WinFast® *K7NCR18 Series*

Socket A Motherboards

User's Manual

Leadtek®

We Make Dreams a Reality

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1. Introduction

WinFast® K7NCR18 series is a compelling Desktop solution as a Socket A/AMD Athlon, Athlon XP, Athlon, and Duron-based ATX motherboard.

WinFast K7NCR18 series, integrating NVIDIA chipset, supports the AMD Athlon processor whose performance is bound to exceed expectation of both consumer and corporate users alike. The WinFast K7NCR18 series also supports a 200/266/333 MHz system bus, PC1600/PC2100/PC2700/PC3200 DDR memories, and the latest graphics devices through the AGP 3.0 8X interface; and allows a direct connection to the graphics and memory for faster access to peripherals. An DVI/TV interface is multiplexed with the AGP bus and can be used to drive DVI compatible flat panel displays, projectors, and digital CRTs and TV monitors.

The Dolby® Digital Interactive Content encoder™ is also integrated that can also process and output a Dolby Digital audio stream directly to a home theater system via a S/P DIF interface.

WinFast K7NCR18 series offers innovative design, support for high-volume DDR memory, and configuration options that optimize performance and provide a robust, mainstream platform.

1.1. Package Content
(Models marked with " * " supports DDR400 memory only when you use a AGP display card.)

Function\ Product	WinFast K7NCR 18D	WinFast K7NCR 18D-Pro	WinFast K7NCR 18G*	WinFast K7NCR 18G-Pro*	WinFast K7NCR 18D-Pro 2	WinFast K7NCR 18G-Pro 2*	WinFast K7NCR 18DL
1 .Second VGA/ TV out module (with SPDIF output) (WinFastK7N CTS)			✓	✓		✓	
2. SPDIF output cable	✓	✓			✓		✓
3. IEEE1394 add-on card (WinFast K7N1394)		✓		✓			
4. WinFast K7NFAL					✓	✓	
5. Cool 3D & video studio 6		✓		✓	✓	✓	

Accessories:
- Ultra ATA 66/100/133 IDE cable x 1; FDD cable x 1; this user's manual; USB module and cable (optional); and TV-out add-on card (optional)

Motherboard & SCSI Software Pack CD:
- Chipset driver; display driver; USB 2.0 driver; AWARD flash utility; user's manual; and technical support request form

1.2. Specifications

CPU Support
- AMD Athlon/Athlon XP/Duron processors at 3200+ MHz with Socket A support

Platform Processories
- NVIDIA nForce2 Ultra 400/nForce2 400+ nForce2 MCP(-T) (only K7NCR18D series) NVIDIA nForce2 IGP+ nForce2 MCP(-T) (only K7NCR18G series) – support Geforce 4 MX equivalent GPU
- Dual channel memory architecture with 128-bit DDR memory controller (64-bit DDR memory controller-K7NCR18DL); high-speed buses to MCP (800 MB/sec maximum); two ATA; 133 controllers; USB 2.0 (EHCI) ; 1.1 (OHCI) support ; and supports 6-channel AC97 codec

Board Size
- ATX form Factor/12" x 9.6" (304.8 mm x 243.8 mm)

FSB (Front Side Bus)
- 200/266/333 MHz FSB support
- 400 MHz FSB support only for K7NCR18D series

Memory
- Supports three 184-pin DDR DIMMs ; up to 3 GB;

On Board IDE
- The IDE controller on nForce2 MCP; MCP-T chipset supports IDE; CD-ROM under Ultra DMA 133; twin headers for 4 IDE, including IDE HDDs and CD-ROMs

Expansion Slot
- Four 32-bit PCI bus slots support 3.3 V/5 V PCI Bus Master
- One Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP)
  - In compliant with AGP standards
  - AGP 4x/8x support
- One ACR slot

Video
- 256-bit 2D/3D graphics accelerator
- Second generation T&L engine support with NVIDIA shading rasterizer
- DVI-out add-on card support (WinFast K7NCR18G series)

On Board LAN (Optional)
- 10/100 MB Base-T Ethernet/Fast Ethernet

On Board IO
- 1 FDD connector supporting two 360 K/720 K/1.2 M/1.44 M/2.88 MB FDDs; 1 COM/serial port; 1 parallel port supporting SPP/EPP/ECP modes; 1 VGA port (WinFast K7NCR18G series); A second COM port (WinFast K7NCR18D series); 2 SATA devices, support all UDMA and PIO mode (UDMA is up to 150 MB/sec and support SATA Raid 0 and SATA Raid 1)(WinFast K7NCR18D-Pro 2/18G-Pro 2 only);6 USB ports (4 built-in and 2 with Front Pin Header); 1 IrDA connector; 1 CIR connector; and 1394 module (K7NCR18D/G Pro series)

2. Quick Setting
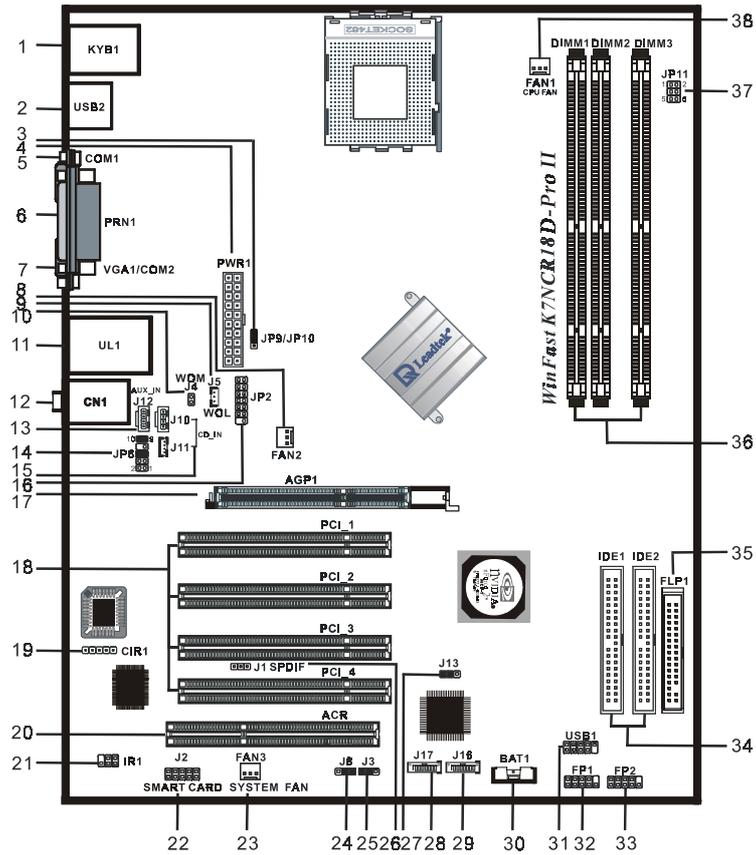
2.1. Jumper Position

1. KYB1	10. J4	20. ACR	30. BAT1
2. USB1	11. UL1	21. IR1	31. USB2
3. JP9 (Version A)/ JP10 (Version D)	12. CN1	22. J2	32. FP1
4. PWR1	13. J12	23. FAN3	33. FP2
5. COM1	14. JP6	24. J8	34. IDE1,IDE2
6. PRN1	15. J10, J11	25. J3	35. FLP1
7. VGA1(18G series) COM2 (18D series)	16. JP2 (18G series)	26. J1	36. DIMM1-3
8. FAN2	17. AGP1	27. J13	37. JP11
9. J5	18. PCI1-4	28. J17	38. FAN1
	19. CIR1	29. J16	

2.2. Jumper/Connector Listing

Jumper/Connector	Description
AGP1	AGP slot
BAT1	Battery
CN1	Line Out, Line In, Mic In ports
COM1	COM1 connector
COM2	COM2 connector (K7NCR18D series)
DIMM1-3	Memory module connectors
FAN1/FAN2/FAN3	CPU fan connector/ Chipset fan connector/ System fan connector
FLP1	Floppy disk connector
FP1/FP2	Case Signal Connector: PWRBTN, RESET, KEY LOCK, SPEAKER, HDD_LED, POWER_LED, ACPILED
IDE1/IDE2	Hard disk connectors (Primary IDE/Secondary IDE)
IR1	IR connector
CIR1	CIR connector
J2	Smart Card connector
J4/J5	Wake on modem/ Wake on LAN
J10/J11	CD input connector
J12	AUX input connector
J13	Clear CMOS data
J1	SPDIF connector
J6	ACR slot
JP6	Audio front panel header
KYB1	PS2 keyboard and mouse ports
PCI1-PCI4	PCI slots
PRN1	Print port connector
PWR1	ATX power connector
UL1	USB ports and 10/100 LAN connector
USB2	USB ports
USB1	USB module connector, providing 2 additional USB ports
VGA1	VGA connector (K7NCR18G series)
JP9/JP10	CPU frequency selection (JP9-Version A/ JP10-Version D)
JP2	Second VGA/TV-out module (with SPDIF output) connector (K7NCR18G series)
JP11	Memory voltage selection
J16/J17	SATA1/SATA2 (K7NCR18D-Pro 2/18G-Pro 2)
J8	Case open alert
J3	SATA selection

2.3. Jumper Settings

Clear CMOS Data

Jumper	Setting	
J13	Clear CMOS	
	Normal (Default)	

Audio output selection

Jumper	Setting	
JP6	From back panel (Default)	
	From front panel	
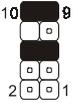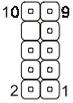
CPU Frequency

Jumper	Setting	
JP10-Version D JP9-Version A	100MHz	
	166MHz	
JP10-Version D JP9-Version A	133/166/200MHz (Default)	
	100/133MHz (Default)	

SATA Selection

Jumper	Setting	
J3	Enable (Default)	
	Disable	

Memory Voltage Selection

Jumper	Setting	
JP11	2.6V (Default)	
	2.7V	
	2.8V	

> ***NOTE: If the users use 133/166/200MHz CPU, after booting up, please select " Advanced Chipset Features"-- "FSB Frequency" in BIOS menu. As you move the control bar and stop in "FSB Frequency" this column, then press the button "Page down" to choose 133MHz , 166MHz or 200MHz and save it. After finishing these steps, restart your computer system. (Version D is auto-detect without adjusting.)**

3. Hardware Setup

⚠ **Static Precautions**

Static discharge can damage electronic components. To prevent that, it is important to handle it carefully. The following measures will suffice your equipment from static.

