Primary port.

Options: Primary, Secondary.

BIOS

► Onboard Device Setup

Scroll to Onboard Device Setup and press <Enter>. The following screen appears:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility	
Onboard Devices	
USB Controller	[Enabled]
USB 2.0 Controller	[Enabled]
USB Keyboard Support	[Auto]
USB Mouse Support	[Disabled]
AC97 Audio	[Auto]
Realtek LAN Device	[Enabled]

Item	Help
Menu Level	▶▶

USB Controller

Enables the USB controller.

Options: Disabled, Enabled.

USB 2.0 Controller

Enables the EHCI (USB2.0) controller.

Options: Disabled, Enabled.

USB Keyboard Support

Enable/Disable support for USB keyboard under DOS.

Options: Auto, Enabled, Disabled.

USB Mouse Support

Enable/Disable support for USB mouse under DOS.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

AC97 Audio

This item allows you disable the chipset on-chip AC97 Audio.

Options: Auto, Disabled.

Realtek LAN Device

Enables the onboard LAN feature.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

► Legacy Devices

Scroll to Legacy Devices and press <Enter>. The following screen appears:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		Legacy Devices	
Onboard FDC Controller	[Enabled]	Item Help	
Onboard Serial Port 1	[3F8/IRQ4]	Menu Level ▶▶	
Onboard IrDA Port	[Disabled]		
Onboard Parallel Port	[378/IRQ7]		
Parallel Port Mode	[SPP]		
EPP Mode Select	[EPP1.7]		
ECP Mode Use DMA	[3]		

Onboard FDC Controller

Select “Enabled” if you wish to use onboard floppy disk controller (FDC). If you install an external FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select “Disabled” in this field.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Onboard Serial Port 1

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first serial port.

Options: 3F8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, Disabled, Auto.

Onboard IrDA Port

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the IrDA port.

Options: 3F8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, Disabled, Auto.

Onboard Parallel Port

This field allows the user to configure the LPT port.

Options: 378/IRQ7, 278/IRQ5, 3BC/IRQ7, Disabled.

Parallel Port Mode

This field allows the user to select the parallel port mode.

Options: SPP, EPP, ECP, ECP+EPP.

EPP Mode Select

This field allows the user to select the EPP mode for parallel port mode.

Options: EPP1.9, EPP1.7.

ECP Mode USE DMA

This field allows the user to select DMA1 or DMA3 for the ECP mode.

Options: 1, 3.

4-5 Power Management Setup

Choose the “POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP” in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY to display the following screen. This menu allows the user to modify the power management parameters and IRQ signals. In general, these parameters should not be changed unless it’s absolutely necessary.

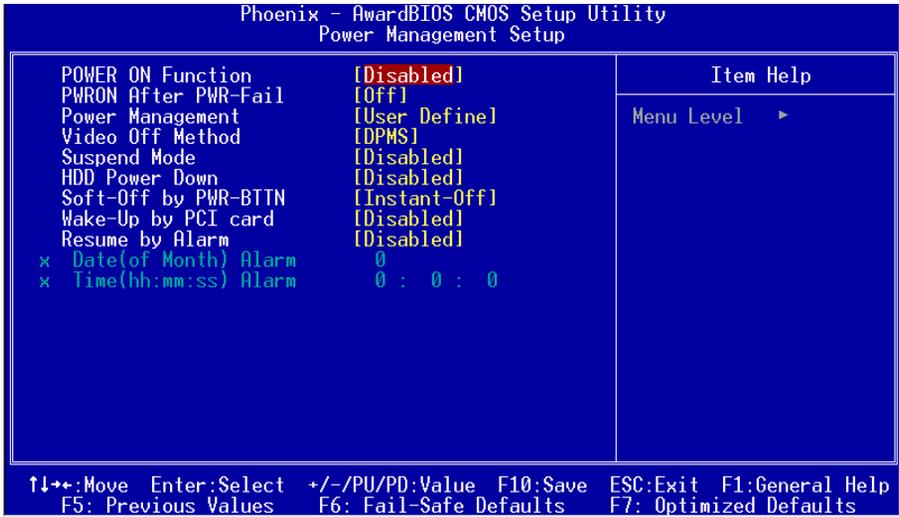


Figure 6: Power Management

POWER ON Function

Enables computer power on by the keypress activity.

Options: Disabled, Any key, Mouse, Both (Any key+Mouse).

PWRON After PWR-Fail

This item enables your computer to automatically restart or return to its last operating status after power returns from a power failure.

Off: The system stays off after a power failure.

Former-Sts: The system returns to the state it was in just prior to the power failure.

Power Management

Use this to select your Power Management selection. The default is User define.

Max. saving: Maximum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 minute in each mode.

Min. saving: Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 hour in each mode.

User define: Allows user to define PM Timers parameters to control power saving mode.

Video Off Method

This option allows you to select how the video will be disabled by the power management. The default is V/H Sync + Blank

V/H Sync + Blank: System turns off vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and writes blanks to the video buffer.

DPMS Support: Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA). Use the software supplied for your video subsystem to select video power management values.

Blank Screen: System only writes blanks to the video buffer.

Suspend Mode

Automatically, shuts off all devices except the CPU after a preset period of system inactivity.

Options: Disabled, 1 , 2, 4 ,6, 8, 10, 20, 30, 40 min and 1 hour .

HDD Power Down

Powers down the hard disk drive after a preset period of system inactivity.

Options: Disabled, 1 ~ 15 Min.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Use this to select your soft-off function. The default is Instant Off.

Instant Off: Turns off the system instantly.

Delay 4 Second : Turns off the system after a 4 second delay. If momentary press of button, the system will go into Suspend Mode. To wake the system, press the power button again.

