

# A-S78H

Motherboard  
AMD Socket AM2+/AM2

## User's Manual

- AMD 780G Chipset / ATI Radeon HD 3200 Graphics
- 5200MT/s HT3.0
- Dual Channel DDR2 1066
- HDMI / DVI / VGA
- Gigabit LAN
- SATA 3Gb/s RAID
- USB 2.0
- 5.1-Channel HD Audio
- abit SoftMenu™ Technology
- abit EQ Technology
- Vista Premium HW Ready

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部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
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PCB 板	○	○	○	○	○	○
结构件	○	○	○	○	○	○
芯片及其他主动件	×	○	○	○	○	○
连接器	×	○	○	○	○	○
被动电子元器件	×	○	○	○	○	○
焊接金属	○	○	○	○	○	○
线材	×	○	○	○	○	○
光盘	○	○	○	○	○	○
助焊剂、散热膏、标签及其他耗材	○	○	○	○	○	○

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# 1. Hardware Setup

## 1.1 Specifications

### CPU

- Supports Socket AMD AM2+/AM2 Processor using Hyper Transport™ Technology up to 5200MT/s\*  
\* AM2+ running HT3.0 5200MT/s  
\* AM2 running HT1.0 2000MT/s
- Supports AMD CPU Cool 'n' Quiet Technology

### Chipset

- AMD 780G Chipset with ATI Radeon HD 3200 Graphics (RS780) / SB700

### Memory

- 4x 240-pin DIMM slots support maximum memory capacity up to 8GB
- Supports Dual Channel DDR2 1066\*/800/667 Un-buffered ECC/Non-ECC memory  
\* DDR2 1066 is supported by AM2+ CPU only.

### Graphics

- ATI RV610-based Graphics Engine
- ATI Hybrid CrossFireX Technology
- ATI UVD (Unified Video Decoder) hardware for H.264, VC-1, and MPEG-2 decode
- Two independent display controllers for CRT and HDMI/DVI interfaces

### LAN

- Onboard Gigabit LAN

### Audio

- Onboard 5.1-CH HD Audio CODEC

### Serial ATA

- 6x SATA 3Gb/s supports AHCI and RAID 0/1/0+1

### Expansion Slots

- 1x PCI-E X16 slot (PCI Express 2.0)
- 1x PCI-E X1 slot
- 2x PCI slots

### Internal I/O Connectors

- 1x Floppy port
- 1x Ultra ATA 133 IDE connector
- 6x SATA 3Gb/s connectors
- 4x USB 2.0 headers
- 1x FP-Audio header
- 1x CD-In connector
- 1x S/PDIF Out Header

### Rear Panel I/O

- 1x PS/2 Keyboard connector
- 1x HDMI connector
- 1x D-Sub connector
- 1x DVI connector
- 1x RCA Out connector
- 1x RJ-45 LAN connector
- 4x USB 2.0 connectors
- 1x 5.1-CH HD Audio connector

### abit Engineered

- **abit** Softmenu™ Technology
- **abit** EQ Technology

### RoHS

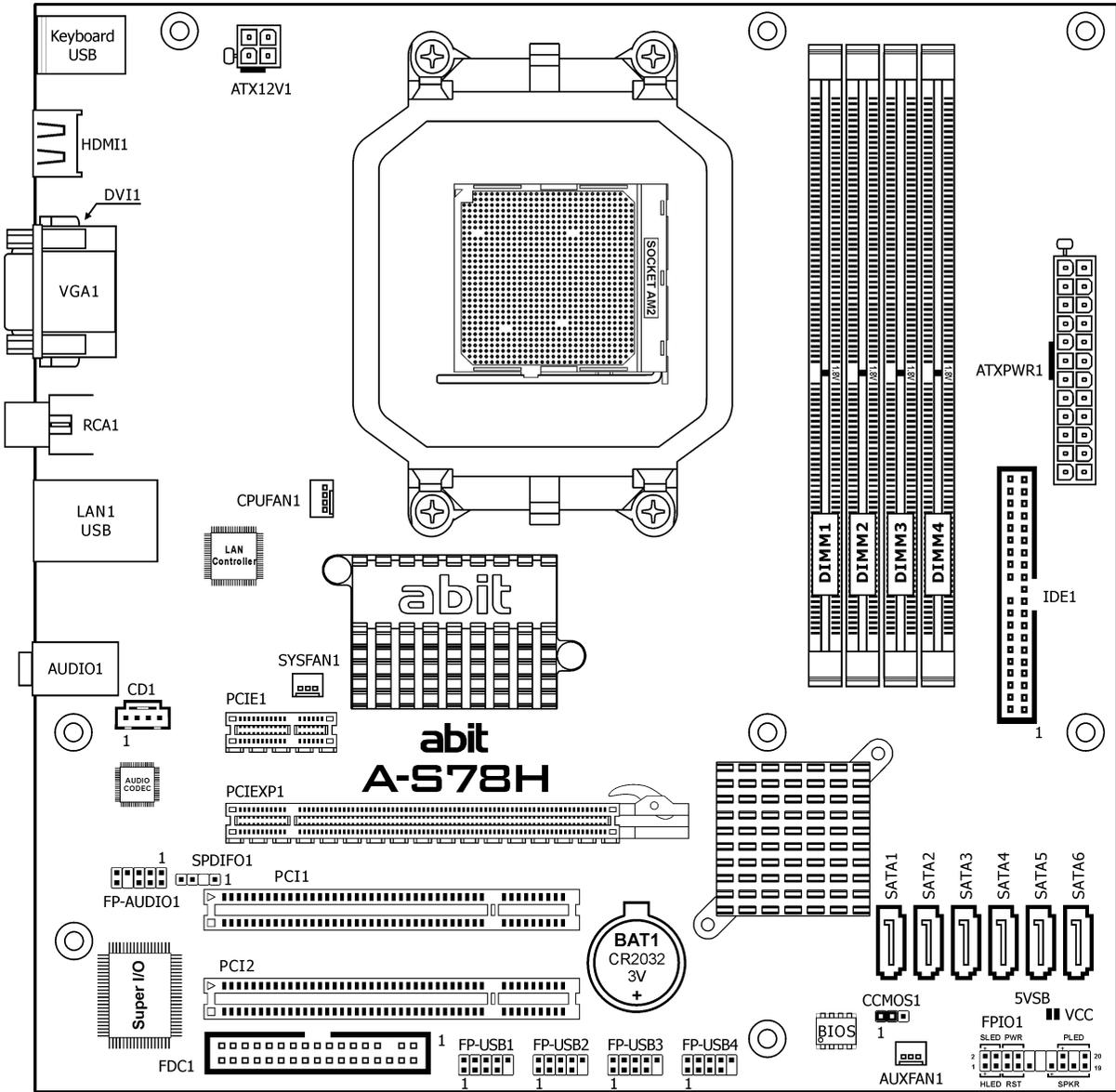
- 100% Lead-free process and RoHS compliant

### Miscellaneous

- Micro ATX form factor (244mm x 244mm)
- Windows Vista Premium HW Ready

※ Specifications and information contained herein are subject to change without notice.

# 1.2 Motherboard Layout



## 1.3 Choosing a Computer Chassis

- Choose a chassis big enough to install this motherboard.
- As some features for this motherboard are implemented by cabling connectors on the motherboard to indicators and switches or buttons on the chassis, make sure your chassis supports all the features required.
- If there is a possibility of adopting some more hard drives, make sure your chassis has sufficient power and space for them.
- Most chassis have alternatives for I/O shield located at the rear panel. Make sure the I/O shield of the chassis matches the I/O port configuration of this motherboard. You can find an I/O shield specifically designed for this motherboard in its package.

## 1.4 Installing Motherboard

Most computer chassis have a base with many mounting holes to allow the motherboard to be securely attached, and at the same time, prevent the system from short circuits. There are two ways to attach the motherboard to the chassis base: (1) with studs, or (2) with spacers.

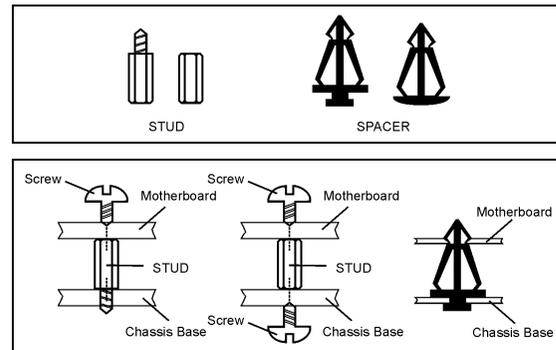
Basically, the best way to attach the board is with studs. Only if you are unable to do this should you attach the board with spacers. Line up the holes on the board with the mounting holes on the chassis. If the holes line up and there are screw holes, you can attach the board with studs. If the holes line up and there are only slots, you can only attach with spacers. Take the tip of the spacers and insert them into the slots. After doing this to all the slots, you can slide the board into position aligned with slots. After the board has been positioned, check to make sure everything is OK before putting the chassis back on.

- ※ **Always power off the computer and unplug the AC power cord before adding or removing any peripheral or component. Failing to do so may cause severe damage to your motherboard and/or peripherals. Plug in the AC power cord only after you have carefully checked everything.**

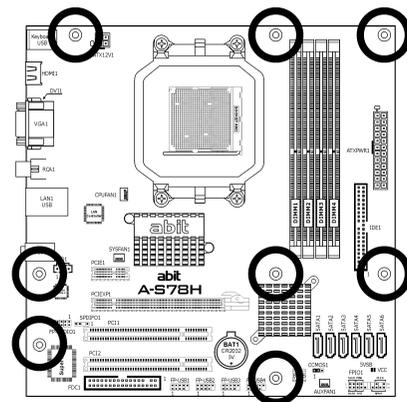
### To install this motherboard:

1. Locate all the screw holes on the motherboard and the chassis base.
2. Place all the studs or spacers needed on the chassis base and have them tightened.
3. Face the motherboard's I/O ports toward the chassis's rear panel.
4. Line up all the motherboard's screw holes with those studs or spacers on the chassis.
5. Install the motherboard with screws and have them tightened.

- ※ **To prevent shorting the PCB circuit, please REMOVE the metal studs or spacers if they are already fastened on the chassis base and are without mounting-holes on the motherboard to align with.**

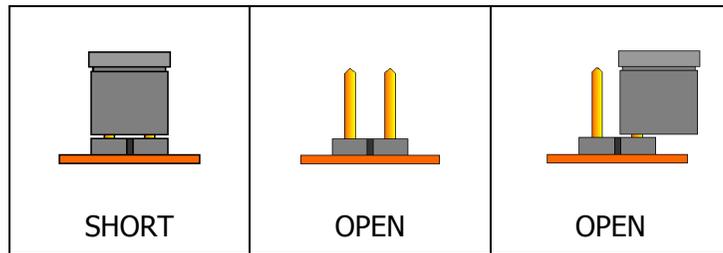


Face the chassis's rear panel.

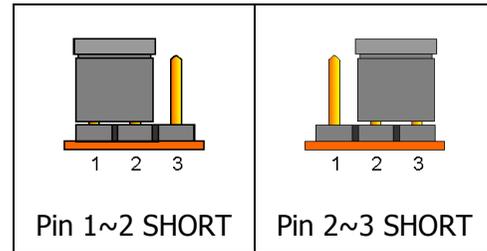


## 1.5 Checking Jumper Settings

- For a 2-pin jumper, plug the jumper cap on both pins will make it CLOSE (SHORT). Remove the jumper cap, or plug it on either pin (reserved for future use) will leave it at OPEN position.



- For 3-pin jumper, pin 1~2 or pin 2~3 can be shorted by plugging the jumper cap in.

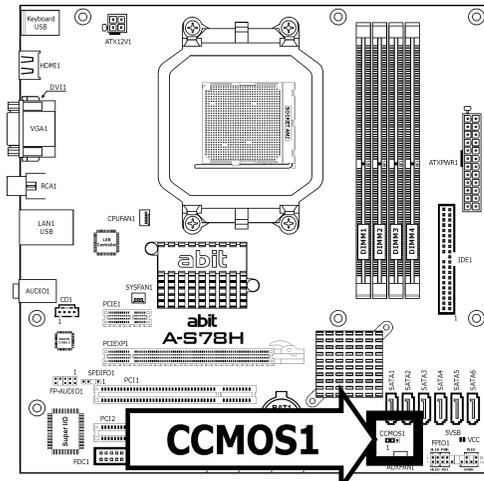
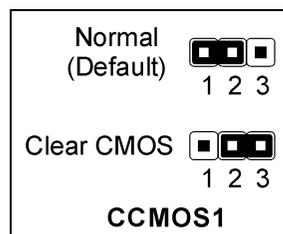


### 1.5.1 CMOS Memory Clearing Header and Backup Battery

The time to clear the CMOS memory occurs when (a) the CMOS data becomes corrupted, (b) you forgot the supervisor or user password preset in the BIOS menu, (c) you are unable to boot-up the system because the CPU ratio/clock was incorrectly set in the BIOS menu, or (d) whenever there is modification on the CPU or memory modules.

This header uses a jumper cap to clear the CMOS memory and have it reconfigured to the default values stored in BIOS.

- Pins 1 and 2 shorted (Default):** Normal operation.
- Pins 2 and 3 shorted:** Clear CMOS memory.

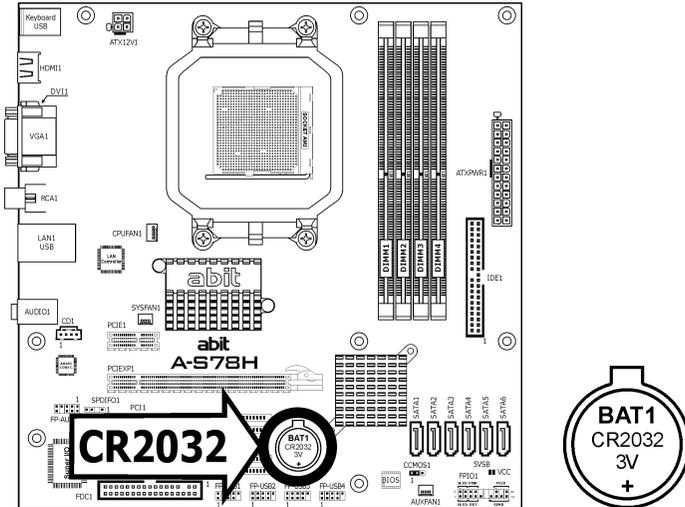


#### To clear the CMOS memory and load in the default values:

- Power off the system.
- Set pin 2 and pin 3 shorted by the jumper cap. Wait for a few seconds. Set the jumper cap back to its default settings --- pin 1 and pin 2 shorted.
- Power on the system.
- For incorrect CPU ratio/clock settings in the BIOS, press <Del> key to enter the BIOS setup menu right after powering on system.
- Set the CPU operating speed back to its default or an appropriate value.
- Save and exit the BIOS setup menu.

## CMOS Backup Battery:

An onboard battery saves the CMOS memory to keep the BIOS information stays on even after disconnected your system with power source. Nevertheless, this backup battery exhausts after some five years. Once the error message like **"CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED"** or **"CMOS checksum error"** displays on monitor, this backup battery is no longer functional and has to be renewed.



### To renew the backup battery:

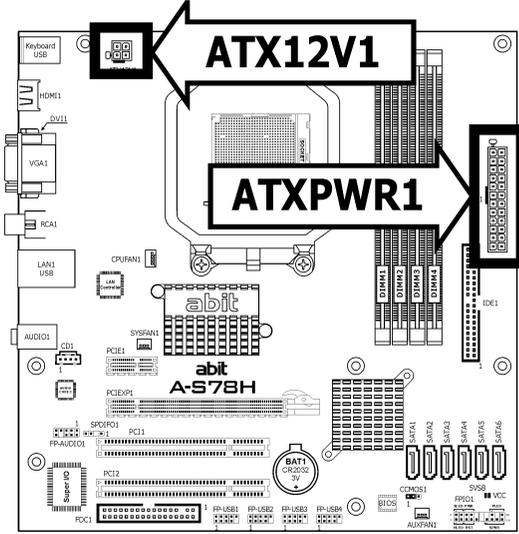
1. Power off the system and disconnect with AC power source.
2. Remove the exhausted battery.
3. Insert a new CR2032 or equivalent battery. Pay attention to its polarity. The "+" side is its positive polarity.
4. Connect AC power source and power on the system.
5. Enter the BIOS setup menu. Reconfigure the setup parameters if necessary.

### CAUTION:

- ※ **Danger of explosion may arise if the battery is incorrectly renewed.**
- ※ **Renew only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the battery manufacturer.**
- ※ **Dispose of used batteries according to the battery manufacturer's instructions.**

# 1.6 Connecting Chassis Components

## 1.6.1 Power Connectors

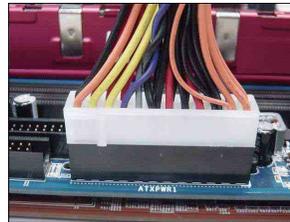


For a fully configured system, we recommend that you use a power supply of ATX12V 2.0 (or newer) specification compliant and of providing minimum 400W power output capability.

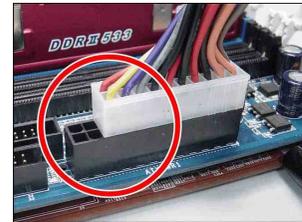
※ The following motherboard photos are served for DEMO only, and may not be the same type or model as the one described in this user's manual.

### [ATXPWR1]: 24-pin power connector

You may connect either a 20-pin (ATX12V 1.3) or 24-pin (ATX12V 2.0) power source. However, it is recommended to connect the 24-pin ATX12V power source to meet the 240VA protection limits.



Plugged from a 24-pin ATX12V power.



Plugged from a 20-pin ATX12V power.

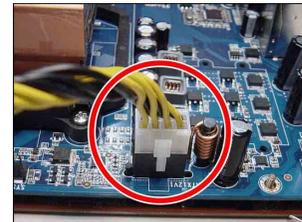
### [ATX12V1]: 8-pin power connector

This connector supplies +12V power to CPU.

You may connect either a 4-pin ATX12V or an 8-pin EPS12V power source. However, it is recommended to connect the 8-pin EPS12V power source to meet the 240VA protection limits.



Plugged from a 4-pin ATX12V power.

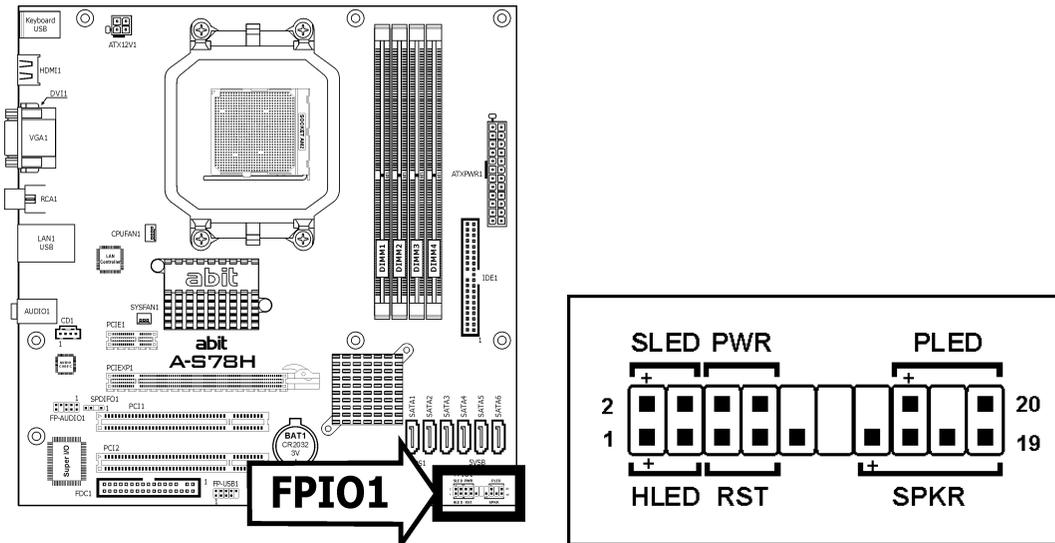


Plugged from an 8-pin EPS12V power.

## 1.6.2 Front Panel Switches & Indicators Headers

This header is used for connecting switches and LED indicators on the chassis front panel.

Watch the power LED pin position and orientation. The mark "+" align to the pin in the figure below stands for positive polarity for the LED connection. Please pay attention when connecting these headers. A wrong orientation will only result in the LED not lighting, but a wrong connection of the switches could cause system malfunction.

