

## Chapter 1

### INTRODUCTION

The 815EP Pro and 815EP Pro-R (MS-6337, V3.0B) ATX mainboards are high-performance computer mainboards based on Intel® 815EP chipset. The MS-6337 is optimized to support the Intel® Pentium® III (FC-PGA) and VIA Cynix III processors for high-end business/personal desktop markets.

The Intel 815EP chipset contains two components: the 82815EP Memory Controller Hub (MCH) and the 82801BA I/O Controller Hub 2 (ICH2). The MCH integrates a 66/100/133-MHz, P6 family system bus controller, AGP (2X/4X) discrete graphics card, 100/133-MHz SDRAM controller, and a high speed accelerated hub architecture interface for communication with the ICH2. The ICH2 integrates an UltraATA/100 controller, 2 USB host controllers with a total of 4 ports, LPC interface controller, FWH interface controller, PCI interface controller, AC'97 digital link, integrated LAN controller, and a hub interface for communication with the MCH.

## **Mainboard Features**

### **CPU**

- Support Socket370 for Intel® Pentium® III(FC-PGA)/VIA Cynix III processor.
- Support 500MHz, 550MHz, 600MHz, 633MHz, 667MHz, 700MHz, 733MHz, 800MHz, 866MHz, 933MHz, and 1GHz

### **Chipset**

- Intel® 815EP chipset. (544 BGA)
  - AGP 4x/2x universal slot
  - Support 66/100/133MHz FSB
- Intel® ICH2 chipset. (241 BGA)
  - AC'97 Audio support
  - 2 full IDE channels, up to ATA100
  - Low pin count interface for SIO
  - 2 USB host controller/4USB ports

### **MainMemory**

- Support four 168-pin DIMM sockets.
- Support a maximum memory size of 256MB or 512MB SDRAM.

### **Slots**

- One CNR (Communication Network Riser).
- One AGP (Accelerated Graphics Port) 2x/4x slot  
(One AGP Pro slot for 815EP Pro-R)
- Six PCI 2.2 32-bit Master PCI Bus slots. All PCI slots can be used as master.
- Support 3.3v/5v PCI bus Interface.

### **On-BoardIDE**

- An IDE controller on the ICH2 chipset provides IDE HDD/CD-ROM with PIO, Bus Master and Ultra DMA 66/100 operation modes.
- Can connect up to four IDE devices.
  - ATA RAID 0.1 supported by Promise PDC20265R (815EP Pro-R only)

**On-Board Peripherals**

- On-Board Peripherals include:
    - 1 floppy port supports 2 FDD with 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88Mbytes.
    - 2 serial ports (COMA/COMB)
    - 1 parallel port supports SPP/EPP/ECP mode
    - 4 USB ports (Rear \* 2 / Front \* 2)
- Note: One front USB port provides USB PC to PC Network Function (815EP Pro-R only).*
- 1 VGA port

**Audio**

- ICH2 chip integrated
- Support 2 Channel Audio or 4 Channel Audio (for 815EP Pro-R)

**BIOS**

- The mainboard BIOS provides “Plug & Play” BIOS which detects the peripheral devices and expansion cards of the board automatically.
- The mainboard provides a Desktop Management Interface(DMI) function which records your mainboard specifications.

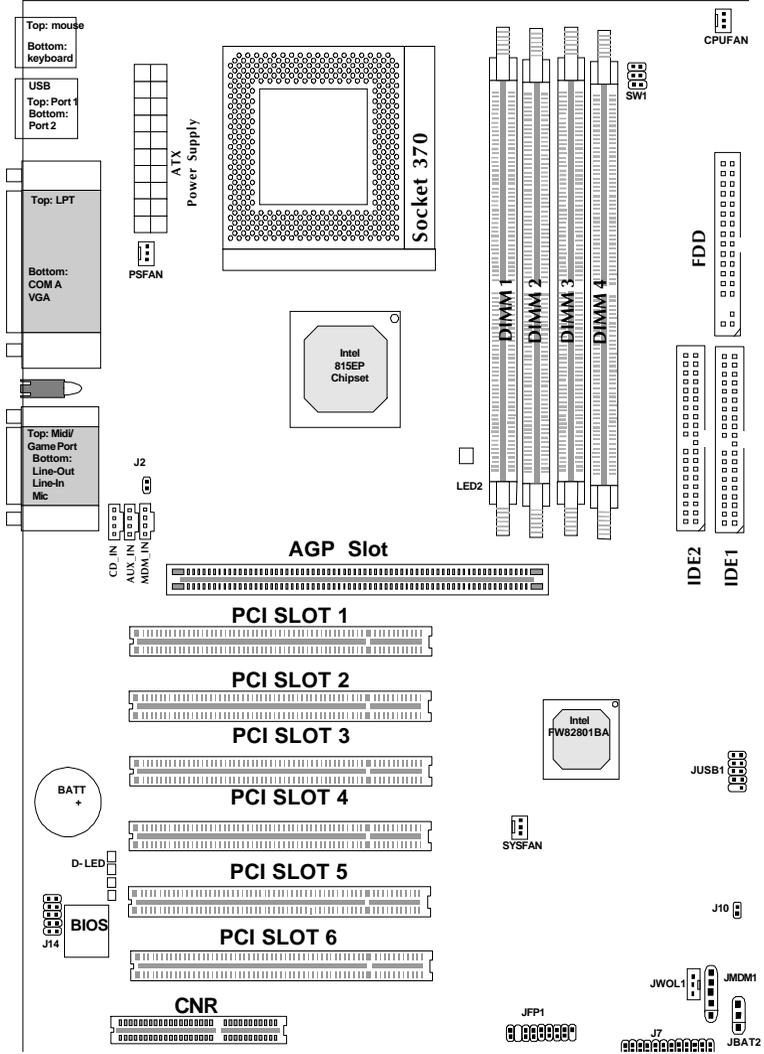
**Dimension**

- ATX Form Factor

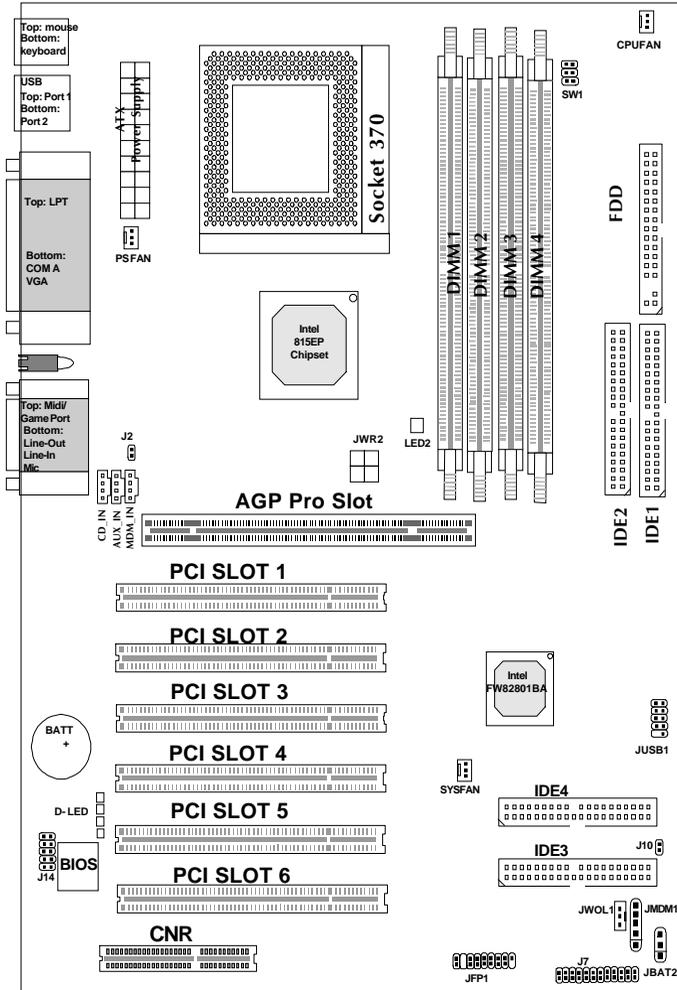
**Mounting**

- 6 mounting holes.

# Mainboard Layout



## 815EP Pro (MS-6337 V3.0B) ATX Mainboard



**815EP Pro-R (MS-6337 V3.0B) ATX Mainboard**



## Chapter 2

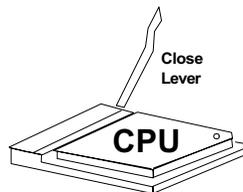
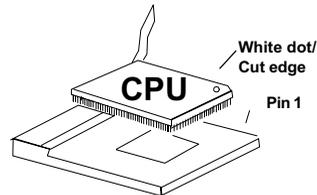
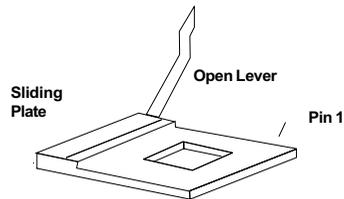
### HARDWARE INSTALLATION

#### Central Processing Unit: CPU

The mainboard operates with **Intel® Pentium® III (FC-PGA)/VIA CynixIII processor**. The mainboard uses a CPU socket called Socket 370 for easy CPU installation. The CPU should always have a Heat Sink and a cooling fan attached to prevent overheating.

#### CPU Installation Procedures

1. Pull the lever sideways away from the socket. Then, raise the lever up to a 90-degree angle.
2. Locate Pin 1 in the socket and look for the white dot or cut edge in the CPU. Match Pin 1 with the white dot/cut edge. Then, insert the CPU. It should insert easily.
3. Press the lever down to complete the installation.



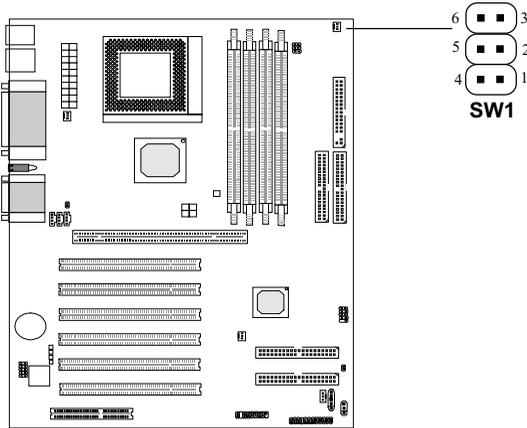
### **CPU Core Speed Derivation Procedure**

The mainboard CPU Bus Frequency can be set through BIOS setup.

