

Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

The MS-6188 Flex ATX WH11 mainboard is a high-performance computer mainboard based on Intel® 810 chipset. The MS-6188 is designed for the Intel® Celeron™/Coppermine (PPGA) processor for inexpensive business/personal desktop markets.

The Intel® 810 chipset is the first generation Integrated Graphics chipset for the Intel® Celeron™ processor. The graphics accelerator architecture consists of dedicated multi-media engines executing in parallel to deliver high performance 3D, 2D, and motion compensation video capabilities. An integrated centralized memory arbiter allocates memory bandwidth to multiple system agents to optimize system memory utilization. A new chipset component interconnect, the hub interface, is designed into the Intel 810 chipset to provide an efficient communication channel between the memory controller hub and I/O hub controller.

The Intel 810 chipset contains three core components: the Graphics and Memory Controller Hub (GMCH), the I/O Controller Hub (ICH) and the Firmware Hub (FWH). The GMCH integrates a 66/100MHz, P6 family system bus controller, integrates 2D/3D graphics accelerator, 100MHz SDRAM controller and high-speed hub interface for communication with the ICH. The ICH integrates an Ultra ATA66(ICH) controller, USB host controller, LPC interface controller, FWH interface controller, PCI interface controller, AC'97 digital controller and a hub interface for communication with the GMCH.

1.1 Mainboard Features

CPU

- Support Socket370 for Intel® Celeron™/Coppermine processor.
- Support 300MHz, 333MHz, 366MHz, 400MHz, 433MHz, 466MHz or higher

Chipset

- Intel® 810 (GMCH) chipset. (421 BGA)
 - Integrated Graphics Controller
 - Intel DDM+ Architecture
 - SDRAM memory Independent of System Bus
- Intel® ICH chipset. (241 BGA)
 - AC'97 Controller Integrated
 - 2 full IDE channels, up to ATA66
 - Low pin count interface for SIO

Front Side Bus (FSB)

- 66/100MHz clocks are supported.
- 133Hz clocks are supported for 810E.

Main Memory

- Support two 168-pin DIMM sockets.
- Support a maximum memory size of 256MB(64Mbit technology) or 512MB(128Mbit technology) SDRAM.

Slots

- Two 32-bit Master PCI Bus slots.
- Support 3.3v/5v PCI bus Interface.

On-Board IDE

- An IDE controller on the ICH chipset provides IDE HDD/CD-ROM with PIO, Bus Master and Ultra DMA/66 operation modes.
- Can connect up to four IDE devices.

On-Board Peripherals

- On-Board Peripherals include:
 - 1 floppy port supports 2 FDD with 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88Mbytes.
 - 2 serial port (1 rear port + 1 header)
 - 1 parallel port supports SPP/EPP/ECP mode
 - 4 USB ports(2 USB rear ports + 2 USB front headers)
 - 1 IrDA connector for SIR.
 - 1 VGA port
 - 1 PanelLink Connector (optional)

Video

- GMCH chip integrated
- 2D/3D Graphics

Audio

- ICH chip integrated
- AC'97 2.1 Compliant

Network

- Intel 82559 10/100M Ethernet (optional. default setting)
 - WFW baseline & NET PC specs compliant
 - Advanced Power Management (ACPI support)
 - ARP & Flexible frame filtering
 - Software drivers are backwards compatible
 - IP checksumming in hardware

BIOS

- The mainboard BIOS provides “Plug & Play” BIOS which detects the peripheral devices and expansion cards of the board automatically.
- The mainboard provides a Desktop Management Interface(DMI) function which records your mainboard specifications.

Dimension

- Flex ATX Form Factor: 7.5" x 9" inches

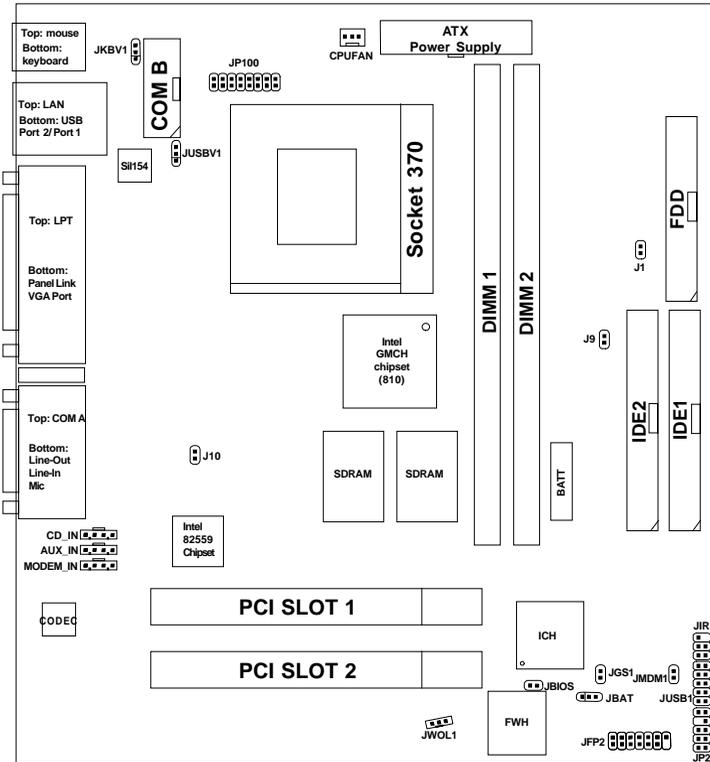
Mounting

- 6 mounting holes.

Warning: According to Intel 810 chipset specification: 810E chipset supports 66/100/133 MHz FSB processor and 810/810DC100 chipset supports 66/ 100 FSB processor. Please do not use 133MHz FSB processor on motherboards which use 810/810DC100 chipset.

Note: To be able to identify the chipset used onboard: During POST (Power on Self Test), you can determine the chipset, which will appear briefly at the bottom left of the POST screen.

1.2 Mainboard Layout



MS-6188 Flex ATX WH11 Mainboard

Chapter 2

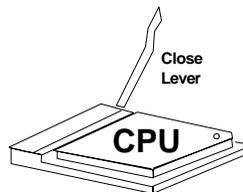
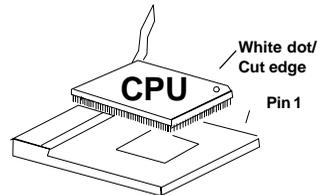
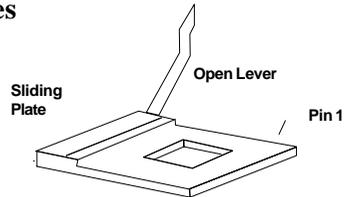
HARDWARE INSTALLATION

2.1 Central Processing Unit: CPU

The mainboard operates with **Intel® Coppermine(FC-PGA) or Celeron™ processor**. The mainboard uses a CPU socket called Socket 370 for easy CPU installation. The CPU should always have a Heat Sink and a cooling fan attached to prevent overheating.

2.1-1 CPU Installation Procedures

1. Pull the lever sideways away from the socket. Then, raise the lever up to a 90-degree angle.
2. Locate Pin 1 in the socket and look for the white dot or cut edge in the CPU. Match Pin 1 with the white dot/cut edge. Then, insert the CPU. It should insert easily.
3. Press the lever down to complete the installation.



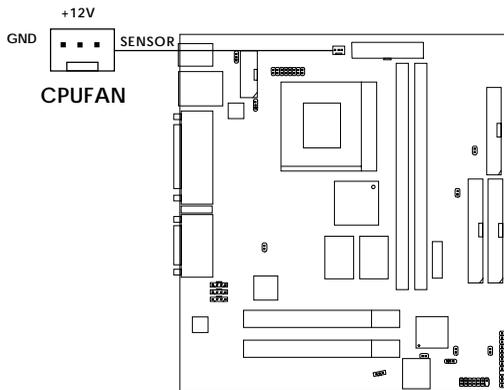
2.1-2 CPU Core Speed Derivation Procedure

The mainboard CPU Bus Frequency can be set through BIOS setup

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| if | <u>CPU Clock</u> | = | 66MHz |
| | <u>Core/Bus ratio</u> | = | 3.5 |
| then | <u>CPU core speed</u> | = | <u>Host Clock</u> x <u>Core/Bus ratio</u> |
| | | = | 66MHz x 3.5 |
| | | = | 233MHz |

2.1-3 Fan Power Connector: CPUFAN

This connector support system cooling fan with + 12V. It supports three pin head connector. When connecting the wire to the connector, always take note that the red wire is the positive and should be connected to the +12V, the black wire is Ground and should be connected to GND. If your mainboard has System Hardware Monitor chipset on-board, you must use a specially designed fan with speed sensor to take advantage of this function.



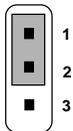
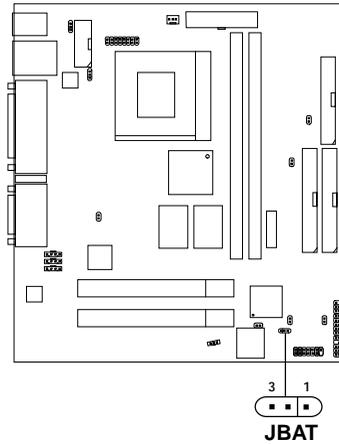
CPUFAN: Processor Fan

For fans with fan speed sensor, every rotation of the fan will send out 2 pulses. System Hardware Monitor will count and report the fan rotation speed.