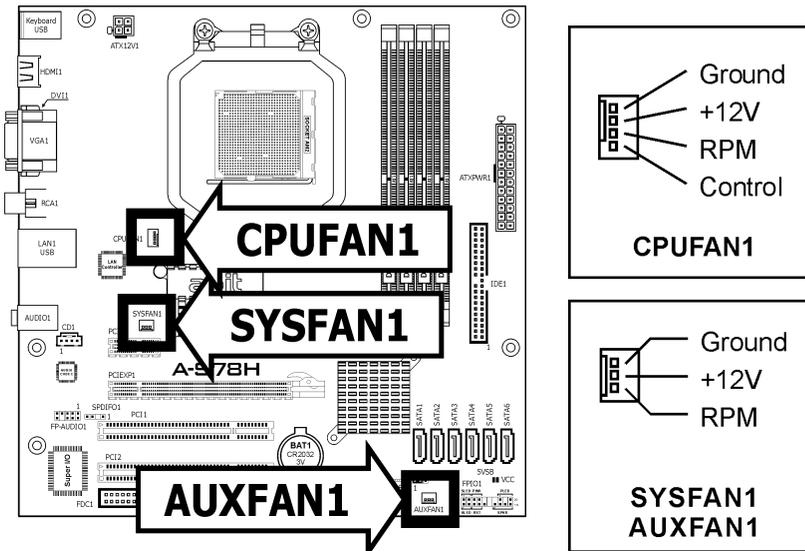


- **HLED (Pin 1, 3):**  
Connects to the HDD LED cable of chassis front panel.
- **RST (Pin 5, 7):**  
Connects to the Reset Switch cable of chassis front panel.
- **SPKR (Pin 13, 15, 17, 19):**  
Connects to the System Speaker cable of chassis.
- **SLED (Pin 2, 4):**  
Connects to the Suspend LED cable (if there is one) of chassis front panel.
- **PWR (Pin 6, 8):**  
Connects to the Power Switch cable of chassis front panel.
- **PLED (Pin 16, 18, 20):**  
Connects to the Power LED cable of chassis front panel.

## 1.6.3 FAN Power Connectors

These connectors each provide power to the cooling fans installed in your system.

- **CPUFAN1:** CPU Fan Power Connector
  - **SYSFAN1:** System Fan Power Connector
  - **AUXFAN1:** Auxiliary Fan Power Connector
- ※ **These fan connectors are not jumpers. DO NOT place jumper caps on these connectors.**



- ※ **Either a 3-pin or 4-pin CPU cooling fan connected to the "CPUFAN1" connector is still capable of having its fan speed controlled. Please refer to the BIOS setup route: "PC Health Status" → "CPU FANEQ Control" → "CPU FAN Type" to select the one of your own.**

## 1.7 Installing Hardware

- ※ **DO NOT scratch the motherboard when installing hardware. An accidentally scratch of a tiny surface-mount component may seriously damage the motherboard.**

### 1.7.1 CPU Socket

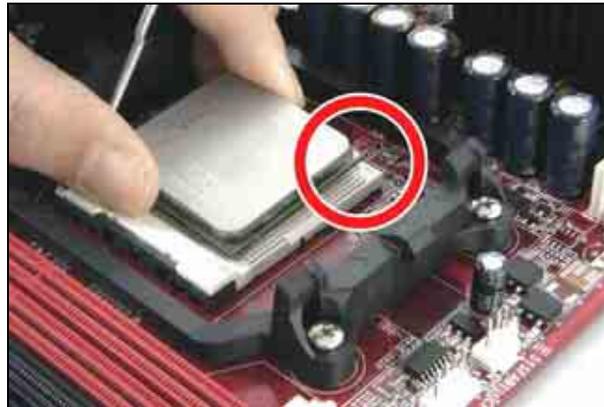
- ※ **DO NOT touch or bend the delicate pins on the CPU whenever you are holding it.**

The installation procedures vary with different types of CPU fan-and-heatsink assembly. The one shown here is served for **DEMO** only. For detailed information on how to install the one you bought, refer to its installation guidelines.

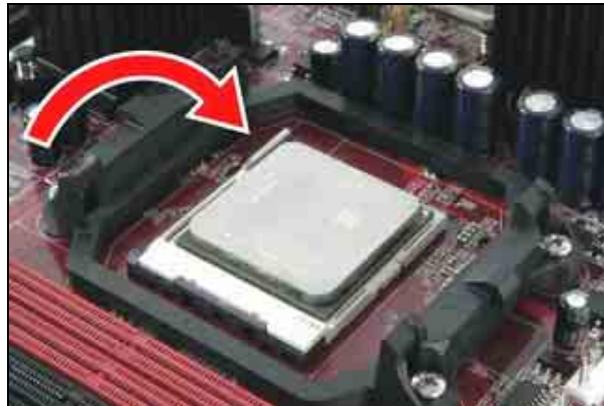
1. Pull out the socket lever away from the socket and fully lift it up over 90-degree angle.

Locate and align the triangle mark with both the CPU and the socket body. Vertically place the CPU with its pin-side down into the socket.

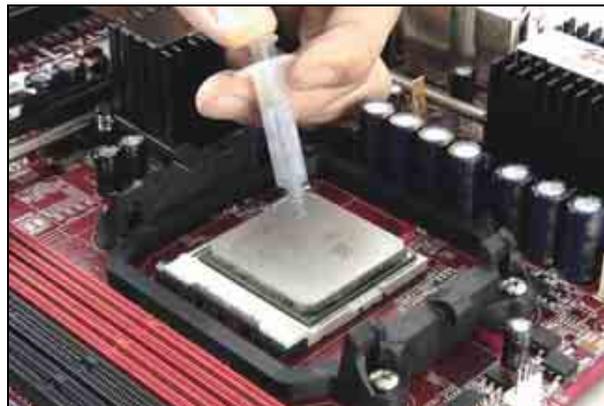
Be careful to insert the CPU into the socket. The CPU only fits in one orientation with the socket. **DO NOT** force the CPU into the socket.



2. After placing the CPU into position, push the socket lever down into its locked position to secure the CPU. The lever clicks when it's locked into position.



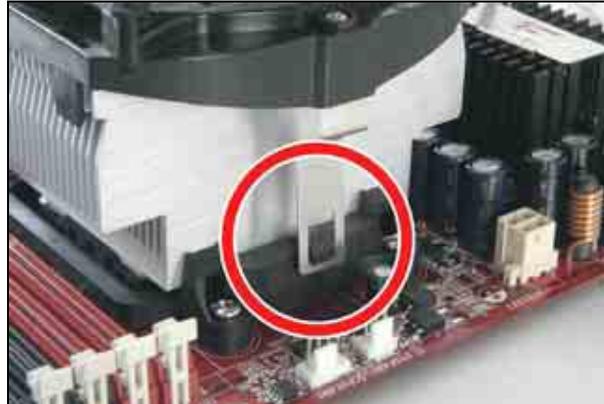
3. The heatsink for CPU may have thermal interface material attached to its bottom. If not, applying a few squeeze of thermal paste to the CPU die will help to increase the contact.



- Place the heatsink and fan assembly onto the retention frame. Match the heatsink clip with the socket mounting-lug. Hook the spring clip to the mounting-lug.



- On the other side, push the retention clip straight down to lock into the plastic lug on the retention frame.



- Connect the CPU cooling fan power cable to the [CPUFAN1] connector on this motherboard.

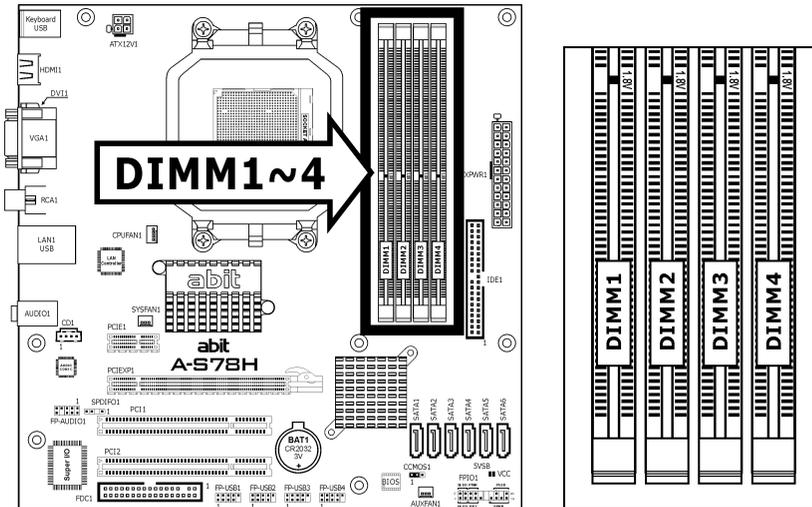
- ※ **Either a 3-pin or 4-pin CPU cooling fan connected to the [CPUFAN1] connector is still capable of having its fan speed controlled. Please refer to the BIOS setup route: "PC Health Status" → "CPU FANEQ Control" → "CPU FAN Type" to select the one of your own.**



**Also, please watch out for the orientation when inserting 3-Pin plug into this 4-Pin fan connector.**

- ※ **The motherboard in this illustration is served for DEMO only, may not be the same type or model as the one described in this user's manual.**
- ※ **A higher fan speed will be helpful for better airflow and heat-dissipation. Nevertheless, stay alert to not touch any heatsink since a high temperature generated by the working system is still possible.**

## 1.7.2 DDR2 Memory Slots



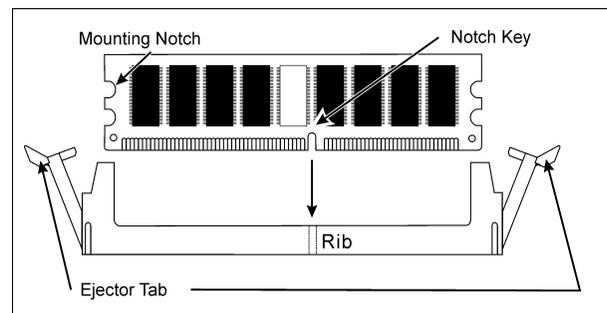
To reach the performance of Dual Channel DDR2, the following rules must be obeyed:

- **For a 2-DIMM dual-channel installation:**  
Populate DIMM modules of the same type and size on slots [DIMM1]+[DIMM2], or slots [DIMM3]+[DIMM4].
  - **For a 4-DIMM dual-channel installation:**  
Populate 2 DIMM modules of the same type and size on slots [DIMM1]+[DIMM2], and another 2 DIMM modules of the same type and size on slots [DIMM3]+[DIMM4].
- ※ [DIMM1] and [DIMM2] slots are made of the same color.  
[DIMM3] and [DIMM4] are made of another same color.

Usually there is no hardware or BIOS setup requires after adding or removing memory modules, but you will have to clear the CMOS memory first if any memory module related problem occurs.

### To install system memory:

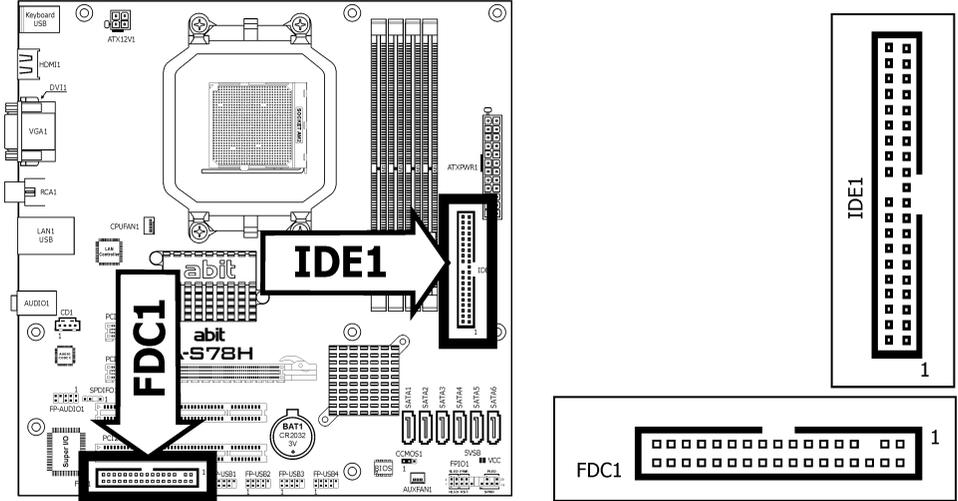
1. Power off the computer and unplug the AC power cord before installing or removing memory modules.
2. Locate the DIMM slot on the board.
3. Hold two edges of the DIMM module carefully, keep away from touching its connectors.
4. Align the notch key on the module with the rib on the slot.
5. Firmly press the module into the slots until the ejector tabs at both sides of the slot automatically snap into the mounting notch. Do not force the DIMM module in with extra force as the DIMM module only fits in one direction.
6. To remove the DIMM modules, push the two ejector tabs on the slot outward simultaneously, and then pull out the DIMM module.



- ※ **Static electricity can damage the electronic components of the computer or optional boards. Before starting these procedures, ensure that you are discharged of static electricity by touching a grounded metal object briefly.**

# 1.8 Connecting Peripheral Devices

## 1.8.1 Floppy and IDE Disk Drive Connectors

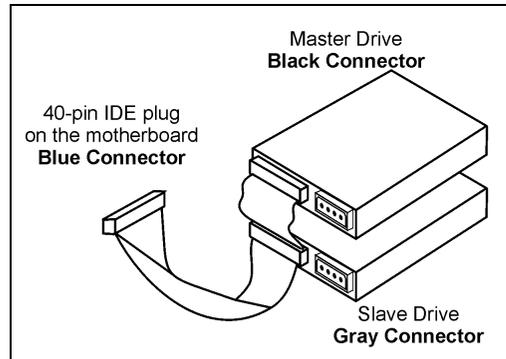


Connect your floppy drive to the [FDC1] port by a floppy cable.

- ❖ **Check the pin-1 orientation before connecting. Make sure to align with the pin-1 mark on both the [FDC1] port and floppy drive connector.**

Connect your IDE drive(s) to [IDE1] port by an IDE cable.

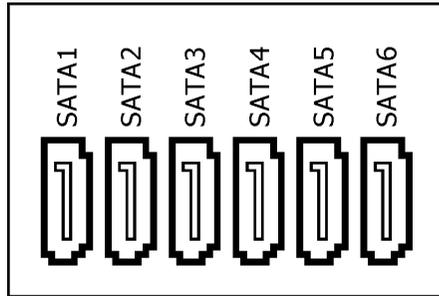
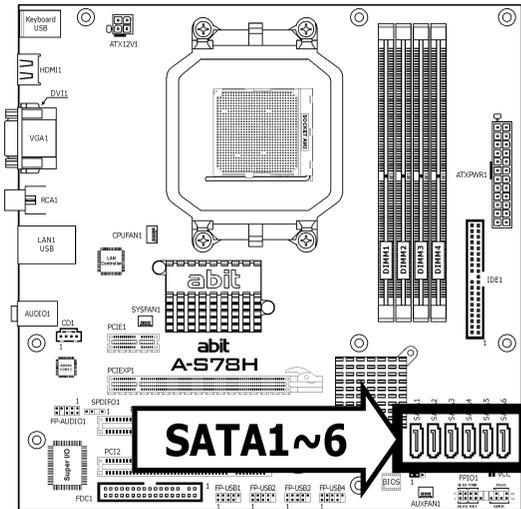
Each of the IDE port connects up to two IDE drives by an IDE cable. Connect the single end of the cable's longer length to the [IDE1] port, and then connect the other two ends to your IDE drives.



- ❖ **Make sure to configure the "Master" and "Slave" relation before connecting two drives by one cable.**
- ❖ **Check the pin-1 orientation before connecting. Make sure to align with the pin-1 mark on both the [IDE1] port and IDE drive connector.**

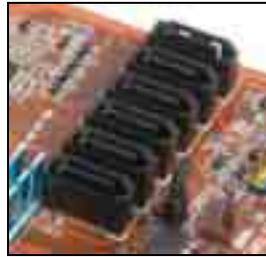
## 1.8.2 Serial ATA Connectors

Each SATA connector serves as one single channel to connect one SATA device by SATA cable.



### To connect SATA device:

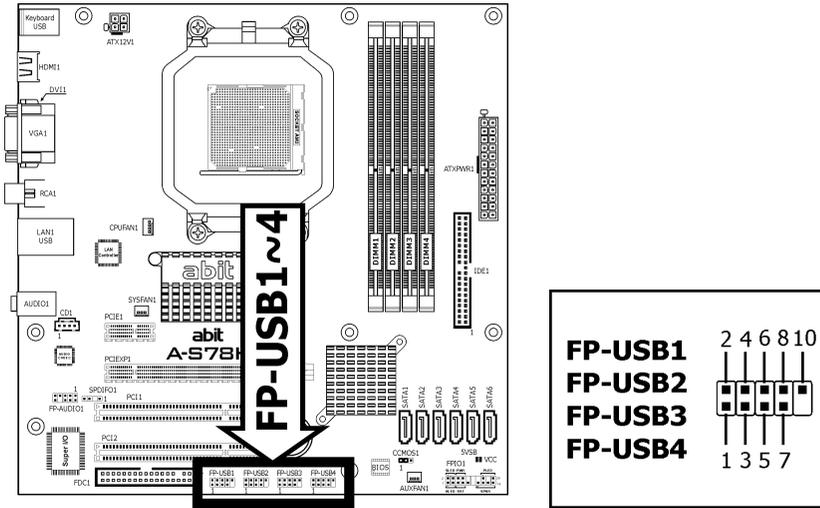
1. Attach either end of the signal cable to the SATA connector on motherboard. Attach the other end to the SATA device.
2. Attach the SATA power cable to the SATA device and connect the other end from the power supply.



※ **The motherboard in this photo is served for DEMO only, and may not be the same type or model as the one described in this user's manual.**

### 1.8.3 Additional USB 2.0 Port Headers

Each header supports 2x additional USB 2.0 ports by connecting bracket or cable to the rear I/O panel or the front-mounted USB ports of your chassis.

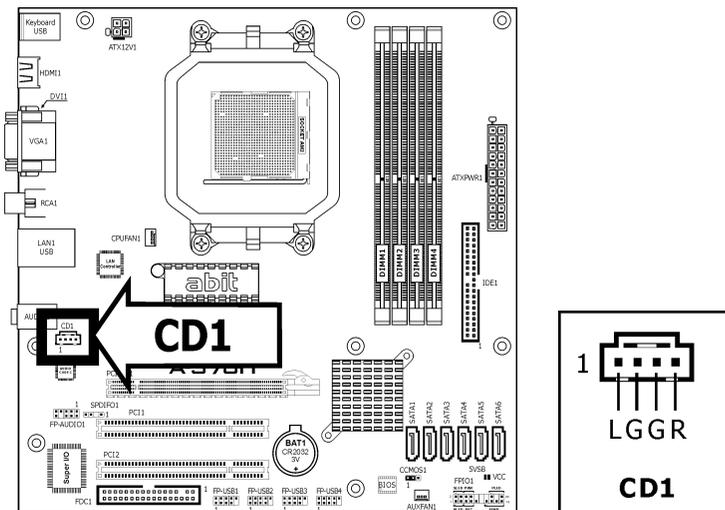


Pin	Pin Assignment	Pin	Pin Assignment
1	VCC	2	VCC
3	Data0 -	4	Data1 -
5	Data0 +	6	Data1 +
7	Ground	8	Ground
		10	NC

※ Make sure the connecting cable bears the same pin assignment.

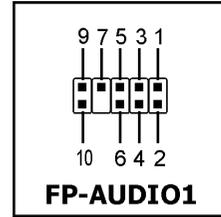
### 1.8.4 Internal Audio Connectors

This connector connects to the audio output of internal CD-ROM drive or add-on card.

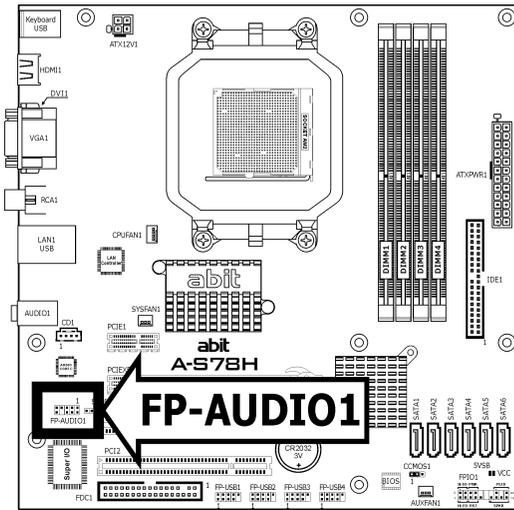


### 1.8.5 Front Panel Audio Connection Header

This header provides the front panel connection for HD (High Definition) Audio, yet for AC'97 Audio CODEC connection, you must carefully check the pin assignment before connecting from the front panel module. An incorrect connection may cause malfunction or even damage the motherboard.



- ⌘ Please do not connect the "Ground" cable or "USB VCC" cable from the front panel module to the Pin 4 "AVCC" of this header.