- Use a grounded wrist strap designed for static discharge.
- Touch a grounded metal object before you remove the board from the anti-static bag.
- Handle the board by its edges only; do not touch its components, peripheral chips, memory modules, or gold contacts. Do not touch pins on chips or modules.
- Put the system board and peripherals back in anti-static bags when they are not in use.
- For grounding purposes, be sure your computer chassis provides excellent conductivity between its power supply, case, the mounting fasteners, and the system board.

3.1. CPU Installation

Please refer to the instruction manual of the CPU for how to install the CPU.

3.2. Memory Installation

NOTE: WinFastK7NCR18 series supports memory dual channel access. Please use DIMM1 + DIMM3 or DIMM2 + DIMM3 to get better performance.

The motherboard provides three 184-pin DIMM (Double In-Line Memory Module) sockets, DIMM1, DIMM2, and DIMM3. You can use DDR RAM from 128MB to 1G per DIMM socket.

IF you choose DDR200 in the Memory Frequency option in BIOS, you must use the qualified DDR SDRAM that meets PC1600 specifications.

IF you choose DDR266 in the Memory Frequency option in BIOS, you must use the qualified DDR SDRAM that meets PC2100 specifications.

IF you choose DDR333 in the Memory Frequency option in BIOS, you must use the qualified DDR SDRAM that meets PC2700 specifications.

IF you choose DDR400 in the Memory Frequency option in BIOS, you must use the qualified DDR SDRAM that meets PC3200 specifications.

DIMM Installation Procedures

The DIMM slot has two keys marked "VOLT" and "DRAM", thus making the module only fit in one direction. Note that the module must be a 2.5 V unbuffered DIMM.

Step 1: Insert the module vertically into the DIMM socket, and then push it in.
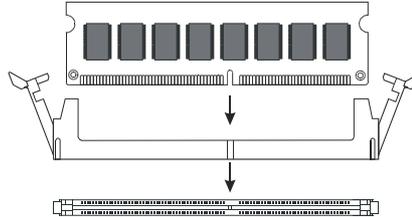
Step 2: The plastic clip at the side of the DIMM socket will automatically close.

3.3. AGP Display Adapter Installation

The AGP slot on WinFast K7NCR18 series supports only 1.5 V 4x/8x AGP device. To install an AGP display adapter, follow these steps:

Step 1: Push the clip at the end of AGP slot.
Step 2: Position the AGP card over the AGP slot. Do not tilt the card. Insert the bus connector in the slot and gently press the bus connector down.
Step 3: Push the clip back to close it.
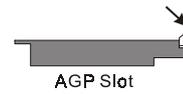
Step 1
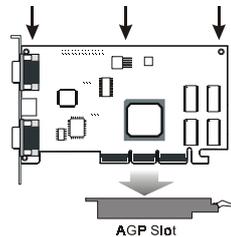
Step 2
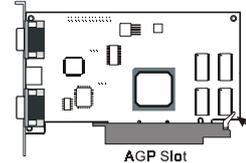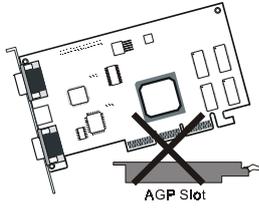
Step 3

3.4. Connecting Instructions

How each connector is connected and what it does is described here in detail. See Chapter 2 to locate connectors.

Case Signal Connectors (FP1 & FP2).

FP1:
Pins [1&3] IDE-LED: IDE hard disk LED shows the activity of a hard disk drive.

FP1

IDE-LED ─ ACPI-LED
RESET ─ PW_SW

FP2

KEYLOCK ─ SPEAKER
PW-LED ─
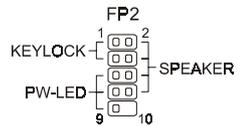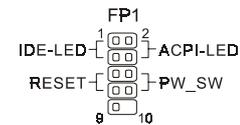
Pins [2&4] ACPI-LED: For ACPI LED connection on the case.
Pins [5&7] RESET: Connects to the reset button on the case. The reset button is used to "cold-boot" the system without actually turning off the power, reducing wear and tear on the power supply. Avoid rebooting the system when the HDD LED is blinking.
Pins [6&8] PW_SW: Allows connecting to the power button on the case.

FP2:
Pins [1&3] KEYLOCK: Keyboard lock switch lead. It connects to the case-mounted keylock switch, allowing you to disable the keyboard function for security purpose.
Pins [5&7&9] PW-LED: Power LED. Always lit when system power is on.
**Pins [2&4&6&8] SPEAKER:** Connects to the speaker on system's case.

Hard Disk Connector
The on-board Enhanced IDE controller can support up to 4 IDE hard drives or other ATAPI devices, such as CD-ROMs. This controller, as with all Enhanced IDE controllers, consists of both Primary (IDE 1) and Secondary (IDE 2) ports. Each port has an associated connector and cable, which can support up to 2 ATAPI devices each.

All IDE devices have jumpers, which allow the user to configure the device as either "Master" or "Slave". A Master device is one that is ALONE on the IDE cable, whereas a Slave device is installed as a SECOND device on the same cable. Keep in mind that the Master device will appear before the Slave device in the CMOS Setup, as well as the Operating System software. *Refer to the device documentation for jumper settings.
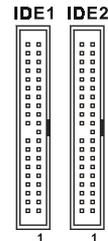
The Secondary IDE port can be used for up to 2 additional ATAPI devices. Normally it's recommended that you connect your first hard drive to the Primary port, and the first CD-ROM to the Secondary.
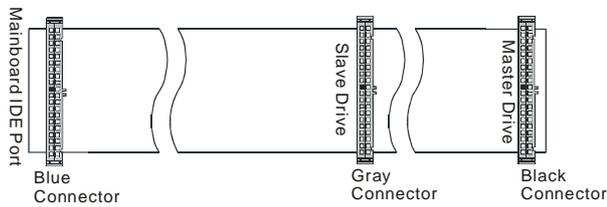
Make sure to align the RED stripe on the ribbon cable with Pin-1 on the motherboard IDE connector. On most hard drives and CD-ROMs, the RED stripe should be oriented towards the power connector of the device.

When using Ultra ATA 66/100 IDE cable (as shown above), the black color connector on the cable is for Master drive, gray color is for Slave drive and blue color is for connecting to IDE port onboard.
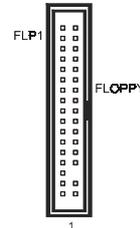
Floppy Disk Connector (FLP1)
The on-board floppy controller supports 2 floppy disk drives. Make sure the RED stripe on the ribbon cable is oriented towards Pin-1.

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Notice the "twist" between the sets of connectors on the floppy cable. The floppy drive "A" position is at the END of the cable, whereas floppy drive "B" is hooked to one of the connectors on the other side of the twist.

RJ45 Ethernet Connector and USB Connectors (UL1, USB1)
RJ45 LAN connector and four USB peripheral devices connectors.

Cooling Fans (FAN1, FAN2, FAN3)

CPU fan (FAN1), AGP fan (FAN2), and system fan (FAN3) are small 3-pin Header Connectors that provide 12-Volt power for CPU fan, power fan, and system fan. Plug in the fan cable to the connector.

Audio Out Selection (JP6)
JP6 can let you select audio out from the front panel or back panel. Please refer to Chapter 2.3 Jumper Settings to set it.
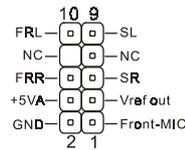
Stereo Audio/Video In Connectors (J10, J11, J12)
J10 and J11 allow you to receive stereo audio input from internal CD ROM drives. J12 is for connecting other auxiliary audio sources.
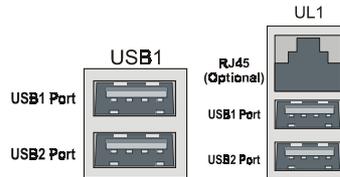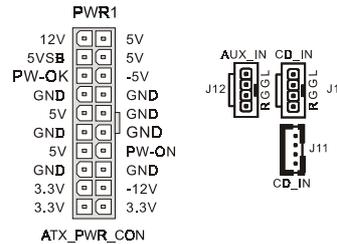
Power Supply Connector (PWR1)
This motherboard features an ATX-style Power Supply Connector. This connector is keyed to prevent connection in the wrong direction. Line up the locking mechanism on the connector from the Power Supply with the tab on the motherboard connector. Press down until the two connectors are locked.
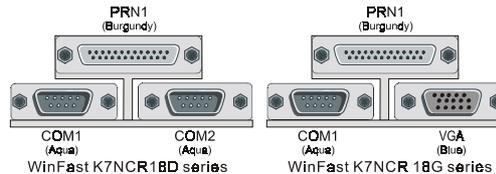
Serial, Parallel and VGA Ports
A 25-pin D-Sub header is provided on the back panel for a multi-mode bi-directional parallel port. For K7NCR18D series, two 9-pin D-Sub headers are provided on the back panel for serial port COM1 and COM2. For K7N CR18G series, there is one 9-pin D-Sub header for serial port COM1, as well as one VGA port for monitor connection.
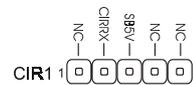
IrDA-Compliant Infrared Module Connector (IR1, CIR1)
The IrDA connector brackets hook directly to these connectors on the motherboard. These connectors provide

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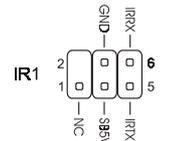
support for the optional wireless transmitting and receiving infrared module. CIR1 connector is for CIR; IR1 connector is for IR.

MIC, Line In, Line Out

Mic: Allows microphones to be connected for inputting sound.
Line In: Allows tape players or other audio sources to be recorded by your computer or played through the Line Out.
Line Out: Connected to headphones or speakers with amplifier.

WinFast K7NCR18D series also can support 6 speakers audio-output, but Mic and Line In have different functions here as below:

Mic: Center speakers and subwoofer connected to Mic.
Line In: Rear speakers connected to Line in.
Line Out: Front speakers connected to Line out.

NOTE: Because WinFastK7NCR18D/G Pro 2 has WinFast FAL, you can use 6-sound stereo directly without six speaker setup steps in the next two pages.