**if**  $\text{CPUClock} = 100\text{MHz}$   
 $\text{Core/Bus ratio} = 7$   
**then**  $\text{CPU core speed} = \text{Host Clock} \times \text{Core/Bus ratio}$   
 $= 700\text{MHz}$

**Overclocking Jumper: SW1**

Overclocking is operating a CPU/Processor beyond its specified frequency. SW1 jumper is used for overclocking.

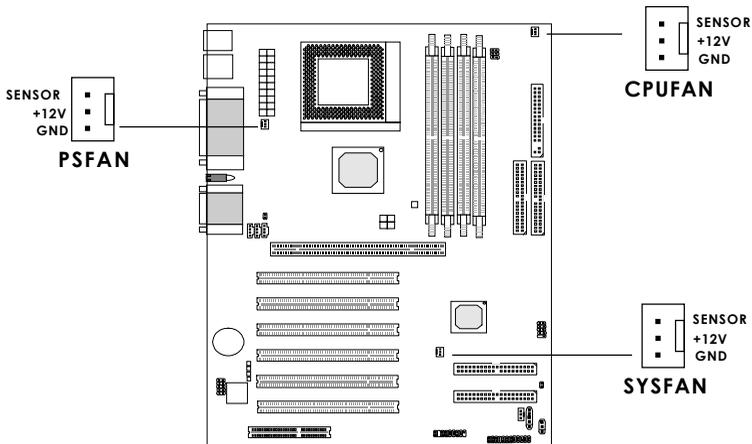


SW1	Function
	Auto
	66.6→100 133→100
	133→66.6 100→66.6
	100→133

**Note:** If you used this jumper for overclocking, you also need to modify the CPU Bus ratio through BIOS.

## Fan Power Connectors: CPUFAN, SYSFAN & PSFAN

These connector support system cooling fan with + 12V. It supports three pin head connector. When connecting the wire to the connector, always take note that the red wire is the positive and should be connected to the +12V, the black wire is Ground and should be connected to GND. If your mainboard has System Hardware Monitor chipset on-board, you must use a specially designed fan with speed sensor to take advantage of this function.



**CPUFAN:** Processor Fan

**SYSFAN:** System Fan

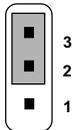
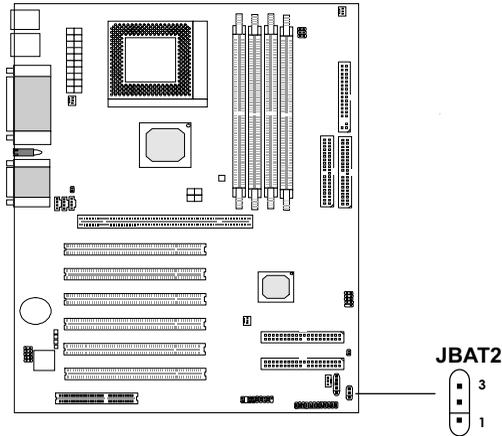
**PSFAN:** Power Supply Fan

For fans with fan speed sensor, every rotation of the fan will send out 2 pulses. System Hardware Monitor will count and report the fan rotation speed.

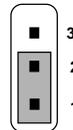
- Note:**
1. Always consult vendor for proper CPU cooling fan.
  2. CPU FAN supports the FAN control. You can install PC Alert utility. This will automatically control the CPU FAN Speed according to the actual CPU temperature.

## Clear CMOS Jumper: JBAT2

A battery must be used to retain the mainboard configuration in CMOS RAM. Short 1-2 pins of JBAT2 to store the CMOS data.



**Clear Data**



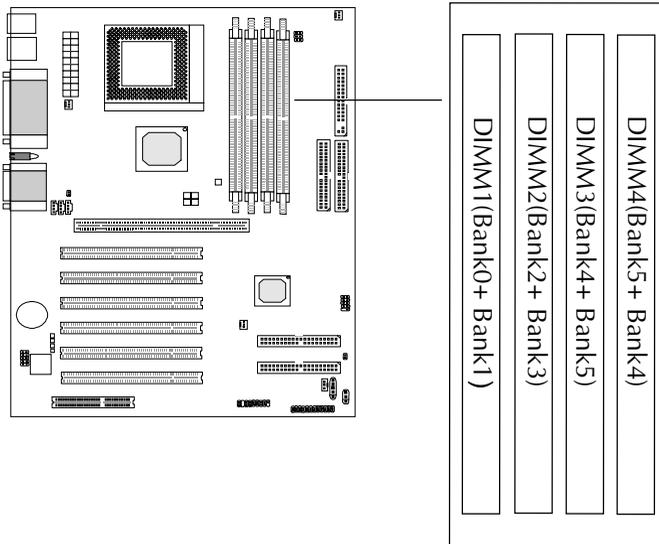
**Save Data**

**Note:** You can clear CMOS by shorting 2-3 pin, while the system is off. Then, return to 1-2 position. Avoid clearing the CMOS while the system is on, it will damage the mainboard. Always unplug the power cord from the wall socket.

## **Memory Installation**

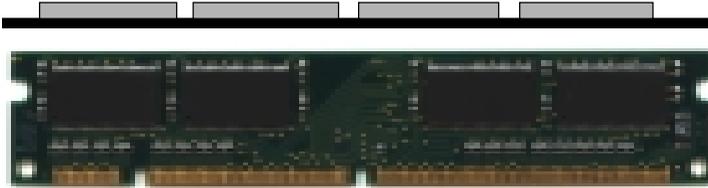
### **Memory Bank Configuration**

The mainboard supports a maximum memory size of 512MB: It provides four 168-pin **unbuffered** DIMMs (Double In-Line Memory Module) sockets. It supports 32MB to 512MB DIMM memory module.

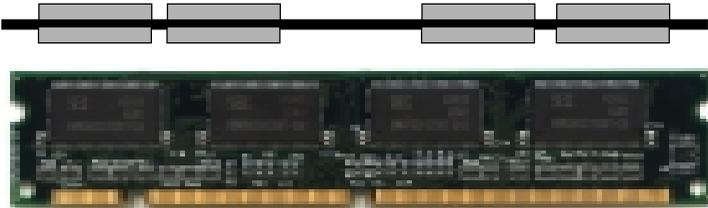


## Memory Installation Procedures

### A. How to install a DIMM Module

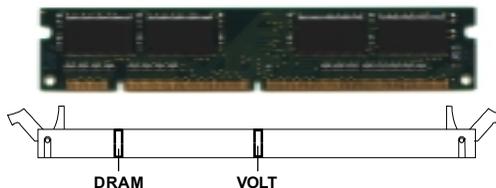


**Single Sided DIMM**



**Double Sided DIMM**

1. The DIMM slot has 2 Notch Keys “VOLT and DRAM”, so the DIMM memory module can only fit in one direction.
2. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot. Then push it in.



3. The plastic clip at the side of the DIMM slot will automatically close.

### Memory Population Rules

1. Supports only SDRAM DIMM.
2. To operate properly, at least one 168-pin DIMM module must be installed.
3. This mainboard supports Table Free memory, so memory can be installed on DIMM1, DIMM2, DIMM3 or DIMM4 in any order.
4. Supports 3.3 volt DIMM.
5. The DRAM addressing and the size supported by the mainboard is shown at the next page.

**Note:** It is not recommended to install a Double Side DIMM module to DIMM 3 and DIMM 4 at the same time as this will not function properly. To make use of DIMM 3 and DIMM 4 at the same time, insert a Single Side DIMM module to each of them. Please use the same type or model of SDRAM. Moreover, you should always use DIMM 3 if you have only one Single Side DIMM module. Installing it on DIMM 4 is not allowed and this will not function properly. Refer to the table below for proper combination.

DIMM1	DIMM2	DIMM3	DIMM4
DS/SS	DS/SS	DS	X
DS/SS	DS/SS	SS	SS
DS/SS	DS/SS	X	DS
DS/SS	DS/SS	SS	X

**DS:** Double Side DIMM

**SS:** Single Side DIMM

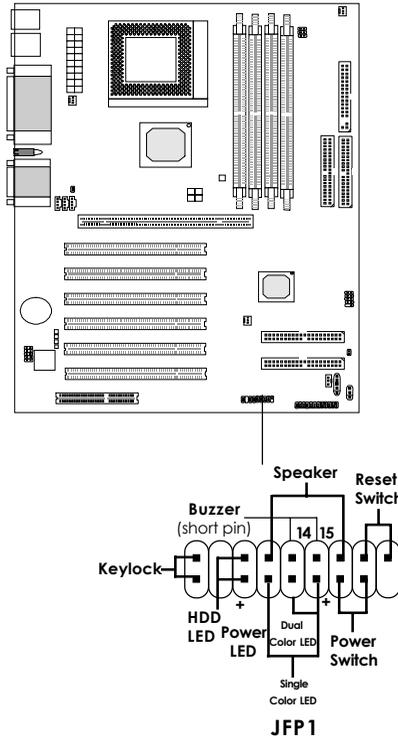
**X:** None/Cannot be installed

Table 2.3-1 SDRAM Memory Addressing

DIMM Capacity	# of Devices/ DIMM	# of Sides	Dram Tech.	Front Side Population		Back Side Population		Row	Bank	Column
				Count	Config	Count	Config			
0		N/A		Empty		Empty		N/A	N/A	N/A
32MB	16	DS	16Mb	8-	2Mb x8	8-	2Mb x8	11	1	9
32MB	4	SS	64Mb	4-	4Mb x16			12	2	8
48MB	12	DS	64/16Mb	4-	4Mb x16	8-	2Mb x8	12	2/1	8
64MB	8	DS	64Mb	4-	4Mb x16	4-	4Mb x16	12	2	8
64MB	8	SS	64Mb	8-	8Mb x8			12	2	9
64MB	4	SS	128Mb	4-	8Mb x16			12	2	9
96MB	12	DS	64Mb	8-	8Mb x8	4-	4Mb x16	12	2	9/8
96MB	8	DS	128/64Mb	4-	8Mb x16	4-	4Mb x16	12	2	9/8
128MB	16	DS	64Mb	8-	8Mb x8	8-	8Mb x8	12	2	9
128MB	8	DS	128Mb	4-	8Mb x16	4-	8Mb x16	12	2	9
128MB	8	SS	128Mb	8-	16Mb x8			12	2	10
128MB	4	SS	256Mb	4-	16Mb x16			13	2	9
192MB	12	DS	128Mb	8-	16Mb x8	4-	8Mb x16	12	2	10/9
192MB	16	DS	128/64Mb	8-	16Mb x8	8-	8Mb x8	12	2	10/9
256MB	16	DS	128Mb	8-	16Mb x8	8-	16Mb x8	12	2	10
256MB	8	DS	256Mb	4-	16Mb x16	4-	16Mb x16	13	2	9
256MB	8	SS	256Mb	8-	32Mb x8			13	2	10
512MB	16	DS	256Mb	8-	32Mb x8	8-	32Mb x8	13	2	10

**Case Connector: JFP1**

The Keylock, Power Switch, Reset Switch, Power LED, Speaker and HDD LED are all connected to the JFP1 connector block.