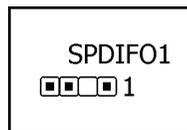
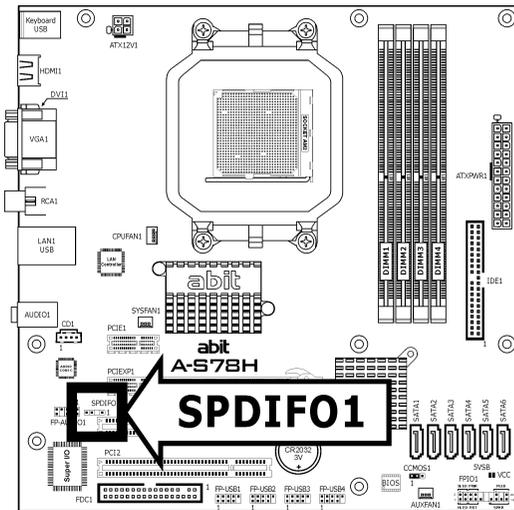
Pin	Pin Assignment (HD AUDIO)
1	MIC2 L
2	AGND
3	MIC2 R
4	<b>AVCC</b>
5	FRO-R
6	MIC2_JD
7	F_IO_SEN
9	FRO-L
10	LINE2_JD

Pin	Pin Assignment (AC'97 AUDIO)
1	MIC In
2	GND
3	MIC Power
4	NC
5	Line Out (R)
6	NC
7	NC
9	Line Out (L)
10	NC

- ⌘ To configure AC'97 front panel audio connection, please enter the BIOS setup menu and select the option [AC97] via route: "Integrated Peripherals" → "FP-Audio".

### 1.8.6 S/PDIF Output Connection Header

This header provides the S/PDIF output connection to your add-on HDMI VGA card. (Available for A-N78HD only)



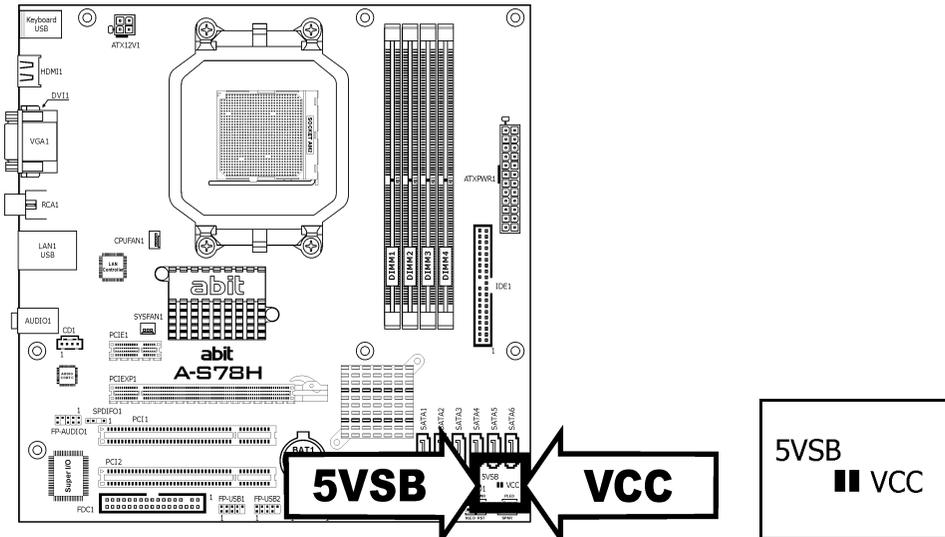
Pin	Pin Assignment
1	VCC (5V)
2	x
3	S/PDIF Out
4	Ground



## 1.9 Onboard Indicators

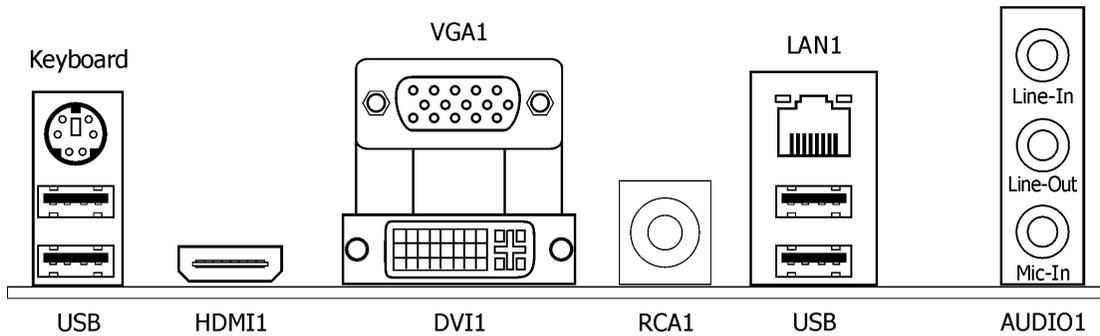
### 1.9.1 Power Source Indicators

- **5VSB:** This LED lights up when the power supply is connected with power source.
- **VCC:** This LED lights up when the system power is on.



## 1.10 Connecting Rear Panel I/O Devices

The rear I/O part of this motherboard provides the following I/O ports:



- **Mouse:** Connects to PS/2 mouse.
- **Keyboard:** Connects to PS/2 keyboard.
- **USB:** Connects to USB devices such as scanner, digital speakers, monitor, mouse, keyboard, hub, digital camera, joystick etc.
- **HDMI1:** Connects to multimedia devices of HDMI protocol.  
To enable this HDMI function, you will have to select “**HD Audio rear output**” as the sound playback device in the “**Sounds and Audio Devices Properties**” by Windows’ Control Panel.
  - ※ **Connect only one monitor through “HDMI1” or “DVI1” port. There is no guarantee on simultaneously outputting to monitors connected through both “HDMI1” and “DVI1” ports.**
- **VGA1/DVI1:** Connects to monitor.
- **RCA1:** This connector provides an S/PDIF-Out connection.
- **LAN1:** Connects to Local Area Network.
- **AUDIO1:**
  - Line-In:** Connects to the line out from external audio sources.
  - Line-Out:** Connects to the front left and front right channel.
  - Mic-In:** Connects to the plug from external microphone.

# 2. BIOS Setup

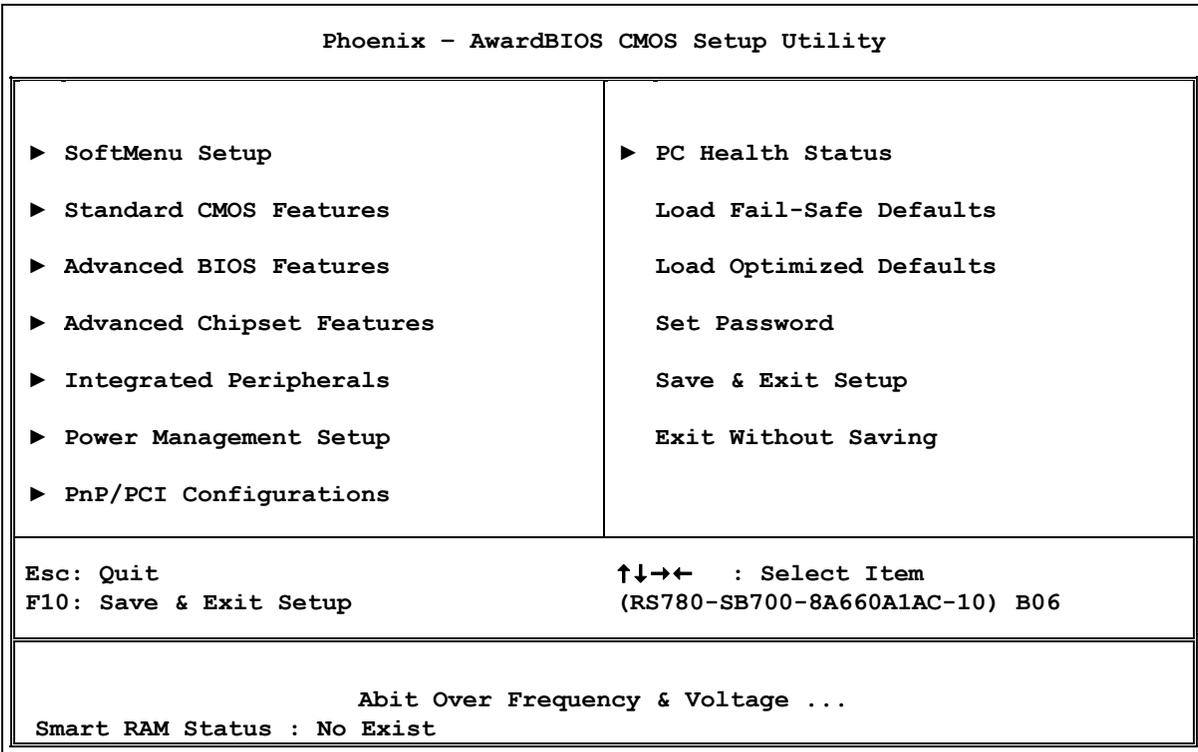
This motherboard provides a programmable EEPROM so that you can update the BIOS utility. The BIOS (Basic Input/Output System) is a program that deals with the basic level of communication between processor and peripherals. Use the BIOS Setup program only when installing motherboard, reconfiguring system, or prompted to "Run Setup". This chapter explains the Setup Utility of BIOS utility.

After powering up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen, the memory count begins, and then the following message appears on the screen:

### PRESS DEL TO ENTER SETUP

If this message disappears before you respond, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl> + <Alt> + <Del> keys, or by pressing the Reset button on the computer chassis. Only when these two methods fail should you restart the system by powering it off and then back on.

After pressing <Del> key, the main menu screen appears.



※ In order to increase system stability and performance, our engineering staff is constantly improving the BIOS menu. The BIOS setup screens and descriptions illustrated in this manual are for your reference only, and may not completely match with what you see on your screen.

## 2.1 SoftMenu Setup

This option configures the CPU's clock and voltage.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility	
SoftMenu Setup	
AMD Phenom(tm) 9500 Quad-Core Processor	Item Help
Frequency : 2200MHz	
x SMART RAM Option	Disabled
CPU Operating Speed	Default
x - CPU External Clock(MHz)	Auto
x - PCIe x16 Clock	100
x - PCIe Clock	100
Voltages Control	Default
x - CPU Core Voltage	+0.00V
x - CPU Core NB Voltage	+0.00V
x - DDR2 Voltage	Auto
x - DDR2 Reference Voltage	0.00 %
x - NB 1.8V Voltage	1.80V
x - NB 1.1V Voltage	1.10V
x - SB 1.2V Voltage	1.20V
x - Hyper-Transport Voltage	1.20V

↑↓←→:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### Brand Name

This item displays the CPU model name installed on this motherboard.

### Frequency

This item displays the processor speed of the CPU installed on this motherboard.

### SMART RAM Option

This item controls the additional SPD DRAM memory.

### CPU Operating Speed

This item displays the CPU operating speed according to the type and speed of your CPU. You can also select the [User Define] option to enter the manual option.

#### User Define:

※ **The wrong settings of the multiplier and external clock in certain circumstances may cause CPU damage. Setting the working frequency higher than the PCI chipset or processor specs, may cause abnormal memory module functioning, system hangs, hard disk drive data lose, abnormal functioning of the VGA card, or abnormal functioning with other add-on cards. Using non-specification settings for your CPU is not the intention of this explanation. These should be used for engineering testing, not for normal applications.**

※ **There will be no guaranty for the settings beyond specification. Any damage of any component on this motherboard or peripherals resulting therein is not our responsibility.**

#### - CPU External Clock(MHz)

This item selects the external clock frequency. Due to the specification limit of the CPU you installed, the speed you set over its standard bus speed is supported, but not guaranteed.

- **PCIe x16 Clock**

This item selects the clock frequency for PCI Express x16 slot.

- **PCIe Clock**

This item selects the clock frequency for PCI Express slot.

**Voltages Control**

This option allows you to switch between the default and user-defined voltages. Leave this setting at default unless the current voltage setting cannot be detected or is not correct. The option "User Define" enables you to select the following voltages manually.

- **CPU Core Voltage**
- **CPU Core NB Voltage** *(This item appears only with AM2+ CPU)*
- **DDR2 Voltage**
- **DDR2 Reference Voltage**
- **NB 1.8V Voltage**
- **NB 1.1V Voltage**
- **SB 1.2V Voltage**
- **Hyper-Transport Voltage**

## 2.2 Standard CMOS Features

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Standard CMOS Features		
Date (mm:dd:yy)	Tue, Apr 1 2008	Item Help
Time (hh:mm:ss)	12 : 34 : 56	
▶ IDE Channel 1 Master	None	
▶ IDE Channel 1 Slave	None	
▶ SATA Channel 5	None	
▶ SATA Channel 6	None	
▶ SATA Channel 1	None	
▶ SATA Channel 3	None	
▶ SATA Channel 2	None	
▶ SATA Channel 4	None	
Drive A	1.44M, 3.5 in.	
Floppy 3 Mode Support	Disabled	
Halt On	All, But Keyboard	
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	2095104K	
Total Memory	2097152K	

↑↓←→:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
 F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

**Date (mm:dd:yy)**

This item sets the date you specify (usually the current date) in the format of [Month], [Date], and [Year].

**Time (hh:mm:ss)**

This item sets the time you specify (usually the current time) in the format of [Hour], [Minute], and [Second].

## ☞ IDE Channel 1 Master/Slave, SATA Channel 1~6

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		Item Help
IDE Channel 1 Master		
IDE HDD Auto-Detection	Press Enter	
IDE Channel 1 Master	Auto	
Access Mode	Auto	
Capacity	0 MB	
Cylinder	0	
Head	0	
Precomp	0	
Landing Zone	0	
Sector	0	

↑↓←→:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### IDE HDD Auto-Detection

This item allows you to detect the parameters of IDE drives by pressing <Enter> key. The parameters will be shown on the screen automatically.

### IDE Channel 1 Master/Slave, SATA Channel 1~6

When set to [Auto], the BIOS will automatically check what kind of IDE or SATA hard drive you are using. If you want to define your own drive yourself, set it to [Manual] and make sure you fully understand the meaning of the parameters. Please refer to the instruction manual provided by the device's manufacturer to get the setting right.

### Access Mode

This item selects the mode to access your IDE or SATA devices. Leave this item at its default [Auto] setting to detect the access mode of your HDD automatically.

### Capacity

This item displays the approximate capacity of the disk drive. Usually the size is slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk-checking program.

### Cylinder

This item configures the numbers of cylinders.

### Head

This item configures the numbers of read/write heads.

### Precomp

This item displays the number of cylinders at which to change the write timing.

---

**Landing Zone**

This item displays the number of cylinders specified as the landing zone for the read/write heads.

---

**Sector**

This item configures the numbers of sectors per track.

 **Back to Standard CMOS Features Setup Menu**

---

**Drive A**

This item sets the type of floppy drive installed.

---

**Floppy 3 Mode Support**

This item allows you to use "3 Mode Floppy Drive" in Japanese computer systems by selecting drive A. Leave this item at its default [Disabled] setting if you are not using this Japanese standard floppy drive.

---

**Halt On**

This item determines whether the system stops if an error is detected during system boot-up.

**[All Errors]:** The system-boot will stop whenever the BIOS detect a non-fatal error.

**[No Errors]:** The system-boot will not stop for any error detected.

**[All, But Keyboard]:** The system-boot will stop for all errors except a keyboard error.

**[All, But Diskette]:** The system-boot will stop for all errors except a diskette error.

**[All, But Disk/Key]:** The system-boot will stop for all errors except a diskette or keyboard error.

---

**Base Memory**

This item displays the amount of base memory installed in the system. The value of the base memory is typically 640K for systems with 640K or more memory size installed on the motherboard.

---

**Extended Memory**

This item displays the amount of extended memory detected during system boot-up.

---

**Total Memory**

This item displays the total memory available in the system.

## 2.3 Advanced BIOS Features

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Advanced BIOS Features		
		Item Help
Quick Power On Self Test	Enabled	
▶ CPU Feature	Press Enter	
▶ Hard Disk Boot Priority	Press Enter	
First Boot Device	Floppy	
Second Boot Device	Hard Disk	
Third Boot Device	CDROM	
Boot Other Device	Enabled	
Boot Up Floppy Seek	Disabled	
Boot Up NumLock Status	On	
Security Option	Setup	
MPS Version Ctrl For OS	1.4	
Delay IDE Initial (Secs)	0	
Full Screen LOGO Show	Enabled	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### Quick Power On Self Test

When set to [Enabled], this item speeds up the Power On Self Test (POST) after powering on the system. The BIOS shorten or skip some check during the POST.

### ↪ CPU Feature

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
CPU Feature		
		Item Help
K8 NPT C1E Support	Disabled	
Virtualization	Enabled	
Cool'n'Quiet Technology	Auto	
x CPU FID	Auto	
Secure Virtual Machine Mode	Disabled	
AMD CPU Stepping	P0	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### K8 NPT C1E Support

This item appears only for certain processors with the C1E (Enhanced Halt State) Function. When set to [Enabled], the processor will further reduce the total power consumption.

### Virtualization Technology

This option enables or disables the additional hardware capabilities provided by Virtualization Technology.

### Cool 'n' Quiet Technology

This option enables or disables the AMD K8 cool and quiet function.

---

**CPU FID**

This item (*appears only with AM2+ CPU*) selects the processor's multiplier factor.

---

**Secure Virtual Machine Mode**

This option (*appears only with AM2+ CPU*) enables or disables the Secure Virtual Machine Mode.

---

**AMD CPU Stepping**

This item (*appears only with AM2+ CPU*) selects the CPU stepping type.

---

 **Back to Advanced BIOS Features Setup Menu**

---

**Hard Disk Boot Priority**

This item selects the hard disks booting priority. By pressing <Enter> key, you can enter its submenu where the hard disks detected can be selected for the booting sequence to boot up system.

This item functions only when there is the option of [Hard Disk] in any one of the First/Second/Third Boot Device items.

---

**First Boot Device / Second Boot Device / Third Boot Device / Boot Other Device**

Select the drive to boot first, second and third in the [First Boot Device], [Second Boot Device], and [Third Boot Device] items respectively. The BIOS will boot the operating system according to the sequence of the drive selected. Set [Boot Other Device] to [Enabled] if you wish to boot from another device other than these three items.

---

**Boot Up Floppy Seek**

When set to [Enabled], the BIOS will check whether the floppy disk drive is installed or not.

---

**Boot Up NumLock Status**

This item determines the default state of the numeric keypad at system booting up.

**[On]:** The numeric keypad functions as number keys.

**[Off]:** The numeric keypad functions as arrow keys.

---

**Security Option**

This item determines when the system will prompt for password - every time the system boots or only when enters the BIOS setup.

**[Setup]:** The password is required only when accessing the BIOS Setup.

**[System]:** The password is required each time the computer boots up.

※ **Don't forget your password. If you forget the password, you will have to open the computer case and clear all information in the CMOS before you can start up the system. But by doing this, you will have to reset all previously set options.**

---

**MPS Version Ctrl For OS**

This item specifies which version of MPS (Multi-Processor Specification) this motherboard will use. Leave this item at its default setting.

---

**Delay For HDD (Secs)**

This item allows the BIOS to support some old or special IDE devices by prolonging this delay time. A larger value will give more delay time to the device for which to initialize and to prepare for activation.

---

**Full Screen LOGO Show**

This item determines to show the full screen logo when booting.

---

## 2.4 Advanced Chipset Features

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Advanced Chipset Features		
▶ DRAM Configuration	Press Enter	Item Help
▶ HT Link Control	Press Enter	
▶ PCIe Configuration	Press Enter	
▶ IGX Configuration	Press Enter	
Init Display First	PCIe	
TLB Cache Function	Disabled	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### DRAM Configuration

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu.

You may manually set the DRAM timing parameters through its sub-items, or leave them at their default settings according to the SPD (Serial Presence Detect) data stored in the DRAM.

### HT Link Control

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu. You may manually set the parameters through each sub-item, or leave them at their default settings.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
HT Link Control		
HT Link Width	Auto	Item Help
HT Link Frequency	Auto	
HT Link Tristate	Auto	
UnitID Clumping	Auto	
2x LCLK Mode	Disabled	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

## PCIe Configuration

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu. You may manually set the parameters through each sub-item, or leave them at their default settings.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
PCIe Configuration		
		Item Help
Primary Dual Slot Config	Disabled	
GPP Slots Power Limit, W	25	
▶ PCIEXP1	Press Enter	
▶ PCIE1	Press Enter	
▶ NB-SB Port Features	Press Enter	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

BIOS Setup

## IGX Configuration

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu. You may manually set the parameters through each sub-item, or leave them at their default settings.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
IGX Configuration		
		Item Help
Internal Graphics Mode	UMA	
- UMA Frame Buffer Size	Auto	
- Frame Buffer Location	Above 4G	
- IGX Engine Clock Override	Disabled	
x - IGX Engine Clock	500	
- HDMI Audio Device	Enabled	
- Surround View	Auto	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### Internal Graphics Mode

This item decides the onboard VGA mode.

#### - UMA Frame Buffer Size

This item controls the onboard VGA memory size sharing automatically or manually.

- **Frame Buffer Location**

This item selects the onboard VGA memory mapping address.

- **IGX Engine Clock Override**

This item decides to override the engine clock for onboard VGA memory.

- **IGX Engine Clock**

This item selects the engine clock for onboard VGA memory.

- **HDMI Audio Device**

This item enables or disables the HDMI audio device.

- **Surround View**

This item enables or disables the AMD Crossfire function. Leave this item at its default [Auto] setting.

---

**Init Display First**

This item allows you to choose the primary display card.

---

**TLB Cache Function**

By selecting option [Enabled], this item enables the cache function to improve total performance. The memory may be unstable for some CPU under OS.