Please refer to the following steps to setup the speakers:

Step 1: Click the "Start" icon on the down-left corner of the screen, then select "Setup" and "Control Panel". Behind "Pick a Category", choose "Sound, Speech, and Audio Devices".
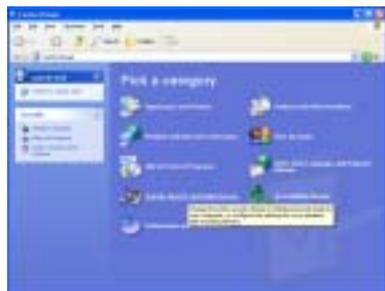
Step 2: In "Pick a task", click "Adjust the system volume" to increase or decrease the volume of sounds associated with system events such as incoming e-mail.

Step 3: In the dialog box "Sounds and Audio Devices Properties", select "Volume" tab, and then click "Advanced" button.
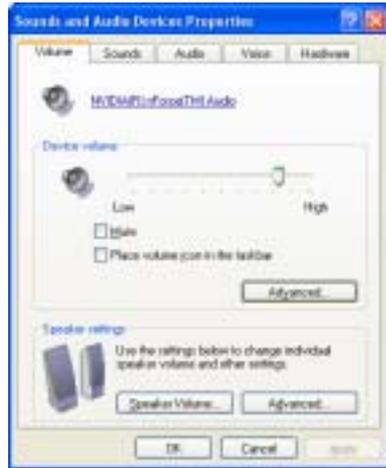
Step 4: Then another dialog box "Master Volume" appears. Click "Advanced" button.
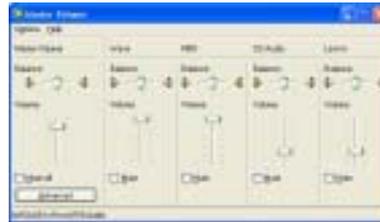
Step 5: The dialog box "Advanced control for Master Volume" pops up. In "Others Controls", tick 1 & 2 items. Click the button "Close".

Step 6: Then return back to the screen of step 3 "Sounds and Audio Devices Properties", click "OK".

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PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse Connector (KYB1)
These two connectors are located on the back panel of the motherboard.

USB Connectors (USB1)
Each of these connectors is for connecting an optional USB module to provide two additional USB connectors.

KYB1

PS/2 Mouse
(Green)

PS/2 Keyboard
(Purple)

USB Module

USB2

SPDIF Device (Only K7NCR18D/18D-Pro/18D-Pro 2)
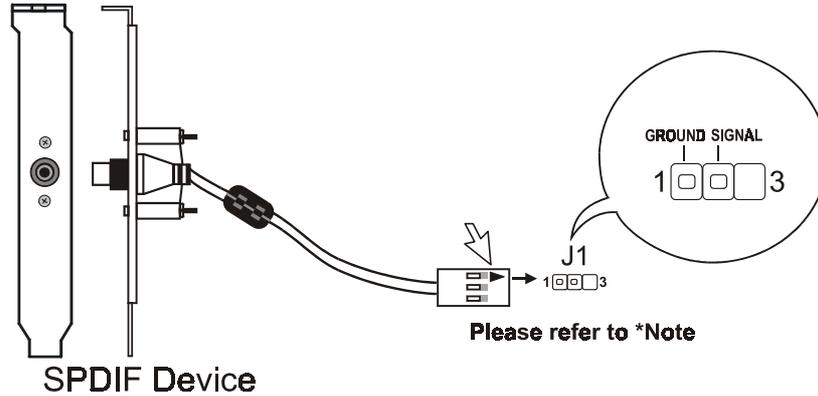
SPDIF Device

Each of these connectors is for connecting an optional SPDIF device as below:

NOTE: As to the signal ◄ in the housing as below, please make sure ◄ must plug in pin header J1 position "1" on the mainboard. Be careful not plugging in wrong position.

WinFast K7NCTS
K7NCR18G series can support second VGA/TV-out module (with SPDIF output) connector.
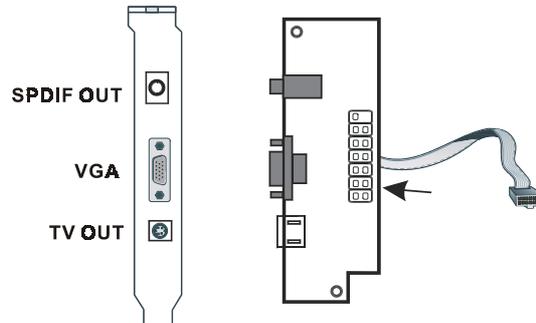
NOTE : To determine to output video through VGA port or TV-OUT port, enter BIOS Setup and set the *K7NCTS Card Support* of Advanced Chipset Features to either *TV OUT* or *CRTB OUT*.

WinFast K7N1394

WinFast K7NCR18D-Pro and WinFast K7NCR18G-Pro also can support WinFast K7N1394. K7N1394 can plug into ACR slot as below:
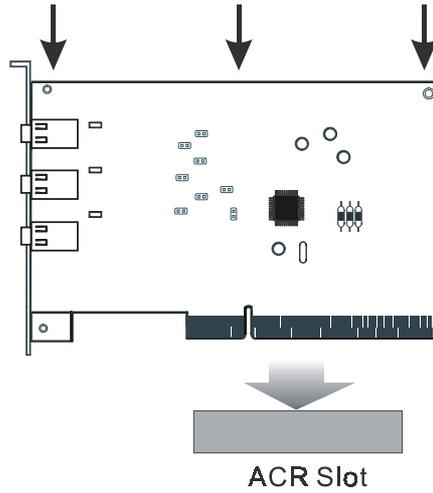
ACR Slot

WinFast K7NFAL

WinFast K7NCR18D-Pro 2 and WinFast K7NCR18G-Pro 2 also can support WinFast K7NFAL. WinFast FAL can plug into ACR slot as below:
(It includes three groups of 1394, one Lan output, optional SPDIF output, rear right/left speaker, and center/subwoofer output.)

Mini-1394
1394
RJ-45 (2nd Lan)
Optional SPDIF output
Rear right/Rear left
Center/Subwoofer

ACR Slot

*You only can choose one from these two 1394.

Front Panel IEEEE-1394 Connector

1 2

TPA + | TPA -
GROUND | GROUND
TPB + | TPB -
+12V (Fused) | +12V (Fused)
Key (no pin) | GROUND

9 10
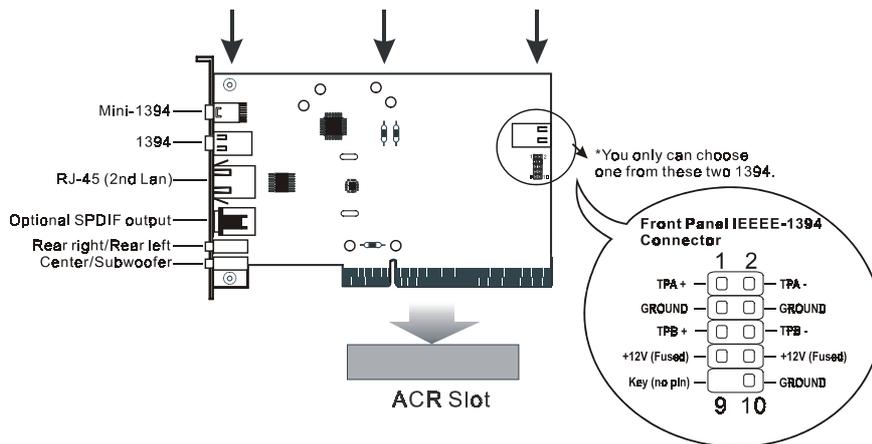
4. BIOS Setup

To enter the Award BIOS program's main menu:
Turn on or reboot the system.

After the diagnostic checks, press the [Del] to enter the Award BIOS Setup Utility.

To select items:
Use the arrow keys to move between items and select fields.

From the Main Menu, press arrow keys to enter the selected submenu.

To modify selected items:
Use the [Up]/[Down] keys to modify values within the selected fields. Some fields let you enter values directly.

4.1. Main Menu

NOTE: If users find that there is any different from your installing screen while installing the driver, please follow the steps in actual situation to operate.

Once you enter the AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu appears on the screen. Main Menu presents you the Setup functions included two exit choices. You could use the arrow keys to select among the items and then press Enter to the submenu.
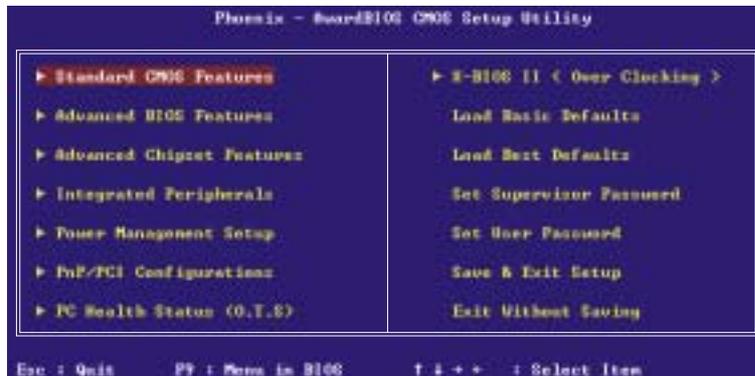
* Description of selected item is shown in the column on the bottom of the screen.

4.2. Standard CMOS Features

The Standard CMOS Features allows you to choose the options in the setting item for basic system configuration.

* The Item Help column contains the description of selected item.

Date [mm:dd:yy]
The BIOS determines the day of the week from other date information. It is for information only.

Time [hh:mm:ss]
The time format is <hour> <minute> <second>. The time is calculated based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

IDE Primary Master/Primary Slave/Secondary Master/Secondary Slave
After pressing [Enter], a menu window appears as shown on below:

The BIOS supports up to four IDE drives. This section does not show information about other IDE devices, such as a CD-ROM and SCSI drives.

* The Item Help column contains the description of selected item.

IDE HDD Auto-Detection

The "IDE HDD Auto-Detection" utility is a very useful tool especially when you do not know the type of hard disk you are using. You can use this utility to detect the correct disk type installed in the system automatically. The BIOS will automatically detect the hard disk size and model during POST.

The Award BIOS supports 3 HDD modes: NORMAL, LBA and LARGE modes. The Generic access mode, neither BIOS nor IDE controller, will make transformations during accessing.