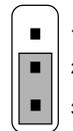
- Note:**
1. Always consult vendor for proper CPU cooling fan.
 2. CPU FAN supports the FAN control. You can install PC Alert utility. This will automatically control the CPU FAN Speed according to the actual CPU temperature.

2.2 Clear CMOS Jumper: JBAT

A battery must be used to retain the mainboard configuration in CMOS RAM. Short 1-2 pins of JBAT to store the CMOS data.



Keep Data



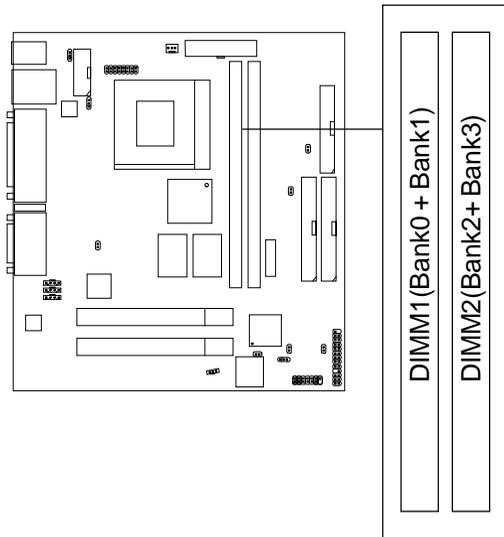
Clear Data

Note: You can clear CMOS by shorting 2-3 pin, while the system is off. Then, return to 1-2 pin position. Avoid clearing the CMOS while the system is on, it will damage the mainboard. Always unplug the power cord from the wall socket.

2.3 Memory Installation

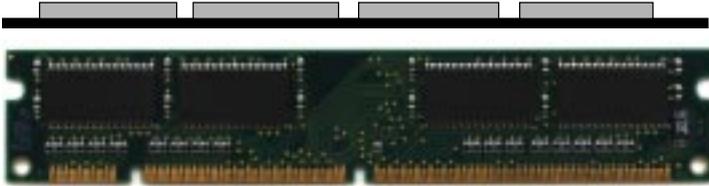
2.3-1 Memory Bank Configuration

The mainboard supports a maximum memory size of 256MB(64-bit technology) or 512MB(128-bit technology for SDRAM: It provides two 168-pin **unbuffered** DIMMs (Double In-Line Memory Module) sockets. It supports 8 MB to 128 Mbytes DIMM memory module.

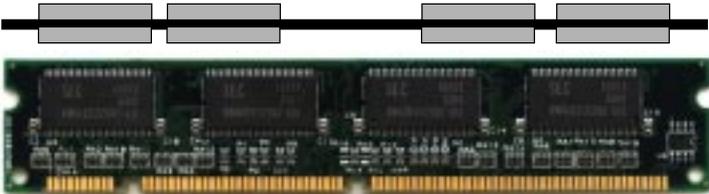


2.3-2 Memory Installation Procedures

A. How to install a DIMM Module

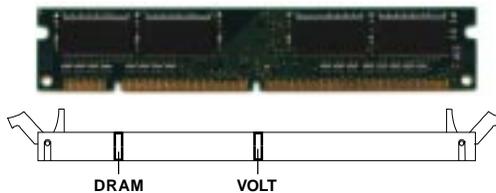


Single Sided DIMM



Double Sided DIMM

1. The DIMM slot has 2 Notch Keys “VOLT and DRAM”, so the DIMM memory module can only fit in one direction.
2. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot. Then push it in.



3. The plastic clip at the side of the DIMM slot will automatically close.

2.3-3 Memory Population Rules

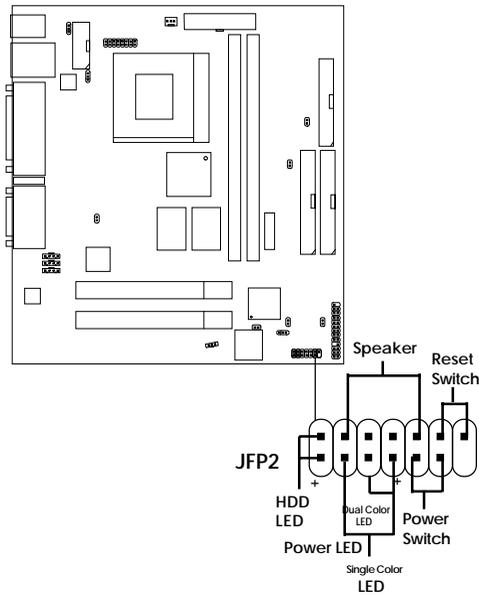
1. Supports only SDRAM DIMM.
2. To operate properly, at least one 168-pin DIMM module must be installed.
3. This mainboard supports Table Free memory, so memory can be installed on DIMM1 or DIMM 2 in any order.
4. Supports 3.3 volt DIMM.
5. The DRAM addressing and the size supported by the mainboard is shown below:

Table 2.3-1 SDRAM Memory Addressing

| DRAM Tech. | DRAM Density & Width | DRAM Addressing | Address Size | | MB/DIMM | |
|------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | Row | Column | Single no. Side(S) pcs. | Double no. Side(D) pcs. |
| 16M | 1Mx16 | ASYM | 11 | 8 | 8MBx4 | 16MBx8 |
| | 2Mx8 | ASYM | 11 | 9 | 16MBx8 | 32MBx16 |
| 64M | 2Mx32 | ASYM | 11 | 9 | 32MBx2 | 64MBx4 |
| | 2Mx32 | ASYM | 12 | 8 | 16MBx2 | 32MBx4 |
| | 4Mx16 | ASYM | 11 | 10 | 32MB | 64MB |
| | 4Mx16 | ASYM | 13 | 8 | 32MB | 64MB |
| | 8Mx8 | ASYM | 13 | 9 | 64MB | 128MB |
| 64M | 2Mx32 | ASYM | 11 | 8 | 16MB | 32MB |
| | 4Mx16 | ASYM | 12 | 8 | --- | --- |
| | 8Mx8 | ASYM | 12 | 9 | --- | --- |

2.4 Case Connector: JFP2

The Power Switch, Reset Switch, Power LED, Speaker, and HDD LED are all connected to the JFP2 connector block.



2.4-1 Power Switch

Connect to a 2-pin push button switch. This switch has the same feature with JRMS1.

2.4-2 Reset Switch

Reset switch is used to reboot the system rather than turning the power ON/OFF. Avoid rebooting while the HDD LED is lit. You can connect the Reset switch from the system case to this pin.

2.4-3 Power LED

The Power LED is lit while the system power is on. Connect the Power LED from the system case to this pin. There are two types of LED that you can use: 3-pin single color LED or 2-pin dual color LED(ACPI request).

- a. 3 pin single color LED connect to pin 4, 5, & 6. This LED will lit when the system is on.
- b. 2 pin dual color LED connect to pin 5 & 6.
 - GREEN**Color: Indicate the system is in full on mode.
 - ORANGE**Color: Indicate the system is in suspend mode.

2.4-4 Speaker

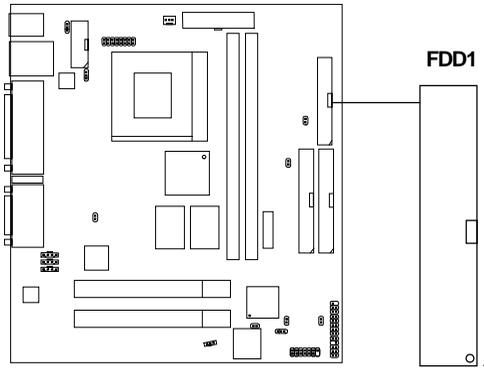
Speaker from the system case is connected to this pin.

2.4-5 HDD LED

HDD LED shows the activity of a hard disk drive. Avoid turning the power off while the HDD led is lit. You can connect the HDD LED from the system case to this pin.

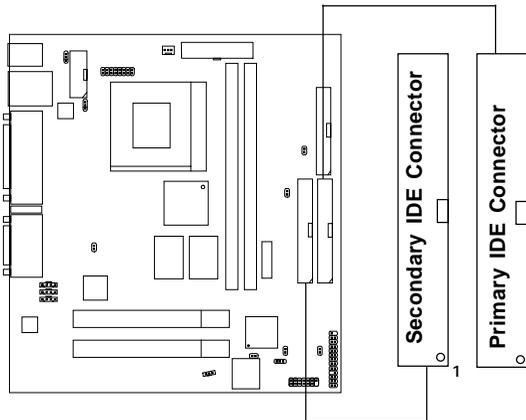
2.5 Floppy Disk Connector: FDD1

The mainboard also provides a standard floppy disk connector FDD1 that supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M floppy disk types. This connector supports the provided floppy drive ribbon cables.



2.6 Hard Disk Connectors: IDE1 & IDE2

The mainboard has a 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE and Ultra DMA/66 (ICH)/ Ultra DMA/33(ICH0) Controller that provides PIO mode 0~4, Bus Master, and Ultra DMA/33 function. It has two HDD connectors IDE1 (primary) and IDE2 (secondary). You can connect up to four hard disk drives, CD-ROM, 120MB Floppy (reserved for future BIOS) and other devices to IDE1 and IDE2. These connectors support the provided IDE hard disk cable.



IDE1(Primary IDE Connector)

The first hard drive should always be connected to IDE1. IDE1 can connect a Master and a Slave drive. You must configure second hard drive to Slave mode by setting the jumper accordingly.