## 2.5 Integrated Peripherals

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Integrated Peripherals		
CIMx-SB700 Revision	3.1.0	Item Help
▶ OnChip Device	Press Enter	
▶ Onboard Device	Press Enter	
▶ USB Device Setting	Press Enter	
Onboard FDC Controller	Enabled	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
 F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### CIMx-SB700 Revision

This item displays the revision of controlling program for the SB Chipset.

### ↩ OnChip Devices

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
OnChip Devices		
IDE 1 Controller	Enabled	Item Help
- IDE DMA Transfer	Enabled	
SATA Channel	Enabled	
- STATA Type	Native IDE	
- Combined Mode	Enabled	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
 F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### IDE 1 Controller

This item allows you to enable or disable the IDE1 controller.

#### - IDE DMA Transfer

This item selects the DMA mode for devices connected through IDE channels.

---

## SATA Channel

This item enables or disables the SATA controller.

- **SATA Type**

This item determines the SATA type.

**[Native IDE]:** The SATA served as Native IDE mode.

**[RAID]:** The SATA served as RAID mode.

**[AHCI]:** The SATA served as AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface) mode for advanced performance and usability.

**[Legacy IDE]:** The SATA served as Legacy IDE mode.

- **Combined Mode**

This item displays the combining status for SATA channel.

## ↵ Onboard Devices

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Onboard Devices		
		Item Help
Audio Controller	Enabled	
- Audio Snoop	Disabled	
- FP-Audio	HD-Audio	
LAN Controller	Enabled	
- LAN Boot ROM	Disabled	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

---

## Audio Controller

This option enables or disables the audio controller.

- **Audio Snoop**

This option enables or disables the audio snooping function.

- **FP-Audio**

This option selects the mode for front panel audio connection. The default is **[HD-Audio]**, you may select **[AC97]** for AC'97 audio connection.

---

## LAN Controller

This option enables or disables the LAN controller.

- **LAN Boot ROM**

This item allows you to use the boot ROM (instead of a disk drive) to boot-up the system and access the local area network directly.

## ↩ **USB Device Setting**

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility	
USB Device Setting	
	Item Help
USB Controller	Enabled
- USB Keyboard Funtion	Enabled
- USB Mouse Function	Enabled
- USB Storage Function	Enabled
*** USB Mass Storage Device Boot Setting ***	

↑↓←→:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

---

## USB Controller

This option enables or disables the USB controller.

- **USB Keyboard Function**

This option enables or disables the legacy support for USB keyboard.

- **USB Mouse Function**

This option enables or disables the legacy support for USB mouse.

- **USB Storage Function**

This option enables or disables the legacy support for USB mass storage.

## ↩ **Back to Integrated Peripherals Setup Menu**

---

## Onboard FDC Controller

This option enables or disables the floppy disk controller.

## 2.6 Power Management Setup

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
Power Management Setup		
		Item Help
ACPI Suspend Type	S3 (STR)	
- USB Resume from S3	Disabled	
ACPI XSDT Table	Enabled	
Wake Up by PME# of PCI	Disabled	
Wake Up by Onboard LAN	Disabled	
Wake Up by PCIe WAKE#	Disabled	
Wake Up by Alarm	Disabled	
X - Day of Month Alarm	0	
X - Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm	0 : 0 : 0	
Power On By PS/2 KB/MS	Disabled	
x - KB Power ON Password	Enter	
x - Hot Key Power ON	Ctrl-F1	
Restore On AC Power Loss	Power Off	
HPET Support	Enabled	
Power Button Function	Instant-Off	

↑↓←→:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### ACPI Suspend Type

This item selects the type of Suspend mode.

#### - USB Resume from S3

When set to [Enabled], this item allows you to use a USB device to wake up a system that is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state. This item can be configured only if the item "ACPI Suspend Type" is set to [S3(STR)].

### ACPI XSDT Table

Leave this item at its default [Disabled] setting for 32-bit mode OS. Set to [Enabled] only for 64-bit mode OS.

### Wake Up by PME# of PCI

When set to [Enabled], access through the add-on PCI card can remotely wake up the system that was in Soft-Off condition. The PCI card must support the wake up function.

### Wake Up by Onboard LAN

When set to [Enabled], access through the onboard LAN port can remotely wake up the system that was in Soft-Off condition.

### Wake Up by PCIe WAKE#

When set to [Enabled], access through the add-on PCI Express card can remotely wake up the system that was in Soft-Off condition. The PCI Express card must support the wake up function.

### Wake Up by Alarm

When set to [Enabled], you can set the date and time you would like the Soft-Off PC to power-on in the "Date (of Month) Alarm" and "Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm" items. However, if the system is being accessed by incoming calls or the network (Resume On Ring/LAN) prior to the date and time set in these items, the system will give priority to the incoming calls or network instead.

#### - Day of Month Alarm

[0]: This option power-on the system everyday according to the time set in the "Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm" item.

**[1-31]:** This option selects a date you would like the system to power-on. The system will power-on on the date set, and the time set in the "Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm" item.

- **Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm**

This item sets the time you would like the system to power-on.

---

**Power On by PS2 KB/MS**

This item selects the way you want your system to power on.

**[Password]:** Use a password to power on the system, select this option then press <Enter>. Enter your password. You can enter up to 5 characters. Type in exactly the same password to confirm, and then press <Enter>.

**[Hot KEY]:** Use any of the function keys between <F1> to <F12> to power on the system.

**[Mouse Left]:** Double click the mouse left button to power on the system.

**[Mouse Right]:** Double click the mouse right button to power on the system.

**[Any KEY]:** Use any keyboard keys to power on the system.

**[Keyboard 98]:** Use the power-on button on the "Keyboard 98" compatible keyboard to power on the system.

- **KB Power ON Password**

This item sets the password required in order to power on your computer.

※ **Do not forget your password, or you will have to clear the CMOS and reset all parameters in order to utilize this function again.**

- **Hot Key Power ON**

This item powers on the system by pressing <Ctrl> key plus one of each function key (<F1> ~ <F12>) simultaneously.

---

**Restore On AC Power Loss**

This item selects the system action after an AC power failure.

**[Power Off]:** When power returns after an AC power failure, the system's power remains off. You must press the Power button to power-on the system.

**[Power On]:** When power returns after an AC power failure, the system's power will be powered on automatically.

**[Last State]:** When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will return to the state where you left off before power failure occurred. If the system's power is off when AC power failure occurs, it will remain off when power returns. If the system's power is on when AC power failure occurs, the system will power-on when power returns.

---

**HPET Support**

This item selects to support the "High Precision Event Timer" (HPET), a new timer hardware for use by the system software when generating interrupts for thread schedulers, kernels, and multimedia timer servers.

---

**Power Button Function**

This item selects the method of powering off your system:

**[Delay 4 Sec.]:** Pushing the power button for more than 4 seconds will power off the system. This will prevent the system from powering off in case you accidentally hit or pushed the power button.

**[Instant-Off]:** Pressing and then releasing the power button at once will immediately power off the system.

## 2.7 PnP/PCI Configurations

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
PnP/PCI Configurations		
Resources Controlled By	Auto (ESCD)	Item Help
x IRQ Resources	Press Enter	
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	Disbaled	
Assign IRQ For VGA	Enabled	
PCI Latency Timer (CLK)	64	
***** PCIe relative items *****		
Maximum Payload Size	4096	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### Resources Controlled By

This item configures all of the boot and Plug-and-Play compatible devices.

**[Auto(ESCD)]:** The system will automatically detect the settings.

**[Manual]:** Choose the specific IRQ resources in the "IRQ Resources" menu.

### IRQ Resources

Click <Enter> key to enter its submenu:

This item sets each system interrupt to either [PCI Device] or [Reserved].

### PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

This item determines whether the MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards can work with PCI/VGA or not.

**[Enabled]:** MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards work with PCI/VGA.

**[Disabled]:** MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards do not work with PCI/VGA.

### Assign IRQ for VGA

This item assigns an IRQ for the VGA card installed.

**[Enabled]:** Automatically assign an IRQ for the VGA card installed.

**[Disabled]:** The IRQ that was previously occupied by the VGA card will be available for new device.

### PCI Latency Timer(CLK)

This item controls how long each PCI device can hold the bus before another takes over. When set to higher values, every PCI device can conduct transactions for a longer time and thus improve the effective PCI bandwidth. For better PCI performance, you should set the item to higher values.

### Maximum Payload Size

This item sets the maximum TLP payload size for the PCI Express devices.

## 2.8 PC Health Status

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
PC Health Status		
		Item Help
Shutdown Temperature	90°C/194°F	
CPU Warning Temperature	80°C/176°F	
FAN Fail Alarm Selectable	Disabled	
Shutdown When FAN Fail	Disabled	
CPU FANEQ Control	Enabled	
- CPU FAN Type	4 Pin	
- FanEQ Target Temp.	50°C/122°F	
- FanEQ Temp. Tolerance	5°C/ 41°F	
- FanEQ Start Control	80%	
- FanEQ Stop Control	50%	
CPU Temperature	42°C/107°F	
System Temperature	30°C/100°F	
PWM Temperature	42°C/107°F	
CPU FAN Speed	3245 RPM	
SYS FAN Speed	0 RPM	
AUX1 FAN Speed	0 RPM	
CPU Core Voltage	1.20 V	
DDR2 Voltage	1.80 V	
Hyper-Transport Voltage	1.20 V	
NB Core Voltage	1.22 V	
ATX +12V	12.00 V	

↑↓→←:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

### Shutdown Temperature

You can set the processor shutdown temperature here. If the processor temperature exceeds the settings value, system will force to shutdown to protect the processor not overheat.

### CPU Warning Temperature

This item lets you select the temperature at which you want the system to send out a warning message to the PC speakers of when the temperature goes beyond either limit. You can select the temperatures you want.

### FAN Fail Alarm Selectable

This item selects the fan that will be monitored for malfunction.

### Shutdown When FAN Fail

When set to [Enabled], the system will be shut down if the fan selected for monitoring is not running.

### CPU FANEQ Control

This item allows you to control the CPU fan speed. When set to [Enabled], the following items become selectable.

#### - CPU FAN Type

This item selects your CPU fan type.

**[4 Pin]:** Leave this item at its default [4 Pin] setting for connecting a 4-pin cooling fan to the "CPUFAN1" fan power header.

**[3 Pin]:** For a 3-pin cooling fan connection, you must configure this item to [3 Pin] in order to have the speed control function enabled.

※ **A mismatched configuration will cause the fan speed control function out of order. Please select the correct option according to your fan type.**

- **FanEQ Target Temp.**

This item sets the temperature mark for the "CPU FANEQ" function to take effect.

- **FanEQ Temp. Tolerance**

This item sets the temperature tolerance range.

- **FanEQ Start Control**

This item sets the speed ratio for the CPU fan assembly connected at "CPUFAN1" fan power connector to start running.

- **FanEQ Stop Control**

This item sets the lowest speed ratio for the CPU fan assembly connected at "CPUFAN1" fan power connector to run at when the CPU temperature detected is lower than the value of item "FanEQ Target Temp." plus the value of item "FanEQ Temp. Tolerance".

In the situation when the CPU temperature detected is higher than the value of item "FanEQ Target Temp." plus the value of item "FanEQ Temp. Tolerance", the speed ratio for the CPU fan assembly connected at "CPUFAN1" fan power connector will first run at the speed ratio set by the item "CPU FanEQ Start Control", and then up to 100%.

---

## **All Voltages, Fans Speed and Thermal Monitoring**

These unchangeable items list the current status of the CPU and environment temperatures, fan speeds, and system power voltage.

## **2.9 Load Fail-Safe Defaults**

This option loads the BIOS default values for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.

## **2.10 Load Optimized Defaults**

This option loads the BIOS default values that are factory settings for optimal-performance system operations.

## **2.11 Set Password**

This option protects the BIOS configuration or restricts access to the computer itself.

## **2.12 Save & Exit Setup**

This option saves your selections and exits the BIOS setup menu.

## **2.13 Exit Without Saving**

This option exits the BIOS setup menu without saving any changes.

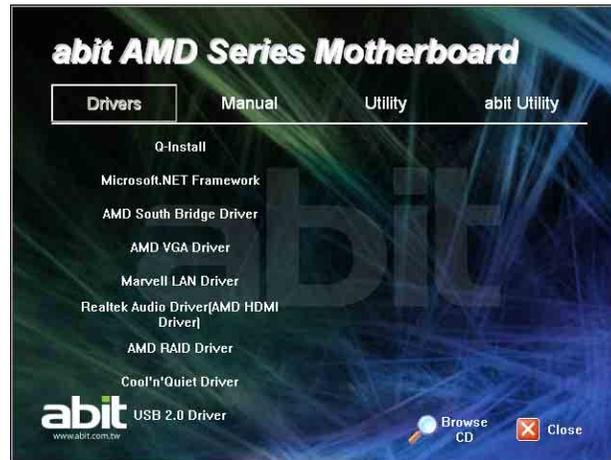
# 3. Driver & Utility

The "Driver-&Utility CD" that came packed with this motherboard contains drivers, utilities and software applications required for its basic and advanced features.

## 3.1 CD-ROM AUTORUN

To run the CD-ROM automatically:

1. Place the "Driver-&Utility CD" into the CD-ROM drive in your system. The following installation auto-run screen appears. If not, browse the root directory of the CD-ROM via the File Manager, and double click the "AUTORUN" file.



2. Click the item needed for installation.

- **[Drivers]**: Click to enter the driver installation menu.
- **[Manual]**: Click to enter the user's manual menu.
- **[Utility]**: Click to enter the utilities installation menu.
- **[abit Utility]**: Click to enter the installation menu of utilities exclusively developed by **abit**.
- **[Browse CD]**: Click to browse the contents of this "Driver-&Utility CD".
- **[Close]**: Click to exit this installation menu.

3. The Windows will automatically search for current and updated software by looking up your computer.



When this "Found New Hardware Wizard" window appears. Click **[Cancel]** to start the following procedures.

## 3.2 Q-Install

This button allows you to install all the drivers for this motherboard at one stroke.

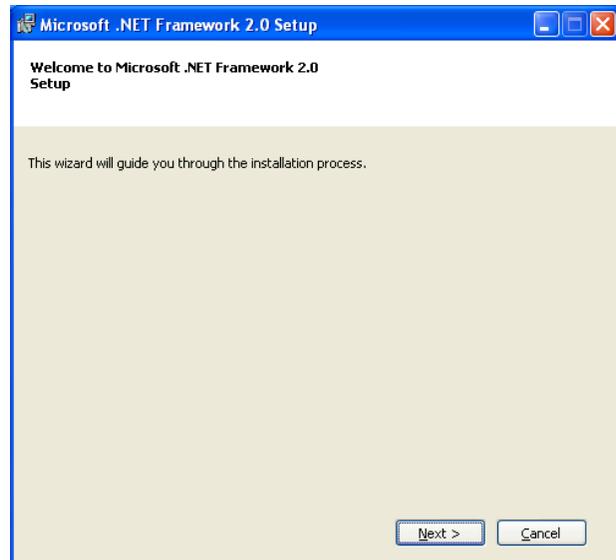
### To install all the drivers for this motherboard at one stroke:

1. Click on the [**Drivers**] tab in the installation menu screen.
  2. Click the [**Q-Install**] item. The installation screen appears.
  3. Click the [**Start**] button to start installation for all the drivers you want to install.
  4. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.
- ※ **You may skip the rest of the driver installation after having them installed by this quick button.**



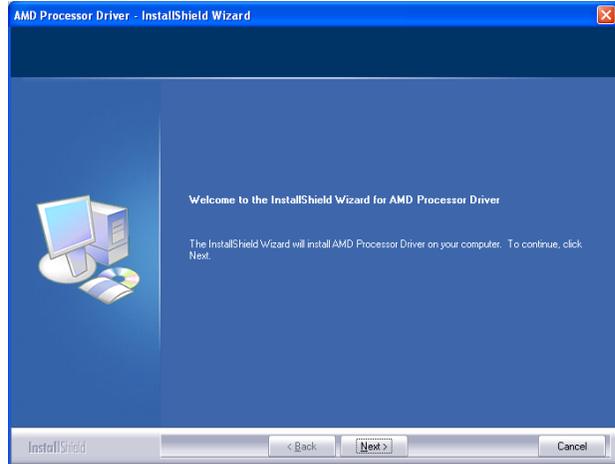
## 3.3 Microsoft.NET Framework

1. Click on the [**Drivers**] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [**Microsoft.NET Framework**] item. The installation screen appears.
3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.



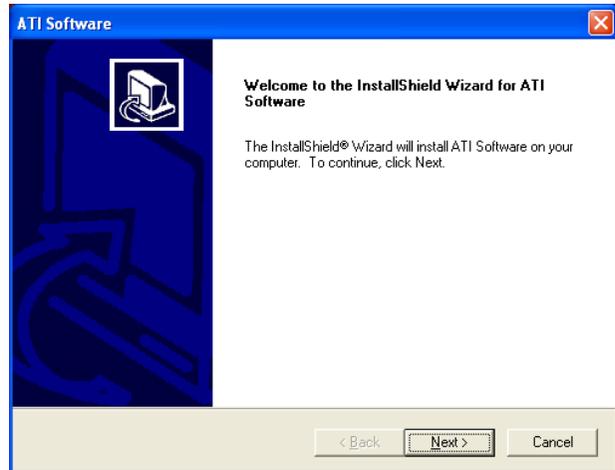
### 3.4 AMD South Bridge Driver

1. Click on the [**Drivers**] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [**AMD South Bridge Driver**] item. The installation screen appears.
3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.



### 3.5 AMD VGA Driver

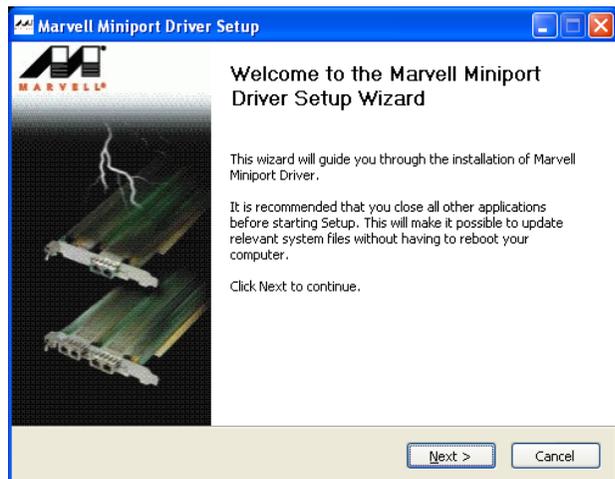
1. Click on the [**Drivers**] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [**AMD VGA Driver**] item. The installation screen appears.
3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.



Driver & Utility

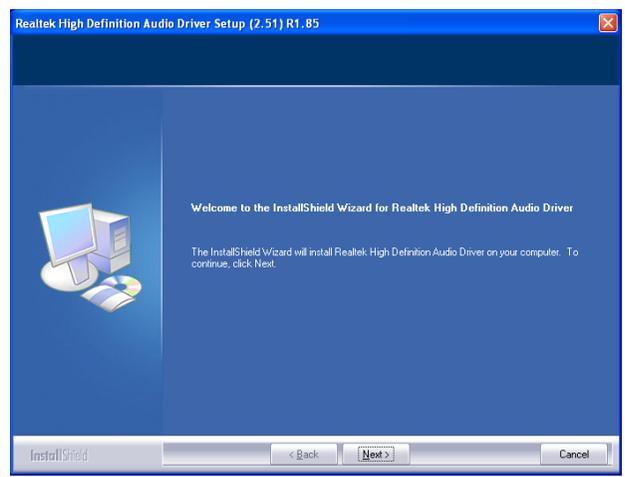
### 3.6 Marvell LAN Driver

1. Click on the [**Drivers**] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [**Marvell LAN Driver**] item. The installation screen appears.
3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.



### 3.7 Realtek Audio Driver (AMD HDMI Driver)

1. Click on the [**Drivers**] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [**Realtek HD Audio Driver**] item. The installation screen appears.
3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.



4. After restarting the system, right-click the Sound Manager icon located at the desktop shortcut. Click item "**Sound Manager**". The Realtek HD Audio Manager appears.



5. Click the [**Audio I/O**] tab.
6. Click the pull down menu to select the channel configuration.
7. Click [OK] button to apply the Audio I/O settings and exit.



### 3.8 AMD RAID Driver

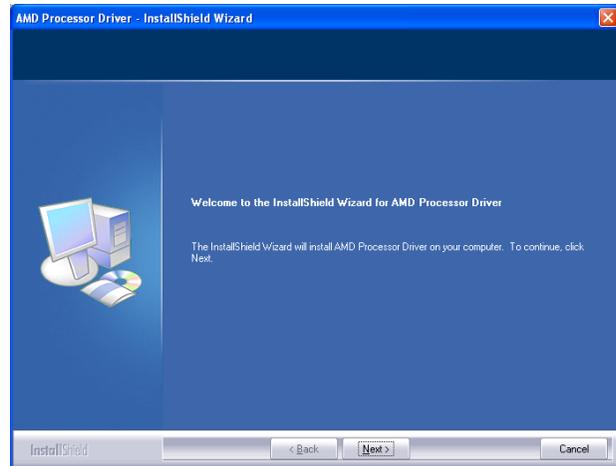
1. Click on the [**Drivers**] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [**AMD RAID Driver**] item. The installation screen appears.
3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.