> **NOTE:** Note: There must be some software involved to support LBA or LARGE mode of HDDs. All the software needed is located in the Award HDD Service Routine (INT 13h). It may fail to access a HDD with LBA (LARGE) mode selected if you are running under an Operating System, which replaces the whole INT 13h. UNIX operating system do not support either LBA or LARGE, and must utilize the Standard mode. UNIX can support drives larger than 528MB.

Under the AUTO Mode, the BIOS can automatically detect the specifications and optimal operating mode of almost all IDE drives. When you select type Auto for a hard drive, the BIOS detects its specifications during POST, every time the system boots.

> *IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU SELECT THE TYPE AUTO FOR ALL DRIVES.*

Drive A /Drive B [1.44M, 3.5 in.]
Select the correct specifications for the diskette drive(s) installed on your system.

Video [EGA/VGA]
Select the type of primary video subsystem on your system. The BIOS usually detects the correct video type automatically, and supports a secondary video subsystem that cannot be selected in Setup.

Halt On [All, But Keyboard]
During the power-on self test (POST), the system stops if the BIOS detects a hardware error. You can ask the BIOS to ignore certain errors and continue the process. There are the options:

*All Errors***:** If the BIOS detects any non-fatal error, POST stops and prompts you to take corrective action.

No Errors: POST does not stop for any error.

All, But Keyboard: POST does not stop for keyboard error, but stops for all other errors.

All, But Diskette: POST does not stop for diskette drive errors, but stops for all other errors.

*All, But Disk/Key***:** POST does not stop for a keyboard or disk error, but stops for all other errors.

Memory
You can not change the value in the Memory fields which are information only. The setting item shows the total installed random access memory (RAM) and amounts allocated to base memory, extended memory, and other (high) memory.

RAM is the computer's working memory where the computer stores programs and data currently being used, so they are accessible to CPU.

Base Memory: Typically 640 KB is also called conventional memory. The DOS operating system and conventional applications use this area.

Extended Memory: The memory is over the 1MB boundary.

Total Memory: Total memory available from the system.

4.3. Advanced BIOS Features

* The Item Help column contains the description of selected item.

Virus Warning [Disabled]
The BIOS will halt on the system. Then the warning message appears as follows if there is virus.

> **!PBVA WARNING!**
> **Paragon Boot Virus analyzer has**
> **detected virus activity on hard disk**
> **We recommend you to press:**
> **[Enter] Boot from clean disk**
> **[C] Continue Boot**

NOTE: **When this item is enabled, the monitoring boot sector virus only happens at the booting period. After you enter the system, this function is disabled automatically. So you can run any kind of program, such as many disk diagnostic programs, which attempt to access boot sectors or the partition table of hard disk drive when it is running.**

CPU Internal/External Cache
Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory, for even faster access by the CPU. Select *Enabled* to enable cache.

Quick Power On Self Test [Enabled]
Select Enabled to reduce the amount of time required to run the POST. A quick
POST skips certain steps. We recommend that you normally disable quick POST.
Better to find a problem during POST than lose data during your work.

First, Second, Third, Fourth Boot Device [HDD-0, Floppy, SCSI, Disabled]
Thiese setup fields determine which drive to be searched first, second or third for
the disk operating system (i.e. DOS). You can select your priority bootup drives as
Floppy drive A, IDE Hard Disk Drive C, D, E, F, or SCSI.

Swap Floppy Drive [Disabled]
This field is effective only in system with two floppy drives. This item allows you to
determine whether to enable the swap floppy drive or not (i.e. physical floppy disk
A assigned to logical drive B or physical drive B to logical drive A).

Boot Up Floppy Seek [Enabled]
During the "POST" process, BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is
40 or 80 tracks. 360K-type is 40 tracks while 760K, 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80
tracks. Because few modern PCs have 40-track floppy drives, we recommend that
you set this field to *Disabled* to save time.

Boot Up NumLock Status [On]
This field allows you to determine the default state of the numeric keypad. "On":
keypad is number keys after boot up. "Off": keypad is arrow keys after boot up.

Gate A20 Option [Fast]
Gate A20 refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1MB (extended
memory). When set to *Fast*, the system chipset controls Gate A20. When set to
Normal, a pin in the keyboard controller controls Gate A20. Setting to *Fast*
improves system speed, particularly with OS/2 and Windows.

Typematic Rate Setting [Enabled]
Setting Enabled allows you to adjust both settings. You can use this feature to
accelerate cursor movement with the arrow keys. When this item is set Disabled,
keep holding down a key will let the system to use the default typematic rate delay
of 250 msec, and typematic rate of 6 chars/sec to input repeatedly.

Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec) [6]
When "Typematic Rate Setting" is Enabled, its selections allow you to select the
rate at which character repeats when you hold down a key.

Typematic Delay (Msec) [250]
When "Typematic Rate Setting" is Enabled, its selections allow you to select the
delay before key strokes begin to repeat.

Security Option [Setup]
If you have set a password at USER PASSWORD option in main menu, select
whether the password is required every time the System boots, or only when you
enter Setup. The options include: *System* and *Setup*.

APIC Mode [Enabled]
The options are: *Enabled* and *Disabled.*

OS Select For DRAM > 64MB [Non-OS2]
Allow you to access memory that is over 64MB in OS/2. Choose OS2 when you are using OS2 and SDRAM size greater than 64 MB. Choose Non-OS2 for other operating systems. The options are: *Non-OS2, OS2.*

Small Logo (EPA) Show [Enabled]
The options are: *Enabled* and *Disabled.*

4.4. Advanced Chipset Features

* The Item Help column contains the description of selected item.

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM and the external cache. It also coordinates communications between the conventional ISA bus and the PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered.

The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered that data was being lost while using your system.

System Performance [Optimal]
The options are optimal, aggressive and expert.

FSB Frequency [100 MHz]
The options are: *100 MHz ~ 266 MHz.*

CPU Interface [Optimal]
The options are *optimal and aggressive*.

Memory Frequency [By SPD]
You can select [Sync] for best performance in most cases.

[By SPD] : *50%~83%* , [By SPD] : *50%~200%*

Memory Timings [Optimal]
The options are: *optimal, aggressive and expert. Select [Expert] to enter timings manually.*

T(RAS) [7] ; T(RCD) [1] ; T(RP) [1] ; CAS Latency [2.5].

FSB Spread Spectrum [Disable]
The options are: *0.50% ~ 1.00%*

AGP Spread Spectrum [Disable]
The options are: *0.50% ~ 1.00%*

Frame Buffer Size [32M]
The options are: *8M, 16M, 32M, 64M, 128M and Disable.*

AGP Aperture Size (MB) [32M]
The options are: *32M, 64M, 128M ,256M, 512M*

AGP Frequency [Auto]
The options are: *50MHz~100 MHz*

AGP 8X Support[Enabled]
The options are: *Enable and Disable.*

AGP Fast Write Capability[Enabled]
The options are: *Enable and Disable.*

System BIOS Cacheable [Disable]
The options are: *Enable and Disable.*

Video Ram Cacheable [Disable]
The options are: *Enable and Disable.*

TV Mode Support [Disable]
The options are: *Disable, NTSC-M, NTSC-J, PAL-M, PAL-BDGHI, PAL-N, PAL-NC.*

K7NCTS Card Support [TV]
The options are: *TV, CRTB.*

4.5. Integrated Peripherals

This Menu Setup allows you to configure your IDE, USB keyboard, Floppy Drive, Parallel Port, Serial Port, and IR function.

* The Item Help column contains the description of selected item.

On-Chip IDE Channel0 [Enabled]
Selecting *Enabled* allows you to adjust the functions of Primary PIO and UDMA.

On-Chip IDE Channel1 [Enabled]
Selecting *Enabled* allows you to adjust the functions of Secondary PIO and UDMA.

Primary Master/Slave PIO, Secondary Master/Slave PIO [Auto]
The four IDE PIO (Programmed Input/Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the four IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 through 4 provide successively increased performance. In *Auto* mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device. The options are: Auto, Mode 0, Mode 1, Mode 2, Mode 3, and Mode 4.

Primary Master/Slave UDMA, Secondary Master/Slave UDMA [Auto]
Ultra ATA 66/100 implementation is possible only if your IDE hard drive supports it and the operating environment includes a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third-party IDE bus master driver). If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra ATA 66/100, select Auto to enable BIOS support. The options are: *Auto* and *Disabled.*

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IDE Refetch Mode [Enabled]
The options are: *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

Init Display First [PCI Slot]
If you install an additional PCI display cards, you can select either a PCI display card or the onboard/AGP display to activate the display boot-up screen.

OnChip USB [Enabled]
Selecting *Enabled* allows the system Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller when you have USB peripherals. The options are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

USB Keyboard Support [Disabled]
If you use a USB keyboard, please choose *USB A* or *USB B*.

Primary AudioCodec at [Onboard]
The options are: *Onboard*, *and AMR/CNR*.

AC97 Audio [Auto]
Selecting *Auto* allows the BIOS to detect the audio device you use.

MC97 Modem [Auto]
The options are: *Auto and Disabled*.

MAC Lan [Auto]
The options are: *Auto and Disabled*.

Machine MAC Address [Disabled]
The options are: *Enabled and Disabled*.

MAC Address Input
For inputting the MAC address. Your MAC address is printed on the sticker label on the motherboard.

IDE HDD Block Mode [Enabled]
Selecting *Enabled* allows automatic detection of the optimal number of block read/writes per sector the drive can support.

Power ON Function [BUTTON ONLY]
Allows you to choose a way to power on. The options include *Password*, *Hot KEY*, *Mouse Left*, *Mouse right*, *Any KEY*, *BUTTON-ONLY*, and *Keyboard 98*.

KB Power ON Password [Enter]
This setting item allows you to set a password for keyboard powering on.

Hot Key Power ON [Ctrl-F1]
Allows you to choose one of the hot keys to power on from F1 to F12.

Onboard FDC Controller [Enabled]
This setting item allows you to enable or disable the onboard FDC controller.

Onboard Serial Port 1/Port 2
Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the 1st and 2nd serial ports. The choices: *3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Disabled, and Auto.*

UART Mode Select
Select an infrared port mode. The options are: *Normal*, *IrDA*, *ASKIR*, *and SCR.*

RxD, TxD Active
The options are: *Hi,Hi*, *Hi,Lo*, *Lo,Hi*, *and Lo,Lo.*

IR Transmission Delay
The options are: *Enabled and Disabled*.