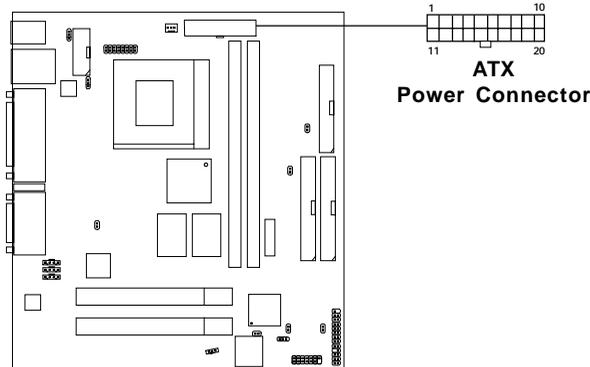
IDE2(Secondary IDE Connector)

IDE2 can also connect a Master and a Slave drive.

2.7 Power Supply

2.7-1 ATX 20-pin Power Connector: JWR1

This connector supports the power button on-board. Using the ATX power supply, functions such as Modem Ring Wake-Up and Soft Power Off are supported by this mainboard. This power connector supports instant power on function which means that system will boot up instantly when the power connector is inserted on the board. Because the mainboard supports an onboard LAN, it is recommended that you use a power supply with 1 Amp (5V Stand-by) or above.



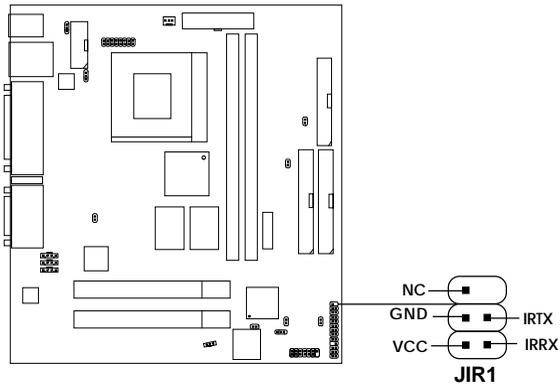
PIN DEFINITION

| PIN | SIGNAL | PIN | SIGNAL |
|-----|--------|-----|--------|
| 1 | 3.3V | 11 | 3.3V |
| 2 | 3.3V | 12 | -12V |
| 3 | GND | 13 | GND |
| 4 | 5V | 14 | PS_ON |
| 5 | GND | 15 | GND |
| 6 | 5V | 16 | GND |
| 7 | GND | 17 | GND |
| 8 | PW_OK | 18 | -5V |
| 9 | 5V_SB | 19 | 5V |
| 10 | 12V | 20 | 5V |

Warning: Since the mainboard has the instant power on function, make sure that all components are installed properly before inserting the power connector to ensure that no damage will be done.

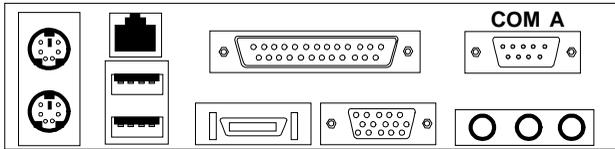
2.8 IrDA Infrared Module Connector: JIR1

The mainboard provides one infrared (JIR1) connector for IR modules. This connector is for optional wireless transmitting and receiving infrared module. You must configure the setting through the BIOS setup to use the IR function.



2.9 Serial Port Connectors: COM A and COM B

The mainboard has a 9-pin male DIN connector for serial port COM A. This port is a 16550A high speed communication port that send/receive 16 bytes FIFOs. You can attach a mouse or a modem cable directly into this connector.

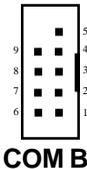


Serial Port (9-pin Male)

PIN DEFINITION

| PIN | SIGNAL |
|-----|---|
| 1 | DCD (Data Carry Detect) |
| 2 | SIN (Serial In or Receive Data) |
| 3 | SOUT (Serial Out or Transmit Data) |
| 4 | DTR (Data Terminal Ready) |
| 5 | GND |
| 6 | DSR (Data Set Ready) |
| 7 | RTS (Request To Send) |
| 8 | CTS (Clear To Send) |
| 9 | RI (Ring Indicate) |

Note:



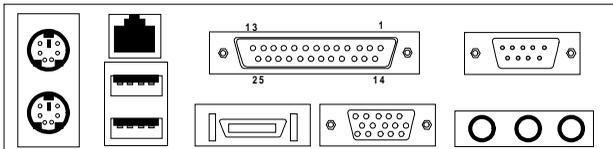
There's another serial port connector (COM B), which is located on the mainboard. Connect a serial port 9 pin male port into this connector.

2.10 Parallel Port Connector: LPT1

The mainboard provides a 25 pin female centronic connector for LPT. A parallel port is a standard printer port that also supports Enhanced Parallel Port(EPP) and Extended capabilities Parallel Port(ECP). See connector and pin definition below:

Parallel Port (25-pin Female)

LPT 1

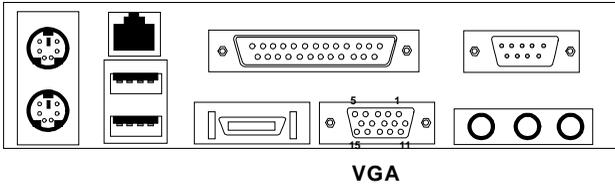


PIN DEFINITION

| PIN | SIGNAL | PIN | SIGNAL |
|------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| 1 | STROBE | 14 | AUTO FEED# |
| 2 | DATA0 | 15 | ERR# |
| 3 | DATA1 | 16 | INIT# |
| 4 | DATA2 | 17 | SLIN# |
| 5 | DATA3 | 18 | GND |
| 6 | DATA4 | 19 | GND |
| 7 | DATA5 | 20 | GND |
| 8 | DATA6 | 21 | GND |
| 9 | DATA7 | 22 | GND |
| 10 | ACK# | 23 | GND |
| 11 | BUSY | 24 | GND |
| 12 | PE | 25 | GND |
| 13 | SELECT | | |

2.11 VGA DB 15 Pin Connector

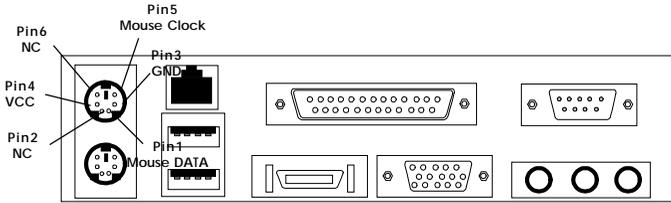
The mainboard provides a DB 15-pin connector to connect to a VGA monitor.



| Analog Video Display Connector(DB15-S) | |
|---|---------------------------|
| Pin | Signal Description |
| 1 | Red |
| 2 | Green |
| 3 | Blue |
| 4 | Not used |
| 5 | Ground |
| 6 | Ground |
| 7 | Ground |
| 8 | Ground |
| 9 | Not used |
| 10 | Ground |
| 11 | Not used |
| 12 | SDA |
| 13 | Horizontal Sync |
| 14 | Vertical Sync |
| 15 | SCL |

2.12 Mouse Connector: JKBSM1

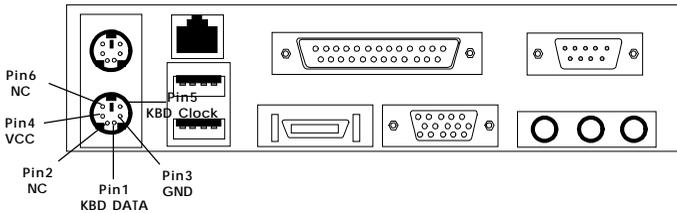
The mainboard provides a standard PS/2[®] mouse mini DIN connector for attaching a PS/2[®] mouse. You can plug a PS/2[®] mouse directly into this connector. The connector location and pin definition are shown below:



PS/2 Mouse (6-pin Female)

2.13 Keyboard Connector: JKBSM1

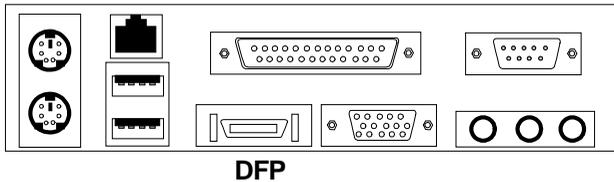
The mainboard provides a standard PS/2[®] keyboard mini DIN connector for attaching a keyboard. You can plug a keyboard cable directly to this connector.



PS/2 Keyboard (6-pin Female)

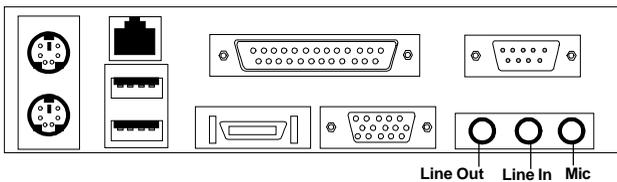
2.14 DFP Connector (optional)

The mainboard provides a 20-pin connector for DFP(Digital Flat Panel) Monitors.



2.15 Audio Port Connectors

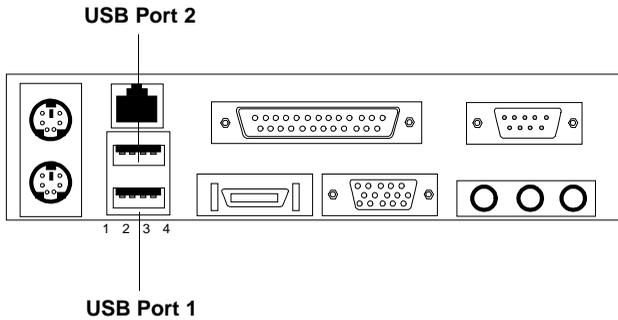
Line Out is a connector for Speakers or Headphones. **Line In** is used for external CD player, Tape layer, or other audio devices. **Mic** is a connector for the microphones.