### 3.9 Cool'n'Quiet Driver

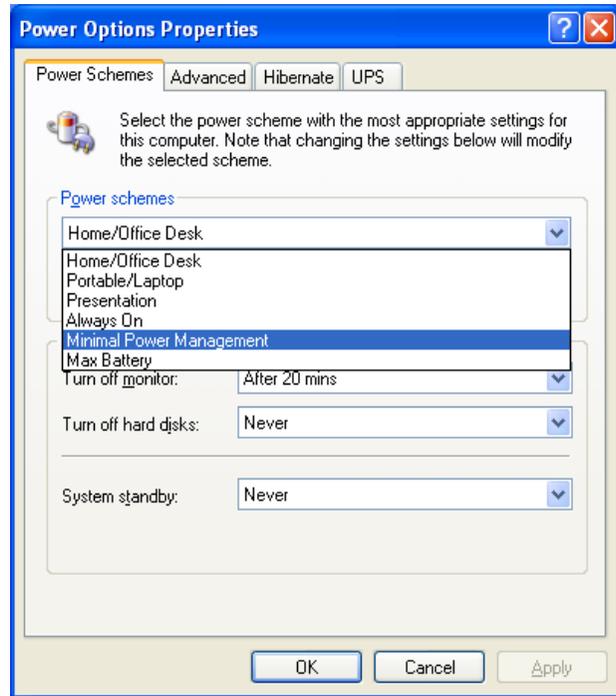
This driver supports AMD Cool'n'Quiet processor on Windows 2000 SP4, Windows XP SP2, and Windows 2003 SP1.

1. Click on the [**Drivers**] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [**Cool'n'Quiet Driver**] item. The installation screen appears.
3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.
4. Restart the system for the driver to take effect.



5. After the system restarted, open the "Power Options" from the control panel and choose the power scheme "Minimal Power Management" to enable Cool 'n' Quiet.

- ※ **For Windows 2000 or ME system, an AMD Cool 'n' Quiet tab will appear under "Power Options" when the Cool 'n' Quiet software for Windows 2000 and ME is installed. This must be set to "Automatic Mode" for Cool 'n' Quiet to be enabled.**

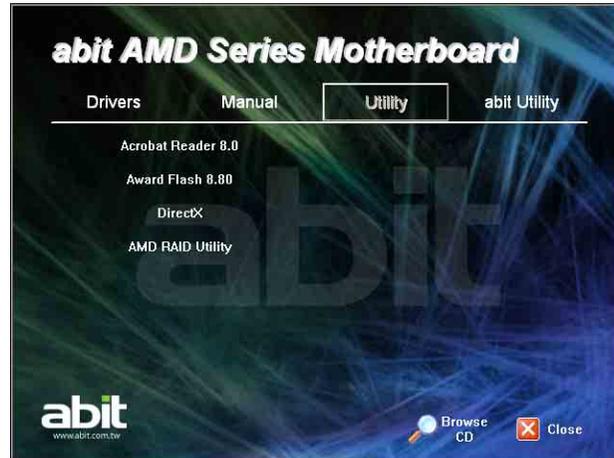


### 3.10 USB 2.0 Driver

- ※ **There is no need to install this driver for Windows 2000 with Service Pack 4, Windows XP with Service Pack 1, or their later version.**

## 3.11 Acrobat Reader 8.0

1. Click on the [**Utility**] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [**Acrobat Reader 8.0**] item.
3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.



- ※ **For Windows XP 64-bit and Windows 2003 32-bit/64-bit installation:**  
You must install the bus driver for [**Microsoft High Definition Audio**] first, and then install the following [**Realtek HD Audio Driver**] item separately to enable the audio function.
- ※ **For Adobe Reader V8.0 installation in systems running versions of Windows prior to Windows XP:**  
You should have your Internet Explorer upgraded to the version later than 6.0.2600.0 before installing Adobe Reader V8.0 from the download site:  
<http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?familyid=1E1550CB-5E5D-48F5-B02B-20B602228DE6&displaylang=en>

## 3.12 AMD RAID Utility

1. Click on the [**Utility**] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [**AMD RAID Utility**] item.
3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.

The "**AMD RAID Utility Manual**" is provided at the [**Manual**] tab.



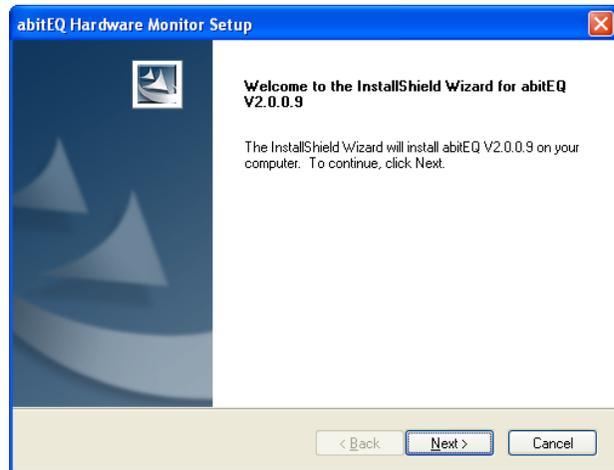
### 3.13 abitEQ (The Hardware Doctor Utility)

The abitEQ is a self-diagnostic system that protects PC Hardware by monitoring critical items of Power Supply Voltage, CPU & System Fans Speed, and CPU & System Temperature.

1. Click on the [abit Utility] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [abitEQ] item. The following screen appears.



3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.



4. Execute the abitEQ by entering the Windows Menu [Start] → [All Programs] → [abit] → [abitEQ].
5. The abitEQ shows you the status of Voltage, Fan Speed, and Temperature readings as well.



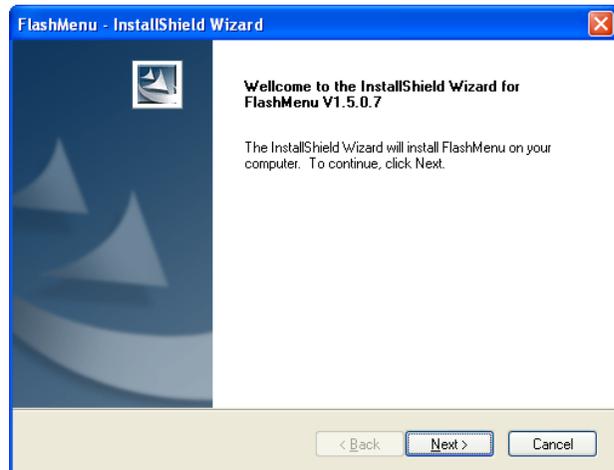
### 3.14 FlashMenu (BIOS Update Utility)

The FlashMenu is a utility to flash the BIOS in a more easily and quickly way.

1. Click on the [**abit Utility**] tab in the installation menu screen.
2. Click the [**FlashMenu**] item. The following screen appears.



3. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.



4. Execute the FlashMenu by entering the Windows Menu [Start] → [All Programs] → [abit] → [FlashMenu] → [FlashMenu].
5. This FlashMenu screen appears. You can easily update the BIOS from clicking [Update From File], [One Click LiveUpdate], or [LiveUpdate Step by Step] button.



Driver & Utility

## 3.15 SATA RAID Driver (for Windows Vista)

The Raid Driver needed when installing Windows Vista operating system is located at the following path of your CD-ROM drive after placing the "Driver-&-Utility CD" into it:

For Vista 32bit → **CD-ROM Drive:\Drivers\SATARAID\AMD\Vista32**

For Vista 64bit → **CD-ROM Drive:\Drivers\SATARAID\AMD\Vista64**

## 3.16 SATA RAID Driver (for Windows XP, 2003, or 2000)

The "Driver Disk Maker" program bundled in the Driver-&-Utility CD is a utility to build the driver program needed for SATA controller into a floppy disk under DOS environment. This procedure is necessary only for installing Windows operating system to the hard disk connected to "SATA1~SATA6" connector.

### To create driver disk Under DOS Environment:

1. Before starting, connect a 3.5" floppy disk drive to the "FDC1" connector, and connect a CD-ROM drive to your motherboard. Prepare a 3.5" floppy disks.
2. After completing all the start-up preparation for hardware setup, power on the system.
3. Enter the BIOS Setup Menu by hitting <Del> key<sup>1</sup>.  
Enter and select the BIOS menu "Advanced BIOS Features". Configure the option "First Boot Device" to "CD-ROM"<sup>2</sup> drive. Save this selection and exit BIOS setup menu by accessing the BIOS menu "Save & Exit Setup".
4. Restart the system. The system will now boot from CD, and enter the ABIT Boot Manager, the following options appear<sup>3</sup>:

```
(0) Boot From First HDD
(1) Make Driver Disk
(2) Boot From First Floppy Drive
(3) Skip CD-ROM Boot (Try Next Boot Device)
```

Type <1> and hit <Enter> key. The following options appear:

```
(1) Make Driver Disk
(2) Exit
```

Type <1> and hit <Enter> key to start making.

5. The driver options appear:  

```
(1) AMD SATA RAID Driver Disk for WinXP_2K_2003
```

Type the number of the actions you want and hit <Enter> key.
6. Insert floppy disk to the floppy drive<sup>4</sup>. Press any key to continue.
7. Copying files to floppy now starts. After completed copying, hit the <n> key if you do not want to make another Driver Disk, and stop at the A:\> prompt.
8. Take out the Driver-&-Utility CD from the CD-ROM drive now. Restart your system<sup>5</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> You may refer to the chapter "BIOS Setup Menu" in user's manual on how to do so.

<sup>2</sup> The name may vary as per BIOS version. Place the "Driver-&-Utility CD" into the CD-ROM drive now.

<sup>3</sup> You will have to type your command within 20 seconds, or the system will boot from HD.

<sup>4</sup> You will be asked to do the format procedure if the floppy disk is not blank. Hit <n> key for not formatting another floppy.

<sup>5</sup> Now you have this driver disk ready for installing Windows Operating System. Insert this floppy disk to floppy drive and press <F6> key when the screen instruction prompts you to install a third-party SCSI or RAID driver.

# 4. Multilingual Quick Installation Guide

## 4.1 Français / / Guide d'Installation Rapide

Ce "Guide d'Installation rapide" contient seulement l'information de base dont vous pouvez avoir besoin lors de l'installation de votre carte mère. Pour des opérations plus avancées, vous devez vous reporter à la version complète.

### Précautions d'installation du matériel

- Toujours il vous faut arrêter l'alimentation électrique et déconnecter le câble électrique de la prise Courant Alternatif avant d'installer la carte ou de changer des paramètres de configuration.
- Mettez vous à la terre proprement en portant une bande de poignet de sécurité contre les décharges électrostatiques et ce avant d'enlever la carte de son emballage anti-statique
- Tenez la carte sur les bords. Evitez d'y toucher les composants qui se trouvent dessus.
- Evitez de toucher les contacts des barrettes et les puces des circuits intégrés(IC).
- Placez la carte sur une surface antistatique mise à la terre ou sur l'emballage antistatique dans lequel se trouvait la carte.

### Installation de la carte dans le boîtier

Le boîtier de l'ordinateur pour cette carte mère devrait:

- Accommoder le facteur de forme de cette carte mère.
- Supporter tout le câblage des connecteurs sur la carte mère aux indicateurs et interrupteurs sur le boîtier.
- Être capable de fournir suffisamment de puissance et d'espace pour tous les lecteurs que vous voulez installer.
- Son modèle E/S dans le panneau arrière doit s'apparier avec les ports E/S et les slots d'extension sur la carte mère.

Pour installer la carte mère dans le boîtier, vous devez:

- Face le côté des ports E/S vers la partie arrière du boîtier.
- Localisez les trous des vis à la fois sur la carte mère et sur la base du boîtier.
- Placez tous les boulons ou entretoises nécessaires à la base du boîtier et serrez les.
- Alignez tous les trous des vis de la carte mère avec ces boulons ou entretoises sur le boîtier.
- Serrez toutes les vis.

*Afin de prévenir tout court-circuit du circuit PCB, veillez s'il vous plaît ENLEVER les goujons métalliques ou les entretoises s'ils sont déjà installés sur la base du boîtier et n'ont pas de trous de montage sur cette carte mère avec qui s'aligner.*

### Le cavalier d'effacement de la CMOS

Ce cavalier est utilisé pour effacer la mémoire CMOS afin de paramétrer les contenus du BIOS. Vous pouvez avoir besoin d'effacer la mémoire CMOS si les paramètres du BIOS sont incorrects et empêchent votre carte mère de bien fonctionner.

Pour effacer la mémoire CMOS, déconnectez tous les câbles d'alimentation de la carte mère, installez la fiche du cavalier sur le réglage "Effacer CMOS" pendant quelques secondes, et puis installez la fiche à son réglage "Normal". Après reconnectez l'alimentation électrique et redémarrez, le contenu BIOS sera paramétré à nouveau à sa configuration d'usine.

### Connexions des Composants du Boîtier

L'alimentation électrique ATX: [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

Connecteurs des VENTILATEURS: [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

Connecteurs sur le Panneau Avant: [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Connecte au câble en nappe de la DEL du lecteur de disque dur (HDD).
- [RST]: Connecte au câble en nappe de l'interrupteur de réinitialisation.

- [SPKR]: Connecte au câble du Haut-parleur du système.
- [SLED]: Connecte au câble de la DEL de veille.
- [PWR]: Connecte au câble de l'interrupteur de l'alimentation électrique.
- [PLED]: Connecte au câble de la DEL d'alimentation.

Socle des Ports USB Supplémentaires: [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

Socle de Pins des Ports Supplémentaires IEEE1394: [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

Socle de Connexions Audio sur le Panneau Avant: [FP-AUDIO1]

Connecteur Audio Interne: [CD1], [AUX1]

### Montage de l'assemblage Unité Centrale de Traitement (CPU) & Dissipateur thermique

Parce que l'on peut choisir beaucoup de types de CPU et de dissipateurs d'énergie, chacun à des façons différentes de montage, veuillez suivre exactement les instructions de montage que vous pouvez trouver dans l'ensemble que vous venez d'acheter. Le CPU est une unité électronique délicate qui produit des montants énormes de chaleur en fonctionnement. Veuillez donc faire très attention durant l'assemblage.

Après avoir fini d'assembler le dissipateur d'énergie sur le processeur, Connectez l'alimentation du ventilateur de refroidissement du CPU au connecteur [CPUFAN1] sur la carte mère.

### Installation des Barrettes de Mémoire

- Poussez vers le bas les pattes d'éjection de chaque côté du connecteur d'extension.
- Alignez la barrette mémoire sur le connecteur d'extension. Ce dernier a un ergot qui doit s'aligner avec l'encoche de la barrette mémoire de façon qu'elle puisse s'enclipser dans un seul sens.
- Installez la barrette mémoire dans le connecteur d'extension en appuyant dessus avec fermeté. Les pattes d'éjection du connecteur levées vers le haut automatiquement verrouillent les extrémités de la barrette mémoire.
- Pour enlever la barrette mémoire, poussez simultanément vers le bas les pattes d'éjection de chaque extrémité du connecteur et puis retirez la barrette mémoire.

### Connexion des Unités de Stockage

Connexions du lecteur de disquettes: [FDC1]

Connexions des disques durs IDE: [IDE1], [IDE2]

Connexions des lecteurs de disques durs de série ATA: [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Connexions du Panneau Arrière

- **Mouse:** Connecte à la souris PS/2.
- **Keyboard:** Connecte au clavier PS/2.
- **LPT1:** Connecte à l'imprimante ou autres dispositifs qui supportent le protocole de communication parallèle.
- **COM1:** Connecte au modem externe, à la souris ou autres dispositifs qui supportent le protocole de communication série.
- **OPT-IN1:** Ce connecteur fournit une connexion S/PDIF en entrée à travers une fibre optique aux appareils multimédia numériques.
- **OPT-OUT1:** Ce connecteur fournit une connexion S/PDIF en sortie à travers une fibre optique aux appareils multimédia numériques.
- **AUDIO1:** Connecte la 7.1 canaux audio.
- **IEEE1394:** Connecte aux unités du protocole IEEE1394.
- **LAN1:** Connecte au réseau local d'ordinateurs.
- **USB1/USB2:** Connecte aux unités du protocole USB.

## 4.2 Deutsch//Kurze Installationsanleitung

Diese "Kurze Installationsanleitung" enthält nur die grundlegenden Hardwareinformationen, die Sie zur Installation Ihres abit-Motherboards benötigen. Details finden Sie im ausführlichen Handbuch.

### Vorsichtsmaßnahmen beim Einrichten der Hardware

- Vor Installation des Motherboards und Ändern von Einstellungen müssen Sie immer die Stromversorgung ausschalten und den Stecker von der Steckdose abziehen.
- Erden Sie sich ordnungsgemäß, indem Sie ein statisches Handgelenksband tragen, bevor Sie das Motherboard aus seinem antistatischen Beutel herausnehmen.
- Halten Sie das Motherboard an seinen Rändern fest. Kommen Sie nicht mit den darauf befindlichen Komponenten in Kontakt.
- Berühren Sie keine Modulkontakte und IC-Chips.
- Legen Sie das Motherboard auf eine geerdete, antistatische Oberfläche oder auf den antistatischen Beutel, in dem sich das Motherboard befand.

### Installieren des Motherboards im Gehäuse

Das Computergehäuse für dieses Motherboard sollte folgenden Voraussetzungen entsprechen:

- Es eignet sich für den Formfaktor dieses Motherboards.
- Anzeigen und Schalter am Gehäuse werden von allen Kabelanschlüssen auf dem Motherboard unterstützt.
- Es liefert genügend Strom und besitzt ausreichend Platz für alle zu installierenden Laufwerke.
- Seine rückseitigen Anschlussblende stimmt mit der rückseitigen Anschlussblende und den Erweiterungssteckplätzen auf dem Motherboard überein.

So wird das Motherboard im Gehäuse installiert:

- Legen Sie die Seite mit den E/A-Anschlüssen an die Rückseite des Gehäuses.
- Finden Sie die Schraubenlöcher auf dem Motherboard und auf dem Gehäuseboden.
- Legen Sie alle erforderlichen Stehbolzen oder Distanzstücke auf den Gehäuseboden und befestigen Sie diese.
- Richten Sie alle Schraubenlöcher auf dem Motherboard mit den Stehbolzen oder Distanzstücken auf dem Gehäuseboden aus.
- Schrauben Sie das Motherboard fest.

**Damit kein Kurzschluss auf der Leiterplatte erzeugt werden kann, ENTFERNEN Sie bereits auf dem Gehäuseboden befindliche Stehbolzen oder Distanzstücke aus Metall, wenn sich diese nicht mit den Befestigungslöchern dieses Motherboards ausrichten lassen.**

### Jumper zum Löschen des CMOS-Inhalts

Dieser Jumper löscht den Inhalt des CMOS-Speichers, um die BIOS-Daten zurückzusetzen. Sie müssen den Inhalt des CMOS-Speichers löschen, wenn die BIOS-Einstellungen falsch sind und sie zu einem Fehlbetrieb des Motherboards führen. Um den Inhalt des CMOS-Speichers zu löschen, stecken Sie alle Netzkabel vom Motherboard ab, setzen Sie die Jumperkappe einige wenige Sekunden auf die Einstellung "CMOS löschen" und setzen Sie sie dann wieder zurück auf die Einstellung "Normal". Nach dem Wiederanschluss aller Netzkabel und einem Neustart des Computers setzt sich der BIOS-Inhalt auf seine Standardkonfiguration zurück.

### Anschließen der Gehäusekomponenten

**ATX-Stromversorgung:** [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

**Lüfteranschlüsse (FAN):** [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

### Anschlüsse auf der Vorderseite: [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Kabelanschluss für Festplattenzugriffsanzeige.
- [RST]: Kabelanschluss für Rücksetzschalter.
- [SPKR]: Kabelanschluss für Kabelanschluss für Systemlautsprecher.
- [SLED]: Kabelanschluss für Suspend-LED.
- [PWR]: Kabelanschluss für Netzschalter.
- [PLED]: Kabelanschluss für Betriebsanzeige (LED).

### Zusatz-Header für USB-Anschluss: [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

**Zusätzlicher IEEE1394-Anschluss-Header:** [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

### Audioanschluss-Header auf der Vorderseite: [FP-AUDIO1]

### Interne Audioanschlüsse: [CD1], [AUX1]

### Installieren der CPU mit Kühlkörper

Da es unterschiedliche CPUs (Prozessoren) mit Kühlkörpern zur Auswahl gibt, die jeweils unterschiedlich installiert werden müssen, beachten Sie bitte genau die Installationsanweisungen auf der von Ihnen gekauften Verpackung. Die CPU ist ein empfindliches, elektronisches Gerät, das während des Betriebs sehr viel Hitze erzeugt. Seien Sie bitte vorsichtig bei der Installation.

Wenn der Kühlkörper am Prozessor angebracht ist, verbinden Sie das CPU-Lüfterkabel mit dem [CPUFAN1]-Anschluss auf dem Motherboard.