UR2 Duplex Mode
This item selects the IR function when the choice of the UART mode is ASKIR. The options are: *Full and Half*.

Use IR Pins
The options are: *RxD2,TxD2 and IR-Rx2Tx2*

Onboard Parallel Port
This item allows you to determine access onboard parallel port controller with which I/O address. The options are: *378/IRQ7, 278/IRQ5, 3BC/IRQ7, and Disabled.*

Parallel Port Mode
Select an operating mode for the onboard parallel port. Normal EPP (Extended Parallel Port) ECP (Extended Capabilities Port) ECP+EPP PC AT parallel port Bi-directional port Fast, buffered port Fast, buffered, bi-directional port.

Set to *Normal* unless you are certain your hardware and software both support EPP or ECP mode. The options are: *SPP*, *EPP*, *ECP*, *and ECP+EPP*.

EPP Mode Select
The options are: *EPP 1.7 and EPP 1.9*

ECP Mode Use DMA
This field allows you to select a DMA channel for the port.

The options are: *1 and 3*.

PWRON After PWR-Fail
The options are: *Off*, *On*, *and Former-Sts*

Game Port Address [201]
Select an address for the game port. The options are: *Disabled*, *201*, *and 209*.

Midi Port Address [330]
Set the Midi port address. The options are: *Disabled*, *330*, *300*, *and 290*.

Midi Port IRQ [10]
Select an IRQ to be used by Midi port. The options are: *5 and 10*.

SCR Port Address [Disabled]
Set the SCR port address. The options are: *Disabled*, *3F8*, *2F8*, *3E8 and 2E8*.

SCR Port IRQ [11]
Select an IRQ to be used by the SCR port.

The options are: *11 and 5*.

4.6.   Power Management Setup

* The Item Help column contains the description of selected item.

ACPI Function [Enabled]
Selecting Enabled allows this function if you use ACPI compliant OS, such as Windows 98 or Windows 2000.

ACPI Suspend Type [S1(POS)]
Two options are available: S1 (POS) and S3 (STR). POS stands for Power On Suspend. STR stands for Suspend To RAM.

Power Management [User Define]
This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and is directly related to the following modes:

There are 4 selections for Power Management, three of which have fixed mode settings.

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Disable (default)	No power management. Disables all four modes
User Defined	Allows you to set each mode individually. When not disabled, each of the ranges are from 1 min. to 1 hr. except for HDD Power Down which ranges from 1 min. to 15 min. and disable.
Min. Power Saving	Minimum power management. Doze Mode = 1 hr. Standby Mode = 1 hr., Suspend Mode = 1 hr., and HDD Power Down = 15 min.
Max. Power Saving	Maximum power management -- **ONLY AVAILABLE FOR SL CPU'S**. Doze Mode = 1 min., Standby Mode = 1 min., Suspend Mode = 1 min., and HDD Power Down = 1 min.

Only Power Management field on the Power Management Setup menu is set to User Defined will the following fields be user configurable.

Video Off Method [DPMS Support]
This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked:

Blank Screen: This option only writes blanks to the video buffer.

V/H SYNC+Blank: This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.

DPMS Supported: Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards.

Video Off In Suspend [Yes]
This setting item determines the manner in which the monitor is blacked.

HDD Power Down [Disabled]
This setting item will be able to change when Power Management is set to User Define.

The options are: *Enabled and disabled.*

HDD Down In Suspend [Disabled]
The options are: *Enabled and disabled.*

Soft-Off by PBTN [Instant-Off]
This item allows you to set the off function of power button by software control.

The options are: Instant-off and Delay 4 sec.

WOL(PME#) From Soft-off [Disabled]
The options are: *Enabled and disabled.*

WOR(RI#) From Soft-off [Disabled]
The options are: *Enabled and disabled.*

Time (hh:mm:ss) of Alarm [0   0   0]
Set a time for the alarm in hours, minutes, and seconds.

4.7.   PnP/PCI Configurations

* The Item Help column contains the description of selected item.

The PCI Personal Component Interconnect Bus was developed primarily to address two important issues: (a) How to allow peripheral devices to take the fullest advantage of the power of CPU technology, and (b) Provide a simpler installation process for peripheral devices, such as Network cards, EIDE or SCSI controllers.

PCI accomplishes these goals with its 32-bit Data path Local Bus design, and support for Plug&Play. Unlike older expansion bus architectures, PCI provides peripherals with a direct connection to the CPU and memory. The PCI bus runs at 33Mhz and has a maximum transfer capability of 132MBps. With Plug & Play, the system BIOS automatically determines hardware resources for new peripherals, simplifying installation of multiple interface cards.

This Setup Menu provides configuration options for the PCI Bus and its assigned resources.

Reset Configuration Data [Disabled]

Disabled: Normal Setting

Enabled: Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot.

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Resource Controlled By [Auto (ESCD)]

Manual: The field defines that the PNP Card's resource is controlled by manual. You can setup whether IRQ-X or DMA-X is assigned to PCI/ISA PnP or Legacy ISA Cards.

Auto: If your ISA card and PCI card are all PNP cards. Set this field to "Auto". The BIOS will assign the interrupt resource automatically.

IRQ Resources [Press Enter]
Pressing *Enter* will take you to the IRQ Resources setup screen that allows you to assign each IRQ to a device. When the resources are controlled manually, pressing *Enter* will take you to the IRQ Resources setup screen that allows you to assign each system interrupt as a PCI device or reserve the IRQ, depending on the type of device using the interrupt:

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop [Disabled]
Selecting Enabled allows the BIOS to preview VGA Status, and to modify the information delivered from the feature connector of the VGA card to the MPEG card.

4.8. PC Health Status (O.T.S.)
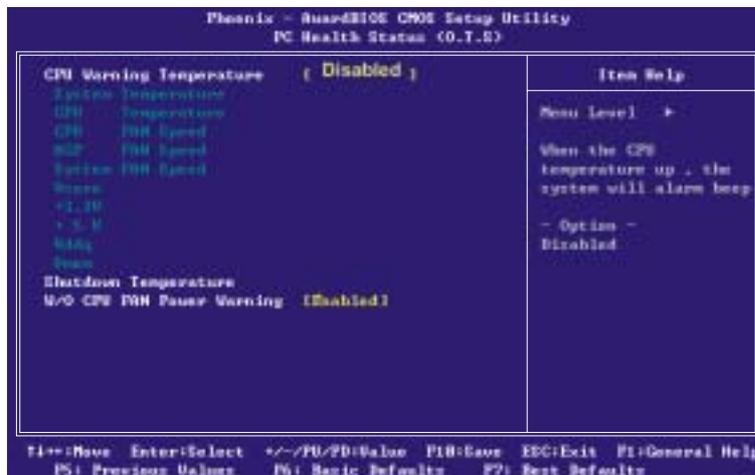
* The Item Help column contains the description of selected item.

This section helps you to get more information about your system including CPU temperature, FAN speed and voltages. It is recommended that you contact with your motherboard supplier to get proper value about your setting of the CPU temperature. When a Cyrix CPU is installed, the CPU Temperature and the System temperature will not be displayed.

4.9. X-BIOS II (Over-Clocking)
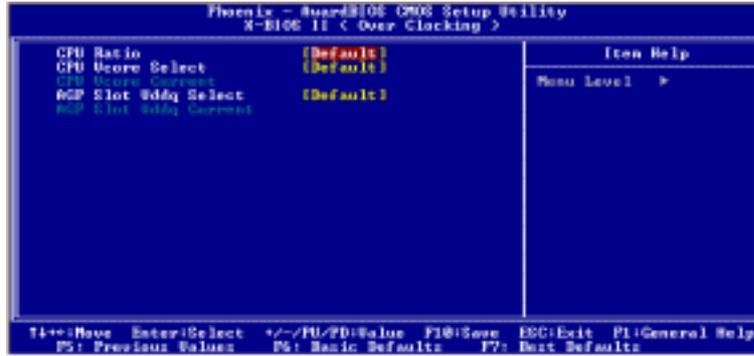
* The Item Help column contains the description of selected item.

CPU Ratio [Default]
The options are: 3~24.

CPU Vcore Select [Default]
For setting the Vcore voltage. The options include: 1.100V -> +2.000V

AGP Slot Vddq Select [Default]
The options are: *+0.2 V*, *+0.1 V*, *and Default*.

4.10. Load Basic Defaults

The BASIC Defaults have been set to provide the minimum requirements for your system to operate. Its performance is lower than the "Load Best Defaults". We suggest you use "Load Best Default". If your system card has compatibility issues, use the "Load Basic Defaults".

4.11. Load Best Defaults

The "Load Best Defaults" function loads the system manufacture default data. This is the default setting from Leadtek. This function will be necessary when the system CMOS data is corrupted or you forget your settings.

4.12. Set Supervisor/User Password

Passwords can be set to provide protection for the BIOS configuration options, or to restrict access to the computer itself.

When enabled, User Password will require all users to enter a password in order to use the system, and/or enter the BIOS setup (but can't change its contents). A Supervisor Password is used to protect the stored CMOS options from being

changed by unauthorized users.

Keep in mind that when set, a password is required only when booting the system. It will not provide protection to a system that is already booted.

The password check option is set in BIOS FEATURES SETUP by choosing either System (the password prompt appears every time the system is powered on) or Setup (the password prompt appears only when the user enters the BIOS Setup). The password is stored in CMOS RAM, and can be cleared by removing the battery for a while and then re-installing it back.

To set a password:
- You must first set the Supervisor password by choosing Supervisor Password and pressing [ENTER]. Setup prompts for a password.
- Enter a 1~8 character password using letters, numbers, or a combination of both. The specific characters are not shown as you enter them. Press [ENTER].
- A confirmation box appears asking you to re-enter the password. Enter the password again. Press [ENTER]. Follow the same procedure to set the User Password.

To change a password:
- Select the appropriate password option (Supervisor or User) from the main menu and press [ENTER]. Enter the current password and press [Enter]. The screen does not display the characters entered. Enter in the new password, then the confirmation. You cannot change the current password unless you know it.

To erase a password:
- If you know the current password, but want to disable password checking, follow the procedure for changing the password. When the Setup prompts for the new password, simply press [ENTER]. You will see a message indicating that the password is disabled.
- If you do not know the current password, you can clear the CMOS data by removing the battery for a while and then re-installing it back (this will clear all the user-defined BIOS).