### **Power Switch**

Connect to a 2-pin push button switch. This switch has the same feature with JRMS1.

### **Reset Switch**

Reset switch is used to reboot the system rather than turning the power ON/OFF. Avoid rebooting while the HDD LED is lit. You can connect the Reset switch from the system case to this pin.

### **Power LED**

The Power LED is lit while the system power is on. Connect the Power LED from the system case to this pin. There are two types of LED that you can use: 3-pin single color LED or 2-pin dual color LED(ACPI request).

- a. 3 pin single color LED connect to pin 4, 5, & 6. This LED will lit when the system is on.
- b. 2 pin dual color LED connect to pin 5 & 6.

**GREEN**Color:           Indicate the system is in full on mode.

**ORANGE**Color:         Indicate the system is in suspend mode.

### **Speaker**

Speaker from the system case is connected to this pin.

If on-board Buzzer is available:

Short pin 14-15:        On-board Buzzer Enabled.

Open pin 14-15:        On-board Buzzer Disabled.

### **HDD LED**

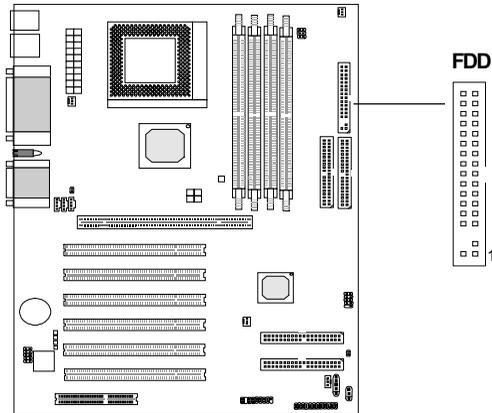
HDD LED shows the activity of a hard disk drive. Avoid turning the power off while the HDD led is lit. You can connect the HDD LED from the system case to this pin.

### **Keylock**

Keylock allows you to disable the keyboard for security purposes. You can connect the keylock to this pin.

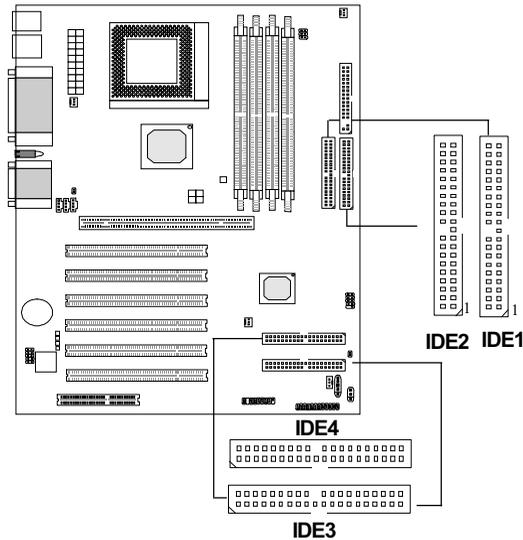
## Floppy Disk Connector: FDD

The mainboard also provides a standard floppy disk connector FDD that supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M floppy disk types. This connector supports the provided floppy drive ribbon cables.



## Hard Disk Connectors: IDE1 ~ IDE4

The mainboard has a 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE and Ultra DMA 33/66/100 controller that provides PIO mode 0~4, Bus Master, and Ultra DMA/33/66/100 function . You can connect up to four hard disk drives, CD-ROM, 120MB Floppy (reserved for future BIOS) and other devices. These connectors support the provided IDE hard disk cable.



### For 815EP-Pro

There are two HDD connectors (IDE1 & IDE2) on 815EP Pro mainboard.

### For 815EP Pro-R

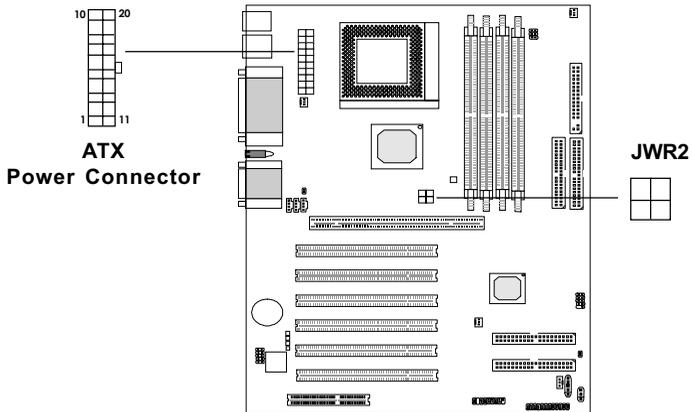
There are four HDD connectors (IDE1, IDE2, IDE3, IDE4) on 815EP Pro-R mainboard. IDE3 & IDE4 are provided for IDE RAID function. Please refer to IDE RAID user's manual for more information on IDE RAID function.

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## Power Supply

### ATX 20-pin Power Connector: JWR

This connector supports the power button on-board. Using the ATX power supply, functions such as Modem Ring Wake-Up and Soft Power Off are supported by this mainboard. This power connector supports instant power on function which means that system will boot up instantly when the power connector is inserted on the board.



*Note: JWR2 is the power connector for AGP Pro card. Only for 815EP Pro-R.*

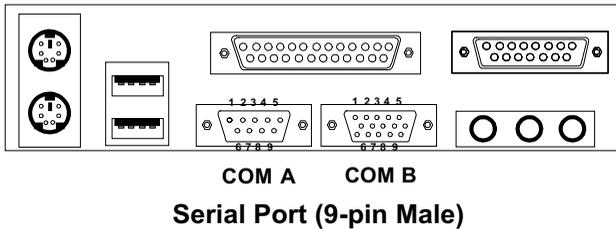
#### PIN DEFINITION

PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
1	3.3V	11	3.3V
2	3.3V	12	-12V
3	GND	13	GND
4	5V	14	PS_ON
5	GND	15	GND
6	5V	16	GND
7	GND	17	GND
8	PW_OK	18	-5V
9	5V_SB	19	5V
10	12V	20	5V

**Warning:** Since the mainboard has the instant power on function, make sure that all components are installed properly before inserting the power connector to ensure that no damage will be done.

**Serial Port Connectors: COM A and COM B**

The mainboard has two 9-pin male DIN connectors for serial port COM A & COM B. These ports are 16550A high speed communication ports that send/receive 16 bytes FIFOs. These connectors are allowed to be connected to mouse or modem cable.



**PIN DEFINITION**

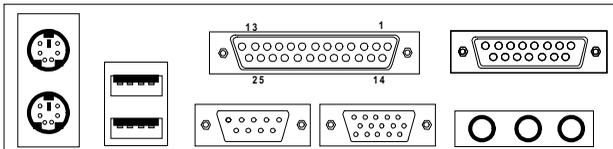
PIN	SIGNAL
1	<b>DCD</b> (Data Carry Detect)
2	<b>SIN</b> (Serial In or Receive Data)
3	<b>SOUT</b> (Serial Out or Transmit Data)
4	<b>DTR</b> (Data Terminal Ready)
5	<b>GND</b>
6	<b>DSR</b> (Data Set Ready)
7	<b>RTS</b> (Request To Send)
8	<b>CTS</b> (Clear To Send)
9	<b>RI</b> (Ring Indicate)

**Parallel Port Connector: LPT1**

The mainboard provides a 25 pin female centronic connector for LPT. A parallel port is a standard printer port that also supports Enhanced Parallel Port(EPP) and Extended capabilities Parallel Port(ECP). See connector and pin definition below:

**Parallel Port (25-pin Female)**

**LPT 1**

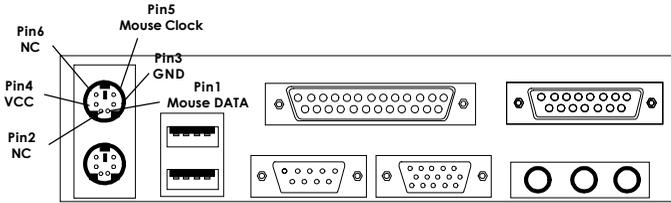


**PIN DEFINITION**

<b>PIN</b>	<b>SIGNAL</b>	<b>PIN</b>	<b>SIGNAL</b>
1	STROBE	14	AUTO FEED#
2	DATA0	15	ERR#
3	DATA1	16	INIT#
4	DATA2	17	SLIN#
5	DATA3	18	GND
6	DATA4	19	GND
7	DATA5	20	GND
8	DATA6	21	GND
9	DATA7	22	GND
10	ACK#	23	GND
11	BUSY	24	GND
12	PE	25	GND
13	SELECT		

### **Mouse Connector: JKBMS1**

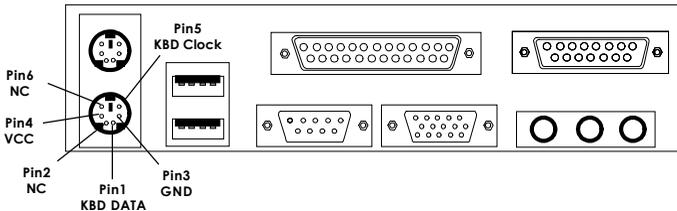
The mainboard provides a standard PS/2<sup>®</sup> mouse mini DIN connector for attaching a PS/2<sup>®</sup> mouse. You can plug a PS/2<sup>®</sup> mouse directly into this connector. The connector location and pin definition are shown below:



**PS/2 Mouse (6-pin Female)**

### **Keyboard Connector: JKBMS1**

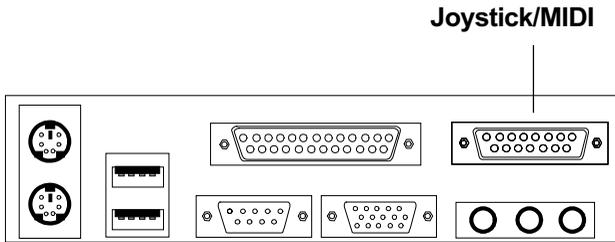
The mainboard provides a standard PS/2<sup>®</sup> keyboard mini DIN connector for attaching a keyboard. You can plug a keyboard cable directly to this connector.