### Installieren von Speichermodulen

- Drücken Sie die Verriegelungen auf beiden Seiten des Steckplatzes herunter.
- Richten Sie das Speichermodul mit dem Steckplatz aus. Der Steckplatz ist gekerbt und das Speichermodul hat einen Ausschnitt, so dass es nur in eine Richtung passt.
- Drücken Sie das Speichermodul fest in den Steckplatz hinein. Die Verriegelungen des Steckplatzes bewegen sich automatisch nach oben und rasten in den Rändern des Speichermoduls ein.
- Um das Speichermodul zu entfernen, drücken Sie die Verriegelungen auf beiden Seiten des Steckplatzes gleichzeitig nach unten und ziehen Sie dann das Speichermodul heraus.

### Anschließen von Speichergeräten

**Anschließen von Diskettenlaufwerken:** [FDC1]

**Anschließen von IDE-Festplatten:** [IDE1], [IDE2]

**Anschließen von SATA-Festplatten:** [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Anschlüsse auf der Rückseite

- **Mouse:** Anschluss für eine PS/2-Maus.
- **keyboard:** Anschluss für eine PS/2-Tastatur.
- **LPT1:** Anschluss für einen Drucker oder andere Geräte, die das parallele Kommunikationsprotokoll unterstützen.
- **COM1:** Anschluss für ein externes Modem, eine Maus oder andere Geräte, die das serielle Kommunikationsprotokoll unterstützen.
- **OPT-IN1:** Dieser Anschluss ist ein optischer S/P DIF-Eingang für digitale Multimediageräte.
- **OPT-OUT1:** Dieser Anschluss ist ein optischer S/P DIF-Ausgang für digitale Multimediageräte.
- **AUDIO1:** Anschluss für 7.1 Kanal HD Audio
- **IEEE1394:** Anschluss für Geräte mit IEEE1394-Protokoll.
- **LAN1:** Anschluss für ein ortsgebundenes Netzwerk.
- **USB1/USB2:** Anschluss für USB-Geräte wie Scanner, digitale Lautsprecher, Monitor, Maus, Tastatur, Hub, Digitalkamera, Joystick, etc.

## 4.3 Italiano // Guida all'installazione rapida

Questa "Guida all'installazione rapida" contiene solamente le informazioni di base sull'hardware necessarie all'installazione della scheda madre abit. Fare riferimento alla versione completa della guida per eseguire le operazioni avanzate.

### Precauzioni sull'installazione dell'hardware

- Spegnerne sempre l'unità e scollegare il cavo d'alimentazione dalla presa CA prima di installare la scheda o modificare qualsiasi impostazione.
- Indossare una fascetta antistatica prima di rimuovere la scheda dalla busta antistatica.
- Tenere la scheda per i lati. Evitare di toccare qualsiasi componente presente sulla scheda.
- Evitare di toccare i contatti dei moduli ed i chip IC.
- Appoggiare la scheda su una superficie antistatica con massa a terra, oppure nella busta in cui la scheda è confezionata.

### Installazione della scheda nella struttura

La struttura del computer deve:

- Accomodare le dimensioni di questa scheda madre
- Supportare tutti i connettori di cablaggio sulla scheda madre ai relativi indicatori ed interruttori sulla struttura.
- Essere in grado di fornire spazio ed alimentazione sufficienti per tutte le unità che si intendono installare.
- Il modello I/O del pannello posteriore deve combaciare con le porte I/O e gli alloggiamenti d'espansione sulla scheda madre.

Per installare la scheda madre nella struttura si deve:

- Disporre il lato con le porte I/O verso la parte posteriore della struttura.
- Ubicare i fori delle viti sulla scheda e sulla base della struttura.
- Collocare e stringere tutte le guarnizioni o spaziatori necessari sulla base della struttura.
- Allineare tutti i fori delle viti sulla scheda con quelli delle guarnizioni o spaziatori sulla struttura.
- Stringere tutte le viti.

*Per evitare di mandare in corto il circuito il PCB, si prega di RIMUOVERE le guarnizioni o gli spaziatori metallici che sono già stati installati sulla base della struttura, e che sono sprovvisti di fori di montaggio in grado di allinearsi con la scheda madre.*

### Azzeramento del jumper CMOS

Questo jumper è utilizzato per azzerare la memoria CMOS in modo da ripristinare i contenuti del BIOS. Potrebbe essere necessario azzerare la memoria CMOS se le impostazioni del BIOS sono scorrette ed impediscono alla scheda madre di funzionare.

Per azzerare la memoria CMOS, scollegare tutti i cavi d'alimentazione della scheda madre, collocare per alcuni secondi il cappuccio del jumper all'impostazione "Clear CMOS" (Azzeramento CMOS) e poi rimetterlo nella sua impostazione normale "Normal". Dopo avere ricollegato tutti i cavi d'alimentazione ed avere riavviato il sistema, i contenuti del BIOS saranno ripristinati alla loro configurazione predefinita.

### Collegamento dei componenti della struttura

**Alimentazione ATX:** [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

**Connettori ventolina:** [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

**Connettori del pannello frontale:** [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: collega al cavo LED disco rigido.
- [RST]: collega al cavo Interruttore ripristino.
- [SPKR]: collega al cavo delle casse di sistema.
- [SLED]: collega al cavo LED sospensione.

- [PWR]: collega al cavo Interruttore alimentazione.
- [PLED]: collega al cavo LED alimentazione.

**Collettore porta USB aggiuntiva:** [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

**Collettore porta IEEE1394 aggiuntiva:** [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

**Collettore di collegamento audio del pannello frontale:** [FP-AUDIO1]

**Connettori audio interni:** [CD1], [AUX1]

### Installazione della CPU e del dispersore di calore

Dato che ci sono vari tipi di CPU (Central Processing Unit) e relativi dispersori di calore tra cui scegliere, ciascuno con metodi diversi d'installazione, seguire esattamente le istruzioni d'installazione allegate alla confezione della CPU acquistata. La CPU è un dispositivo elettronico delicato che produce una grande quantità di calore quando è in funzionamento. Procedere con estrema attenzione.

Al completamento dell'installazione del dispersore di calore sul processore, collegare l'alimentazione della ventolina di raffreddamento della CPU al connettore [CPUFAN1] sulla scheda madre.

### Installazione dei moduli di memoria

- Spingere verso il basso i fermagli ad entrambe le estremità dell'alloggiamento.
- Allineare il modulo di memoria con l'alloggiamento. L'alloggiamento è dotato di dentellatura ed il modulo di memoria è dotato di intagli così che possono combaciare in una sola direzione.
- Installare il modulo di memoria nell'alloggiamento premendo verso il basso con fermezza. I fermagli dell'alloggiamento scattano verso l'alto automaticamente bloccando i lati del modulo di memoria.
- Per rimuovere il modulo di memoria, spingere contemporaneamente verso il basso i fermagli su entrambi i lati dell'alloggiamento, quindi estrarre il modulo di memoria.

### Collegamento dei dispositivi d'archiviazione

**Collegamento dell'unità dischetti floppy:** [FDC1]

**Collegamento dei dischi rigidi IDE:** [IDE1], [IDE2]

**Collegamento di dischi rigidi Serial ATA:** [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Collegamenti del pannello posteriore

- **Mouse:** collega al mouse PS/2.
- **Keyboard:** collega alla tastiera PS/2.
- **LPT1:** collega alla stampante o ad altri dispositivi che supportano il protocollo di comunicazione parallela.
- **COM1:** collega al modem esterno, al mouse o ad altri dispositivi che supportano il protocollo di comunicazione seriale.
- **OPT-IN1:** Questo connettore fornisce un collegamento in entrata di tipo S/PDIF attraverso fibra ottica da apparecchi multimediali digitali.
- **OPT-OUT1:** Questo connettore fornisce un collegamento in uscita di tipo S/PDIF attraverso fibra ottica ad apparecchi multimediali digitali.
- **AUDIO1:** Questo connettore fornisce un collegamento canale audio in entrata/in uscita di tipo 7.1.
- **IEEE1394:** collega ai dispositivi del protocollo IEEE1394.
- **LAN1:** collega alla rete locale LAN (Local Area Network).
- **USB1/USB2:** collega a dispositivi USB come scanner, casse digitali, monitor, mouse, tastiere, hub, macchine fotografiche digitali, joystick ecc.

## 4.4 Español // Guía rápida de instalación

Esta "Guía de instalación rápida" contiene solamente la información básica sobre el hardware que puede necesitar durante la instalación de la placa base abit. Para conocer el funcionamiento avanzado, es necesario consultar la versión completa.

### Precauciones durante la configuración del hardware

- Apague siempre la fuente de alimentación y desenchufe el cable antes de instalar la placa base o cambiar su configuración.
- Conéctese a una toma de tierra utilizando una muñequera de seguridad estática antes de retirar la placa base de la bolsa antiestática.
- Sujete la placa por los bordes. Evite tocar los componentes.
- Evite tocar los contactos del módulo y los chips IC
- Coloque la placa en una superficie antiestática con toma de tierra o en la bolsa en la que se suministre la placa.

### Instalación de la placa en el chasis

El chasis del ordenador para esta placa base debe:

- Acomodar el factor forma de esta placa base.
- Admitir todas las conexiones de cable de la placa base a los indicadores e interruptores del chasis.
- Ser capaz de suministrar suficiente energía y espacio para todas las unidades que desee instalar.
- La etiqueta I/O del panel trasero debe coincidir con los puertos I/O y las ranuras de expansión de la placa base.

Para instalar la placa base en el chasis, debe:

- Colocar el lado de los puertos I/O hacia la parte trasera del chasis.
- Localizar los orificios de los tornillos en la placa base y en el chasis.
- Colocar todos los pernos o separadores en el chasis y apretarlos.
- Alinear todos los orificios de los tornillos de la placa base con los pernos o los separadores del chasis.
- Apretar todos los tornillos.

**Para evitar un cortocircuito en el circuito PCB, RETIRE los pernos o separadores de metal si ya están instalados en el chasis y que se encuentren sin orificios de montaje en la placa base con los que alinearse.**

### Puente de borrado de la CMOS

Este Puente se utiliza para borrar la memoria CMOS para reiniciar el contenido de la BIOS. Puede que sea necesario borrar la memoria CMOS si la configuración de la BIOS es incorrecta y hace que la placa base no funcione.

Para borrar la memoria de la CMOS, desconecte todos los cables de alimentación de la placa base, conecte puente en la configuración "Borrar CMOS" durante unos segundos y, a continuación, vuelva a colocar el puente en la posición de "Normal". Tras reconectar la alimentación y reiniciar el equipo, el contenido de la BIOS se reiniciará a la configuración predeterminada.

### Conexión de los componentes del chasis

Fuente de alimentación ATX: [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

Conexiones de ventilador: [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

Conexiones del panel frontal: [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Conecte el cable del LED del disco duro.
- [RST]: Conecte el cable del interruptor de reinicio.
- [SPKR]: Conecte el cable del altavoz del sistema.

- [SLED]: Conecte el cable del LED de suspensión.
- [PWR]: Conecte el cable del interruptor de encendido.
- [PLED]: Conecte el cable del LED de encendido.

Terminal de puerto USB adicional: [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

Terminal de puerto IEEE1394 adicional: [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

Terminal de conexión de audio del panel frontal: [FP-AUDIO1]

Conexiones de audio internas: [CD1], [AUX1]

### Instalación de la CPU y el juego de disipador de calor

Dado que existen tres tipos de unidades de procesamiento central (CPU) y disipadores de calor entre los que elegir, cada uno con una forma de instalación distinta, siga exactamente las instrucciones de instalación que encontrará en la caja del producto. La CPU es un dispositivo electrónico delicado que proporciona una gran cantidad de calor cuando se encuentra en funcionamiento. Preste mucha atención a su instalación.

Tras completar la instalación del disipador de calor en el procesador, conecte la alimentación del ventilador de refrigeración de la CPU en la conexión [CPUFAN1] en la placa base.

### Instalación de los módulos de memoria

- Empuje los cierres situados a ambos lados del zócalo.
- Alinee el módulo de memoria con el zócalo. El zócalo está marcado con una protuberancia y el módulo incluye una ranura para que sólo pueda ajustarse en una dirección.
- Instale el módulo de memoria en el zócalo apretando firmemente. El zócalo empujará automáticamente hacia arriba los cierres de los bordes y fijará el módulo de memoria.
- Para retirar el módulo de memoria, pulse en los cierres de los lados del zócalo simultáneamente y tire del módulo.

### Conexión de dispositivos de almacenamiento

Conexión de una unidad de disco: [FDC1]

Conexión de unidades de disco duro: [IDE1], [IDE2]

Conexión de unidades de disco duro de serie ATA: [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Conexión del panel trasero

- **Mouse:** Conecte el ratón PS/2.
- **Keyboard:** Conecte el teclado PS/2.
- **LPT1:** Conecte la impresora u otros dispositivos que admitan el protocolo de comunicaciones paralelo.
- **COM1:** Conecte un módem externo, ratón u otros dispositivos que admitan el protocolo de comunicación de serie.
- **OPT-IN1:** Este conector proporciona una conexión de entrada S/PDIF a través de fibra óptica procedente de dispositivos multimedia digitales.
- **OPT-OUT1:** Este conector proporciona una conexión de salida S/PDIF a través de fibra óptica hacia dispositivos multimedia digitales.
- **AUDIO1:** Este conector proporciona una conexión de entrada y salida de audio de 7.1 canales.
- **IEEE1394:** Conecte dispositivos de protocolo IEEE1394.
- **LAN1:** Conecte una red de área local.
- **USB1/USB2:** Conecte dispositivos USB como, por ejemplo, un escáner, altavoces digitales, monitor, ratón, teclado, concentrador, cámara digital, joystick etc.

## 4.5 Português// Guia de instalação rápida

Este “Guia de instalação rápida” contém apenas informação essencial sobre o hardware e necessária à instalação da sua placa principal abit. Para mais informações, terá de consultar a versão integral deste guia.

### Normas de segurança a ter em conta durante a montagem do hardware

- Desligue sempre a fonte de alimentação e desligue o cabo de alimentação da tomada a.c. antes de instalar a placa ou alterar quaisquer definições.
- Antes de remover a placa da embalagem antiestática, ligue-se à terra utilizando uma pulseira antiestática.
- Segure a placa pelas extremidades. Evite tocar em qualquer componente.
- Evite tocar nos contactos do módulo e nos chips do circuito integrado.
- Coloque a placa principal sobre uma superfície antiestática ou na embalagem antiestática onde a mesma vinha.

### Instalar a placa principal no chassis

Para instalar esta placa principal, o chassis do computador deve:

- Acomodar o formato específico desta placa.
- Suportar a ligação de todos os conectores existentes na placa principal aos indicadores e comutadores do chassis.
- Ter capacidade para fornecer energia e espaço suficiente para todas as unidades que pretender instalar.
- As ranhuras de entrada/saída no painel traseiro devem corresponder à localização das portas de entrada/saída e às ranhuras de expansão da placa principal.

Para instalar a placa principal no chassis, deve:

- Fazer corresponder a localização das portas de entrada/saída com as ranhuras existentes na parte traseira do chassis.
- Localizar os orifícios dos parafusos tanto na placa principal como no chassis.
- Colocar todos os pinos e espaçadores necessários no chassis e apertá-los.
- Alinhar todos os orifícios dos parafusos na placa principal com os pinos e espaçadores no chassis.
- Aparafusar todos os parafusos.

**Para evitar o curto-circuito da placa de circuito impresso, REMOVA os pinos metálicos caso estes estejam já colocados no chassis e não estejam alinhados com os orifícios correspondentes na placa principal.**

### Jumper para limpeza do CMOS

Este jumper é utilizado para limpar a memória CMOS de forma a restaurar o conteúdo da BIOS. Pode ser necessário limpar a memória CMOS caso as definições da BIOS estejam incorrectas fazendo com que a placa principal não funcione.

Para limpar a memória CMOS, desligue todos os cabos de alimentação da placa principal, coloque o shunt do jumper na posição “Clear CMOS” durante alguns segundos e de seguida volte a colocar o shunt do jumper na posição “Normal”. Depois de ligar e reiniciar o computador, o conteúdo da BIOS é restaurado para a configuração predefinida.

### Ligar os componentes do chassis

Fonte de alimentação ATX: [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

Conectores da ventoinha: [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

Conectores de painel frontal: [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Faz a ligação ao cabo do LED da unidade de disco rígido.
- [RST]: Faz a ligação ao cabo do botão Reset.

- [SPKR]: Faz a ligação ao cabo do sistema de colunas.
- [SLED]: Faz a ligação ao cabo do LED de suspensão.
- [PWR]: Faz a ligação ao cabo do botão de alimentação.
- [PLED]: Faz a ligação ao cabo do LED do botão de alimentação.

Suporte adicional à porta USB: [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

Suporte adicional para porta IEEE1394: [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

Suporte da ligação áudio do painel frontal: [FP-AUDIO1]

Conectores internos de áudio: [CD1], [AUX1]

### Instalar a CPU & Montar o dissipador de calor

Uma vez que existem vários tipos de Unidades centrais de processamento (CPUs) e respectivos dissipadores de calor com modos diferentes de instalação, siga cuidadosamente as instruções de instalação que constam da embalagem. A CPU é um dispositivo electrónico delicado que gera uma enorme quantidade de calor durante o seu funcionamento. Proceda à sua instalação com cuidado.

Após instalar o dissipador de calor no processador, ligue a ventoinha de arrefecimento da CPU ao conector [CPUFAN1] existente na placa principal.

### Instalar os módulos de memória

- Exerça pressão em sentido descendente sobre as patilhas situadas em ambos os lados da ranhura.
- Alinhe o módulo de memória com a ranhura. A ranhura apresenta alguns entalhes e o módulo de memória alguns recortes que fazem com que o módulo de memória apenas encaixe numa direcção.
- Introduza o módulo de memória na ranhura exercendo pressão sobre o mesmo em sentido descendente. As patilhas da ranhura encaixam automaticamente nas extremidades do módulo de memória.
- Para remover o módulo de memória, pressione as patilhas localizadas em ambos os lados da ranhura em simultâneo e em sentido descendente, e de seguida puxe o módulo de memória para fora.

### Ligar dispositivos de armazenamento

Ligar a unidade de disquete: [FDC1]

Ligar as unidades de disco rígido IDE: [IDE1], [IDE2]

Ligar unidades de disco rígido série ATA : [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Ligações no painel traseiro

- **Mouse:** Ligação do rato PS/2.
- **Keyboard:** Ligação do teclado PS/2.
- **LPT1:** Ligação da impressora ou de outros dispositivos que suportem o protocolo de comunicação paralela.
- **COM1:** Ligação do modem externo, do rato ou de outros dispositivos que suportem o protocolo de comunicação série.
- **OPT-IN1:** Este conector permite a ligação da entrada S/PDIF a partir de dispositivos multimédia digitais e através de fibras ópticas.
- **OPT-OUT1:** Este conector permite a ligação da saída S/PDIF a partir de dispositivos multimédia digitais e através de fibras ópticas.
- **AUDIO1:** Este conector permite a ligação de uma entrada/saída de áudio de canal 7.1.
- **IEEE1394:** Ligação de dispositivos do protocolo IEEE1394.
- **LAN1:** Ligação da rede local.
- **USB1/USB2:** Ligação de dispositivos USB tais como scanners, colunas digitais, monitor, rato, teclado, hub, câmara digital, joystick, etc.

## 4.6 Русский / / Краткое руководство по установке

В «Кратком руководстве по установке» содержится только основная информация о техническом обеспечении, которая вам может понадобиться при установке материнской платы abit. Описание дополнительных операций вы найдете в полной версии руководства.

### Предостережения по установке технического обеспечения

- Перед тем, как установить плату или поменять установку, обязательно выключите питание и выдерните шнур питания из розетки.
- Перед тем, как вынуть плату из антистатической упаковки тщательно заземлите себя с помощью предохранительной статической повязки на запястье.
- Держите плату за края. Старайтесь не касаться ее компонентов.
- Старайтесь не касаться контактов модуля и чипов IC
- Кладите плату на заземленную антистатическую поверхность или на антистатическую упаковку от платы.

### Установка платы в корпус

Корпус компьютера должен:

- Подходить к форме данной материнской платы.
- Поддерживать кабельные соединения материнской платы с индикатором и переключателем на корпусе.
- Обеспечивать достаточное питание и пространство для всех дисководов, которые вы намерены установить.
- Шаблоны входа/выхода на задней панели корпуса компьютера должны соответствовать портам входа/выхода и слотам расширения материнской платы.

Чтобы установить материнскую плату в корпусе:

- Направьте порты входа/выхода к задней части корпуса.
- Найдите отверстия для крепежных винтов на материнской плате и на корпусе.
- Вставьте все необходимые шпильки или прокладки в основание корпуса и закрепите их.
- Соедините все винтовые отверстия на материнской плате этими шпильками или прокладками с корпусом.
- Закрепите все винты.

*Чтобы избежать короткого замыкания в БУП, просим УДАЛИТЬ металлические шпильки или прокладки, если таковые установлены в основании корпуса, а на материнской плате нет соответствующих им крепежных отверстий.*

### Перемычка для очистки CMOS

Перемычка используется для очистки памяти CMOS, чтобы переустановить содержимое BIOS. Вам может понадобиться очистить память CMOS, если настройки BIOS неправильны и не позволяют работать материнской плате.