4.13. Save & Exit Setup

The "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" option will bring you back to boot up procedure with all the changes you just recorded in the CMOS RAM.

4.14. Exit Without Saving

The "EXIT WITHOUT SAVING" option will bring you back to normal boot up procedure without saving any data into CMOS RAM, and will not destroy all the old data in CMOS.

5. Driver Installation

5.1. Under Windows 2000/XP

The installations of the chipset driver, nView driver, VGA driver and USB driver under Windows XP/2000 all together take just one click. Follow the steps given below to install all those drivers at once.

The following instructions are for your reference only. If users find that there is any different from your installing screen while installing the driver, please follow the steps in actual situation to operate.

5.1.1. Installing Chipset Driver

Step 1: Insert the "WinFast Motherboard & SCSI Software Pack CD" into the CD-ROM drive.

Step 2: Your computer will run the Autorun program automatically and the WinFast K7NCR18 series setup screen will appear as shown in the figure to the right. Click 'Chipset Driver Setup'.

Step 3: The InstallShield Wizard dialoge box appears (see the first figure to the right). It will guide you through the installation process. Click on 'Next'.

Step 4: The "License Agreement" dialog box appears (see the figure to the right) to remind you to read the following license agreement carefully. After reading it, click on 'Yes' button.

Step 5: Another dialog box "Found New Hardware Wizard" pops up. The wizard will guide you to install software. If your hardware came with an installation CD or floppy disk, insert it now. Tick "Install the software automatically (Recommended)". Then click 'Next'.

Step 6: Once the installation is completed, you'll be asked if you want to restart your computer. Select "Yes, I want to restart my computer now" and click 'Finish'.

5.1.2. Installing nVIEW Driver

Step 1: Insert the "WinFast Motherboard & SCSI Software Pack CD" into the CD-ROM drive.

Step 2: Your computer will run the Autorun program automatically and the WinFast K7NCR series setup screen will appear as shown in the figure to the right. Then skip this screen.

Step 3: The 'Welcome to the NVIDIA nView Wizard' dialog box pops up. It'll help you to setup NVIDIA Nview. Then click the 'Next' button.

Step 4: Another dialog box appears with description of nView Overview. Click 'Next' to continue.
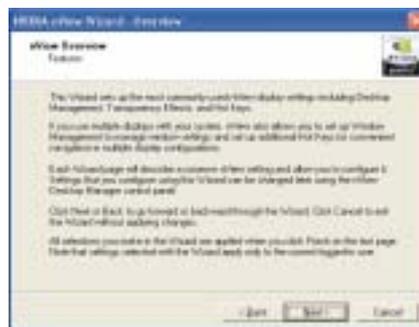
Step 5: The 'NVIDIA nView Wizard –Step 1 of 11' dialog box pops up. This wizard will guide you to enable nView. Tick 'Automatically enable nView when starting Windows'. Then click 'Next'.
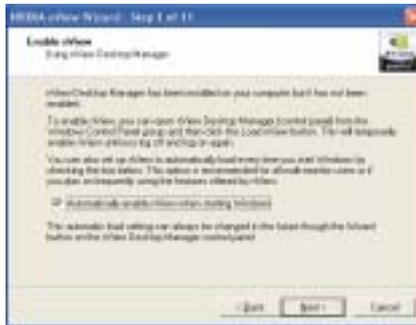
Step 6: This dialog box will help you to load and use a profile. Select 'none' and then click the 'Next' button.

Step 7: This dialog box is about window spanning control. Tick 'Allow window spanning'. Click 'Next'.

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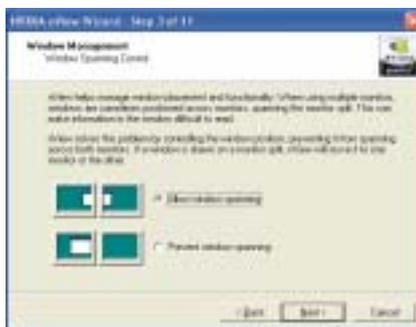
Step 8: Another dialog box pops up. It is about dialog repositioning. The wizard will tell you nView helps manage dialog box placement. Click 'Next'.

Step 9: This dialog box says nView also helps manage application positioning. Then click 'Next'.

Step 10: Another dialog box shows system menu extension. The wizard tell you to access nView features quickly and easily from any application using nView's system menu extension. Tick 'Enable nView system menu extensions' and then click 'Next'.

Step 11: The description of this dialog box is about the number of desktops. Tick 'I want to use multiple desktops and set up initial desktops' and then click 'Next'.
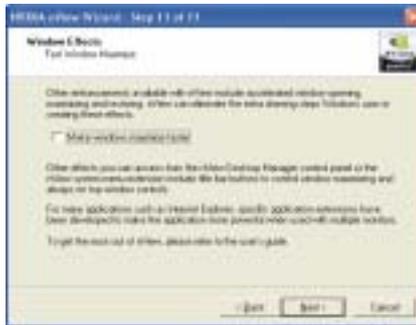

Step 12: The wizard of this dialog box helps you to use explorer to navigate desktops. Click 'Next'.

Step 13: Another dialog box appears that is about transparency. nview expands your usable 2D desktop space by adding 3D features such as transparency. Click the 'Next' button.

Step 14: Another dialog box pops up that says fast window maximize. Select 'Next' button.

Step 15: The system is now completing nView setup. So you can access these extended features by opening the nView Desktop Manager from the Windows control panel group. Click 'Finish'.

5.1.3.   Installing USB Driver

If your operating system is Windows XP, please update it to Windows XP SP1 that can support USB2.0, and then follow the steps to install USB drivers:

Step 1: Firstly, click the icon "Start" on the left-down corner of the screen, then select "Setup", "Control Panel" , "Switch to Catalogue detect", "System". The 'System Properties' dialog box pops up. Click 'Hardware' this tab and go to the dialog box as shown in the figure to the right. Click on the 'Device Manager' button and then click 'OK'.


Step 2: Another dialog box "Device Manager" appears. Double click on "Universal Series (USB) Controller".
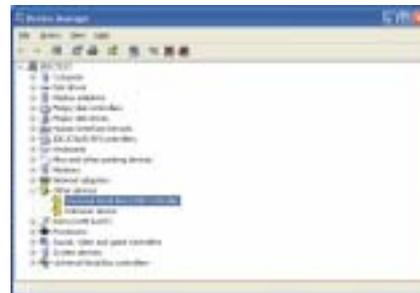
Step 3: Another dialog box pops up. Click on the 'General' tab. Then click on 'Reinstall Driver' button and select 'Use this device (enable). Click 'Close'.

Step 4: The 'Hardware Update Wizard' dialog box pops up that says ' The wizard helps you install software for: Universal Serial Bus (USB) Controller. Tick 'Install the software automatically (Recommended)'. Then click 'Next'.
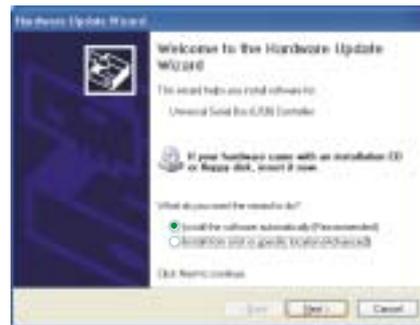
Step 5: The system is completing the hardware setup. Then click 'Finish'.
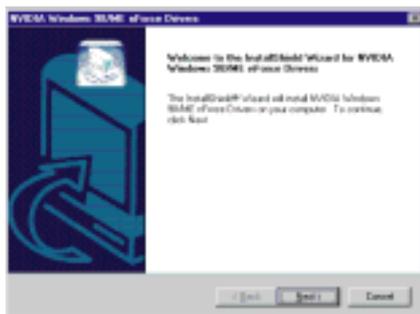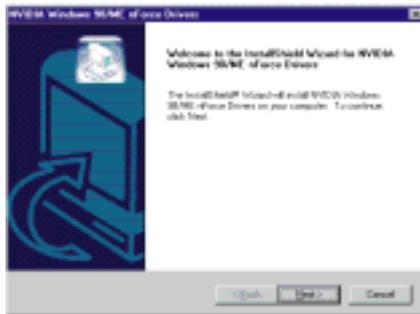
5.2. Under Windows 98/ME

5.2.1. Installing Chipset Driver

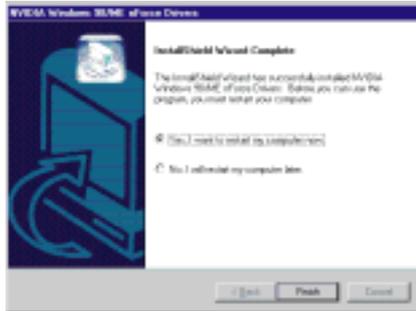**Step 1:** Insert the "WinFast Motherboard & SCSI Software Pack CD" into the CD-ROM drive.

Step 2: Your computer will run the Autorun program automatically and the WinFast K7NCR18 series setup screen will appear as shown in the figure to the right. Click 'Chipset Driver Setup'.

Step 3: The InstallShield Wizard dialog box appears (see the figure to the right). It will guide you through the installation process. Click 'Next'.

Step 4: The InstallShield Wizard dialog box appears (see the figure to the right). It will guide you through the installation process. Click 'Next'.

Step 5: Once the installation is completed, you'll be asked if you want to restart your computer. Tick 'Yes, I want to restart my computer now' and click 'Finish'.
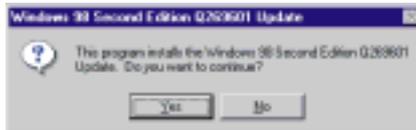

5.2.2. Installing Media Player Patch

Step 1: Insert the "WinFast Motherboard & SCSI Software Pack CD" into the CD-ROM drive.

Step 2: Your computer will run the Autorun program automatically and the WinFast K7NCR18 series setup screen will appear as shown in the figure to the right. Click 'Media Player Patch for Windows 98'.


Step 3: The dialog box will ask you do you want to continue installing the Windows 98 second edition Q269601 update. Click 'Yes'.

Step 4: Another dialog box appears with a long explanation of license agreement. Then click the button 'Yes'.

Step 5: Once the installation is completed, the wizard will ask if you want to restart your computer, then click 'Yes' to restart your computer.
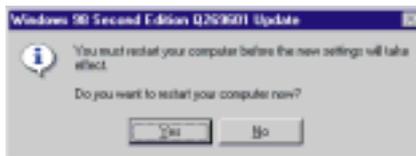
5.3. Installing SATA Driver

Step 1: Insert the "WinFast Motherboard & SCSI Software Pack CD" into the CD-ROM drive.