Wake-Up by PCI Card

An input signal form PME on the PCI card awakens the system from soft-off state.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Resume By Alarm

When set to Enable alarm resume, you can set the date (of month) and time (hh:mm:ss), that will awaken a system which has been powered down.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

4-6 PNP/PCI/PCI-E Configuration

This page lets the user to modify the PCI/PCI-E IRQ signals when various PCI/PCI-E cards are inserted.

WARNING: Conflicting IRQ's may cause system unable to locate certain devices.

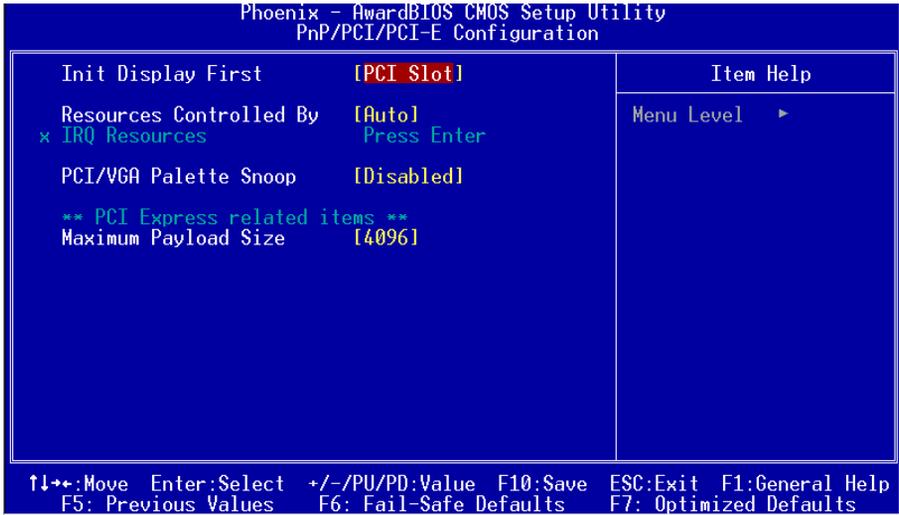


Figure 7: PNP/PCI/PCI-E Configuration Setup

Init Display First

This item is used to select whether to initialize the PCI-E or PCI first when the system boots.

Options: PCI Slot, PCIEx.

Resources Controlled By

Determines what controls system PNP/PCI/PCI-E resources. The default is Auto (ESCD).

Manual: PNP Card's resources are controlled manually. The "IRQ Resources" field becomes available and you can set which IRQ-X and DMA-X are assigned to PCI and onboard devices.

Auto: BIOS assigns the interrupt resource automatically.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

This item is designed to overcome problems that may be caused by some nonstandard VGA cards.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

*** PCI Express related items ***

Maximum Payload Size

Set maximum TLP payload size for the PCI Express devices. The unit is byte.

Options: 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048, 4096.

Interrupt requests are shared as shown below:

	INT A	INT B	INT C	INT D	INT E	INT F	INT G	INT H
Audio	v							
AGX	v							
PCI 1			v					
PCI 2				v				
PCI-EXP1 (x16)	v							
PCI-EXP2 (x1)	v							
PCI-EXP3 (x1)		v						
Onboard LAN								v
Onboard USB1	v							
Onboard USB2		v						
Onboard USB3			v					
Onboard USB4				v				
USB 2.0	v							

IMPORTANT!

When using PCI cards on shared IRQ slots, make sure its drivers support “Shared IRQ”, or that the cards do not need IRQ assignments. IRQ conflicts between the two PCI groups will make the system unstable or cards inoperable.

4-7 PC Health Status

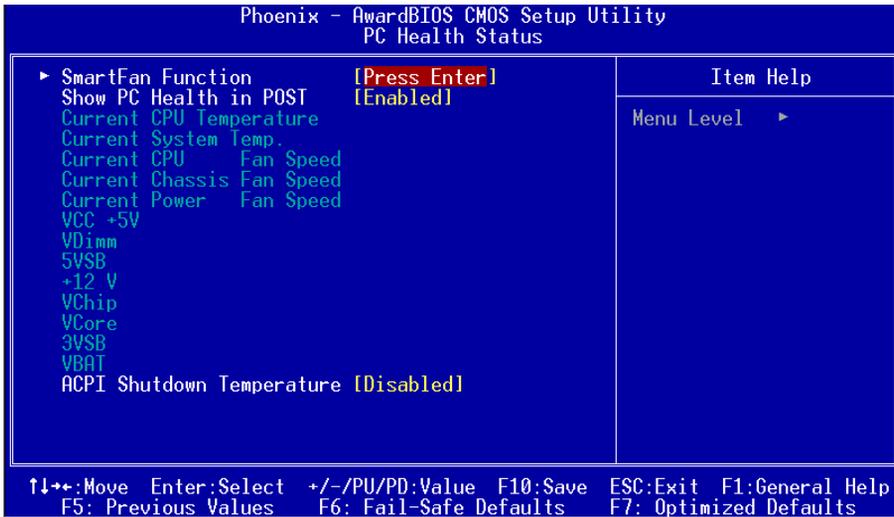


Figure 8: PC Health Status

BIOS

Show PC Health in POST

When this function is enabled the PC Health information is displayed during the POST (Power On Self Test).

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Current System/CPU Temperature

Displays the current system/CPU temperature.

Current CPU/Chassis/Power FAN Speed

Displays the current speed of the CPU, chassis, and power fan speed in RPMs.

VDimm

The voltage level of the DRAM.

VChip

The voltage level of the chip.

VCore

The voltage level of the CPU (Vcore).