**PS/2 Keyboard (6-pin Female)**

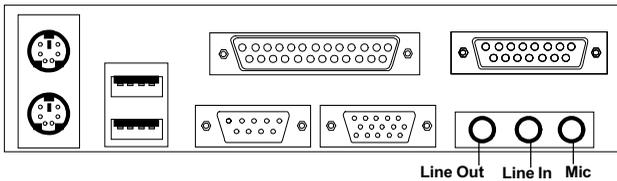
## Joystick/Midi Connectors

You can connect joystick or game pad to this connector.



## Audio Port Connectors

**Line Out** is a connector for Speakers or Headphones. **Line In** is used for external CD player, Tape player, or other audio devices. **Mic** is a connector for the microphones.



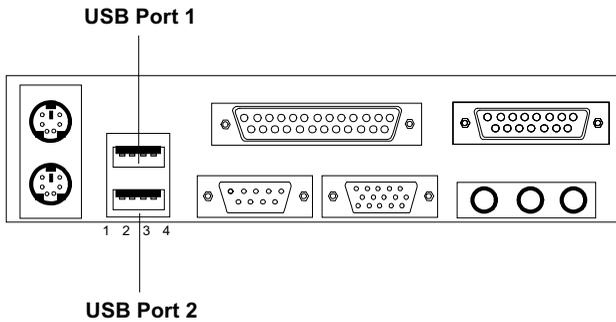
## 1/8" Stereo Audio Connectors

### For 815EP Pro-R

815EP Pro-R supports Audio Multi-Channel function. This allows you to change the Line In to 3,4 channel output and Line Out to 1, 2 channel output.

## USB Connectors

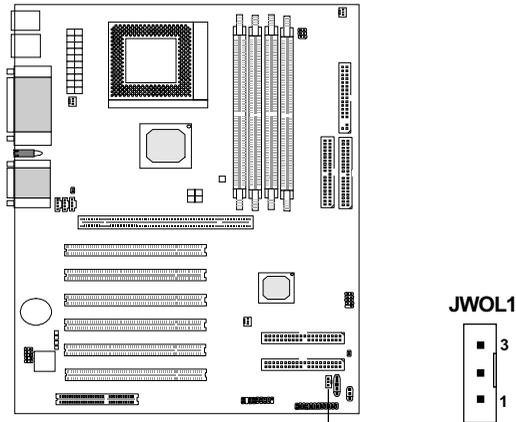
The mainboard provides a **UHCI(Universal Host Controller Interface) Universal Serial Bus root** for attaching USB devices like: keyboard, mouse and other USB devices. You can plug the USB device directly to this connector.



<b>PIN</b>	<b>SIGNAL</b>
1	VCC
2	-Data
3	+Data
4	GND

## Wake-Up on LAN Connector: JWOL1

The JWOL1 connector is for use with LAN add-on cards that supports Wake Up on LAN function. To use this function, you need to set the “Wake-Up on LAN” to enable at the BIOS Power Management Setup.



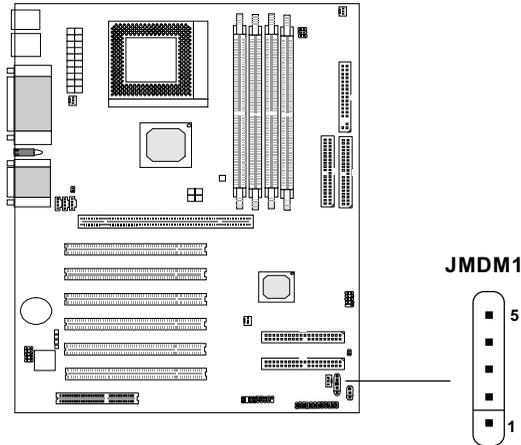
PIN	SIGNAL
1	5VSB
2	GND
3	MP_WAKEUP

**Note:** LAN wake-up signal is active “high”.

**Note:** To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature. (Power supply with 750mA 5V Stand-by)

## Modem Wake Up Connector: JMDM1

The JMDM1 connector is for use with Modem add-on card that supports the Modem Wake Up function.



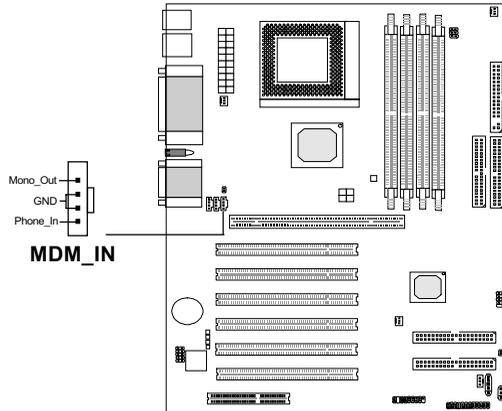
PIN	SIGNAL
1	NC
2	GND
3	MDM_WAKEUP
4	NC
5	5VSB

**Note:** Modem wake-up signal is active “low”.

**Note:** To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature. (Power supply with 750mA 5V Stand-by)

## Modem-In: MDM\_IN

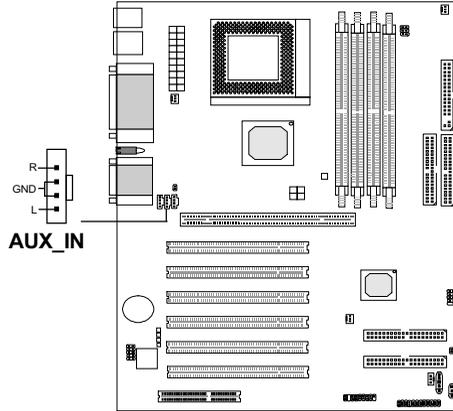
The connector is for Modem with internal voice connector.



Mono\_Out is connected to the Modem Speaker Out connector.  
Phone\_In is connected to the Modem Microphone In connector.

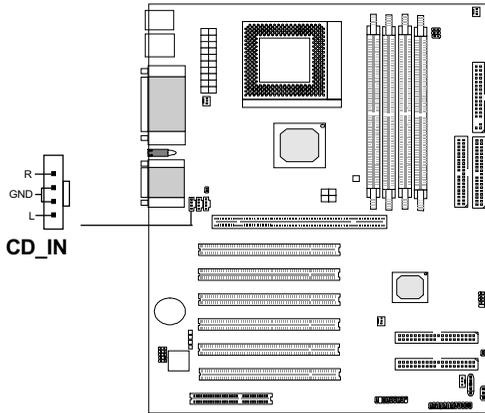
## **AUX Line In Connector: AUX\_IN**

This connector is used for DVD Add on Card with Line In connector.



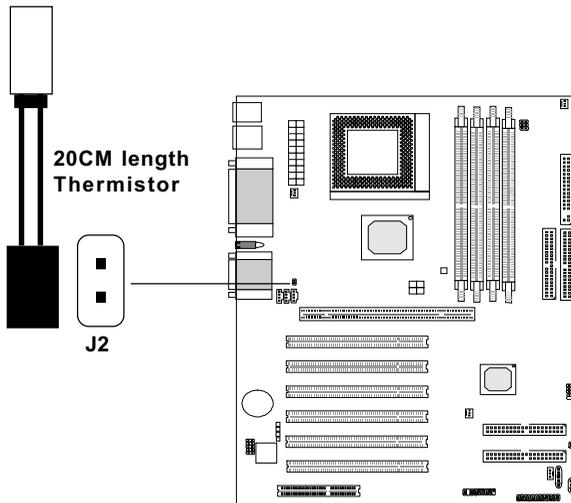
## **CD-In Connector: CD\_IN**

This connector is for CD-ROM audio connector.



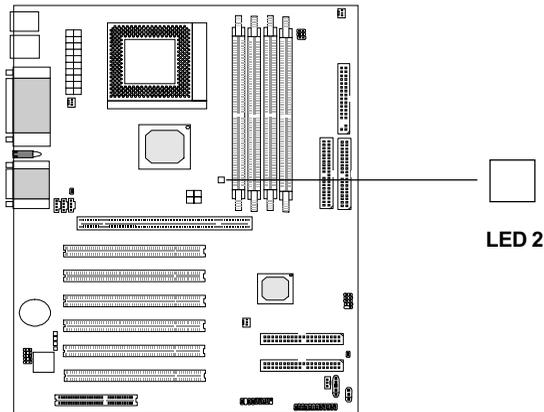
**TOP TECH. III: J2**

This is used to check the AGP chipset temperature on AGP card. The J2 is a 2-pin connector which can be inserted with a 20cm length thermistor. It is located near the chipset heatsink that monitors the chipset temperature. The BIOS setup for “TOP TECH III” should be set to enabled.



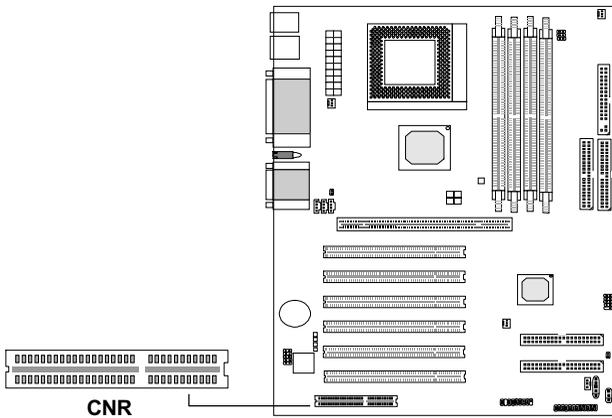
**LED 2**

The mainboard provides a Special Diagnostic LED for users to be aware of their mainboard conditions. LED 2 indicates the DIMM power. When LED 2 is powered on. Do not attempt to insert or remove the DIMM module.