1/8" Stereo Audio Connectors

2.16 USB Connectors

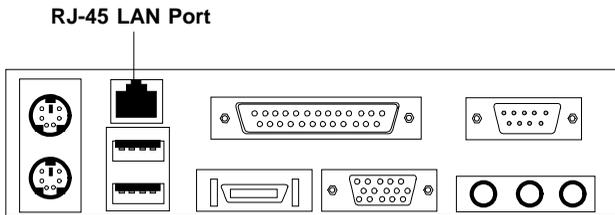
The mainboard provides a **UHCI(Universal Host Controller Interface) Universal Serial Bus root** for attaching USB devices like: keyboard, mouse and other USB devices. You can plug the USB device directly to this connector.



| PIN | SIGNAL |
|-----|--------|
| 1 | VCC |
| 2 | -Data |
| 3 | +Data |
| 4 | GND |

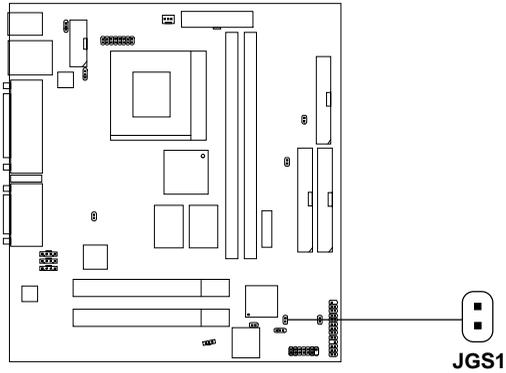
2.17 LAN Connector (optional, default setting)

The mainboard provides a **RJ-45** LAN connector for your Network need.



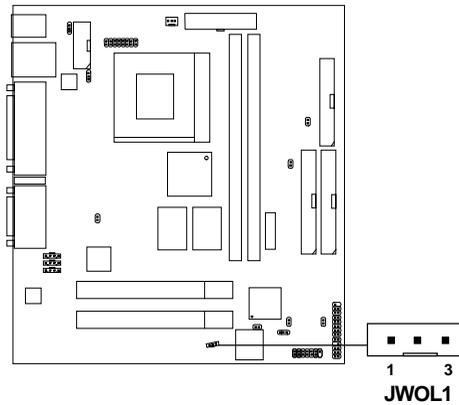
2.18 Power Saving Switch Connector: JGS1

Attach a power saving switch to **JGS1**. When the switch is pressed, the system immediately goes into suspend mode. Press any key and the system wakes up.



2.19 Wake-Up on LAN Connector: JWOL1

The JWOL1 connector is for use with LAN add-on cards that supports Wake Up on LAN function. To use this function, you need to set the “Wake-Up on LAN” to enable at the BIOS Power Management Setup.



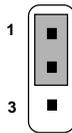
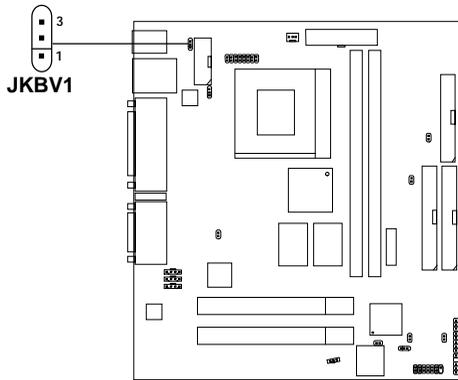
| PIN | SIGNAL |
|-----|-----------|
| 1 | 5VSB |
| 2 | GND |
| 3 | MP_WAKEUP |

Note: LAN wake-up signal is active “high”.

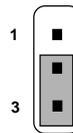
Note: To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature. (Power supply with 750ma 5V Stand-by)

2.20 Keyboard Power: JKBV1

The JKBV1 jumper is for setting keyboard power. This function should be set in the BIOS for the keyboard Wake-up function.



5V Standby
Enable keyboard
power on function

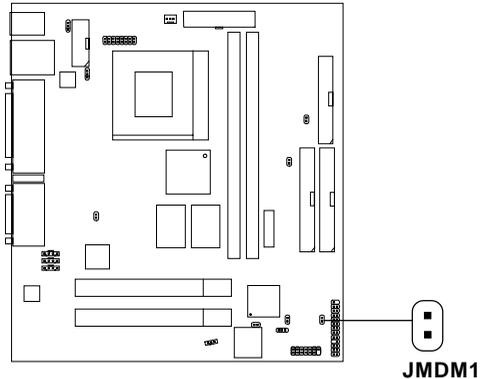


5V (default)
Disable keyboard
power on function

Note: To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature. (Power supply with 750mA 5V Stand-by)

2.21 Modem Wake Up Connector: JMDM1

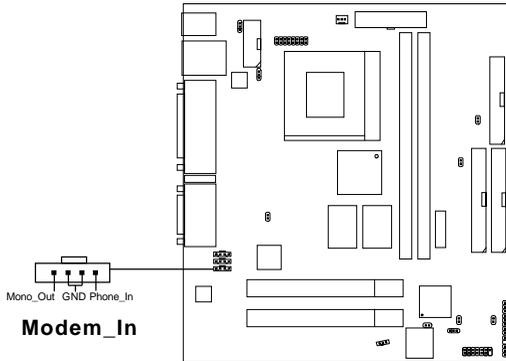
The JMDM1 connector is for used with Modem add-on card that supports the Modem Wake Up function.



Note: To be able to use this function, you need a power supply that provide enough power for this feature. (Power supply with 750ma 5V Stand-by)

2.2.2 Modem-In: J7

The connector is for Modem with internal voice connector.

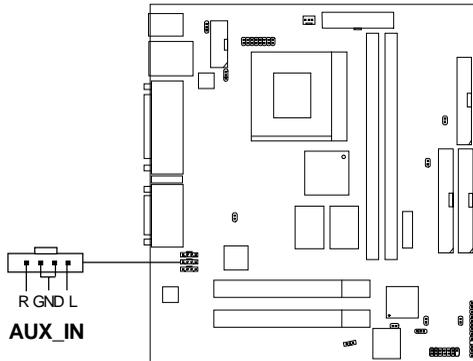


Mono_Out is connected to the Modem Speaker Out connector.

Phone_In is connected to the Modem Microphone In connector.

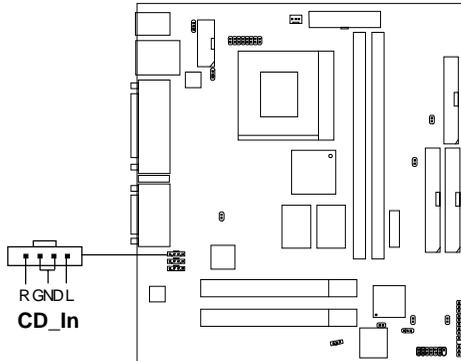
2.23 AUX Line In Connector: J6

This connector is used for DVD Add on Card with Line In connector.



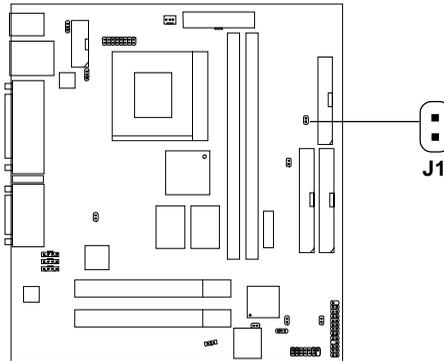
2.24 CD-In Connector: J5

This connector is for CD-ROM audio connector.



2.25 Chassis Intrusion Switch Case: J1

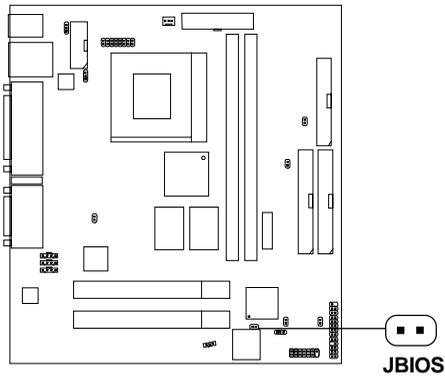
This connector is connected to a 2-pin connector chassis switch. If the Chassis is open, the switch will be open. The system will record this status. To clear the warning, you must enter the BIOS setting and clear the status.



- NOTE:**
1. 6188E - Jumper J1 is a default setting.
 2. 6188M- Does not support jumper J1.

2.26 BIOS Flash Jumper: JBIOS

This jumper is used to locked/unlocked BIOS Flash. This Jumper should be unlocked when flashing/programming the BIOS.