VBAT(V)

The voltage level of the battery.

+ 12V, VCC, 5VSB(V)

The voltage level of the switching power supply.

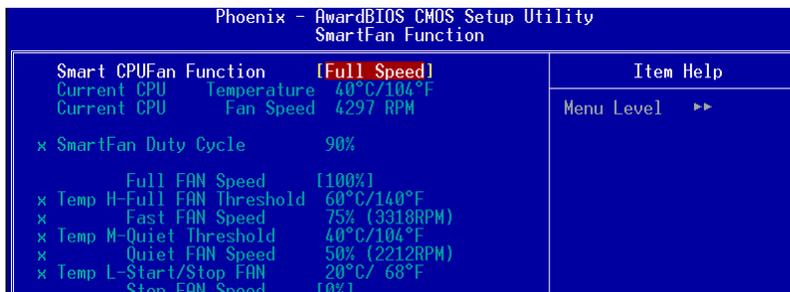
ACPI Shutdown Temperature

This is the temperature that the computer will turn off the power to combat the effects of an overheating system. (requires ACPI to be enabled in Power Management BIOS and ACPI compliant operating system.) The default is Disabled.

Options available are 60°C/140°F to 95°C/203°F in increments of 5°C.

► **SmartFan Function**

Scroll to SmartFan Function and press <Enter>. The following screen appears:



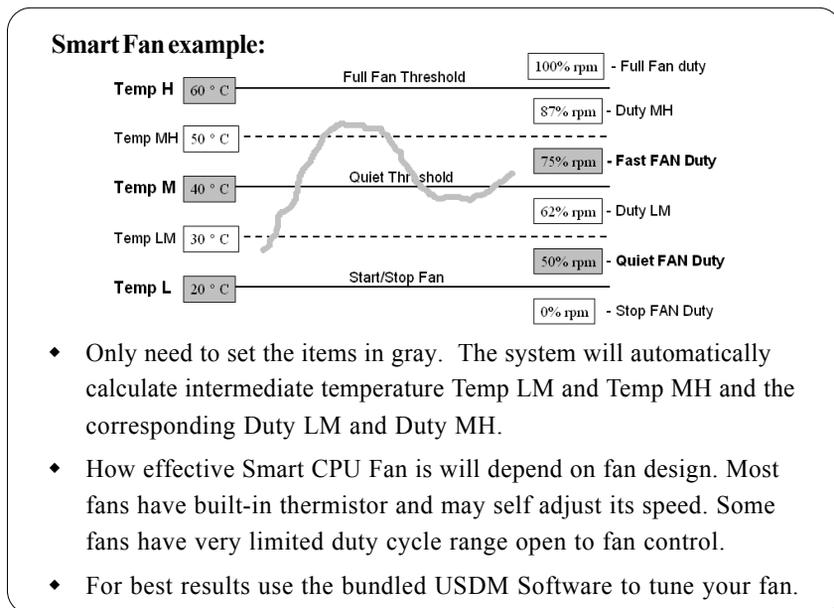
Smart CPU FAN Function

This item selects how the fan speed should be set. Full speed fixes fan speed at 100% duty cycle. Control the Fan by Duty-Cycle directly. By Temperature calculates the fan speed according to different temperature range.

To use By Temperature setting, refer to the example below to set the temperature and duty cycle.

Current CPU Temperature/Fan Speed

Display the current CPU Temperature/Fan speed.



4-8 Power BIOS Features

This page lets you adjust various parameters to obtain improved performance for overclocking.

Warning:
Overclocking requires expert knowledge and risks permanent damage to system components. We recommend you leave these parameters at their default values for proper operation.

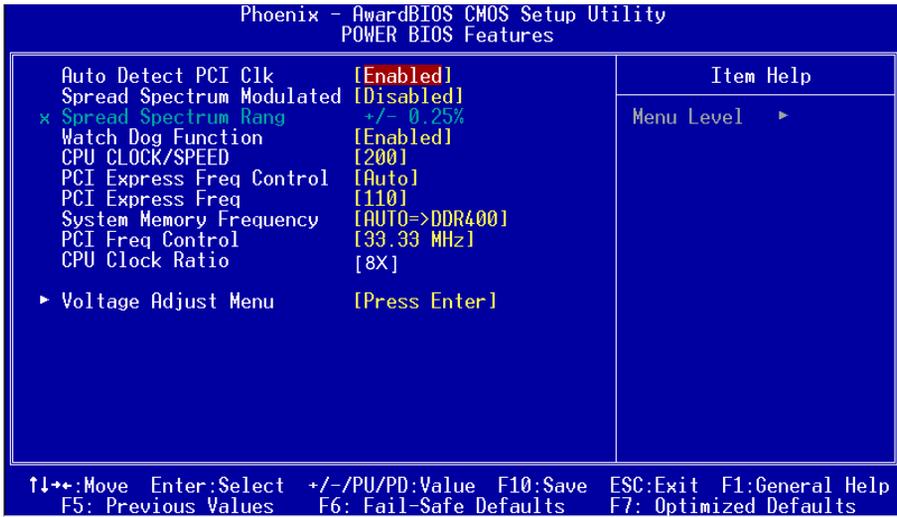


Figure 9: PowerBOIS Features

Auto Detect PCI Clk

When enabled the mainboard automatically disables the clock source for a PCI slot which does not have a module in it, reducing EMI (ElectroMagnetic Interference).

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Spread Spectrum Modulated

If you enable spread spectrum, it can significantly reduce the EMI (ElectroMagnetic Interference) generated by the system.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

Watch Dog Function

If you select “Enabled” and overclock fail before POST code 26h, the system will reset automatically by default configuration.