Step 2: Your computer will run the Autorun program automatically and the WinFast K7NCR18 series setup screen will appear as shown in the figure to the right. Click 'SATA Driver Setup'.
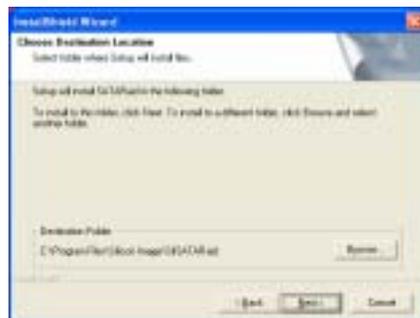
Step 3: Then select 'SATA GUI Setup' .

Step 4: The dialog box pops up and welcome you to install SATARaid drivers. Then click 'Next'.

Step 5: The wizard of the dialog box advises you to select one destination folder to save the installing file. Click the button 'Next'.

Step 6: Setup has finished installing SATARaid on your computer. Click 'Finish' to complete SATARaid setup.

5.4. Installing 3COM Lan Driver

Step 1: Insert the "WinFast Motherboard & SCSI Software Pack CD" into the CD-ROM drive.

Step 2: Your computer will run the Autorun program automatically and the WinFast K7NCR18 series setup screen will appear as shown in the figure to the right. Click '3COM Lan Driver'.

Step 3: Select 'Click here for English' from the list.

Step 4: Select 'NIC Software' in the right side of the window.

Step 5: Select 'NIC Drivers and Diagnostics' in the down left side of the window.

Step 6: Select 'Install NIC Driver' in the down left side of the window.

Step 7: Select 'Install without Diagnostic Program' in the down left side of the window.

Step 8: The 3COM NIC Driver Update Kit updated your network successfully. Click 'OK'.

Step 9: Select 'Windows XP' in the down left side of the window. (Select the proper item to continue installing the program according to your operating system.)

Step 10: NIC installation has completed. Click 'Done' to return back to the main menu.

5.5. Installing Smart I/O Driver

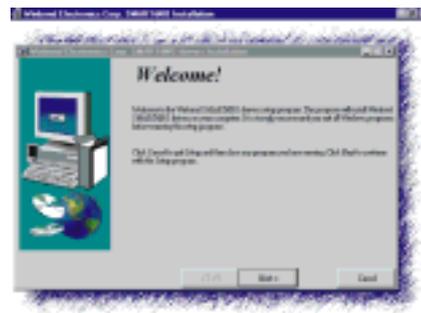**Step 11:** Insert the "WinFast Motherboard & SCSI Software Pack CD" into the CD-ROM drive.

Step 12: Your computer will run the Autorun program automatically and the WinFast K7NCR18 series setup screen will appear as shown in the figure to the right. Click 'Smart I/O Driver Setup (Optional)'.
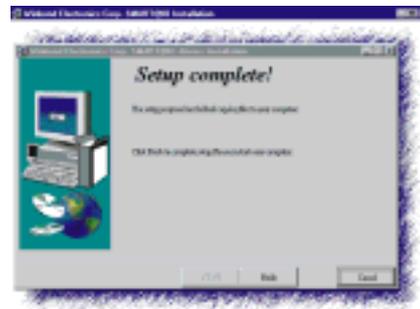

Step 13: Another dialog box appears and welcome you to this Wibond SMART@IO drivers setup program. Then click 'Next'.
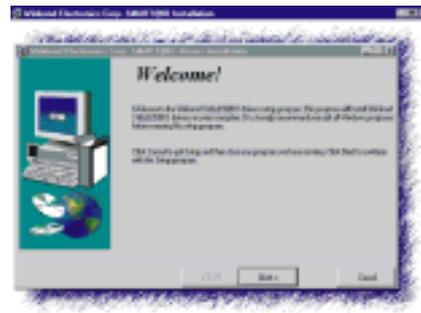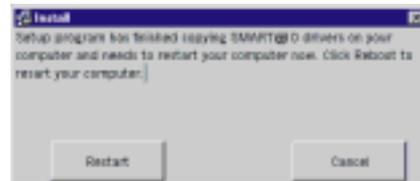

Step 14: The dialog box pops up and welcome you to this Wibond SMART@IO drivers setup program. Then click 'Next'.

Step 15: The wizard of the dialog box advises you the setup has completed. Click the button 'Finish'.

Step 16: The dialog box pops up that says ' setup program has finished coping …needs to restart your computer…'. Click 'Restart' to restart your computer.
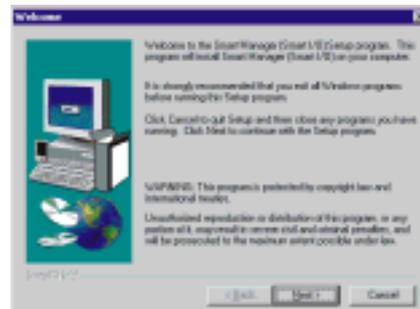
5.6. Installing Smart Card Reader Software

Step 1: Insert the "WinFast Motherboard & SCSI Software Pack CD" into the CD-ROM drive.

Step 2: Your computer will run the Autorun program automatically and the WinFast K7NCR18 series setup screen will appear as shown in the figure to the right. Click 'Smart Card Reader Software Setup'.

Step 3: Another dialog box pops up and welcome you to the smart manager (Smart I/O) setup program. The wizard will guide you through the installation process. Click "Next".

Step 4: Another dialog box appears and asks you to choose destination location. Then click 'Next'

Step 5: The wizard will ask you to help select program folder. In 'Program Folders', please select 'Smart Manager'; as to 'Existing Folder', please select 'Accessories'. Then click 'Next'.

Step 6: This dialog to the right will advise you to start coping files. Then click 'Next'.
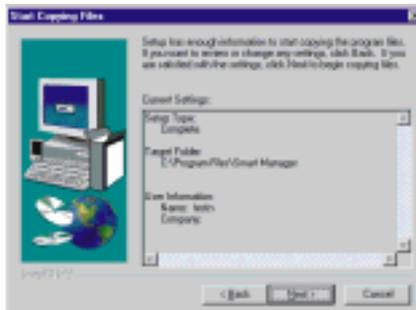
Step 7: Another dialog pops up as the system has finished copying files to your computer. Click 'Finish' this button.

5.7. Installing Speed Gear Over Clock Utility

Step 1: Insert the "WinFast Motherboard & SCSI Software Pack CD" into the CD-ROM drive.
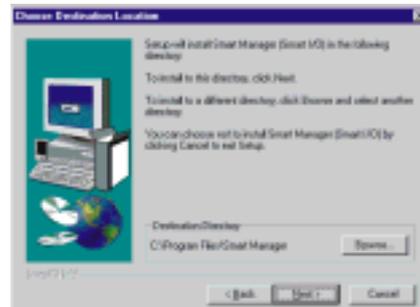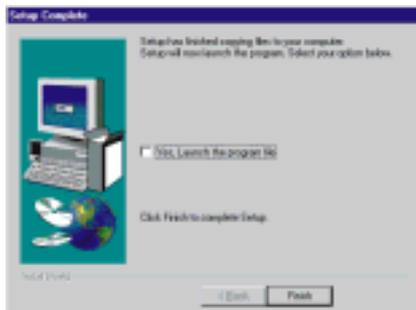
Step 2: Your computer will run the Autorun program automatically and the WinFast K7NCR18 series setup screen will appear as shown in the figure to the right. Click 'Install Speed Gear Over Clock Utility'.

Step 3: The dialog box appears and asks you to help choose setup language. Please select 'English' and click 'OK'.
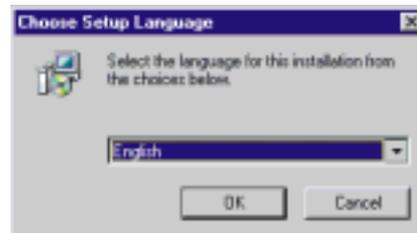
Step 4: The 'Speed Gear Setup' dialog box pops up, that wants you help to choose modity,repair, or remove the program. Please tick 'Modity' and then click 'Next'.
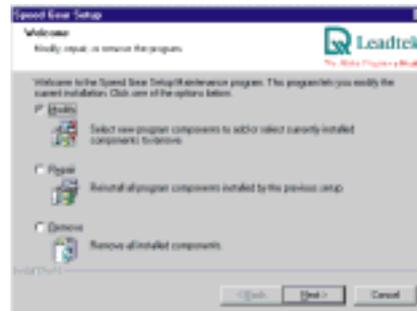
Step 5: The wizard of the right dialog box asks you to select the components. Click the button 'Next'.
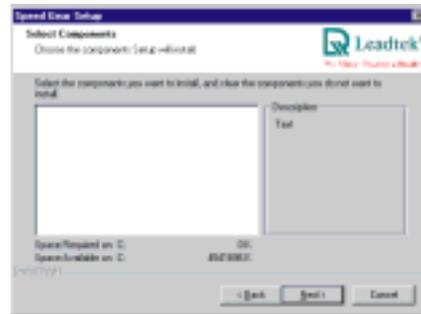
Step 6: The InstallShield Wizard dialog box appears and informs you maintenance has completed. Click 'Finish'.

5.8. Installing DirectX 8.1

Step 1: Put the software CD in the CD-ROM drive. The WinFast K7NCR18 series setup screen will appear.

Step 2: Click on "Install DirectX 8.x", and a dialog box appears. Click "Yes".

Step 3: The license agreement window appears. Click "Yes".

Step 4: Once the installation is complete, you will be asked to restart your machine. Click "OK" to restart your computer.

5.9. Installing Acrobat Utility

Step 1: Put the software CD in the CD-ROM drive. The "WinFast K7NCR18 series Setup" window will appear on the screen.