## **CNR (Communication Network Riser)**

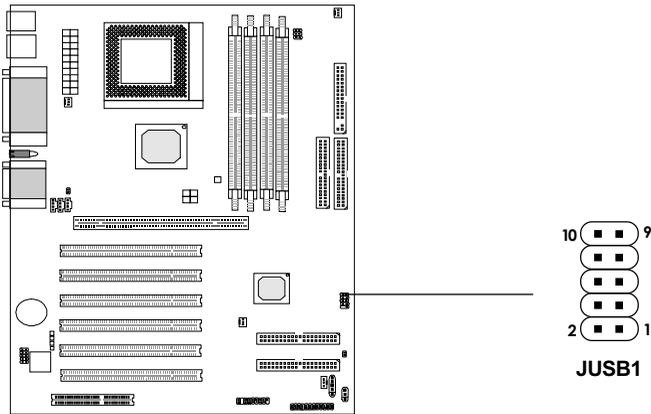
The Communication Network Riser specification is an open industry-standard specification that defines a hardware scalable Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) mainboard riser board and interface, which supports multi-channel audio, V.90 analog modem, phone-line based networking and 10/100 Ethernet based networking.



**USB Front Connector: JUSB1**

**A. For 815EP Pro**

The mainboard provides a **front Universal Serial Bus connector**.



Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	VCC	2	GND
3	USB2-	4	GND
5	USB2+	6	USB3+
7	GND	8	USB3-
9	GND	10	VCC

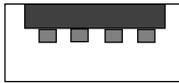
**B. For 815EP Pro-R**

The mainboard provides a **front Universal Serial Bus connector** with USB PC to PC Network Function. Two cables (**USB A to B Cable & USB Bracket Cable**) are provided for the function.

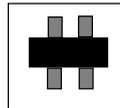
*(Please refer to the Appendix for more information on USB PC to PC Network Function and driver installation..)*

**Follow the steps below to connect the cables:**

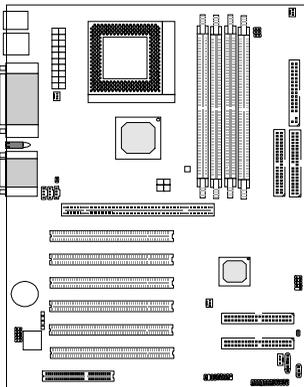
1. Find the “B Type Connector” on the two cables.
2. Connect the “B Type Connector “on the “USB A to B Cable” to the same connector on the “USB Bracket Cable”.
3. Connect the “A Type Connector” on the USB Bracket Cable to another computer’s USB connector (without USB PC to PC function).
4. Connect the “A Type connector” on the USB Bracket Cable to the front pin header (JUSB1) on the mainboard. Pay attention to the orientation. The header has a special design for the wrong orientation.



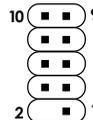
**USB Connector A Type**



**USB Connector B Type**



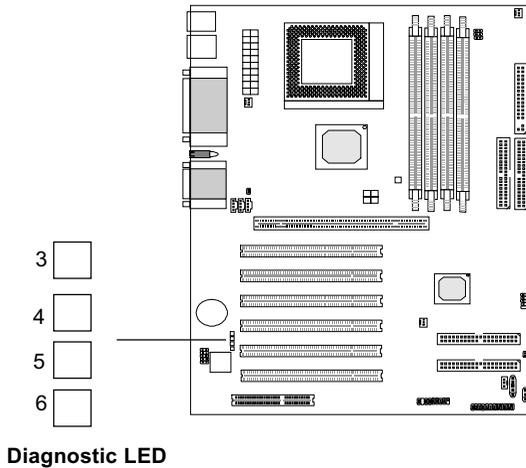
Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	VCC	4	GND
3	USB2-	6	USB3+
5	USB2+	8	USB3-
7	GND	10	VCC



**JUSB1**

## Diagnostic LED

The mainboard provides a Special Diagnostic LED for users to be aware of their mainboard conditions. The LED helps user determine the problem of the mainboard.



Diagnostic LED Function

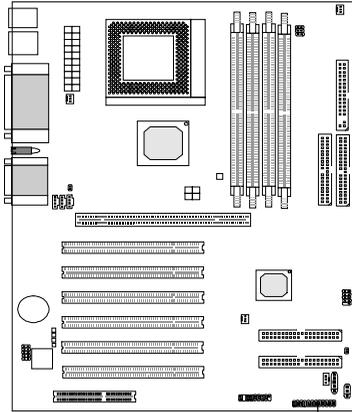
<b>Diagnostic LED</b> <b>6 5 4 3</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Possible Problem/ Solution</b>
0 0 0 0	System Power ON. This will start BIOS Initialization	System D-LED will hang here The Processor might be damage or not installed properly Damage/Discharge Lithium Battery
0 0 0 1	Early Chipset Initialization	***
0 0 1 0	Memory Detection Test Testing Onboard memory size	System D-LED will hang here The Memory module might be damage or not installed properly.
0 0 1 1	Decompressing BIOS image to RAM for fast booting.	***
0 1 0 0	Initializing Keyboard Controller	***
0 1 0 1	Testing VGA BIOS This will start writing VGA sign-on messages to the screen.	System D-LED will produce Beep sound The VGA card might be damage or not inserted properly.
0 1 1 0	Processor Initialization This will show information regarding the processor (like brand name, system bus, etc...)	***
0 1 1 1	Testing RTC (Real Time Clock)	Low Lithium Battery
1 0 0 0	Initializing Video Interface This will start detecting CPU clock, checking type of video onboard. Then, detect and initialize the video adapter	***
1 0 0 1	BIOS Sign On This will start showing information about Logo, processor brand name, etc.....	***
1 0 1 0	Testing Base and Extended Memory Testing base memory from 240K to 640K and extended memory above 1MB using various patterns.	***
1 0 1 1	Assign Resource to all ISA	***
1 1 0 0	Initializing Hard Drive Controller This will initialize IDE drive and controller	Check IDE cable for proper installation
1 1 0 1	Initializing Floppy Drive Controller This will initialize Floppy Drive and controller	System D-LED will hang here The Floppy Drive Cable might not be installed properly
1 1 1 0	Boot Attempt This will set low stack and boot via INT19h.	***
1 1 1 1	Operating System Booting.	***

1 = GREEN 0 = RED

\*\*\* Check local Vendor for possible internal mainboard problem.

**Front Panel Connector: J7**

The mainboard provides a **Front Panel connector**.

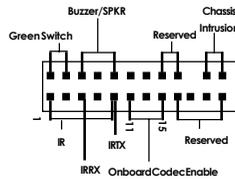


**Pin Definition:**

**11-13 pin (optional)**  
Short 11-13 pin to disable Onboard Codec.

**13-15 pin (optional)**  
Short 13-15 pin to enable Onboard Codec.

**Speaker Output**  
Short 6-8 pin to activate AC97\_SPKR  
Short 8-10 pin to activate onboard Buzzer.



## Chapter 3

### **AWARD® BIOS SETUP**

Award® BIOS ROM has a built-in Setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed RAM (CMOS RAM), so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

## **Entering Setup**

Power on the computer and press <Del> immediately to allow you to enter Setup. The other way to enter Setup is to power on the computer. When the below message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the POST (Power On Self Test), press <Del> key or simultaneously press <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Esc> keys.

TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT, PRESS <CTRL-ALT-ESC>  
OR <DEL> KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the “RESET” button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message will be displayed and you will again be asked to,

PRESS <F1> TO CONTINUE, <CTRL-ALT-ESC>  
OR <DEL> TO ENTER SETUP

## **Getting Help**

### **Main Menu**

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

### **Status Page Setup Menu/Option Page Setup Menu**

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window, press <Esc>.



**Advanced Chipset Features**

Use this menu to change the values in the chipset registers and optimize your system's performance.

**Integrated Peripherals**

Use this menu to specify your settings for integrated peripherals.

**Power Management Setup**

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

**PnP/PCI Configuration**

This entry appears if your system supports PnP/PCI.

**PC Health Status**

This entry shows your PC health status.

**Frequency/Voltage Control**

Use this menu to specify your settings for frequency/voltage control.

**Load Fail-Safe Defaults**

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values for the minimal/stable performance for your system to operate.

**Load Optimized Defaults**

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations.

**Supervisor/User Password**

Use this menu to set User and Supervisor Passwords.

**Save & Exit Setup**

Save CMOS value changes to CMOS and exit setup.

**Exit Without Saving**

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

---

## Standard CMOS Setup

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into 10 categories. Each category includes no, one or more than one setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2000 Award Software  
Standard CMOS Setup

Date(mm:dd:yy):	Fri, Feb 28,1999	Item Help
Time(hh:mm:ss):	00:00:00	
IDE Primary Master	Press Enter 2557MB	Menu Level >
IDE Primary Slave	Press Enter None	
IDE Secondary Master	Press Enter None	
IDE Secondary Slave	Press Enter None	
Drive A	1.44M, 3.5in.	
Drive B	None	
Video	EGA/VGA	
Halt On	All Errors	
Based Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	64512K	
Total Memory	65536K	
↑↓ →← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults		

**Date**

The date format is <day><month> <date> <year>.

<b>Day</b>	Day of the week, from Sun to Sat, determined by BIOS. Read-only.
<b>month</b>	The month from Jan. through Dec.
<b>date</b>	The date from 1 to 31 can be keyed by numeric function keys.
<b>year</b>	The year, depends on the year of the BIOS

**Time**

The time format is <hour> <minute> <second>.

**PrimaryMaster/PrimarySlave****SecondaryMaster/Secondary Slave**

Press PgUp/<+> or PgDn/<-> to select Manual, None, Auto type. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk drive type is not matched or listed, you can use Manual to define your own drive type manually.

If you select Manual, related information is asked to be entered to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard. This information should be provided in the documentation from your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

If the controller of HDD interface is SCSI, the selection shall be  
“None”.

If the controller of HDD interface is CD-ROM, the selection shall be  
“None”.