Options: Enabled, Disabled.

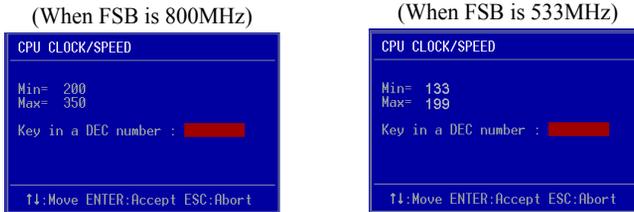
CPU CLOCK/SPEED

Enables you to increment the CPU's clock generator at 1MHz step. This works together with CPU Clock Ratio (below) to set the CPU operating frequency.

CPU Clock Generator x CPU Clock Ratio = CPU Frequency

For example, if you have a processor that is rated at 2.4GHz and the clock generator is 200MHz, then $200\text{MHz} \times 12 = 2.4\text{GHz}$

Press <Enter> to display the following screen:



Key in the DEC (decimal) number for the CPU CLOCK/SPEED.



Overclocking failure will cause no display on the monitor. To overcome this switch off the power supply and switch on again. Restart the system, press and hold <Insert> key. This will revert the BIOS to default or initial setting.

PCI Express Freq Control

Enables you to control the PCI Express Frequency.

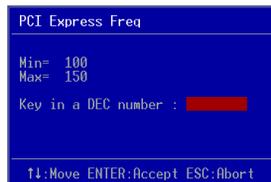
"Enabled" allows you to fine tune its frequency at 1MHz steps using the next selection item below. Selecting "Disabled" will lock the PCI-E frequency at 100MHz. "Auto" will increment the PCI-E frequency by a prefixed value according to FSB.

Options: Auto, Enabled, Disabled.

PCI Express Freq

Enables you to subtly tune the PCI Express frequency at increments of 1MHz step.

Press <Enter> to display the following screen:



Key in the DEC (decimal) number for the PCI Express Freq.

BIOS

PCI Freq Sel

Enables you to select the PCI Frequency.

Options: 33.3MHz, 33.80MHz, 34.28MHz, 34.78MHz, 35.29MHz, 35.82MHz, 36.36MHz, 36.92MHz, 37.50MHz.

System Memory Frequency

Enables you to select a ratio of the DDR DRAM to match the installed DRAM frequency. We recommend that you leave this item at the default value.

Options available depend on system FSB.

CPU Clock	CPU FSB	DDR frequency options		
133MHz	533MHz	4:5 => DDR333	2:3 => DDR400	Auto => DDR400 (by SPD)
200MHz	800MHz	6:5 => DDR333	1:1 => DDR400	Auto => DDR400 (by SPD)

CPU Clock Ratio

Use this item to select a multiplier to set the CPU frequency. See CPU CLOCK/SPEED item above for explanation. If your CPU multiplier is locked this option will be unavailable.

► Voltage Adjust Menu

Scroll to Voltage Adjust Menu and press <Enter>. The following screen appears:



In the following items, “Default Voltage” indicates the original factory value, and “New Voltage” indicates the value that you assign.

CPU Vcore (Max)

This item allows you to adjust the CPU Vcore voltage. We recommend that you leave this at the default value.

Chipset Voltage

This item allows you to adjust the Chipset voltage. We recommend that you leave this at the default value.

VDIMM Voltage

This item allows you to adjust the DIMM slot voltage.

We recommend that you leave this at the default value.

4-9 Defaults Menu

Selecting “Defaults” from the main menu shows you two options which are described below

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box:

Load Fail-Safe Defaults (Y/N) ? N

Pressing ‘Y’ loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

Load Optimized Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item you get a confirmation dialog box:

Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N) ? N

Pressing ‘Y’ loads the default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations.

4-10 Supervisor/User Password Setting

This function lets you set either Supervisor or User Password, or both, to prevent unauthorized changes to BIOS menus.

supervisor password: full rights to enter and change options of the setup menus.

user password: only enter but no rights to change options of the setup menus.

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED.

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to key in each time you enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

You can determine when the password is required within the Advanced BIOS Features Menu and its Security option. If the Security option is set to “System”, the password will be required both at boot and at entry to Setup. If set to “Setup”, prompting only occurs when trying to enter Setup.

4-11 Exiting BIOS

Save & Exit Setup

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

Save to CMOS and EXIT (Y/N)? Y

Pressing “Y” stores the selections made in the menus in CMOS – a special section of memory that stays on after you turn your system off. The next time you boot your computer, the BIOS configures your system according to the Setup selections stored in CMOS. After saving the values the system is restarted again.

Exit Without Saving

Pressing <Enter> on this item asks for confirmation:

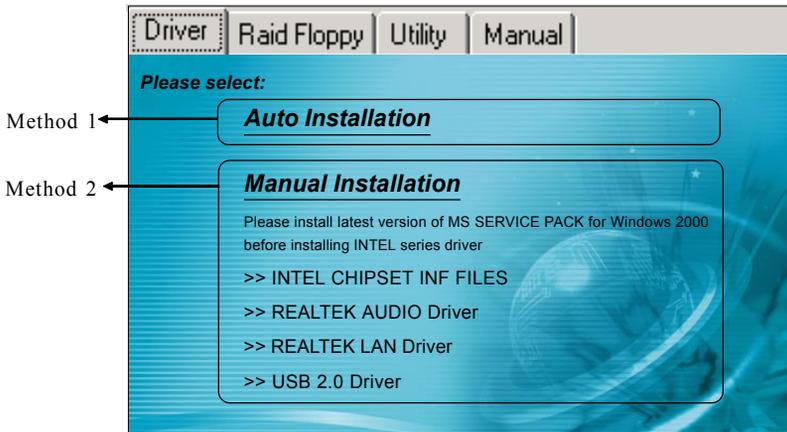
Quit without saving (Y/N)? Y

This allows you to exit Setup without storing in CMOS any change. The previous selections remain in effect. This exits the Setup utility and restarts your computer.