Чтобы очистить память CMOS, отсоедините все кабели питания от материнской платы, на несколько секунд присоедините колодку перемычки к гнезду настройки "Очистить CMOS", а потом верните ее обратно в гнездо настройки "Нормальная". Потом снова подключите питание и перезагрузите компьютер; содержимое BIOS настроится на конфигурацию по умолчанию.

### Соединение компонентов корпуса

Электропитание ATX: [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

ВЕНТИЛЯТОРНЫЕ соединения: [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

Соединения передней панели: [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Соединяется с кабелем HDD LED.
- [RST]: Соединяется с кабелем включателя перезагрузки.
- [SPKR]: Соединяется с кабелем системного динамика.

- [SLED]: Соединяется с кабелем индикатора приостановки.
- [PWR]: Соединяется с кабелем выключателя питания.
- [PLED]: Соединяется с кабелем индикатора питания.

Дополнительная насадка порта USB: [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

Дополнительная насадка порта IEEE1394: [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

Насадка аудио соединения на передней панели: [FP-AUDIO1]

Внутренние звуковые разъемы: [CD1], [AUX1]

### Установка CPU и блока теплоотвода

Так как существует большой выбор разных типов центральных процессоров (CPU) и их блоков теплоотвода, и так как каждый из них устанавливается по-разному, просим строго придерживаться инструкций по установке, которые вы найдете в купленном вами пакете. CPU – это тонкое электронное устройство, которое во время работы выделяет огромное количество тепла. Просим приниматься за установку с предельной осторожностью.

Установив теплоотвод на процессор, соедините питание вентилятора охлаждения CPU с разъемом [CPUFAN1] на материнской плате.

### Установка модулей памяти

- Надавите вниз на защелки с обеих сторон слота.
- Направьте модуль памяти в слот. Слот снабжен зазубриной, а модуль памяти снабжен выемкой так, что они могут совпасть только в одном положении.
- Сильно нажав на модуль памяти вниз, вставьте его в слот. Защелки слота автоматически защелкнутся по бокам модуля памяти.
- Желая вынуть модуль памяти, нажмите вниз на обе защелки слота одновременно и вытащите модуль памяти.

### Соединение устройств хранения данных

Соединение дисковода гибких дисков: [FDC1]

Соединение жестких дисков IDE: [IDE1], [IDE2]

Соединение последовательных жестких дисков ATA: [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Соединения задней панели

- **Mouse:** Соедините с PS/2 мышью.
- **Keyboard:** Соедините с PS/2 клавиатуру.
- **LPT1:** Соедините с принтером или другими устройствами, поддерживающими протокол параллельного взаимодействия.
- **COM1:** Соедините с внешним модемом, мышью или другими устройствами, поддерживающими протокол последовательного взаимодействия.
- **OPT-IN1:** Данный разъем обеспечивает подключение оптоволоконного кабеля S/PDIF от мультимедийных устройств.
- **OPT-OUT1:** Данный разъем обеспечивает выходное подключение оптоволоконного кабеля S/PDIF к мультимедийным устройствам.
- **AUDIO1:** Данный разъем обеспечивает входное и выходное подключение 7.1-канального аудиосигнала.
- **IEEE1394:** Соедините с устройствами протокола IEEE1394.
- **LAN1:** Соедините с локальной сетью.
- **USB1/USB2:** Соедините с такими устройствами USB, как сканер, цифровые динамики, монитор, мышь, клавиатура, хаб, цифровая камера, джойстик и т.д.

## 4.7 Eesti / Kiirpaigaldusjuhend

Käesolev "Kiirpaigaldusjuhend" sisaldab ainult abit-emplaadi paigaldamiseks vajalikku riistvaraalaast põhiteavet. Edasijõudnud kasutamiseks tuleb teil ikkagi pöörduda täisversiooni poole.

### Ettevaatusabinõud riistvara paigaldamisel

- Enne emplaadi paigaldamist või ümberseadistamist lülitage alati eelnevalt toide välja ning lahutage toitejuhe vooluvõrgust.
- Enne plaadi antistaatilisest kotist välja võtmist maandage end korralikult antistaatilisest turvarandmerihma abil.
- Hoidke plaati selle servadest. Vältige suvaliste sellel paiknevate komponentide puudutamist.
- Vältige mooduli kontaktide ja mikroskeemide puudutamist.
- Asetage plaat maandatud antistaatiliselle pinnale või komplekti kuuluvale antistaatiliselle kotile.

### Plaadi raamile paigaldamine

Selle emplaadi jaoks peab arvuti raam:

- Sobima selle emplaadi kujuga.
- Toetama kõiki emplaadi raami indikaatorite ja lülititega ühendatavaid konnektoreid.
- Tagama piisavalt võimsust ja ruumi kõikide draivide jaoks, mida te kavatsete paigaldada.
- S/V-mall selle tagapaneelil peab vastama emplaadi S/V-portidele ja laienduspesadele.

Emplaadi raamile paigaldamiseks tuleb teil:

- Pöörata see S/V-portide küljega raami tagaosa suunas.
- Määrata kruviaukude asukoht nii emplaadil kui raamil alusel.
- Paigutada raami alusele vajalikud poldid ja seibid ning neid pingutada.
- Joondage kõik emplaadi kruviaugud raamile paiknevate poltidega.
- Pingutada kõiki kinnitusi.

**Trükkplaadi lühiste vältimiseks EEMALDAGE palun kõik raamil paiknevad metallpoldid ja -seibid, mille jaoks sellel emplaadil puuduvad vastavad paigaldusaugud, millega neid joondada.**

### CMOS kustutamise sillus

Seda sillust kasutatakse CMOS-mälu kustutamiseks BIOSi ümberseadistamisel. Teil võib tekkida CMOS-mälu kustutamise vajadus vale, emplaadi tööd takistava BIOSi seadistuse korral.

CMOS-mälu kustutamiseks lahutage emplaadist kõik toitekaablid, ühendage silluse kork mõneks sekundiks kustutamisasendisse "Clear CMOS" ning ühendage seejärel silluse kork uuesti vaikeasendisse "Normal". Pärast toitekaablite tagasiühendamist ja taaskäivitamist taastub BIOSi vaikekonfiguratsioon.

### Raami komponentide ühendamine

**ATX toiteallikas:** [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

**Ventilaatorite konnektorid:** [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

**Esipaneeli konnektorid:** [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Ühendage HDD LED-kaabliga.
- [RST]: Ühendage lähtestusnupu (Reset) kaabliga.
- [SPKR]: Ühendage süsteemikõlari kaabliga.

- [SLED]: Ühendage peatusindikaatori (Suspend LED) kaabliga.
- [PWR]: Ühendage toitelüliti kaabliga.
- [PLED]: Ühendage toiteindikaatori (Power LED) kaabliga.

**Täiendav USB-pordi päis:** [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

**Täiendav IEEE1394 pordi päis:** [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

**Esipaneeli audioühenduse päis:** [FP-AUDIO1]

**Sisemised audiokonnektorid:** [CD1], [AUX1]

### Protsessori ja jahutusradiaatori paigaldus

Kuna valida on mitmete erineva paigaldusskeemiga protsessorite (CPU) ja jahutusradiaatorite vahel, järgige palun täpselt teie poolt ostetud paketi paigaldusjuhiseid. CPU on tundlik elektroonikaseade, mis oma töö käigus eraldab suurel hulgal soojust. Palun jätkake ülima ettevaatusega.

Olles lõpetanud jahutusradiaatori paigaldamise protsessorile, ühendage CPU ja jahutusventilaator emplaadi [CPUFAN1] konnektoriga.

### Mälumoodulite paigaldamine

- Vajutage pesa mõlemal pool paiknevad riivid alla.
- Joondage mälumoodul pesaga. Pesa on varustatud eendiga ja mälumoodul väljalõikega, seega saavad nad sobituda ainult ühes suunas.
- Mälumooduli pesa paigaldamisel suruge seda kindlalt alla. Pesa riivid tõusevad automaatselt ülespoole ja haaravad mälumooduli servi.
- Mälumooduli eemaldamiseks suruge üheaegselt pesa mõlemal pool paiknevaid lukusteid allapoole ning tõmmake seejärel mälumoodul välja.

### Salvestusseadmete ühendamine

**Disketidraivide ühendamine:** [FDC1]

**IDE kõvaketaste ühendamine:** [IDE1], [IDE2]

**Jadaühendusega ATA kõvaketta draivid:** [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Tagapaneeli ühendus

- **Mouse:** Ühendage PS/2 hiirega.
- **Keyboard** Ühendage PS/2 klaviatuuriga.
- **LPT1:** Ühendage printeri või teiste seadmetega, mis toetavad paralleelset sideprotokollit.
- **COM1:** Ühendage välise modemiga, hiirega või teiste seadmetega, mis toetavad järjestikulist sideprotokollit.
- **OPT-IN1:** See konnektor koos fiiberoptikaga võimaldab digitaalsete multimeediaseadmete S/PDIF sisendühendust.
- **OPT-OUT1:** See konnektor koos fiiberoptikaga võimaldab digitaalsete multimeediaseadmete S/PDIFväljundühendust.
- **AUDIO1:** See konnektor võimaldab 7.1-kanali audio sisend/väljundühendust.
- **IEEE1394:** Ühendage IEEE1394 protokollit seadmega.
- **LAN1:** Ühendage kohtvõrguga.
- **USB1/USB2:** Ühendage USB-seadmega, nagu skanner, digitaalkõlarid, monitor, hiir, klaviatuur, jaotur, digitaalkaamera, juhtkang jne.

## 4.8 Latviski / /Ātrās instalēšanas instrukcija

Šī "Ātrās instalēšanas instrukcija" ietver tikai pamata norādes iekārtai, kas nepieciešamas, instalējot abīt mātesplati. Pilnīgākai darbībai nepieciešams iegūt instrukcijas paplašināto variantu.

### Piesardzības pasākumi iekārtas uzstādīšanā

- Vienmēr pirms plātes pievienošanas vai jebkuru uzstādījumu izmaiņām izslēdziet strāvas padevi un atvienojiet vadu no maiņstrāvas barošanas avota.
- Pirms plātes izņemšanas no antistatiskās somas nodrošiniet sev pienācīgu zemējumu, uzliekot statiskās drošības apriņķi.
- Turiet plāti aiz malām. Neskarieties pie tās sastāvdaļām.
- Neskarieties pie moduļa kontaktiem un integrētās shēmas mikroshēmām.
- Novietojiet plāti uz zemētas antistatiskas virsmas vai plātes antistatiskās somas.

### Plātes instalēšanas šasijā

Datora šasijai attiecībā uz šo mātesplāti ir:

- Jābūt piemērotai šīs mātesplātes formas faktoram.
- Jāatbalsta visi vadu savienojumi mātesplātē ar indikatoriem un slēdzīem uz šasijas.
- Jāspēj nodrošināt pietiekamu strāvas jaudu un telpu visiem pievadiem, kurus paredzēts instalēt.
- Tās ievadizvades ierīcei aizmugures panelī ir jāatbilst ievadizvades portiem un paplašinājuma slotiem uz mātesplātes.

Lai instalētu mātesplāti šasijā:

- Pavērsiet ievadizvades portu sānu pret šasijas aizmugures daļu.
- Saskaņojiet skrūvju caurumus uz mātesplātes un šasijas pamatnes.
- Izvietojiet visus statņus vai starplikas, kas nepieciešami šasijas pamatnei, un savielciet tos.
- Saskaņojiet visus skrūvju caurumus uz mātesplātes ar uz statņiem vai starplikām esošajiem.
- Savielciet visas skrūves caurumos.

*Lai novērstu PCB shēmu, **NOŅEM**iet tos metāla statņus vai starplikas, kas jau instalēti uz šasijas pamatnes un ir bez montāžas caurumiem uz šīs mātesplātes to saskaņošanai.*

### CMOS notīrīšanas tiltslēgs

Šis tiltslēgs tiek izmantots, lai notīrītu CMOS atmiņu BIOS satura atiestatīšanas nolūkā. CMOS atmiņu var būt nepieciešams notīrīt, ja BIOS uzstādījumi ir nepareizi un kavē mātesplātes darbību.

Lai notīrītu CMOS atmiņu, atvienojiet visus vadus no mātesplātes, savienojiet tiltslēga uzgali uz dažām sekundēm uzstādījumā "Clear CMOS" (Notīrīt CMOS) un pēc tam savienojiet tiltslēga uzgali atpakaļ uzstādījumā "Normal" (Normāls). Pēc tam pievienojiet strāvu un atsāknējiet; BIOS saturs tiks atiestatīts tā noklusējuma konfigurācijā.

### Šasijas sastāvdaļu pievienošana

**ATX barošanas avots:** [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

**VENTILATORA savienotāji:** [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

**Priekšējā paneļa savienotāji:** [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Pievieno HDD LED kabeli.

- [RST]: Pievieno atiestates slēdža kabeli.
- [SPKR]: Pievieno sistēmas skaļruņa kabeli.
- [SLED]: Pievieno LED pārtraukšanas kabeli.
- [PWR] (Barošana): Pievieno barošanas slēdža kabeli.
- [PLED]: Pievieno barošanas LED kabeli.

**Papildu USB porta galvne:** [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

**Papildu IEEE1394 porta galvne:** [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

**Priekšējā paneļa audio savienotāja galvne:** [FP-AUDIO1]

**Iekšēji audio savienotāji:** [CD1], [AUX1]

### Centrālā procesora un karstuma iegrimes bloka instalēšana

Tā kā izvēlei tiek piedāvāti vairāki centrālā procesora un tā karstuma iegrimes bloka veidi, katrs ar atšķirīgu instalēšanas paņēmienu, ievērojiet precīzi instalēšanas norādes, kuras varat meklēt pirkuma paketē. Centrālais procesors ir smalka elektroniska ierīce, kas darbības laikā rada lielu karstumu. Ievērojiet īpašu uzmanību.

Pēc karstuma iegrimes bloka uz procesora instalēšanas pabeigšanas pievienojiet centrālā procesora dzesēšanas ventilatoru barošanu [CPUFAN1] savienotājam uz mātesplātes.

### Atmiņas moduļu instalēšana

- Nospiediet aizturus abās slotas pusēs uz leju.
- Pieskaņojiet atmiņas moduli slotam. Slots ir iezīmēts ar ierobu, un atmiņas modulis ir iezīmēts ar izgriezumu, tādējādi tie ir salāgojami tikai vienā virzienā.
- Instalējiet atmiņas moduli slotā, stingri to nospiežot uz leju. Slots automātiski noslēdz slēdzējus uz augšu un nostiprinās atmiņas moduļa malās.
- Lai izņemtu atmiņas moduli, vienlaikus nospiediet aizturus abās slotas pusēs uz leju un izvelciet atmiņas moduli.

### Uzglabāšanas ierīču pievienošana

**Disketes diskdziņa pievienošana:** [FDC1]

**IDE cieto diskdziņu pievienošana:** [IDE1], [IDE2]

**Seriālā ATA cietā diska diskdziņu pievienošana:** [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Aizmugures paneļa savienojums

- **Mouse:** Pievieno PS/2 peli.
- **Keyboard:** Pievieno PS/2 klaviatūru.
- **LPT1:** Pievieno printeri vai citas iekārtas, kas atbalsta paralēldarbības komunikācijas protokolu.
- **COM1:** Pievieno ārējo modemu, peli vai citas ierīces, kas atbalsta seriālās komunikācijas protokolu.
- **OPT-IN1:** Savienotājs nodrošina S/PDIF ieejas pieslēgumu ar optiskās šķiedras vadu no ciparu multimediju ierīcēm.
- **OPT-OUT1:** Savienotājs nodrošina S/PDIF izejas pieslēgumu ar optiskās šķiedras vadu uz ciparu multimediju ierīcēm.
- **AUDIO1:** Savienotājs nodrošina 7.1 kanālu skaņas ieejas/izejas pieslēgumu.
- **IEEE1394:** Pievieno IEEE1394 protokola ierīces
- **LAN1:** Savienojums ar lokālo tīklu.
- **USB1/USB2:** Pievieno USB ierīces, piemēram, skeneri, ciparu skaļruņus, monitoru, peli, klaviatūru, centrmēzgli, ciparu kameru, kursorsvīru.

## 4.9 Lietuvių//Trumpas instaliavimo vadovas

Šiame “Trumpame instaliavimo vadove” pateikta tik esminė informacija apie techninę įrangą, kurios jums gali prireikti instaliuojant pagrindinę plokštę abit. Papildomų operacijų aprašymą rasite pilnoje vadovo versijoje.

### Atsargumo priemonės instaliuojant techninę įrangą

- Prieš instaliuodami plokštę ar keisdami parametrus visuomet išjunkite maitinimą ir ištraukite laidą iš elektros rozetės.
- Prieš išimdami plokštę iš antistatinio įpakavimo gerai įsijeminkite antistatinį saugos raiščiu ant riešo.
- Laikykite plokštę už kraštų. Stenkitės neliesiti jos komponentų.
- Stenkitės neliesiti modulio kontaktų ir IC lustų.
- Dėkite plokštę ant įžeminto antistatinio paviršiaus ar antistatinio plokštės įpakavimo.

### Plokštės montavimas į korpusą

Privalomos kompiuterio korpuso savybės:

- Jis turi būti suderinamas su šios pagrindinės plokštės forma.
- Visi korpuso indikatoriai ir jungikliai turi būti suderinami su šios pagrindinės plokštės kabeliais.
- Turi pakakti galingumo ir erdvės visiems diskasukiams, kuriuos manote instaliuoti.
- Korpuso įėjimo/išėjimo (I/O) šablonai užpakaliniame pelyje turi atitikti pagrindinės plokštės I/O prievadus ir plėtros griovelius.

Instaliuojant pagrindinę plokštę į korpusą reikia:

- Nukreipti I/O prievadų kraštus į užpakalinę korpuso dalį.
- Rasti varžtų angas ant pagrindinės plokštės ir korpuso pagrindo.
- Sudėlioti visus reikiamus varžtus ar tarpiklius į korpuso pagrindą ir juos užveržti.
- Visas varžtų angas ant pagrindinės plokštės sujungti su varžtais ar tarpikliais korpuso pagrinde.
- Užveržti varžtus.

**Trumpam PCB sujungimui išvengti prašome IŠIMTI metalinius varžtus ar tarpiklius, jei tokių yra korpuso pagrinde, o pagrindinėje plokštėje nėra juos atitinkančių montažinių angų.**

### Jungė CMOS ištrinti

Ši jungė yra naudojama CMOS atminčiai ištrinti, kad būtų galima atitaisyti BIOS turinį. Ištrinti CMOS atmintį gali prireikti, jei BIOS nuostatos yra neteisingos ir dėl to neveikia pagrindinė plokštė.

Norėdami ištrinti CMOS atmintį, atjunkite nuo pagrindinės plokštės visus maitinimo kabelius, keletai sekundžių sujunkite jungės trinkelę su aptaisu “Ištrinti CMOS”, o po to vėl įjunkite jungės trinkelę į jos “Normos” aptaisą. Po to vėl įjunkite maitinimą ir įkelkite kompiuterį iš naujo - BIOS turinys grįš į pradinę numatytąją sąranką.

### Korpuso komponentų sujungimas

**ATX elektros tiekimas:** [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

**VĒDINTVŲ jungtys:** [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

**Priekinio pelyje jungtys:** [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Sujunkite su HDD LED kabeliu.
- [RST]: Sujunkite su pakartotinos kelties jungiklio kabeliu.
- [SPKR]: Sujunkite su sistemos garsiakalbio kabeliu.

- [SLED]: Sujunkite su darbo pristabdymo indikatorius kabeliu.
- [PWR]: Sujunkite su maitinimo tinklo jungiklio kabeliu.
- [PLED]: Sujunkite su maitinimo indikatorius kabeliu.

**Papildomas USB prievado antgalis:** [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

**Papildomas IEEE1394 prievado antgalis:** [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

**Audio jungties antgalis priekiniame pelyje:** [FP-AUDIO1]

**Vidinės audio jungtys:** [CD1], [AUX1]

### CPU ir šilumos šalinimo bloko instaliavimas

Esant dideliame centrinių procesorių (CPU) ir jų šilumos šalinimo blokų pasirinkimui, kai kiekvienas iš jų yra instaliuojamas savaip, prašome tiksliai laikytis instaliavimo instrukcijų, lydinčių jūsų pirkinį. CPU yra subtilus elektroninis įrenginys, darbo metu išskiriantis didelį šilumos kiekį. Instaliavimo operacijas prašome atlikti ypatingai įdėmiai.

Sumontavę šilumos šalintoją į procesorių sujunkite CPU vėdintuvo maitinimą su [CPUFAN1] jungtimi ant pagrindinės plokštės.

### Atminties modulių instaliavimas

- Nuspauskite spragtukus abiejose griovelio pusėse žemyn.
- Nukreipkite atminties modulį į griovelį. Griovelyje yra dantukas, o atminties modulyje yra išpjova, todėl jie sutampa tik vienoje padėtyje.
- Tvirtai spausdami žemyn įstatykite atminties modulį į griovelį. Griovelio spragtukai automatiškai pakyla ir užsišauna ant atminties modulio kraštų.
- Norėdami išimti atminties modulį tuo pat metu nuspauskite abu griovelio spragtukus ir ištraukite atminties modulį.