<b>Access Mode</b>	The settings are Auto, Normal, Large,LBA.
<b>Cylinder</b>	number of cylinders
<b>Head</b>	number of heads
<b>Precomp</b>	write precom
<b>Landing Zone</b>	landing zone
<b>Sector</b>	number of sectors

## Advanced BIOS Features

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2000 Award Software  
Advanced BIOS Features

Anti-Virus Protection	Disabled	Item Help
CPU Internal Cache	Enabled	
External Cache	Enabled	Menu Level >
CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking	Enabled	
Processor Number Feature	Enabled	
Quick Power On Self Test	Enabled	
First Boot device	Floppy	
Second Boot device	HDD-0	
Third Boot device	LS120	
Fourth Boot device	Disabled	
Swap Floppy Drive	Disabled	
Boot Up Floppy Seek	Enabled	
Boot Up Numlock Status	On	
Gate A20 Option	Fast	
Typeomatic Rate Setting	Disabled	
Typeomatic Rate (Chars/Sec)	6	
Typeomatic Delay (Msec)	250	
Security Option	Setup	
OS Select for DRAM > 64MB	Non-OS2	
HDD S.M.A.R.T. Capability	Disabled	
Report No FDD for Win 95	No	
Full Screen LOGO Show	Enabled	
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults		

### Anti-Virus Protection

Allows you to choose the VIRUS Warning feature for IDE Hard Disk boot sector protection. If this function is enabled and someone attempt to write data into this area, BIOS will show a warning message on screen and alarm beep.

**Disable**(default) No warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.

**Enable** Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector of hard disk partition table.

**CPU Internal Cache**

The default value is Enabled.

**Enabled** (default)    Enable cache

**Disabled**            Disable cache

**Note:** The internal cache is built in the processor.

**External Cache**

Choose Enabled or Disabled. This option enables the level 2 cache memory.

**CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking**

Choose Enabled or Disabled. This option enables the level 2 cache memory ECC(error check correction).

**Processor Number Feature**

This option is for Pentium® III processor. During Enabled, this will check the CPU Serial number. Disabled this option if you don't want the system to know the Serial number.

**Quick Power On Self Test**

This category speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power on the computer. If this is set to Enabled, BIOS will shorten or skip some check items during POST.

**Enabled**              Enable quick POST

**Disabled** (default)    Normal POST

**First/Second/Third/Fourth Boot Device**

The BIOS attempts to load the operating system from the devices in the sequence selected in these items. The settings are Floppy, LS120, HDD-0/HDD-1/HDD-2/HDD-3, SCSI, CDROM, LAN, ZIP100, and Disabled.

**Swap Floppy Drive**

Switches the floppy disk drives between being designated as A and B. Default is Disabled.

**Boot Up Floppy Seek**

During POST, BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360K type is 40 tracks while 760K, 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80 tracks.

**Boot Up NumLock Status**

The default value is On.

**On** (default) Keypad is numeric keys.

**Off** Keypad is arrow keys.

**Gate A20 Option**

**Normal** The A20 signal is controlled by keyboard controller or chipset hardware.

**Fast**(default) The A20 signal is controlled by port 92 or chipset specific method.

**Typematic Rate Setting**

Key strokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller. When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected. The settings are: Enabled/Disabled.

**Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)**

Sets the number of times a second to repeat a key stroke when you hold the key down. The settings are: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, 30.

**Typematic Delay (Msec)**

Sets the delay time after the key is held down before it begins to repeat the keystroke. The settings are: 250, 500, 750, 1000.

**Security Option**

This category allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

**System**                      The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

**Setup(default)**            The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

**OS Selection for DRAM > 64MB**

Allows OS2® to be used with > 64 MB of DRAM. Settings are Non-OS/2 (default) and OS2. Set to OS/2 if using more than 64MB and running OS/2®.

**HDD S.M.A.R.T Capability**

This item allows you to Enabled or Disabled the HDD S.M.A.R.T (Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology) Capability. The default setting is Disabled.

**Report No FDD For Win 95**

Whether report no FDD for Win 95 or not. The settings are: Yes, No.

**Full Screen LOGO Show**

This allows you to enable or disable the Full Screen LOGO Show capability. The default setting is Enabled.

## Advanced Chipset Features

The Advanced Chipset Features Setup option is used to change the values of the chipset registers. These registers control most of the system options in the computer.

Choose the “ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES” from the Main Menu and the following screen will appear.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2000 Award Software  
Advanced Chipset Features

SDRAM CAS Latency Time	Auto	Item Help
SDRAM Cycle Time Tras/Trc	7/9	
SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay	3	Menu Level >
SDRAM RAS Precharge Time	3	
System BIOS Cacheable	Disabled	
Video BIOS Cacheable	Disabled	
Memory Hole at 15M-16M	Disabled	
CPU Latency Timer	Enabled	
Delayed Transaction	Enabled	
AGP Graphics Aperture Size	64MB	
System Memory Frequency	Auto	
On-Chip Video Window Size	64MB	
*Onboard Display Cache Setting*		
CAS# Latency	3	
Paging Mode Control	Open	
RAS-to-CAS Override	by CAS#LT	
RAS# Timing	Fast	
RAS# Precharge Timing	Fast	
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults		

**Note:** Change these settings only if you are familiar with the chipset.

**SDRAM CAS latency Time**

When synchronous DRAM is installed, the number of clock cycles of CAS latency depends on the DRAM timing. The settings are: 2, 3 and Auto.

**SDRAM Cycle Time Tras/Trc**

Select the number of SCLKs for an access cycle. The settings are: 5/7 and 7/9.

**SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay**

This field lets you insert a timing delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals, used when DRAM is written to, read from, or refreshed. *Fast* gives faster performance; and *Slow* gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system. The settings are: 2 and 3.

**SDRAM RAS Precharge Time**

If an insufficient number of cycles is allowed for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh, the refresh may be incomplete and the DRAM may fail to retain data. *Fast* gives faster performance; and *Slow* gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system. The settings are: 2 and 3.

**System BIOS Cacheable**

Selecting *Enabled* allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

### **Video BIOS Cacheable**

Select Enabled allows caching of the video BIOS , resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

### **Memory Hole At 15M-16M**

You can reserve this area of system memory for ISA adapter ROM. When this area is reserved, it cannot be cached. The user information of peripherals that need to use this area of system memory usually discusses their memory requirements. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

### **CPU Latency Timer**

During Enabled, A deferrable CPU cycle will only be Deferred after it has been in a Snoop Stall for 31 clocks and another ADS# has arrived. During Disabled, A deferrable CPU cycle will be Deferred immediately after the GMCH receives another ADS#.

### **Delayed Transaction**

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select *Enabled* to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

### **On-Chip Video Window Size**

This option allows the user to set the on-chip video window size for VGA driver use.

### **AGP Graphics Aperture Size**

This option determines the effective size of the graphics aperture used in the particular PAC configuration. The AGP aperture is memory-mapped, while graphics data structure can reside in a graphics aperture. The aperture range should be programmed as not cacheable in the processor cache, accesses with the aperture range are forwarded to the main memory, then PAC will translate the original issued address via a translation table that is maintained on the main memory. The option allows the selection of an aperture size of 32MB, 64MB.

### **System Memory Frequency**

Select the Onboard Display Cache frequency. The settings are 100MHz, 133MHz or Auto.

### **Onboard Display Cache Setting (optional)**

#### **CAS# Latency**

The number of clock cycles of CAS# Latency depends on the Onboard Display cache timing. The settings are: 2 and 3.

#### **Paging Mode Control**

Select the paging mode control. The settings are:Open and Close.

#### **RAS-to-CAS Override**

This item allows you to insert a timing delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals, used when Onboard display cache is written to, read from, or refreshed. During by CAS# LT, this will depend on the Onboard Display Cache CAS# Latency setting. During Override (2), RAS-to-CAS time=2.

#### **RAS# Timing**

This option controls RAS# active to Precharge, and refresh to RAS# active delay (in local memory clocks).

**Slow** RAS# to precharge ( $t_{RAS}$ )=7, refresh to RAS# act ( $t_{RC}$ ) = 10

**Fast** RAS# to precharge ( $t_{RAS}$ )=5, refresh to RAS# act ( $t_{RC}$ ) = 8

#### **RAS# Precharge Timing**

This item controls RAS# precharge (in local memory clocks)

**Slow** RAS# Precharge Time=3

**Fast** RAS# Precharge Time=2

## Integrated Peripherals

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2000 Award Software  
 Integrated Peripherals

OnChip Primary PCI IDE	Enabled	Item Help
OnChip Secondary PCI IDE	Enabled	
IDE Primary Master PIO	Auto	Menu Level >
IDE Primary Slave PIO	Auto	
IDE Secondary Master PIO	Auto	
IDE Secondary Slave PIO	Auto	
IDE Primary Master UDMA	Auto	
IDE Primary Slave UDMA	Auto	
IDE Secondary Master UDMA	Auto	
IDE Secondary Slave UDMA	Auto	
USB Controller	Enabled	
USB Keyboard Support	Disabled	
Init Display First	PCI Slot	
AC97 Audio	Auto	
AC97 Modem	Auto	
IDE HDD Block Mode	Enabled	
Keyboard Power On	Disabled	
POWER ON Function	Button Only	
KB Power On Password	Enter	
Hot Key Power On	Ctrl-F1	
Onboard FDC Controller	Enabled	
Onboard Serial Port 1	3F8/IRQ4	
Onboard Serial Port 2	2F8/IRQ3	
↑↓→← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD=Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults		

UART Mode Select	Normal
RxD, TxD Active	Hi, Lo
IR Transmission Delay	Enabled
UR2 Duplex Mode	Half
USE IR Pins	IR-Rx2Tx2
Onboard Parallel Port	378/IRQ7
Parallel Port Mode	SPP
EPP Mode Select	EPP 1.7
ECP Mode use UDMA	3
PWRON After PWR-Fail	Off
Game Port Address	201
Midi Port Address	290
Midi Port IRQ	10
Power Status LED	Single

### OnChip Primary/Secondary PCI IDE

The integrated peripheral controller contains an IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select *Enabled* to activate each channel separately. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

**IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO**

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device. The settings are: Auto, Mode 0, Mode 1, Mode 2, Mode 3, Mode 4.

**IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA**

Ultra DMA/33 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA/33, Ultra DMA/66 and Ultra DMA/100 select Auto to enable BIOS support. The settings are: Auto, Disabled.

**USB Controller**

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have USB peripherals. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

**USB Keyboard Support**

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

**Init Display First**

This item allows you to decide to activate whether PCI Slot or on-chip VGA first. The settings are: PCI Slot, Onboard.

**AC97 Audio/Modem**

This item allows you to decide to enable/disable the 815 chipset family to support AC97 Audio/Modem.

**IDE HDD Block Mode**

Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read/write. If your IDE hard drive supports block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

**Keyboard Power on Function**

This function allows you to Enabled or Disabled the Keyboard Power On. The default setting is Disabled.