Section 5 DRIVER INSTALLATION

Easy Driver Installation

Once the operating system has been installed, you need to install the drivers for the mainboard.



Insert the bundled CD into the CD-ROM and the main menu screen will appear. The main menu displays links to the supported drivers, utilities and software.

► **Method 1**

This item installs all drivers automatically.

► **Method 2**

This item allows you to install the drivers selectively.

Step 1 : Click “**INTEL CHIPSET INF FILES**” to install chipset driver.

Step 2 : Click “**REALTEK AUDIO Driver**” to install audio driver.

Step 3 : Click “**REALTEK LAN Driver**” to install LAN driver.

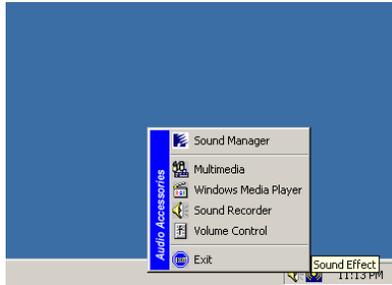
Step 4 : Click “**USB 2.0 Driver**” to install USB 2.0 driver.

 **Main menu items may vary depending on model you purchased.**

Realtek Sound Manager Quick User-guide

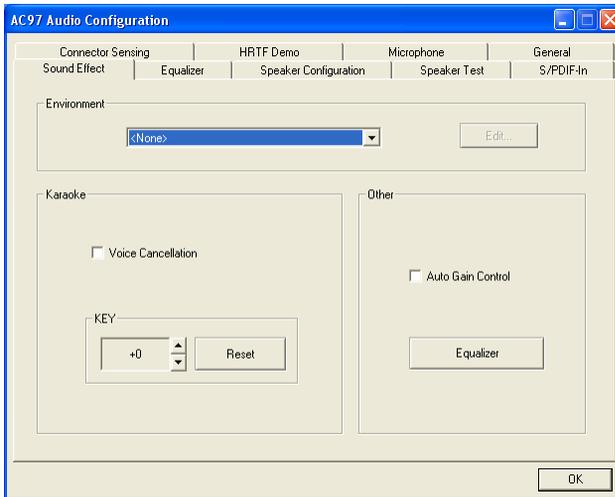
◆ Introduction

To obtain the best performance from your audio system, run the "Sound Manager" utility to adjust the settings to suit your needs. This section of the manual is intended to provide a quick user-guide to setup "Sound Manager". For more detailed information, refer to "Sound Manager manual" in the CD.



<Figure 1>

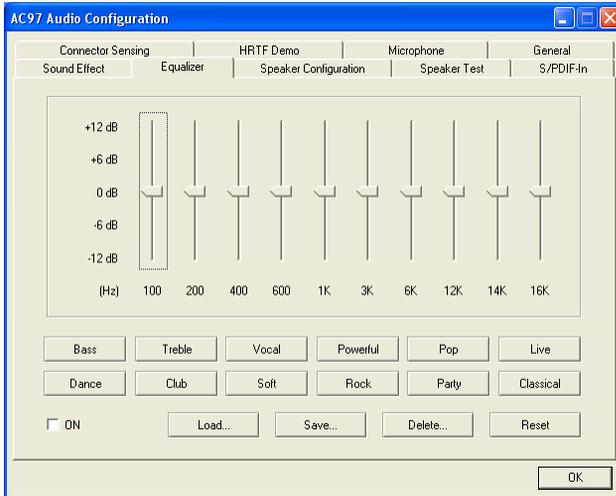
1. Right-click "Sound Effect" button on the task bar and select "Sound Manager".



Sound Effect:

<Figure 2>

2. Select "Sound Effect" page to set the desired audio environment from the pull-down menu. There are in total 23 kinds of sound effect.
 - a. For Karaoke function, "Voice Cancellation (only for 2 channels mode)" removes the human voice. "Key" lets you adjust the key pitch.
 - b. "Auto Gain Control" avoids saturation when adjusting the equalizer.



Equalizer:

<Figure 3>

3. There are 10 bands of equalizer control, check "ON" when you want to adjust the equalizer.

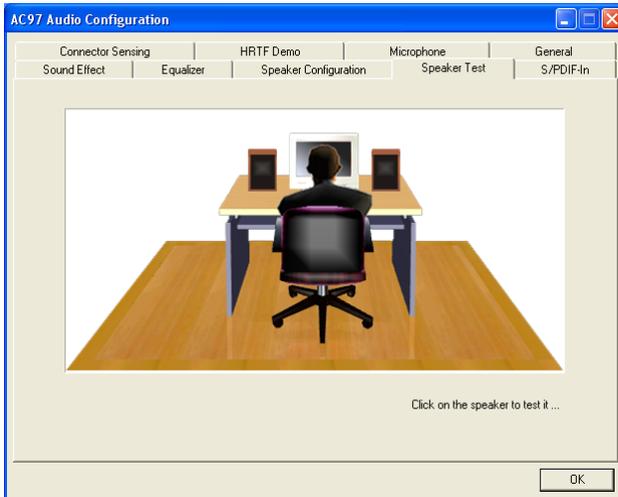


Speaker Configuration:

<Figure 4>

4. This page displays the mainboards's phone jack function when a corresponding audio mode (no. of speaker) is selected.

Figure 4 above shows the phone jack setup for 2 channel mode.