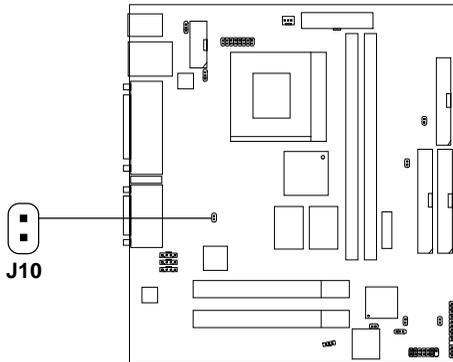
**BIOS Flash
Locked**



**BIOS Flash
Unlocked**

2.27 Onboard LAN Power 3VSB Enabled/ Disabled Jumper: J10

This jumper is used to Enabled/Disabled the onboard LAN power 3VSB



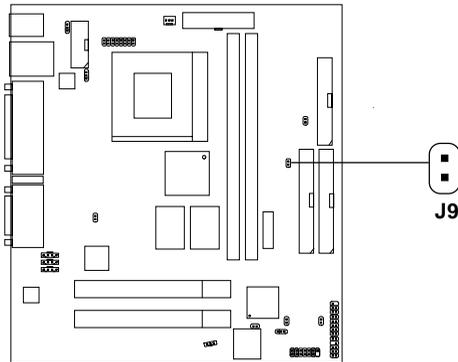
Enabled



Disabled

2.28 DIMM Power 3VSB Enabled/Disabled: J9

This jumper is used to Enabled/Disabled the DIMM power 3VSB. If your OS uses S3 function, short this jumper.



Enabled

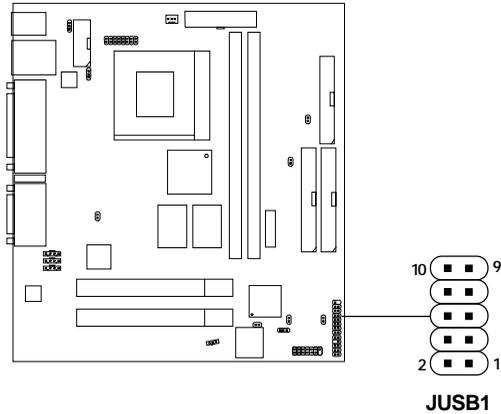


Disabled

NOTE: 6188M doesn't support S3 function.

2.29 USB Front Connector: JUSB1

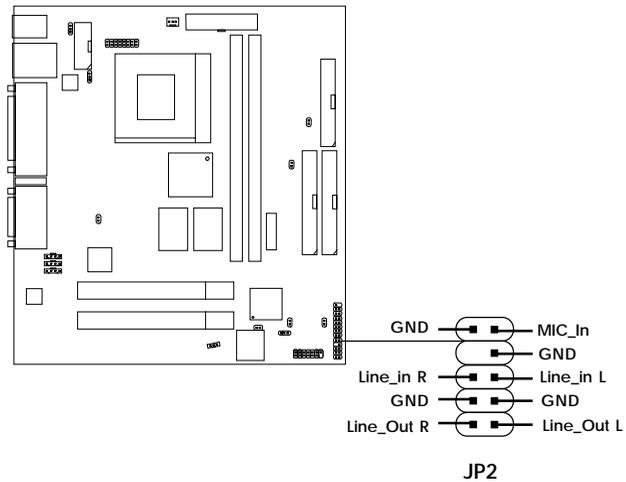
The mainboard provides a **front Universal Serial Bus connector**. This is an optional USB connector for Front Panel.



| Pin | Description | Pin | Description |
|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|
| 1 | VCC | 6 | USB2+ |
| 2 | GND | 7 | GND |
| 3 | USB3- | 8 | USB2- |
| 4 | GND | 9 | GND |
| 5 | USB3+ | 10 | VCC |

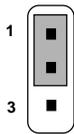
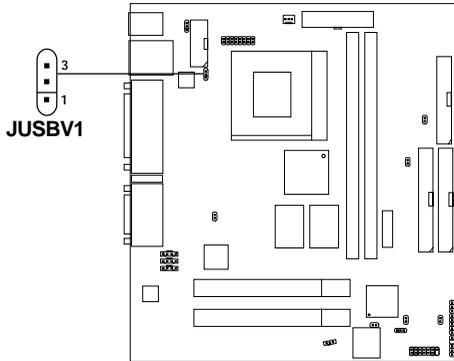
2.30 Front Panel Audio Connector: JP2

The mainboard provides a **Front Panel Audio connector**. This is an optional Audio connector for Front Panel.

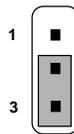


2.31 USB Power: JUSBV1

This jumper is used for setting the rear port power.



5V Standby

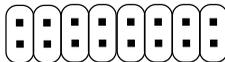
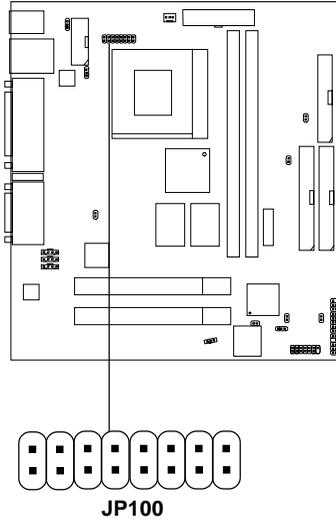


5V (default)

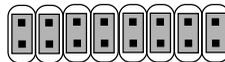
Note: If your OS supports S3 function and you use USB device. The JUSBV1 must be set on 1-2 and the USB device must be inserted on USB Port 1. Otherwise, the system will not be able to enter S3 mode.

2.31 Coppermine CPU: JP100

The JP100 is use to support Coppermine CPU.



Celeron CPU



Coppermine CPU

Chapter 3

AWARD® BIOS SETUP

Award® BIOS ROM has a built-in Setup program that allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This type of information is stored in battery-backed RAM (CMOS RAM), so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

3.1 Entering Setup

Power on the computer and press immediately to allow you to enter Setup. The other way to enter Setup is to power on the computer. When the below message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the POST (Power On Self Test), press key or simultaneously press <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Esc> keys.

TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT, PRESS <CTRL-ALT-ESC>
OR KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the “RESET” button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message will be displayed and you will again be asked to,

PRESS <F1> TO CONTINUE, <CTRL-ALT-ESC>
OR TO ENTER SETUP

3.2 Getting Help

Main Menu

The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Status Page Setup Menu/Option Page Setup Menu

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window, press <Esc>.

Advanced Chipset Features

Use this menu to change the values in the chipset registers and optimize your system's performance.

Integrated Peripherals

Use this menu to specify your settings for integrated peripherals.

Power Management Setup

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

PnP/PCI Configuration

This entry appears if your system supports PnP/PCI.

PC Health Status (Optional)

This entry shows your PC health status.

Frequency/Voltage Control

Use this menu to specify your settings for frequency/voltage control.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values for the minimal/stable performance for your system to operate.

Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu to load the BIOS default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations.

Supervisor/User Password

Use this menu to set User and Supervisor Passwords.

Save & Exit Setup

Save CMOS value changes to CMOS and exit setup.

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

3.4 Standard CMOS Setup

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into 10 categories. Each category includes no, one or more than one setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-1999 Award Software
Standard CMOS Setup

| | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------|
| Date(mm:dd:yy): | Fri, Feb 28,1999 | Item Help |
| Time(hh:mm:ss): | 00:00:00 | |
| IDE Primary Master | Press Enter 2557MB | Menu Level > |
| IDE Primary Slave | Press Enter None | |
| IDE Secondary Master | Press Enter None | |
| IDE Secondary Slave | Press Enter None | |
| Drive A | 1.44M, 3.5in. | |
| Drive B | None | |
| Video | EGA/VGA | |
| Halt On | All Errors | |
| Based Memory | 640K | |
| Extended Memory | 64512K | |
| Total Memory | 65536K | |
| ↑↓ →← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults | | |

Date

The date format is <day><month> <date> <year>.

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Day | Day of the week, from Sun to Sat, determined by BIOS. Read-only. |
| month | The month from Jan. through Dec. |
| date | The date from 1 to 31 can be keyed by numeric function keys. |
| year | The year, depends on the year of the BIOS |

Time

The time format is <hour> <minute> <second>.

PrimaryMaster/PrimarySlave**SecondaryMaster/Secondary Slave**

Press PgUp/<+> or PgDn/<-> to select Manual, None, Auto type.

Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category. If your hard disk drive type is not matched or listed, you can use Manual to define your own drive type manually.

If you select Manual, related information is asked to be entered to the following items. Enter the information directly from the keyboard. This information should be provided in the documentation from your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

If the controller of HDD interface is SCSI, the selection shall be
“None”.

If the controller of HDD interface is CD-ROM, the selection shall be
“None”.

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Access Mode | The settings are Auto, Normal, Large,LBA. |
| Cylinder | number of cylinders |
| Head | number of heads |
| Precomp | write precom |
| Landing Zone | landing zone |
| Sector | number of sectors |

3.5 Advanced BIOS Features

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-1999 Award Software
Advanced BIOS Features

| | | |
|---|----------|--------------|
| Anti-Virus Protection | Disabled | Item Help |
| CPU Internal Cache | Enabled | |
| External Cache | Enabled | Menu Level > |
| CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking | Enabled | |
| Quick Power On Self Test | Disabled | |
| First Boot device | Floppy | |
| Second Boot device | HDD-0 | |
| Third Boot device | LS/Zip | |
| Boot other device | Enabled | |
| Swap Floppy Drive | Disabled | |
| Boot Up Floppy Seek | Disabled | |
| Boot Up Numlock Status | Off | |
| Gate A20 Option | Fast | |
| Typematic Rate Setting | Disabled | |
| Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec) | 6 | |
| Typematic Delay (Msec) | 250 | |
| Security Option | Setup | |
| OS Select for DRAM > 64MB | Non-OS2 | |
| Report No FDD for Win 95 | No | |
| ↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults | | |

Anti-Virus Protection

Allows you to choose the VIRUS Warning feature for IDE Hard Disk boot sector protection. If this function is enabled and someone attempt to write data into this area, BIOS will show a warning message on screen and alarm beep.