**Power On Function**

This function allows you to select the item to power on the system. The settings are : Button Only, Mouse Left, Mouse Right, Password, Hotkey, keyboard 98.

**Onboard FDC Controller**

Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDD) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install add-on FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

**Onboard Serial Port 1/Port 2**

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial ports. The settings are: 3F8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, Disabled, Auto.

**UART Mode Select**

This item allows you to determine which InfraRed(IR) function of the onboard I/O chip, this functions uses.

**Onboard Parallel Port**

**Disabled**  
**(3BCH/IRQ7)/**  
**(278H/IRQ5)/**  
**(378H/IRQ7)**

There is a built-in parallel port on the on-board Super I/O chipset that provides Standard, ECP, and EPP features. It has the following options:

**Disable**  
3BCH/IRQ7 Line Printer port 0  
278H/IRQ5 Line Printer port 2  
378H/IRQ7 Line Printer port 1

**Onboard Parallel Mode**

SPP : Standard Parallel Port  
EPP : Enhanced Parallel Port  
ECP : Extended Capability Port

**SPP/EPP/ECP/  
ECP+EPP**

To operate the onboard parallel port as Standard Parallel Port only, choose "SPP." To operate the onboard parallel port in the EPP modes simultaneously, choose "EPP." By choosing "ECP", the onboard parallel port will operate in ECP mode only. Choosing "ECP + EPP" will allow the onboard parallel port to support both the ECP and EPP modes simultaneously. The ECP mode has to use the DMA channel, so choose the onboard parallel port with the ECP feature. After selecting it, the following message will appear: "ECP Mode Use DMA" At this time, the user can choose between DMA

channels 3 or 1. The onboard parallel port is EPP Spec. compliant, so after the user chooses the onboard parallel port with the EPP function, the following message will be displayed on the screen: "EPP Mode Select." At this time either EPP 1.7 spec. or EPP 1.9 spec. can be chosen.

**PWRON After PWR-FAIL**

This option will determine how the system will power on after a power failure.

**Game Port Address/Midi Port Address**

This will determine which Address the Game Port/Midi Port will use.

**Power Status LED**

This item determines which state the Power LED will use. The settings are Blinking, Dual, and Single. During blinking, the power LED will blink when the system enters the suspend mode. When the mode is in Dual, the power LED will change its color. Choose the single and the power LED will always remain lit.

## Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup allows you to configure you system to most effectively save energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2000 Award Software  
Power Management Setup

ACPI Function	Enabled	Item Help
ACPI Suspend Type	S1(POS)	
Power Management	User Define	Menu Level >
Video Off Method	DPMS	
Video Off In Suspend	Yes	
Suspend Type	Stop Grant	
Modem Use IRQ	3	
Suspend Mode	Disabled	
HDD Power Down	Disabled	
Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN	Instant-Off	
Wake-Up by PCI Card	Disabled	
Power On by Ring	Enabled	
Wake-Up on LAN	Enabled	
USB KB Wake-Up From S3	Disabled	
CPU Thermal-Throtting	50.0%	
Resume By Alarm	Disabled	
Date(of Month) Alarm	0	
Date(hh:mm:ss)	0 0 0	
**Reload Global Timer Events**		
Primary IDE 0	Disabled	
Primary IDE 1	Disabled	
Secondary IDE 0	Disabled	
Secondary IDE 1	Disabled	
FDD, COM, LPT Port	Disabled	
PCI PIRQ[A-D]#	Disabled	
↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults		

### ACPI Function

This item allows you to Enabled/Disabled the Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI). The settings are Enabled and Disabled.

### **ACPI Suspend Type**

This item will set which ACPI suspend type will be used.

#### **S1 (POS)**

The S1 sleeping state is low wake-up latency sleeping state. In this state, no system context is lost(CPU or chip set) and hardware maintains all system context.

#### **S3 (STR)**

The S3 state is a low wake-up latency sleeping state where all system context is lost except system memory. CPU, cache, and chipset context are lost in this state. Hardware maintains memory context and restores some CPU and L2 configuration context.

### **Power Management**

This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and is directly related to the following modes:

1. Suspend Mode
2. HDD Power Down

There are three selections for Power Management, two of which have fixed mode settings.

Min. Power Saving	Minimum power management. Suspend Mode = 1 hr., and HDD Power Down = 15 min.
Max. Power Saving	Maximum power management — Suspend Mode = 1 min., and HDD Power Down = 1 min.
User Defined (default)	Allows you to set each mode individually. When not disabled, each of the ranges are from 1 min. to 1 hr. except for HDD Power Down which ranges from 1 min. to 15 min. and disable.

### **Video Off Method**

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

V/HSYNC+Blank	This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.
Blank Screen	This option only writes blanks to the video buffer.
DPMS (default)	Initial display power management signaling.

---

**Video Off In Suspend**

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.  
The settings are: Yes and No.

**Suspend Type**

Select the Suspend Type. The settings are: PWRON Suspend, Stop Grant.

**Modem Use IRQ**

This determines the IRQ in which the MODEM can use.  
The settings are: 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, NA.

**Suspend Mode**

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off. The settings are: 1/2/4/8/12/20/30/40 Min, 1 Hour, and Disabled.

**HDD Power Down**

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active.  
The settings are: 1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/10/11/12/13/14/15Min and Disabled.

**Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN**

Pressing the power button for more than 4 seconds forces the system to enter the Soft-Off state. The settings are: Delay 4 Sec, Instant-Off.

**Wake-Up by PCI Card**

This will enable the system to wake up through PCI Card peripheral.  
The settings are : Enabled and Disabled.

**Power On by Ring**

During Disabled, the system will ignore any incoming call from the modem. During Enabled, the system will boot up if there's an incoming call from the modem.

**Wake-Up on LAN**

To use this function, you need a LAN add-on card which support power on functions. It should also support the wake-up on LAN jumper (JWOL1).

<b>Enabled</b>	Wake up on LAN supported.
<b>Disabled</b>	Wake up on LAN not supported.

**USB KB Wake-Up From S3**

This option is used to Enabled/Disabled USB keyboard wake up with suspend to RAM.

**CPU Thermal-Throttling**

Select the CPU THRM-Throttling rate. The settings are: 12.5%, 25.0%, 37.5%, 50.0%, 62.5%, 75.0%, 87.5%.

**Resume by Alarm**

This function is for setting date and time for your computer to boot up. During Disabled, you cannot use this function. During Enabled, choose the Date and Time Alarm:

<b>Date(of month) Alarm</b>	You can choose which month the system will boot up. Set to 0, to boot every day.
<b>Time(hh:mm:ss) Alarm</b>	You can choose what hour, minute and second the system will boot up.

**Note:** If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system, before this function will work.

## **Reload Global Timer Events**

Reload Global Timer events are I/O events whose occurrence can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. In effect, the system remains alert for anything which occurs to a device which is configured as *Enabled* , even when the system is in a power down mode.

**Primary IDE 0**

**Primary IDE 1**

**Secondary IDE 0**

**Secondary IDE 1**

**FDD, COM, LPT Port**

**PCIPIRQ[A-D]#**

## **PnP/PCI Configuration Setup**

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system. PCI, or **P**ersonal **C**omputer **I**nterconnect, is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed the CPU itself uses when communicating with its own special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2000 Award Software  
PnP/PCI Configuration Setup

PNP OS Installed	No	Item Help	
Reset Configuration Data	Disabled		
Resources Controlled By	Auto	Menu Level >	
IRQ Resources	Press Enter		
DMA Resources	Press Enter		
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	Disabled		
INT Pin 1 Assignment	Auto		
INT Pin 2 Assignment	Auto		
INT Pin 3 Assignment	Auto		
INT Pin 4 Assignment	Auto		
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults			

### **PNP OS Installed**

This item allows you to determine whether the PnP OS is installed or not. The settings are Yes or No.

**Reset Configuration Data**

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system can not boot.

The settings are: Enabled and Disabled .

**Resource Controlled By**

The Award Plug and Play BIOS has the capacity to automatically configure all of the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. However, this capability means absolutely nothing unless you are using a Plug and Play operating system such as Windows®95/98. If you set this field to “manual” choose specific resources by going into each of the sub menu that follows this field (a sub menu is preceded by a “>”). The settings are: Auto (ESCD), Manual.

**IRQ Resources**

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt a type, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.

**DMA Resources**

This sub menu can let you control the DMA resource.

**PCI/VGA Palette Snoop**

Leave this field at *Disabled*. The settings are Enabled, Disabled.

## PC Health Status

This section shows the Status of your CPU, Fan, Warning for overall system status.

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 PC Health Status

CPU Warning Temperature	Disabled	Item Help
Current System Temp	39°C/102°F	
Current CPU Temperature	66°C/150°F	Menu Level >
Current Top Tech. III Temp.	32°C/89°F	
Current System Fan	0RPM	
Current Power Fan	0RPM	
Current CPU FAN	5532RPM	
Vcore	1.96V	
VTT	1.48V	
3.3V	3.24V	
+5V	4.89V	
+12V	11.79V	
-12V	12.19V	
-5V	-4.53V	
VBAT(V)	3.10V	
5VSB(V)	5.37V	
Chassis Intrusion Detect	Disabled	
Shutdown Temperature	Disabled	
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults		

### CPU Warning Temperature

During Enabled, this will warn the user when the CPU temperature reach a certain temperature.

**Current System Temp/Current CPU Temperature/Current Top Tech. III Temp/Current System Fan (optional)/Power Fan (optional)/Cpu Fan/Vcore/VTT/3.3V/+5V/+12V/-12V/-5V/VBAT(V)/5VSB(V)**

This will show the CPU/FAN/System voltage chart and FAN Speed.

**Chassis Intrusion Detect**

Set this option to Enabled, Reset, or Disabled the chassis intrusion detector. During Enabled, any intrusion on the system chassis will be recorded. The next time you turn on the system, it will show a warning message. To be able to clear those warning, choose reset. After clearing the message it will go back to Enabled.

**Shutdown Temperature**

This option is for setting the Shutdown temperature level for the processor. When the processor reach the temperature you set, this will shutdown the system.