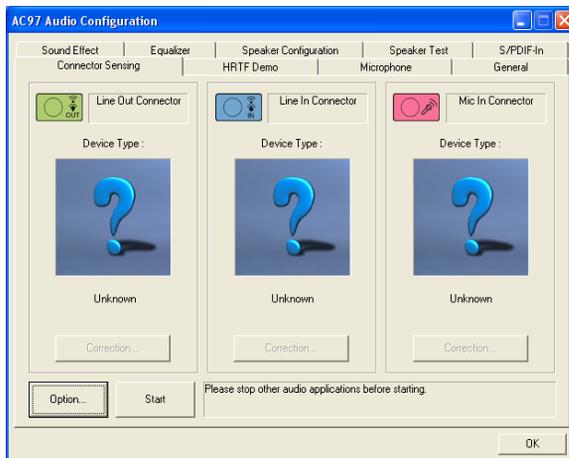


Speaker Test:

<Figure 5>

5. To test the speaker , select the “**Speaker Test**” page and click directly on the speakers shown on the screen.

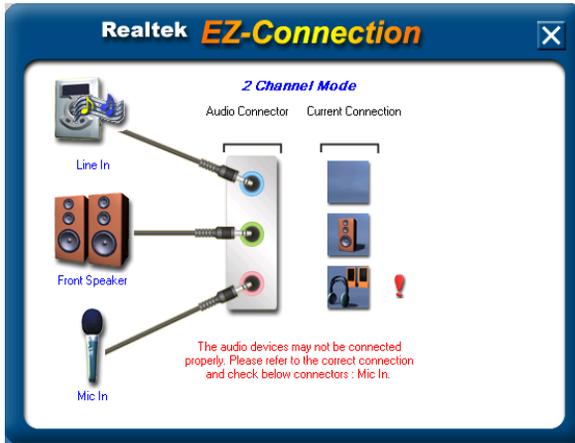
This board is equipped with Jack Sensing capability. If an audio device is plugged into the wrong connector, a warning message will appear to remind users to check the connection.



Connector Sensing:

<Figure 6>

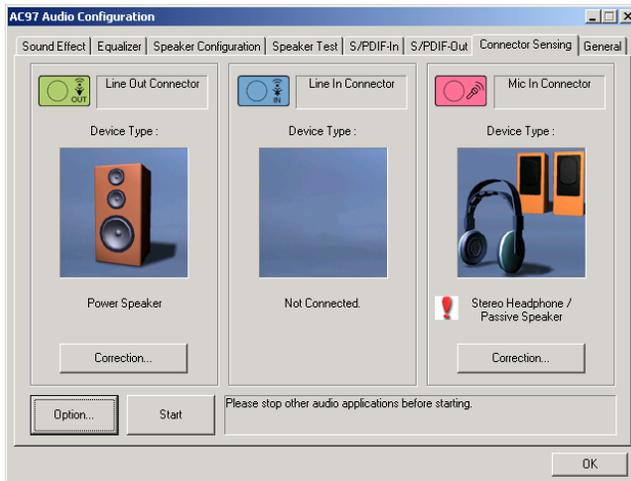
6. Push "Start" button to start the sensing. Please remember to terminate all audio applications before starting the sensing.



Connector Sensing:

<Figure 7>

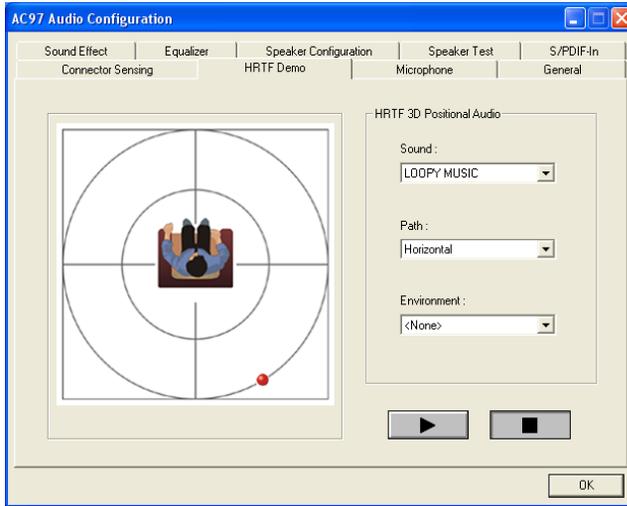
7. EZ-Connection shows the result of the detection. "Audio Connector" column reflects the settings used in the "Speaker Configuration" page. "Current Connection" column shows the type of device detected. If the results do not match, an exclamation mark will appear on the right side.



Connector Sensing:

<Figure 8>

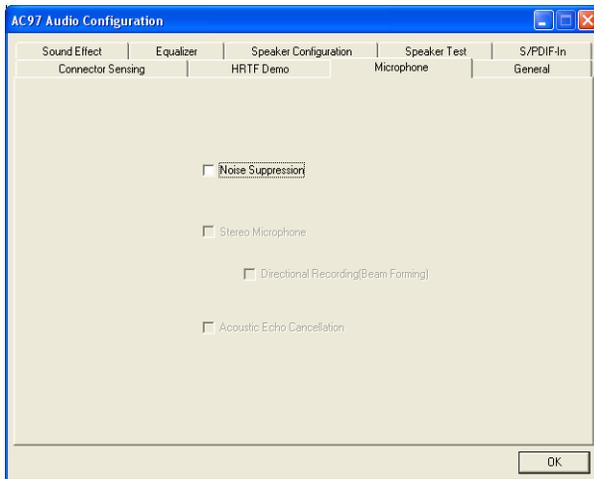
8. After closing EZ-Connector, this page will show the latest connector status as above.