- Disable**(default) No warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.
- Enable** Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector of hard disk partition table.

CPU Internal Cache

The default value is Enabled.

Enabled (default) Enable cache

Disabled Disable cache

Note: The internal cache is built in the processor.

External Cache

Choose Enabled or Disabled. This option enables the level 2 cache memory.

CPU L2 Cache ECC Checking

Choose Enabled or Disabled. This option enables the level 2 cache memory ECC(error check correction).

Quick Power On Self Test

This category speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power on the computer. If this is set to Enabled, BIOS will shorten or skip some check items during POST.

Enabled Enable quick POST

Disabled (default) Normal POST

First/Second/Third/Other Boot Device

The BIOS attempts to load the operating system from the devices in the sequence selected in these items. The settings are Floppy, LS/ZIP, HDD-0/HDD-1/HDD-2/HDD-3, SCSI, CDROM, LAN, and Disabled.

Swap Floppy Drive

Switches the floppy disk drives between being designated as A and B. Default is Disabled.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

During POST, BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360K type is 40 tracks while 760K, 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80 tracks.

Boot Up NumLock Status

The default value is On.

On (default) Keypad is numeric keys.

Off Keypad is arrow keys.

Gate A20 Option

Normal The A20 signal is controlled by keyboard controller or chipset hardware.

Fast(default) The A20 signal is controlled by port 92 or chipset specific method.

Typematic Rate Setting

Key strokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller. When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected. The settings are: Enabled/Disabled.

Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)

Sets the number of times a second to repeat a key stroke when you hold the key down. The settings are: 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, 30.

Typematic Delay (Msec)

Sets the delay time after the key is held down before it begins to repeat the keystroke. The settings are: 250, 500, 750, 1000.

Security Option

This category allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

System The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

Setup(default)The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

OS Selection for DRAM > 64MB

Allows OS2® to be used with > 64 MB of DRAM. Settings are Non-OS/2 (default) and OS2. Set to OS/2 if using more than 64MB and running OS/2®.

Report No FDD For Win 95

Whether report no FDD for Win 95 or not. The settings are: Yes, No.

3.6 Advanced Chipset Features

The Advanced Chipset Features Setup option is used to change the values of the chipset registers. These registers control most of the system options in the computer.

Choose the “ADVANCED CHIPSET FEATURES” from the Main Menu and the following screen will appear.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-1999 Award Software
Advanced Chipset Features

| | | |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| SDRAM CAS Latency Time | Auto | Item Help |
| SDRAM Cycle Time Tras/Trc | 6/8 | |
| SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay | 1 | Menu Level > |
| SDRAM RAS Precharge Time | 3 | |
| System BIOS Cacheable | Disabled | |
| Video BIOS Cacheable | Disabled | |
| Memory Hole at 15M-16M | Disabled | |
| CPU Latency Timer | Disabled | |
| Delayed Transaction | Enabled | |
| On-Chip Video | Enabled | |
| Local Memory Frequency | 100MHz | |
| *Onboard Display Cache Setting* | | |
| Initial Display Cache | Enable | |
| CAS# Latency | 3 | |
| Paging Mode Control | Open | |
| RAS-to-CAS Override | by CAS#LT | |
| RAS# Timing | Fast | |
| RAS# Precharge Timing | Fast | |
| ↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults | | |

Note: Change these settings only if you are familiar with the chipset.

SDRAM CAS latency Time

When synchronous DRAM is installed, the number of clock cycles of CAS latency depends on the DRAM timing.

SDRAM Cycle Time *Tras*/*Trc*

Select the number of SCLKs for an access cycle. The settings are: 5/7 and 6/8.

SDRAM RAS-to-CAS Delay

This field lets you insert a timing delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals, used when DRAM is written to, read from, or refreshed. *Fast* gives faster performance; and *Slow* gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system. The settings are: 2 and 3.

SDRAM RAS Precharge Time

If an insufficient number of cycles is allowed for the RAS to accumulate its charge before DRAM refresh, the refresh may be incomplete and the DRAM may fail to retain data. *Fast* gives faster performance; and *Slow* gives more stable performance. This field applies only when synchronous DRAM is installed in the system. The settings are: 2 and 3.

System BIOS Cacheable

Selecting *Enabled* allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

Video BIOS Cacheable

Select Enabled allows caching of the video BIOS , resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

Memory Hole At 15M-16M

You can reserve this area of system memory for ISA adapter ROM. When this area is reserved, it cannot be cached. The user information of peripherals that need to use this area of system memory usually discusses their memory requirements. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

CPU Latency Timer

During Enabled, A deferrable CPU cycle will only be Deferred after it has been in a Snoop Stall for 31 clocks and another ADS# has arrived. During Disabled, A deferrable CPU cycle will be Deferred immediately after the GMCH receives another ADS#.

Delayed Transaction

The chipset has an embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. Select *Enabled* to support compliance with PCI specification version 2.1. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

On-Chip Video

This option enabled/disabled the on-chip video window size for VGA driver use. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

Local Memory Frequency (For Intel 810E chipset only)

Select the Onboard Display Cache frequency. The settings are: 133MHz or 100MHz.

Onboard Display Cache Setting (optional)

Initial Display Cache

Enable and Disable Onboard Display Cache. The settings are: Enable and Disable.

CAS# Latency

The number of clock cycles of CAS# Latency depends on the Onboard Display cache timing. The settings are: 2 and 3.

Paging Mode Control

Select the paging mode control. The settings are: Open and Close.

RAS-to-CAS Override

This item allows you to insert a timing delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals, used when Onboard display cache is written to, read from, or refreshed. During by CAS# LT, this will depend on the Onboard Display Cache CAS# Latency setting. During Override (2), RAS-to-CAS time=2.

RAS# Timing

This option controls RAS# active to Precharge, and refresh to RAS# active delay (in local memory clocks).

Slow RAS# to precharge (t_{RAS})=7, refresh to RAS# act (t_{RC}) = 10

Fast RAS# to precharge (t_{RAS})=5, refresh to RAS# act (t_{RC}) = 8

RAS# Precharge Timing

This item controls RAS# precharge (in local memory clocks)

Slow RAS# Precharge Time=3

Fast RAS# Precharge Time=2

3.7 Integrated Peripherals

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-1999 Award Software
Integrated Peripherals

| | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|
| OnChip Primary PCI IDE | Enabled | Item Help |
| OnChip Secondary PCI IDE | Enabled | |
| IDE Primary Master PIO | Auto | Menu Level > |
| IDE Primary Slave PIO | Auto | |
| IDE Secondary Master PIO | Auto | |
| IDE Secondary Slave PIO | Auto | |
| IDE Primary Master UDMA | Auto | |
| IDE Primary Slave UDMA | Auto | |
| IDE Secondary Master UDMA | Auto | |
| IDE Secondary Slave UDMA | Auto | |
| USB Controller | Enabled | |
| USB Keyboard Support | Enabled | |
| Init Display First | PCI Slot | |
| AC97 Audio | Auto | |
| IDE HDD Block Mode | Enabled | |
| Power On Function | Button Only | |
| KB Power On Password | Enter | |
| Hot Key Power On | Ctrl-F1 | |
| Onboard FDC Controller | Enabled | |
| Onboard Serial Port 1 | 3F8/IRQ4 | |
| Onboard Serial Port 2 | 2F8/IRQ3 | |
| ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults | | |
| UART Mode Select | Normal | |
| RxD, TxD Active | Hi, Lo | |
| IR Transmission Delay | Enabled | |
| UR2 Duplex Mode | Half | |
| USE IR Pins | IR-Rx2Tx2 | |
| Onboard Parallel Port | 378/IRQ7 | |
| Parallel Port Mode | SPP | |
| EPP Mode Select | EPP 1.7 | |
| ECP Mode use UDMA | 3 | |
| PWRON After PWR-Fail | Off | |
| Power Status LED | Blinking | |

OnChip Primary/Secondary PCI IDE

The integrated peripheral controller contains an IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select *Enabled* to activate each channel separately. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO

The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device. The settings are: Auto, Mode 0, Mode 1, Mode 2, Mode 3, Mode 4.

IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA

Ultra DMA/33 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA/33 and Ultra DMA/66, select Auto to enable BIOS support. The settings are: Auto, Disabled.

USB Controller

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have USB peripherals. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

USB Keyboard Support

Select *Enabled* if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have a USB keyboard. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

Init Display First

This item allows you to decide to activate whether PCI Slot or on-chip VGA first. The settings are: PCI Slot, Onboard.

AC97 Audio

This item allows you to decide to enable/disable the 810 chipset family to support AC97 Audio. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

IDE HDD Block Mode

Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read/write. If your IDE hard drive supports block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support. The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

Power On Function

This function allows you to select the item to power on the system. The settings are : Button Only, Mouse Left, Mouse Right, Password, Hotkey, keyboard 98.

Onboard FDC Controller

Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDD) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install add-on FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

Onboard Serial Port 1/Port 2

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial ports. The settings are: 3F8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, Disabled, Auto.

UART Mode Select

This item allows you to determine which InfraRed(IR) function of the onboard I/O chip, this functions uses.