## Frequency/Voltage Control

This section is for setting CPU Frequency/Voltage Control.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-2000 Award Software  
 Frequency/Voltage Control

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk	Enabled	Item Help
Spread Spectrum	Enabled	
Clock By Slight Adjust	66	Menu Level >
CPU Internal Freq Will Be	198 Mhz	
CPU Clock Ratio	Auto	
Vcore Adjust	1.30V	
(May be dangerous if Vcore Adjust ovr 10%)		
Vio Voltage Adust	3.4V	
↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults		

### Auto Detect DIMM/PCI CLK

This item allows you to enable/disable auto detect DIMM/PCI Clock. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

### Spread Spectrum

This item allows you to set the Spread Spectrum.

### Clock By Slight Adjust

This item allows you to select the CPU clock from 133MHz to 166MHz or 100MHz to 133MHz depending on the CPU host clock.

### CPU Clock Ratio

This item allows you to select the CPU clock ratio.

## **Load Fail-Safe/Optimized Defaults**

### **Load Fail-Safe Defaults**

When you press <Enter> on this item, you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Fail-Safe Defaults (Y/N) ? N

Pressing 'Y' loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

### **Load Optimized Defaults**

When you press <Enter> on this item, you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N) ? N

Pressing 'Y' loads the default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations.

## **Set Supervisor/User Password**

You can set either supervisor or user password, or both of them. The differences are:

**Supervisor password :** Can enter and change the options of the setup menus.

**User password :** Can only enter but do not have the right to change the options of the setup menus. When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTERPASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORDDISABLED.

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

You determine when the password is required within the BIOS Features Setup Menu and its Security option. If the Security option is set to “System”, the password will be required both at boot and at entry to Setup. If set to “Setup”, prompting only occurs when trying to enter Setup.



### Appendix: USB PC to PC Network Function

#### Overview

USB PC to PC is the best solution for providing the easiest network connection service to you. By connecting multiple PCs through USB PC to PC port, you can build up a local area network without any network adapter. We give this Ethernet emulation environment a name — USB PC to PC. USB PC to PC supports TCP/IP, NetBEUI and IPX protocols. These features make your PCs can share their resources such as files or printers to each other. Further more, USB PC to PC also give you the ability of connecting to your existing Home or Office LAN for network resource or Internet sharing.

#### GeneLink™ LAN Driver Installation Procedure

Before you use the function, you need to install the GeneLink™ LAN Driver to all the PCs connected via USB PC to PC.

##### *Step 1. Install driver*

1. Insert the driver CD and click “USB PC to PC” button to install the driver.
2. The welcome dialog box appears and click Next > button.
3. Choose the destination folder, and click Next > button.
4. Select components that you want to install, then click Next > button.  
(GeneLink™ LAN Driver is used to make all PCs are connected via USB PC to PC port, so it is just for resource sharing; GeneLink™ Software Router can make your PC connect to another existing Home/Office LAN, for network resource or Internet sharing.)
5. The Setup Program will install all necessary components automatically.
6. Setup complete. Then select ‘Yes, I want to restart my computer now’ and click “fInish” button to reboot your computer for updating your driver configuration.

After you complete the installation procedures, you’ll find Setup Program has installed GeneLink™ network driver in your computer. It binds TCP/IP, NetBEUI and IPX protocols to GeneLink™ device

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### *Step 2 – Connect your PCs via the USB PC to PC port*

### *Step 3 - Network Login*

When you restart your computer, you will be prompted for a user name and password to login your network. Please enter an unique name for your PCs.

### *Step 4 – Sharing your resource and Connecting to Internet*

You need to manually share your resources (files, folders, drives and printers) to make them accessible for other computers; For Internet accessing, you must define which computer(That has already been connected to Internet) should install GeneLink™ Software Router; And all clients accessing Internet resources through GeneLink™ USB port should have installed GeneLink™ LAN driver.

#### *Notice:*

- 1. You should use the same network protocol (TCP/IP, NetBEUI or IPX) for connecting GeneLink™ LAN to existing Home/Office LAN*
- 2. If you've already configured your [IPX/SPX] and [Client for Netware Networks] before install GeneLink™ driver, we strongly recommend that you should also install **Software Router** as installing GeneLink™ driver into your system.*

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### Use the USB PC to PC Network Function

#### How to share your files, folders, drives and printers

- a. Go to the file, folder, drive or printer that you want to share.
- b. Right click your mouse pointer on the resource you want to share, you'll see a POP-UP Menu.



- c. Select "Sharing", and you'll see another Pop-Up Menu.



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- d. In “Sharing” tag, select “Share As”.
- e. Enter a name to help others recognize your sharing file or device (optional).
- f. Select “Access Type”. If you select “Depend on Password”, your need to assign an access password for this device.
- g. Click “OK” button.

### **How to check if you have already shared your resource?**

Go to the resource and check if Windows had added a hand on its icon or not. If yes, it means you’ve successfully shared your resource and you can access it through USB PC to PC; if not, you need to repeat “**Sharing your files, folders, drives and printers**” to complete your sharing processes and make your resources available on USB PC to PC.

### **- Connecting to your existing Home or Office LAN**

To connect your USB PC to PC to another existing Home of Office LAN via USB PC to PC USB port, you need to install GeneLink™ Software Router in addition to GeneLink™ LAN driver. GeneLink™ Software Router is responsible for handling all network packets between USB PC to PC and your Home/Office LAN. So only the computer that is physically connected to both LANs needs to install GeneLink™ Software Router (i.e., this computer should install both GeneLink™ LAN and one network adapter for Home/Office LAN). For those computers on USB PC to PC, you only need to follow install procedure on manual to install GeneLink™ LAN driver for them. Following procedures will show you how to install drivers to the computer that will link both PC and your existing Home/Office LAN:

Notice: **if you want to connect your GeneLink™ LAN to your existing Home/Office LAN, you should use the same protocol for these two LANs.**

For example, if your Home/Office LAN uses TCP/IP protocol, you should also use TCP/IP protocol for your GeneLink™ LAN. Otherwise, these two LANs cannot communicate to each other. The Setup Program installs TCP/IP, NetBEUI and IPX protocols for GeneLink™ LAN by default. If your Home/Office LAN uses other protocol, please install the same protocol for those computers within GeneLink™ LAN.

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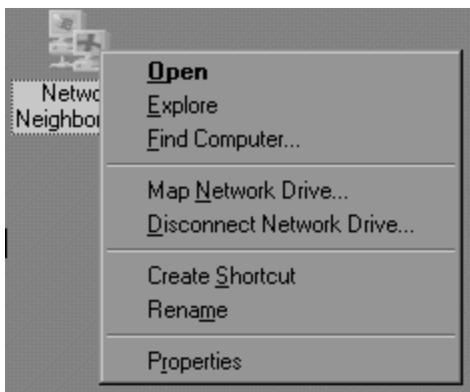
### - Connecting to Internet through USB PC to PC

If you would like to access Internet resources through USB PC to PC, here are something you should notice:

- a. You must define which computer should install GeneLink™ Software Router;
- b. The computer which had installed GeneLink™ Software Router should have already been connected to internet;
- c. All clients which would like to access Internet resources through USB cable should have installed GeneLink™ driver.

Now we need to do some network configurations on the Desktop/Notebook which connect to GeneLink™ Software Router to make your Internet access possible (maybe you need to consult you Network Administrator for doing that):

- a. If your existing HOME/OFFICE network is NOT using DHCP to assign client's IP address, your need to:
  - Move your mouse pointer on Network Neighborhood icon and right click on it. You'll see a pop-up menu.



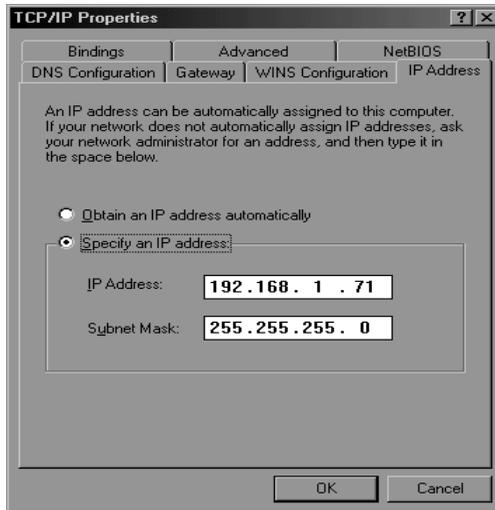
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- Click on “Properties”, you’ll see another menu.



- Choose TCP/IP in Configuration tag, and then press “Properties” button. You’ll see “TCP/IP Properties” menu.

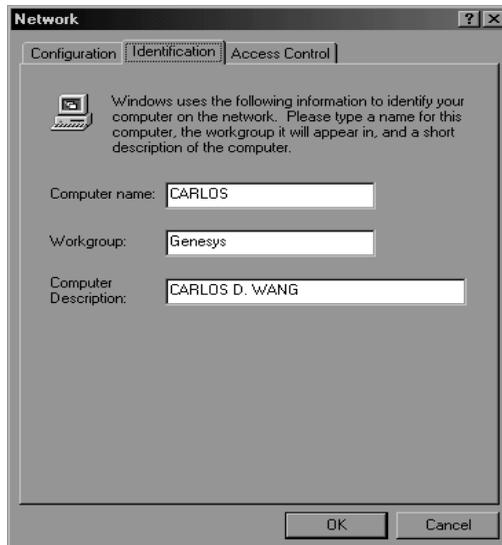


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-Now you need to navigate between “IP Address”, “Gateway”, and “DNS Configuration” tags to specify “IP Address”, “Subnet Mask”, “Gateway” and “DNS Server”. If you don’t know their value, please consult your Network Administrator.

-Press “OK” button to go backward to “Network” pop-up menu. Choose “Identification” tag. Specify a unique name for your computer if it doesn’t have and fill the name of your workgroup. If you are not sure what’s the name of your computer or Workgroup, please consult your Network Administrator.



- Press “OK” to complete your network configuration. Restart your computer and you’ll be ready to connect to Internet.

- b. If your existing HOME/OFFICE network IS using DHCP to assign client’s IP address, your Network Sever will configure your network configuration automatically. So you can skip those procedures described in previous session.

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### **SPECIAL NOTICE for those users who have already installed Network Adapter in their system:**

If you've already configured your [IPX/SPX] and [Client for Netware Networks] before install GeneLink™ driver, we strongly recommend that you should also install **Software Router** when you installing GeneLink™ driver into your system. If you decide not to install **Software Router**, then the OS will not allow two IPX/SPX configurations co-exist in the same system. This will cause GeneLink™ Driver Install Program overwrite your original IPX/SPX configuration and make your original network configuration malfunction.