HRTF Demo:

<Figure 9>

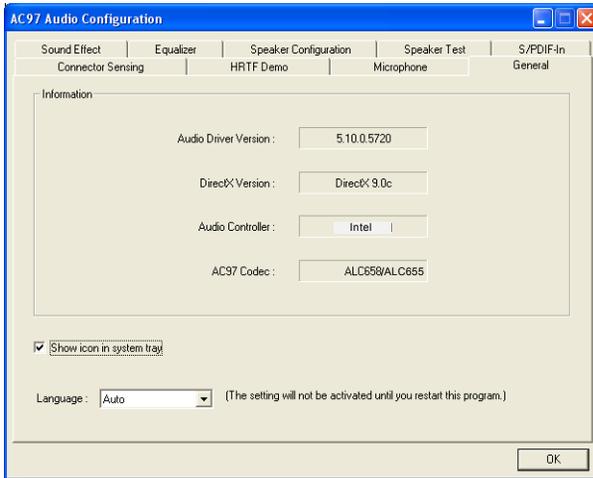
9. This page lets you test the HRTF 3D Positional Audio features.



Microphone:

<Figure 10>

10. The “Noise Suppression” feature uses software to reduce background delay microphone recording.



General:

<Figure 11>

11. This page displays information regarding the audio hardware and software. To remove "Sound Manager" icon from Windows Task bar, uncheck "Show icon in system tray".

Appendix A

A-1 Update Your System BIOS

Download the xxxxx.EXE file corresponding to your model from our website to an empty directory on your hard disk or floppy. Run the downloaded xxxxx.EXE file and it will self extract. Copy these extracted files to a bootable floppy disk.

Note: The floppy disk should contain NO device drivers or other programs.

1. Type "A:\AWDFLASH and press <Enter> Key.
2. You will see the following setup screen.
3. Please key in the xxxxx.bin BIOS file name.

```
FLASH MEMORY WRITER V7.88
(C)Award Software 2000 All Rights Reserved

For xxxx-W83627-6A69LPA9C-0   DATE: 05/11/2000
Flash Type -
File Name to Program : _____

Error Message:
```

4. If you want to save the previous BIOS data to the diskette, please key in [Y], otherwise please key in [N].

```
FLASH MEMORY WRITER V7.88
(C)Award Software 2000 All Rights Reserved

For xxxx-W83627-6A69LPA9C-0   DATE: 05/11/2000
Flash Type - xxxxx E82802AB /3.3V
File Name to Program : xxxxx.bin

Error Message: Do You Want To Save Bios (Y/N)
```

Appendix

5. Key in File Name to save previous BIOS to file.

```
FLASH MEMORY WRITER V7.88
(C)Award Software 2000 All Rights Reserved

For xxxx-W83627-6A69LPA9C-0 DATE: 05/11/2000
Flash Type - xxxxx E82802AB /3.3V

File Name to Program : xxxxx.bin
File Name to Save : xxxxx.bin

Error Message:
```

6. To confirm and proceed, please key in [Y] to start the programming.

```
FLASH MEMORY WRITER V7.88
(C)Award Software 2000 All Rights Reserved

For xxxx-W83627-6A69LPA9C-0 DATE: 05/11/2000
Flash Type - xxxxx E82802AB /3.3V

File Name to Program : xxxxx.bin
Checksum : 938EH
File Name to Save : xxxxx.bin

Error Message: Are you sure to program (y/n)
```

7. The BIOS update is finished.

```
FLASH MEMORY WRITER V7.88
(C)Award Software 2000 All Rights Reserved

For xxxx-W83627-6A69LPA9C-0 DATE: 05/11/2000
Flash Type - xxxxx E82802AB /3.3V

File Name to Program : xxxxx.bin
Checksum : 4B04H
Verifying Flash Memory - 7FE00 OK

█ Write OK █ No Update █ Write Fail

F1: Reset F10: Exit
```

Appendix B**B-1 POST CODES**

POST (hex)	DESCRIPTION
CFh	Test CMOS R/W functionality.
C0h	Early chipset initialization: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Disable shadow RAM - Disable L2 cache (socket 7 or below) - Program basic chipset registers
C1h	Detect memory <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Auto-detection of DRAM size, type and ECC. - Auto-detection of L2 cache (socket 7 or below)
C3h	Expand compressed BIOS code to DRAM
C5h	Call chipset hook to copy BIOS back to E000 & F000 shadow RAM.
01h	Expand the Xgroup codes locating in physical address 1000:0
02h	Reserved
03h	Initial Superio_Early_Init switch.
04h	Reserved
05h	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Blank out screen 2. Clear CMOS error flag
06h	Reserved
07h	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Clear 8042 interface 2. Initialize 8042 self-test
08h	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Test special keyboard controller for Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips. 2. Enable keyboard interface.
09h	Reserved
0Ah	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disable PS/2 mouse interface (optional). 2. Auto detect ports for keyboard & mouse followed by a port & interface swap (optional). 3. Reset keyboard for Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips.
0B-0Dh	Reserved
0Eh	Test F000h segment shadow to see whether it is R/W-able or not. If test fails, keep beeping the speaker.
0Fh	Reserved
10h	Auto detect flash type to load appropriate flash R/W codes into the run time area in F000 for ESCD & DMI support.
11h	Reserved
12h	Use walking 1's algorithm to check out interface in CMOS circuitry. Also set real-time clock power status, and then check for override.
13h	Reserved
14h	Program chipset default values into chipset. Chipset default values are MODBINable by OEM customers.
15h	Reserved
16h	Initial Early_Init_Onboard_Generator switch.
17h	Reserved