Onboard Parallel Port

Disabled
(3BCH/IRQ7)/
(278H/IRQ5)/
(378H/IRQ7)

There is a built-in parallel port on the on-board Super I/O chipset that provides Standard, ECP, and EPP features. It has the following options:

Disable
3BCH/IRQ7 Line Printer port 0
278H/IRQ5 Line Printer port 2
378H/IRQ7 Line Printer port 1

Onboard Parallel Mode

SPP : Standard Parallel Port
EPP : Enhanced Parallel Port
ECP : Extended Capability Port

**SPP/EPP/ECP/
ECP+EPP**

To operate the onboard parallel port as Standard Parallel Port only, choose "SPP." To operate the onboard parallel port in the EPP modes simultaneously, choose "EPP." By choosing "ECP", the onboard parallel port will operate in ECP mode only. Choosing "ECP + EPP" will allow the onboard parallel port to support both the ECP and EPP modes simultaneously. The ECP mode has to use the DMA channel, so choose the onboard parallel port with the ECP feature. After selecting it, the following message will appear: "ECP Mode Use DMA" At this time, the user can choose between DMA

channels 3 or 1. The onboard parallel port is EPP Spec. compliant, so after the user chooses the onboard parallel port with the EPP function, the following message will be displayed on the screen: "EPP Mode Select." At this time either EPP 1.7 spec. or EPP 1.9 spec. can be chosen.

PWRON After PWR-FAIL

This option will determine how the system will power on after a power failure.

Power Status LED

This item determines which state the Power LED will use. The settings are Blinking, Dual, and Single. During blinking, the power LED will blink when the system enters the suspend mode. When the mode is in Dual, the power LED will change its color. Choose the single and the power LED will always remain lit.

3.8 Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup allows you to configure you system to most effectively save energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-1999 Award Software
Power Management Setup

| | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|
| IPCA Function | Enabled | Item Help |
| ACPI Suspend Type | S1(POS) | |
| Power Management | User Define | Menu Level > |
| Video Off Method | DPMS | |
| Video Off In Suspend | Yes | |
| Suspend Type | Stop Grant | |
| Modem Use IRQ | 3 | |
| Suspend Mode | Disabled | |
| HDD Power Down | Disabled | |
| Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN | Instant-Off | |
| Wake-Up by PCI Card | Disabled | |
| Power On by Ring | Enabled | |
| Wake-Up on LAN | Enabled | |
| CPU Thermal-Throtting | 50.0% | |
| Resume By Alarm | Disabled | |
| Date(of Month) Alarm | 0 | |
| Date(hh:mm:ss) | 0 0 0 | |
| **Reload Global Timer Events** | | |
| Primary IDE 0 | Disabled | |
| Primary IDE 1 | Disabled | |
| Secondary IDE 0 | Disabled | |
| Secondary IDE 1 | Disabled | |
| FDD, COM, LPT Port | Disabled | |
| PCI PIRQ[A-D]# | Disabled | |
| ↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD=Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults | | |

IPCA Function

This item allows you to enable/disable the Advanced Configuration and Power Management. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled.

ACPI Suspend Type

This item will set which ACPI suspend type will be used.

S1 (POS)

The S1 sleeping state is low wake-up latency sleeping state. In this state, no system context is lost (CPU or chip set) and hardware maintains all system context.

S3 (STR)

The S3 state is a low wake-up latency sleeping state where all system context is lost except system memory. CPU, cache, and chipset context are lost in this state. Hardware maintains memory context and restores some CPU and L2 configuration context.

Power Management

This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and is directly related to the following modes:

1. Suspend Mode
2. HDD Power Down

There are three selections for Power Management, two of which have fixed mode settings.

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Min. Power Saving | Minimum power management. Suspend Mode = 1 hr., and HDD Power Down = 15 min. |
| Max. Power Saving | Maximum power management — Suspend Mode = 1 min., and HDD Power Down = 1 min. |
| User Defined (default) | Allows you to set each mode individually. When not disabled, each of the ranges are from 1 min. to 1 hr. except for HDD Power Down which ranges from 1 min. to 15 min. and disable. |

Video Off Method

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| V/HSYNC+Blank | This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer. |
| Blank Screen | This option only writes blanks to the video buffer. |
| DPMS (default) | Initial display power management signaling. |

Video Off In Suspend

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.
The settings are: Yes and No.

Suspend Type

Select the Suspend Type. The settings are: PWRON Suspend, Stop Grant.

Modem Use IRQ

This determines the IRQ in which the MODEM can use.
The settings are: 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, NA.

Suspend Mode

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off. The settings are: 1/2/4/8/12/20/30/40 Min, 1 Hour, and Disabled.

HDD Power Down

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active.
The settings are: 1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/10/11/12/13/14/15Min and Disabled.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Pressing the power button for more than 4 seconds forces the system to enter the Soft-Off state. The settings are: Delay 4 Sec, Instant-Off.

Wake-Up by PCI Card

This will enable the system to wake up through PCI Card peripheral.
The settings are : Enabled and Disabled.

Note: Onboard LAN also used this method.

Power On by Ring

During Disabled, the system will ignore any incoming call from the modem. During Enabled, the system will boot up if there's an incoming call from the modem.

Wake-Up on LAN

To use this function, you need a LAN add-on card which support power on functions. It should also support the wake-up on LAN jumper (JWOL1).

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Enabled | Wake up on LAN supported. |
| Disabled | Wake up on LAN not supported. |

CPU Thermal-Throttling

Select the CPU THRM-Throttling rate. The settings are: 25.0%, 37.5%, 50.0%, 62.5%, 75.0%, 87.5%.

Resume by Alarm

This function is for setting date and time for your computer to boot up. During Disabled, you cannot use this function. During Enabled, choose the Date and Time Alarm:

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Date(of month) Alarm | You can choose which month the system will boot up. Set to 0, to boot every day. |
| Time(hh:mm:ss) Alarm | You can choose what hour, minute and second the system will boot up. |

Note: If you have change the setting, you must let the system boot up until it goes to the operating system, before this function will work.

Reload Global Timer Events

Reload Global Timer events are I/O events whose occurrence can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. In effect, the system remains alert for anything which occurs to a device which is configured as *Enabled* , even when the system is in a power down mode.

Primary IDE 0

Primary IDE 1

Secondary IDE 0

Secondary IDE 1

FDD, COM, LPT Port

PCIPIRQ[A-D]#

3.9 PnP/PCI Configuration Setup

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system. PCI, or **P**ersonal **C**omputer **I**nterconnect, is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed the CPU itself uses when communicating with its own special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-1999 Award Software
PnP/PCI Configuration Setup

| | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|
| Reset Configuration Data | Disabled | Item Help |
| Resources Controlled By | Auto (ESCD) | |
| IRQ Resources | Press Enter | Menu Level > |
| DMA Resources | Press Enter | |
| PCI/VGA Palette Snoop | Disabled | |
| | | |
| ↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults | | |

Reset Configuration Data

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system can not boot. The settings are: Enabled and Disabled .

Resource Controlled By

The Award Plug and Play BIOS has the capacity to automatically configure all of the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices. However, this capability means absolutely nothing unless you are using a Plug and Play operating system such as Windows®95/98. If you set this field to “manual” choose specific resources by going into each of the sub menu that follows this field (a sub menu is preceded by a “>”). The settings are: Auto(ESCD), Manual.

IRQ Resources

When resources are controlled manually, assign each system interrupt a type, depending on the type of device using the interrupt.

DMA Resources

This sub menu can let you control the DMA resource.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

Leave this field at *Disabled*. The settings are Enabled, Disabled.

3.10 PC Health Status (optional)

This section shows the Status of you CPU, Fan, Warning for overall system status.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-1999 Award Software
 PC Health Status

| | | | |
|---|------------|--------------|--|
| CPU Warning Temperature | Disabled | Item Help | |
| Current System Temp | 39°C/102°F | | |
| Current CPU Temperature | 66°C/150°C | Menu Level > | |
| Current System Fan | 0RPM | | |
| Current Power Fan | 0RPM | | |
| Current CPU FAN | 5532RPM | | |
| Vcore | 1.96V | | |
| VTT | 1.48V | | |
| 3.3V | 3.24V | | |
| +5V | 4.89V | | |
| +12V | 11.79V | | |
| -12V | -12.19V | | |
| -5V | -4.53V | | |
| VBAT(V) | 3.10V | | |
| 5VSB(V) | 5.37V | | |
| Chassis Intrusion Detect | Disabled | | |
| Shutdown Temperature | Disabled | | |
| ↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults | | | |

CPU Warning Temperature

During Enabled, this will warn the user when the CPU temperature reach a certain temperature.

Current System Temp/Current CPU Temperature/Current System Fan (optional)/Power Fan (optional)/Cpu Fan/Vcore/VTT/3.3V/+5V/+12V/-12V/-5V/VBAT(V)/5VSB(V)

This will show the CPU/FAN/System voltage chart and FAN Speed.

Chassis Intrusion Detect

Set this option to Enabled, Reset, or Disabled the chassis intrusion detector. During Enabled, any intrusion on the system chassis will be recorded. The next time you turn on the system, it will show a warning message. To be able to clear those warning, choose reset. After clearing the message it will go back to Enabled.

Shutdown Temperature

This option is for setting the Shutdown temperature level for the processor. When the processor reach the temperature you set, this will shutdown the system.

3.11 Frequency/Voltage Control

This section is for setting CPU Frequency/Voltage Control.