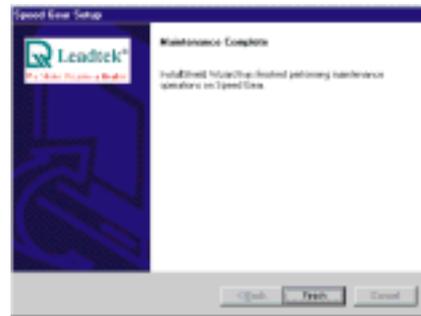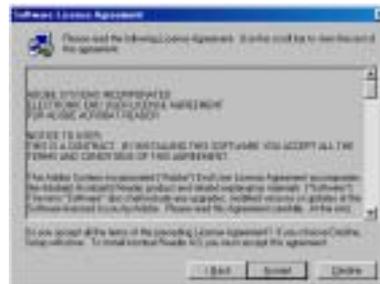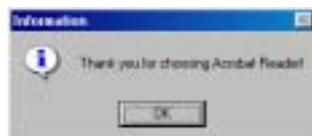**Step 2:** Click on "Install Acrobat Utility", and a dialog box appears. Click "Next".

Step 3: The software license agreement window appears. Click "Accept".

Step 4: A window asks you to choose the destination location. Click "Next".

Step 5: When the installation is complete, a dialog box will appear. Click "OK".

6. Speed Gear Operation

Speed Gear is an over-clocking tool developed by Leadtek, which you can use to conveniently adjust the speeds of your CPU, memory, and PCI. You can install Speed Gear from the software CD. Once it is installed, you can double click the icon in the system tray to bring up the menu. The operation is described below:
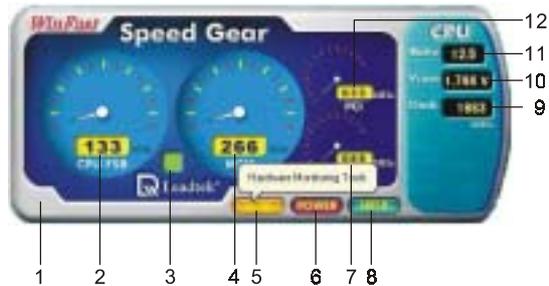
1. When this indicator is yellow, the changes are applied to every bootup. When it is red, the setting changes only affect this boot session. You can click on the indicator to switch between yellow and red.

2. The number shows the speed of CPU's FSB. The default value is determined by the value in the   <<< X-BIOS II >>> setup screen in BIOS Setup.

3. The ID of the speed combination of CPU's FSB, memory, and PCI as a group. There are three groups: A, B, and C.

4. The number shows the speed of memory. This value changes in proportion to the changes of CPU's FSB.

5. <HM> button: Click to bring up a on-screen control panel of four buttons as shown in the first figure to the right.

   <System Voltage>:
   Clicking on the <System Voltage> button brings up another control panel as shown in the figure below.

   There are three meters showing the current Vcore, Vddq, and Vmem, each with a reading on the bottom. There is a small yellow triangle arrow below one of the meters.

You can click on the handle bar on the right and hold the mouse button down to change the voltage of the meter pointed at by the triangle. If you wish to make changes to a different meter, simply click on such a meter, then the triangle will move under the meter you just clicked on.

<Temperature>:
Click on the <Temperature> button. There will be an information box, as shown in the first figure to the right, showing you the current CPU Shutdown temperature, CPU temperature and System temperature.

<Power Supply>:

Click on the <Power Supply> button. There will be an information box, as shown in the second figure to the right, showing you the current power supply status.

<Fan Speed>

Click on the <Fan Speed> button. There will be an information box, as shown in the third figure to the right, showing you the current CPU fan speed and system fan speed.

6. Ppower switch of the Speed Gear utility. Click to close this application.

7. Speed of AGP bus. This value changes in proportion to the change of CPU's FSB.

8. <help> button. Clicking here will bring up a table as shown in the last figure to the right. It shows the range of each group in << X-BIOS II >>.

9. Speed of the CPU. This value is generated by multiplying the value of CPU's FSB and the value of Ratio.

10. Vcore of the CPU. This can only be altered in << X-BIOS II >> menu.

11. As the clock-multiplier of the CPU is locked, the CPU ratio cannot be changed.

12. Speed of PCI bus. This value changes in proportion to the change of CPU's FSB.

7. Appendix

7.1.   BIOS Flash Utility

If you get a new floppy disk or CD_ROM from your local dealer which contains a new version of the BIOS binary file, or you obtain the new BIOS binary file directly from our Web Site (www.leadtek.com.tw), please follow the steps below to update the BIOS.

NOTE: Please contact your dealer first to see if you need to update your BIOS. If you update BIOS without contacting your dealer, you might encounter problems and are unable to start the computer.

Step 1: Reboot into DOS mode or select "Command Prompt Only" from the boot menu of Windows 95/98

Step 2: Insert the provided CD into CD-ROM (or floppy disk to Drive A)

Step 3: Copy "AWDFLASH.EXE" to a new directory from X:\FLASH sub-directory (X: being your CD-ROM drive).

Step 4: Copy the new BIOS binary file to the above said new directory.

Step 5: Change to the new directory and type the following command: AWDFLASH [Filename] ([Filename] means the file name of BIOS binary file)

Step 6: A message will display on your screen. Follow the instruction to update BIOS.

NOTE: Do not take any action before finishing the updating, otherwise you may encounter severe problems and need to have it sent for repair.

Step 7: You can also use "AWDFLASH /?" command for help messages.

NOTE: 1. It is recommended that the application is run under DOS prompt. Please do the following to go to DOS prompt. Start your system. Press and hold Ctrl key before Windows starts, and the Startup Menu will appear. Select the "Safe Mode Command Prompt Only" option.

2. Windows users can update your BIOS in Windows by running the program, winflash.exe, at X:\Flash (X:\ being your CD-ROM drive).

7.2.   Troubleshooting Procedures

Use the following procedures for troubleshooting. If you have followed all of the procedures below and still need assistance, contact your vendor or our Technical Support staff.

> **NOTE: Before the over-click action, please make a system boot-up disk that includes awdflash.exe and BIOS file, and add awdflash xxxxxxxx.bin/sn/py/cc/r to autoexec.bat. on the disk. If over clocking fails, the system will not be able to reboot and the floppy disk drive may appear to be in action. When so occurs, insert the disk mentioned above into the disk drive, and your computer will shut down and successfully reboot on its own.**

As the CPU is from over-clock to crashed status, please refer to the steps as below:

Step 1: Power off the computer, and then remove the power cord.
Step 2: After one minute, plug the power cord back in.
Step 3: Press the "Insert" key before rebooting the mainboard power. Then CPU will turn back to safety status.

When the floppy disk drive is working, but there is no video shown on the screen -- there are two reasons may cause this situation:
1.   As you operate AWDFLASH, the system is power off.
2.   Sometimes this situation will happen--the CPU crashes from over-clocking.

In this time, you must follow the following steps to deal with it:

Step 1: Insert the boot-up disk of Note we mentioned above into the disk drive.
Step 2: Reboot your computer.

Before Power On
Step 1: Make sure there is no short circuit between the motherboard and case.
Step 2: Disconnect all the ribbon/wire cables from the motherboard.
Step 3: Remove all the add-on cards except the video graphics card (Make sure the video/graphics card is inserted properly).
Step 4: Install a CPU, the chassis speaker and the power LED to the motherboard (Check all the jumper settings as well).
Step 5: Install a memory module into one bank.
Step 6: Check the power supply voltage monitor 115 V/230 V switch.

No Power
Step 1: Make sure the default jumper is on and the CPU is correctly set up.
Step 2: Turn the power switch on and off to test system.
Step 3: If there's still no power, turn it off and check change the jumper setting again.
Step 4: If it does not help by changing the jumper setting, clear the CMOS data.

Step 5: Check the power supply voltage monitor, especially the power supply 115 V/230 V switch.

No Video

Use the following steps for troubleshooting your system configuration.

Step 1: If you have no video, remove all the add-on cards and cables.
Step 2: Check for shorted connections, especially under the motherboard.
Step 3: Check the jumpers' settings, clock speed, and voltage settings.
Step 4: Use the speaker to determine if any beep codes exist.
Step 5: If you are a system integrator, VAR or OEM, a POST diagnostics card is recommended. For port 80h codes.

7.3. Technical Support

In the event of not finding the solution for your problem, please contact our technical support staff, or E-mail to <service@leadtek.com.tw>, with the following information:

Product name: It will be easier for our staff to answer your question if you know the name of the product. The name of the product is displayed during system booting.

Software driver version: We are updating the version of utilities and drivers from time to time, so it will be a great help for us to understand where the problem lies in. The version number is printed on the diskette label.

Motherboard manufacturer, BIOS version and chipset: It is important to know who manufactured your motherboard, which system BIOS are you using, and what types of chipset are being used on your motherboard.

Computer type and speed: The type of processor you are using and its speed.

Monitor manufacturer and model: Please advise the type and supporting mode of the monitor you are using.

Detailed description of your problem: Please describe in detail all the problems you encountered, including the kind of software and hardware you are using, and the contents of your system files.

7.4. FCC Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

• This device may not cause harmful interference.
• This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential

installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

• Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
• Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
• Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
• Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
• Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with emission limits. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

7.5. Limited Warranty

Leadtek warrants to the original purchaser of this product that it shall be free of defects resulting from workmanship or components for a period of one (1) year from the date of sale. Defects covered by this Limited Warranty shall be corrected either by repair or, at Leadtek's discretion by replacement. In the event of replacement, the replacement unit will be warranted for the remainder of the original one (1) year period or thirty (30) days, whichever is longer. THERE ARE NO OTHER ORAL OR WRITTEN WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

This Limited Warranty is nontransferable and does not apply if the product has been damaged by negligence, accident, abuse, misuse, modification, misapplication, shipment to the Manufacturer or service by someone other than the Leadtek Transportation charges to Leadtek are not covered by this Limited Warranty. To be eligible for warranty service, a defective product must be sent to and received by Leadtek within fifteen (15) months of the date of sale and be accompanied with proof of purchase. Leadtek does not warrant that this product will meet your requirements; it is your sole responsibility to determine the suitability of this product for your purposes. Leadtek does not warrant the compatibility of this product with your computer or related peripherals, software.

LEADTEK'S SOLE OBLIGATION AND LIABILITY UNDER THIS WARRANTY IS LIMITED TO THE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF A DEFECTIVE PRODUCT. THE MANUFACTURER SHALL NOT, IN ANY EVENT, BE LIABLE TO THE PURCHASER OR ANY THIRD PARTY FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OR LIABILITY IN TORT RELATING TO THIS PRODUCT OR RESULTING FROM ITS USE OR POSSESSION.

This limited warranty is governed by the laws of Taiwan.