Appendix

18h	Detect CPU information including brand, SMI type (Cyrix or Intel) and CPU level (586 or 686).
19-1Ah	Reserved
1Bh	Initial interrupts vector table. If no special specified, all H/W interrupts are directed to SPURIOUS_INT_HDLR & S/W interrupts to SPURIOUS_soft_HDLR.
1Ch	Reserved
1Dh	Initial EARLY_PM_INIT switch.
1Eh	Reserved
1Fh	Load keyboard matrix (notebook platform)
20h	Reserved
21h	HPM initialization (notebook platform)
22h	Reserved
23h	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Check validity of RTC value: e.g. a value of 5Ah is an invalid value for RTC minute.2. Load CMOS settings into BIOS stack. If CMOS checksum fails, use default value instead.3. Prepare BIOS resource map for PCI & PnP use. If ESCD is valid, take into consideration of the ESCD's legacy information.4. Onboard clock generator initialization. Disable respective clock resource to empty PCI & DIMM slots.5. Early PCI initialization: -Enumerate PCI bus number -Assign memory & I/O resource -Search for a valid VGA device & VGA BIOS, and put it into C000:0.
24-26h	Reserved
27h	Initialize INT 09 buffer
28h	Reserved
29h	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Program CPU internal MTRR (P6 & PII) for 0-640K memory address.2. Initialize the APIC for Pentium class CPU.3. Program early chipset according to CMOS setup. Example: onboard IDE controller.4. Measure CPU speed.5. Invoke video BIOS.
2A-2Ch	Reserved
2Dh	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Initialize multi-language2. Put information on screen display, including Award title, CPU type, CPU speed
2E-32h	Reserved
33h	Reset keyboard except Winbond 977 series Super I/O chips.
34-3Bh	Reserved
3Ch	Test 8254
3Dh	Reserved
3Eh	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 1.
3Fh	Reserved
40h	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 2.
41h	Reserved
42h	Reserved

43h	Test 8259 functionality.
44h	Reserved
45-46h	Reserved
47h	Initialize EISA slot
48h	Reserved
49h	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Calculate total memory by testing the last double word of each 64K page. 2. Program writes allocation for AMD K5 CPU.
4A-4Dh	Reserved
4Eh	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Program MTRR of M1 CPU 2. Initialize L2 cache for P6 class CPU & program CPU with proper cacheable range. 3. Initialize the APIC for P6 class CPU. 4. On MP platform, adjust the cacheable range to smaller one in case the cacheable ranges between each CPU are not identical.
4Fh	Reserved
50h	Initialize USB
51h	Reserved
52h	Test all memory (clear all extended memory to 0)
53-54h	Reserved
55h	Display number of processors (multi-processor platform)
56h	Reserved
57h	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Display PnP logo 2. Early ISA PnP initialization -Assign CSN to every ISA PnP device.
58h	Reserved
59h	Initialize the combined Trend Anti-Virus code.
5Ah	Reserved
5Bh	(Optional Feature) Show message for entering AWDFLASH.EXE from FDD (optional)
5Ch	Reserved
5Dh	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Initialize Init_Onboard_Super_IO switch. 2. Initialize Init_Onboard_AUDIO switch.
5E-5Fh	Reserved
60h	Okay to enter Setup utility; i.e. not until this POST stage can users enter the CMOS setup utility.
61-64h	Reserved
65h	Initialize PS/2 Mouse
66h	Reserved
67h	Prepare memory size information for function call: INT 15h ax=E820h
68h	Reserved
69h	Turn on L2 cache
6Ah	Reserved
6Bh	Program chipset registers according to items described in Setup & Auto-configuration table.
6Ch	Reserved
6Dh	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assign resources to all ISA PnP devices. 2. Auto assign ports to onboard COM ports if the corresponding item in Setup is set to "AUTO".

Appendix

6Eh	Reserved
6Fh	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Initialize floppy controller2. Set up floppy related fields in 40:hardware.
70-72h	Reserved
73h	(Optional Feature) Enter AWDFLASH.EXE if : -AWDFLASH is found in floppy drive. -ALT+F2 is pressed
74h	Reserved
75h	Detect & install all IDE devices: HDD, LS120, ZIP, CDROM.....
76h	Reserved
77h	Detect serial ports & parallel ports.
78h-79h	Reserved
7Ah	Detect & install co-processor
7B-7Eh	Reserved
7Fh	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Switch back to text mode if full screen logo is supported. -If errors occur, report errors & wait for keys -If no errors occur or F1 key is pressed to continue:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Clear EPA or customization logo.
80h-81h	Reserved
82h	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Call chipset power management hook.2. Recover the text font used by EPA logo (not for full screen logo)3. If password is set, ask for password.
83h	Save all data in stack back to CMOS
84h	Initialize ISA PnP boot devices
85h	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. USB final Initialization2. NET PC: Build SYSID structure3. Switch screen back to text mode4. Set up ACPI table at top of memory.5. Invoke ISA adapter ROMs6. Assign IRQs to PCI devices7. Initialize APM8. Clear noise of IRQs.
86-92h	Reserved
93h	Read HDD boot sector information for Trend Anti-Virus code
94h	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Enable L2 cache2. Program boot up speed3. Chipset final initialization.4. Power management final initialization5. Clear screen & display summary table6. Program K6 write allocation7. Program P6 class write combining
95h	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Program daylight saving2. Update keyboard LED & typematic rate
96h	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Build MP table2. Build & update ESCD3. Set CMOS century to 20h or 19h4. Load CMOS time into DOS timer tick5. Build MSIRQ routing table.
FFh	Boot attempt (INT 19h)