CMOS Setup Utility - Copyright(C) 1984-1999 Award Software
 Frequency/Voltage Control

| | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Auto Detect DIMM/PCI Clk | Enabled | Item Help |
| Spread Spectrum | 0.50% (cntr) | |
| CPU Clock/Spread Spectrum | Default | Menu Level > |
| CPU Ratio | Auto | |
| ↑ ↓ → ← Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-safe defaults F7:Optimized Defaults | | |

Auto Detect DIMM/PCI CLK

This item allows you to enable/disable auto detect DIMM/PCI Clock.
 The settings are: Enabled, Disabled.

Spread Spectrum

This item allows you to set the Spread Spectrum.

CPU Clock/Spread Spectrum

This item allows you to set the CPU Clock/Spread Spectrum.

CPU Ratio

This item allows you to select the CPU ratio.

3.12 Load Fail-Safe/Optimized Defaults

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item, you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Fail-Safe Defaults (Y/N) ? N

Pressing 'Y' loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

Load Optimized Defaults

When you press <Enter> on this item, you get a confirmation dialog box with a message similar to:

Load Optimized Defaults (Y/N) ? N

Pressing 'Y' loads the default values that are factory settings for optimal performance system operations.

3.13 Set Supervisor/User Password

You can set either supervisor or user password, or both of them. The differences are:

Supervisor password : can enter and change the options of the setup menus.

User password : Can only enter but do not have the right to change the options of the setup menus. When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED.

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

You determine when the password is required within the BIOS Features Setup Menu and its Security option. If the Security option is set to “System”, the password will be required both at boot and at entry to Setup. If set to “Setup”, prompting only occurs when trying to enter Setup.

Chapter 4

INTEL 810 INTEGRATED GRAPHICS CONTROLLER

1. Overview

The Intel 810 Chipset extends Intel's graphics capabilities into the value PC segment by incorporating 2D and 3D capabilities with the memory controller, to provide the industry with complete graphics offerings for every computing segment.

1.1 Intel 810 Chipset

- Support 4MB Display Cache (optional)
- Support AGP 2X BUS
- 2D & 3D Graphics Accelerator

NOTE: 6188M doesn't support display cache.

1.2 System Requirements

This section describes system requirements for the VGA Driver installation and Usage.

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Computer | Intel® Celeron™ processor or higher |
| Monitor | VGA Support, minimum 640x480 resolution |
| Operating system | DOS 5.0 or higher, Windows® 95/98, Windows® NT 3.51 or 4.0, or OS/2® |
| CD-ROM | Double Speed or Higher |
| Chipset | Intel® 810 chipset |
| VGA BIOS | Version 00.23 or Higher |

2. Intel 810 VGA Driver Setup & Usage Procedures

Insert the CD-title into your CD-ROM drive. This CD will auto-run. This will display installation for VGA driver and sound driver, Intel 810/820 INF Update (only for Windows 95/98) and Trend PC-cillin 98. Just click the button for automatic installation for VGA driver.

2.1 Windows® 95/98

If you start Windows® 95/98, this will automatically detect this hardware onboard “Standard PCI Graphics Adapter (VGA)”. You need to click “Next”, then “Finish”. Do not click on the “Cancel”. The driver need these ID.

Note: Before installing the Intel 810 VGA Driver, you need to install the Intel 810/820 INF update first.

2.1-1 Display Driver Installation Procedure:

- Step 1:** Insert the provided CD_ROM disk into the CD-ROM drive.
 - Step 2:** Look for the CD_ROM drive, double click on the CD_ROM icon. This will show the setup screen.
 - Step 3:** Click on “Intel 810 VGA Driver” icon.
 - Step 4:** This will show an installation menu.
 - Step 5:** Click on “Display Drivers”.
 - Step 6:** Click “OK”.
 - Step 7:** This will copy the VGA drivers into the hard drive.
 - Step 8:** A message will appear stating you must restart the Windows® 95/98 system, select **yes** to restart.
 - Step 9:** After restarting, Windows® 95/98 will show a new display setting.
-

2.2 Windows® NT 4.0

You need to install Windows® NT “Service Pack 3” or higher, before you install Windows® NT driver.

2.2-1 Display Driver Installation Procedure:

- Step 1:** Click **Start** menu and select **Control Panel** from **Settings** group.
- Step 2:** Select **Display** icon.
- Step 3:** Select **Settings** on the Display Properties.
- Step 4:** Select **Display Type**.
- Step 5:** Select **Change** from the **Adapter Type** Area.
- Step 6:** Select **Have Disk** of Change Display.
- Step 7:** Insert the **CD-Title Disk** into CD-ROM Drive.
- Step 8:** When the Install from Disk dialog box appears, look for your CD-ROM drive :**\\SVGA\Intel\810\NT4\WINNT4**
- Step 9:** When the **Change Display** dialog box appears, click **OK**.
- Step 10:** When the Third-party Drivers dialog box appears, click **Yes**.
A message will appear stating that the drivers were successfully installed. Click **OK**. You must now restart Windows® NT 4.0.

Note: You can also use CD autorun to install the VGA NT driver.

2.2-2 Changing resolution, color depth, and refresh rate:

- Step 1:** Click **Start** menu and select **Control Panel** from **Settings** group.
- Step 2:** Select **Display** icon.
- Step 3:** Select **Settings**.
- Step 4:** Select Color Palette to change between 256 color, 65536 colors, and 16777216 colors.
- Step 5:** To select desktop resolution size, go to the Desktop area and use the slide bar to change resolution from 640x480, 800x600, 1024x768, 1152x864, 1280x1024, to 1600x1200.
- Step 6:** Select Test to test the resolution. If the display test screen was good, then select Yes when the Testing Mode dialog box appears. If the display test screen was bad, then select No. Windows® NT will give you an error message.
- Step 7:** Click OK. If the display test screen was good and you select Yes, Windows® NT 4.0 will change the mode without restarting the system.

2.3 AutoCAD, OS/2 and other application. Please refer to “On-Line Manual” in the CD-ROM. You need to install the “Acrobat Reader 3.01” program first.

Chapter 5

ICH AUDIO DRIVER

1. Overview

The ICH AC' 97 digital controller provides the next generation of audio performance to the PC market.

1.1 Features

- PCI Bus Master for fast DMA.
- Fully Compliant with PC97 Power Management Specification.

1.2 System Requirements

This section describes system requirements for the Audio Driver installation and Usage.

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Computer | Intel® Celeron™ processor or higher |
| Operating system | DOS 5.0 or higher, Windows® 95/98, Windows® NT 3.51 or 4.0, or OS/2® |
| CD-ROM | Double Speed or Higher |
| Chipset | ICH |

2. Audio Driver Setup & Usage Procedures

Insert the CD-title into your CD-ROM drive. This CD will auto-run. This will display installation for VGA driver and sound driver, Intel 810/820 INF Update (only for Windows 95/98) and Trend PC-cillin 98. Just click the button for automatic installation for audio driver.

2.1 Windows® 95/98

If you start Windows® 95/98, this will automatically detect this hardware onboard “PCI Multimedia Audio Device” and “Gameport Joystick”. You need to click “Next”, then “Finish”. Do not click on the “Cancel”. The driver need these ID.

2.1-1 Audio Driver Installation Procedure:

- Step 1:** Insert the provided CD_ROM disk into the CD-ROM drive.
- Step 2:** Look for the CD_ROM drive, double click on the CD_ROM icon. This will show the setup screen.
- Step 3:** Click on “ADI SoundMax Drivers” icon.
- Step 4:** This will copy the audio drivers into the hard drive.
- Step 5:** A message will appear stating you must restart the Windows® 95/98 system, select **yes** to restart.

2.2 Windows® NT 4.0

2.2-1 Audio Driver Installation Procedure:

Step 1: Insert the provided CD_ROM disk into the CD-ROM drive.

Step 2: Look for the CD_ROM drive, double click on the CD_ROM icon. This will show the setup screen.

Step 3: Click on “ADI SoundMax Drivers” icon.

Step 4: This will copy the audio drivers into the hard drive.

Step 5: A message will appear stating you must restart the Windows® NT system, select **yes** to restart.

Chapter 6

INTEL® 82559 FAST ETHERNET LAN DRIVER

1. Overview

The 82559 is a sophisticated 32-bit PCI component, with enhanced scatter-gather bus mastering capabilities. Its true 32-bit architecture enables it to perform high speed data transfers on the PCI bus using four DMA channels.

1.1 Features

- IEEE 802.3/802.3u 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX compatible
- Glueless 32-bit PCI bus master interface
- Backward software compatible to the 82557
- Internal transmit and receive FIFOs (3 kbytes each)
- Back-to-back transmit at 100 Mbps within minimum IFS
- EEPROM support for configuration and customized feature selection
- Advanced configuration and Power Interface Specification, Revision 1.0, and PCI Power Management Specification, Revision 1.0 compliant
- Remote Wake Up (Magic Packet*) support in APM and ACPI modes
- ACPI “interesting” packet wake support in D0 to D3 low power states
- IEEE 802.3u Auto-Negotiation support for 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX
- Full or half duplex capable at 10 or 100 Mbps
- IEEE 802.3x flow control support

2. LAN Driver Setup

2.1 Windows® 95/98

To install the driver, just insert the provided CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive. The CD-ROM will autorun. Press the button for installing the LAN driver.

2.2 Other OS driver

To install the driver for other operating system, just insert the provided CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive.

Type:

CD-ROM Path:\E100B\Setup/readme

This will show different procedure for the installation of LAN driver for different kind of operating system. Just follow the procedures given.