### Duomenų saugojimo įrenginių sujungimas

**Diskelių diskasukio sujungimas:** [FDC1]

**Standžiojo disko IDE sujungimas:** [IDE1], [IDE2]

**Nuosekliųjų standžiųjų diskų ATA sujungimas:** [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Užpakalinio pelyje sujungimai

- **Mouse:** Sujunkite su PS/2 pele.
- **Keyboard:** Sujunkite su PS/2 klaviatūra.
- **LPT1:** Sujunkite su spausdintuvu ar kitais įrenginiais, palaikančiais lygiagreto ryšio protokolą.
- **COM1:** Sujunkite su išoriniu modemu, pele ar kitais įrenginiais, palaikančiais nuoseklaus ryšio protokolą.
- **OPT-IN1:** Šia jungtimi S/PDIF įvadas optiniu kabeliu jungiamas nuo skaitmeninių multimedijos prietaisų.
- **OPT-OUT1:** Šia jungtimi S/PDIF išvadas optiniu kabeliu jungiamas prie skaitmeninių multimedijos prietaisų.
- **AUDIO1:** Šia jungtimi prijungiami 7.1-channel garso įvadas ir išvadas.
- **IEEE1394:** Sujunkite su IEEE1394 protokolo įrenginiais.
- **LAN1:** Sujunkite su vietiniu tinklu.
- **USB1/USB2:** Sujunkite su tokiais USB įrenginiais, kaip skeneris, skaitmeniniai garsiakalbiai, vaizduoklis, pelė, klaviatūra, koncentratorius, skaitmeninis fotoaparatas, valdymo svirtis ir pan.

## 4.10 Polski // Instrukcja szybkiej instalacji

Ta "Instrukcja szybkiej instalacji" zawiera tylko podstawowe informacje dotyczące sprzętu, wymagane podczas instalacji płyty głównej abit. Przy zaawansowanych operacjach, niezbędne będzie skorzystanie z kompletnej wersji instrukcji.

### Srodki bezpieczeństwa przy instalacji sprzętu

- Przed instalacją płyty lub zmianą jakichkolwiek ustawień, należy zawsze wyłączyć zasilanie i odłączyć przewód zasilający od źródła zasilania prądem zmiennym.
- Przed wyjęciem płyty z opakowania antystatycznego, należy się odpowiednio uziemić zakładając antystatyczną nadgarstkową taśmę ochronną.
- Płytkę należy trzymać za brzegi. Nie dotykać komponentów płyty.
- Nie dotykać styków modułów i układów elektronicznych IC.
- Płytkę należy umieścić na uziemionej antystatycznej powierzchni lub na antystatycznym opakowaniu, w którym dostarczona była płyta.

### Instalacja płyty w obudowie

Obudowa komputera, w której instalowana będzie płyta, powinna:

- Być przystosowana do rozmiarów tej płyty.
- Obsługiwać wyprowadzenia wszystkich złączy kablowych płyty głównej na wskaźniki i przełączniki obudowy.
- Zapewniać odpowiednie zasilanie i miejsce dla wszystkich napędów, jakie mają zostać zainstalowane.
- Mieć dostosowaną budowę I/O panela tylnego do portów I/O oraz do gniazd rozszerzeń płyty głównej.

Aby zainstalować płytę główną w obudowie, należy:

- Ustawić płytę stroną z portami I/O w kierunku tylnej części obudowy.
- Zlokalizować otwory na śruby w płycie głównej i w podstawie obudowy.
- Ustawić wszystkie podkładki i pierścienie dystansowe wymagane do instalacji płyty w obudowie i dokręcić je.
- Wyrównać wszystkie otwory na śruby w płycie głównej z podkładkami i pierścieniami dystansowymi obudowy.
- Dokręcić wszystkie śruby montażowe.

**Aby zapobiec zwarciu obwodu PCB, należy USUNĄĆ metalowe podkładki lub pierścienie dystansowe zainstalowane w podstawie obudowy, ale nie pasujące do otworów montażowych płyty głównej.**

### Zerowanie zworki CMOS

Zworka ta służy do zerowania pamięci CMOS, w celu skasowania zawartości BIOS. Zerowanie pamięci CMOS może być potrzebne, jeżeli ustawienia BIOS są nieprawidłowe i uniemożliwiają działanie płyty głównej.

Aby wyzerować pamięć CMOS, należy odłączyć od płyty głównej wszystkie kable zasilające i nałożyć na kilka sekund nasadkę zworki zgodnie z ustawieniem "Zerowanie CMOS (Clear CMOS)", a następnie założyć nasadkę zworki z powrotem, zgodnie z ustawieniem "Normalne (Normal)". Po ponownym podłączeniu przewodów zasilających i uruchomieniu komputera, zostanie przywrócona konfiguracja domyślna BIOS.

### Podłączanie elementów obudowy

Zasilacz ATX: [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

Złącza WENTYLATOR (FAN): [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

Złącza panela przedniego: [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Podłączenie kabla HDD LED.
- [RST]: Podłączenie kabla przełącznika restartu.

- [SPKR]: Podłączenie kabla głośnika systemowego.
- [SLED]: Podłączenie kabla diody LED wstrzymania pracy.
- [PWR]: Podłączenie kabla przełącznika zasilania.
- [PLED]: Podłączenie kabla diody LED zasilania.

Dodatkowy blok połączeń portu USB: [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

Dodatkowy blok portu IEEE1394: [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

Blok połączeń audio panela przedniego: [FP-AUDIO1]

Wewnętrzne złącza audio: [CD1], [AUX1]

### Instalacja procesora i zespołu chłodzącego

Istnieje wiele typów CPU (Central Processing Unit [Procesora głównego]) i ich zespołów chłodzących, z których każdy wymaga innego sposobu instalacji, należy dokładnie stosować się do instrukcji instalacji znajdującej się w opakowaniu zakupionego pakietu. Procesor jest delikatnym urządzeniem elektronicznym wytwarzającym podczas działania duże ilości ciepła. Podczas jego instalacji należy zachować szczególną ostrożność.

Po zakończeniu instalacji zespołu chłodzącego procesora, podłącz wentylator chłodzący procesora do złącza [CPUFAN1] na płycie głównej.

### Instalacja modułów pamięci

- Naciśnij w dół zatrzaski po obu stronach gniazda.
- Dopasuj położenie modułu pamięci do gniazda. Gniazdo ma karb a moduł wycięcie, umożliwiające wyłącznie jeden kierunek połączenia.
- Zainstaluj moduł pamięci w gnieździe mocno naciskając moduł w dół. Dźwignie zatrzasków gniazda automatycznie uniosą się w górę blokując krawędzie modułu pamięci.
- Aby wyjąć moduł pamięci, naciśnij jednocześnie zatrzaski po obu stronach gniazda, a następnie wyjmij moduł pamięci.

### Podłączanie urządzeń pamięci

Podłączanie napędu dyskietyk elastycznych: [FDC1]

Podłączanie napędów dysku twardego IDE: [IDE1], [IDE2]

Podłączanie napędów dysku twardego Serial ATA: [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Połączenia panela tylnego

- **Mouse:** Podłączenie myszy PS/2.
- **Keyboard:** Podłączenie klawiatury PS/2.
- **LPT1:** Podłączenie drukarki lub innych urządzeń obsługujących protokół komunikacji równoległej.
- **COM1:** Podłączenie zewnętrznego modemu, myszy lub innych urządzeń obsługujących protokół komunikacji szeregowej.
- **OPT-IN1:** To złącze umożliwia podłączenie do S/PDIF, poprzez światłowód z cyfrowego urządzenia multimedialnego.
- **OPT-OUT1:** To złącze umożliwia podłączenie z S/PDIF, poprzez światłowód z cyfrowego urządzenia multimedialnego..
- **AUDIO1:** To złącze umożliwia połączenie wejście/wyjście sygnału kanału audio 7.1.
- **IEEE1394:** Podłączenie urządzeń obsługujących protokół IEEE1394.
- **LAN1:** Podłączenie do sieci lokalnej.
- **USB1/USB2:** Podłączenie urządzeń USB takich jak skaner, głośniki cyfrowe, monitor, mysz, klawiatura, hub, kamera cyfrowa, joystick itd.

## 4.11 Magyar // Gyorstelepítési útmutató

Ez a "Gyorstelepítési útmutató" csak azt az alapvető hardver információt tartalmazza, amely az abit alaplap telepítéséhez szükséges. Az előrehaladott üzemeltetéshez, továbbra is a teljes útmutatót kell használnia.

### Hardver beállítási óvintézkedések

- Minding kapcsolják ki a tápot és áramtalanítsák a készüléket az alaplap telepítése vagy a beállítások módosítása előtt.
- Mielőtt kivennék az alaplapot antisztatikus zacskójából, biztonsági fémkarkötő segítségével földeljék le magukat.
- Az alaplapot csak széleinél fogják meg. Ne érintsék meg a rajta lévő komponenseket.
- Ne érintsék meg a modul kontaktusait vagy az IC lapkákat
- Helyezzék az alaplapot leföldelt antisztatikus felületre vagy arra az antisztatikus zacskóra amelyben csomagolva volt.

### Az alaplap telepítése a házba

A számítógép háza a következő feltételeknek kell megfeleljen:

- Kell tudnia fogadni ennek az alaplapnak az alakját.
- Támogatja az alaplap minden huzaljának, jelzőjének és kapcsolójának a csatlakoztatását a házhoz.
- Képes kell legyen megfelelő tápot és teret biztosítani minden telepíteni kívánt meghajtónak.
- A hátlapon lévő I/O idomszereknek illeszkednie kell az alaplap I/O portjaihoz és bővítő-helyeihez.

Az alaplap beszerelésére a házba a következőképpen kell eljárni:

- Az I/O portos oldalt irányítsa a ház hátsó része felé.
- Azonosítsák be a csavarok helyét az alaplapon és a ház alsó részén.
- Helyezzenek bele a ház alapjába minden érintkező-peceket vagy távtartót és szorítsák meg őket.
- Állítsák síkba az alaplapon lévő minden csavarrest a házon lévő érintkező-pecekkel vagy távtartókkal.
- Szorítsanak meg minden csavart.

*Annak érdekében, hogy megelőzzék a NYÁK rövidre zárását, kérjük TÁVOLÍTSÁK el minden érintkező-peceket vagy távtartót amennyiben ezek már rá vannak szerelve a ház alapjára és ezen az alaplapon nincsenek olyan illesztések amelyekkel síkba kellene hozni.*

### Törlő CMOS átkötés

Ennek az átkötésnek a szerepe a CMOS memória törlése, amely lehetővé teszi a BIOS tartalmának resztelését. Szükség lehet a CMOS memória törlésére, amennyiben a BIOS beállítások nem megfelelőek, és így lehetetlenné teszik az alaplap használatát.

A CMOS memória törléséhez, bontsanak minden tápot az alaplappal, csatlakoztassák az átkötés végét a „CMOS törlése” ponthoz néhány másodpercre, majd csatlakoztassák vissza az átkötést a „Normális” ponthoz. Miután ismét bekötik a tápot és újraindítják a gépet, a BIOS visszaáll az alapértelmezett konfigurációba.

### Készülékhez komponenseinek csatlakoztatása

**ATX táp:** [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

**Ventilátor csatlakozók:** [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

**Előlapp csatlakozók:** [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Csatlakoztassa a HDD LED kábelhez.
- [RST]: Csatlakoztassa a resztelés-kapcsoló kábeléhez.
- [SPKR]: Csatlakoztassa a rendszerhangszóró kábeléhez.
- [SLED]: Csatlakoztassa a LED szüneteltet kábelhez

- [PWR]: Csatlakoztassa a tápkapcsoló kábelhez.
- [PLED]: Csatlakoztasson a táp LED kábelhez

**Kiegészítő USB port fejrész:** [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

**További IEEE1394 port fejek:** [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

**Előlapp audio csatlakoztatási fej:** [FP-AUDIO1]

**Belső audio csatlakozók:** [CD1], [AUX1]

### CPU és a hűtőborda telepítése

Mivel többféle központi egység (CPU) és hűtőborda közül lehet választani és mivel mindegyiket másképpen kell beszerelni, kérjük kövessék pontosan az Önök által vásárolt csomagban lévő szerelési utasításokat. A központi egység (CPU) kényes elektronikus eszköz amely működése közben nagyon sok hőt termel. Kérjük járjanak el kiemelt gondossággal.

Miután rászertelték a hűtőbordát a processzorra, csatlakoztassák a CPU hűtőventilátorának a csatlakozóját [CPUFAN1] az alaplap csatlakozójához.

### Memóriamodulok telepítése

- A rés mindkét oldalán lévő reteszeket nyomják lefelé.
- A memóriamodult hozzák síkba a nyílással. A rés ékes bemetszésű, és a memóriamodul úgy van kialakítva, hogy csak egyféleképpen, egy irányba lehet beilleszteni.
- Helyezzék a memóriamodult a résbe és nyomják határozottan lefelé. A rés reteszei automatikusan felfelé mozdulnak el, majd rákattannak a memóriamodul széleire.
- A memóriamodul eltávolításához a rés mindkét oldalán lévő reteszeket nyomják egyszerre lefelé, majd húzzák ki a memóriamodult.

### Tárológységek csatlakoztatása

**Hajlékonylemez meghajtó csatlakoztatása:** [FDC1]

**IDE merevlemez csatlakoztatása:** [IDE1], [IDE2]

**Soros ATA merevlemez meghajtók csatlakoztatása:** [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Hátlapi csatlakozások

- **Mouse:** csatlakoztassa a PS/2 egeret.
- **Keyboard:** csatlakoztassa a PS/2 billentyűzetet.
- **LPT1:** csatlakozzon a nyomtatóhoz vagy egyéb eszközökhöz amelyek támogatják a párhuzamos kommunikációs protokollt.
- **COM1:** csatlakozzon a külső modemhez, egérhez vagy egyéb eszközökhöz amelyek támogatják a soros kommunikációs protokollt.
- **OPT-IN1:** Ez a csatlakozó S/PDIF bemeneti csatlakozást biztosít digitális multimédiás eszközök által kibocsátott jel fogadására, optikai kábel segítségével.
- **OPT-OUT1:** Ez a csatlakozó S/PDIF kimeneti csatlakozást biztosít digitális multimédiás eszközök által fogadott jel küldéséhez, optikai kábel segítségével.
- **AUDIO1:** Ez a csatlakozó 7.1 csatornás audió bemeneti/kimeneti jelhez.
- **IEEE1394:** Csatlakoztassa az IEEE1394 protokoll szerinti eszközökhöz.
- **LAN1:** Csatlakoztassa a helyi hálózathoz.
- **USB1/USB2:** Csatlakoztassa az olyan USB eszközökhöz, mint a szkennerek, digitális hangszórók, monitor, egér, billentyűzet, központi elosztóhoz, digitális fényképezőgéphez, botkormányhoz, stb.

## 4.12 Türkçe // Hızlı Kurulum Kılavuzu

Bu "Hızlı Kurulum Kılavuzu", abit anakartınızı takmanızda gerekebilecek sadece temel donanım bilgisini içermektedir. İleri işlemler için daha geniş olan tam versiyonuna başvurmanız gerekecektir.

### Donanım Kurmada Alınacak Önlemler

- Anakartı takmadan veya ayarları değiştirmeden önce daima güç beslemeyi kapatarak güç kablosunu elektrik prizinden çekin.
- Anakartı antistatik poşetinden çıkartmadan önce bileğinize takacağınız bir statik güvenlik bandıyla uygun şekilde kendinize topraklama yapınız.
- Anakartı kenarlarından tutun. Üzerindeki herhangi bir bileşene dokunmaktan sakının.
- Modül kontaklarına ve IC yongalarına dokunmaktan sakının.
- Anakartı topraklaması yapılmış antistatik bir yüzeye veya beraberinde verilen antistatik torbanın üzerine koyun.

### Anakartın Kasaya Takılması

Bu anakart için bilgisayar kasası şu aşağıdaki özellikleri desteklemelidir:

- Bu anakartın biçim faktörüne uyumlu olmalı.
- Anakart üzerinden kasa üzerindeki göstere ve anahtarlara yapılan kablolama konnektörlerinin tümünü desteklemeli.
- Kuracağınız tüm sürücüler için yeterli güç ve yeri sağlayabilmeli.
- Arka panelindeki I/O (Giriş/Çıkış) şablonu anakart üzerindeki I/O (Giriş-Çıkış) bağlantı noktaları ve genişleme yuvalarıyla eşleşmelidir.

Anakartı kasaya takmak için aşağıdaki talimatları izleyin:

- I/O bağlantı noktalarının kenarını kasanın arka kısmına bakacak şekilde hizalayın.
- Anakart ve kasa kasesi üzerindeki civata yuvalarının yerini belirleyin.
- Kasa kasesi üzerine gerekli tüm destek pimi ve ara parçalarını yerleştirin ve sıkılayın.
- Anakart üzerindeki bütün bu civata deliklerini kasa üzerindeki destek pimi veya ara parçalarıyla hizalayın.
- Tüm civataları sıkılayın.

**PCB devresinin kısa devre yapmasını önlemek için önceden kasa kadesinde takılı ve anakart üzerindeki montaj delikleriyle hizalanmayan metal destek pimi ve ara parçaları ÇIKARTIN.**

### CMOS Silme Jumperi (Atlatıcısı)

Bu jumper BIOS içeriğini sıfırlamak için CMOS belleğini silmede kullanılır. BIOS ayarlarınız hatalıysa ve anakartınızın çalışmasına engel oluyorsa CMOS belleğini silmeniz gerekebilir.

CMOS belleğini silmek için anakarttan çıkan tüm güç kablolarını ayırınız, jumper kepini bir kaç saniye süreyle "Clear CMOS" (CMOS'u Sil) ayarı üzerine takın ve ardından jumper kepini "Normal" ayarına takın. Tüm güç kablolarını yeniden bağlayıp bilgisayarı yeniden başlattıktan sonra BIOS içeriği varsayılan yapılandırmasına döner.

### Kasa Bileşenlerinin Bağlanması

**ATX Güç Kaynağı:** [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

**FAN Konnektörleri:** [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

### Ön Panel Konnektörleri: [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Sabit Disk Sürücü LED kablosuna bağlayın.
- [RST]: Sıfırlama Anahtarı kablosuna bağlayın.
- [SPKR]: Sistem Hoparlör kablosuna bağlayın.
- [SLED]: Askıda LED'i kablosuna bağlayın.
- [PWR]: Güç Anahtarı kablosuna bağlayın.
- [PLED]: Güç LED'i kablosuna bağlayın.

**Ek USB Bağlantı Noktası Başlığı:** [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

**Ek EEE1394 Bağlantı Noktası Başlığı:** [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

**Ön Panel Ses Bağlantı Başlığı:** [FP-AUDIO1]

**Dahili Ses Konnektörleri:** [CD1], [AUX1]

### CPU ve Soğutucu (Heatsink) Montaj Grubunun Takılması

Tercihli bağılı Merkezi İşlem Ünitesi (CPU) ve soğutucu montaj grubu seçeneklerinin farklı takma prosedürleri olduğundan, lütfen satın aldığınız ürünün paketinden çıkan takma talimatlarını tam olarak takip ediniz. CPU çalışırken büyük miktarda ısı çıkaran hassas bir elektronik aygıttır. Lütfen işlem yaparken özen gösterin.

Soğutucuyu mikroişlemcinin üzerine takma işlemi tamamlandıktan sonra CPU soğutucu fanı güç bağlantısını ana kart üzerindeki [CPUFAN1] konnektörüne bağlayın.

### Bellek Modüllerinin Takılması

- Yuvanın iki tarafındaki mandalları aşağı bastırın.
- Bellek modülünü yuvaya hizalayın. Yuvanın çentik kılavuzu ve bellek modülünün bir bölüm kertiği kılavuzu vardır ve sadece bir yönde birbirine uyarlar.
- Bellek modülünü yuvaya kuvvetlice bastırarak oturtun. Yuva mandalları otomatik olarak kalkar ve bellek modülünün kenarlarını tutar.
- Bellek modülünü çıkarmak için her iki taraftaki mandal aynı anda bastırın ve bellek modülünü çekerek çıkartın.

### Depolama Aygıtlarının Bağlanması

**Disket Sürücüsünün Bağlanması:** [FDC1]

**IDE Sabit Disk Sürücülerinin Bağlanması:** [IDE1], [IDE2]

**Seri ATA Sabit Disk Sürücülerinin Bağlanması [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]**

### Arka Panel Bağlantısı

- Mouse:** PS/2 fare bağlamak içindir.
- Keyboard:** PS/2 klavye bağlamak içindir.
- LPT1:** Yazıcı veya paralel iletişim protokolünü destekleyen diğer aygıtları bağlamak içindir.
- COM1:** Harici modem, fare veya seri iletişim protokolünü destekleyen diğer aygıtları bağlamak içindir.
- OPT-IN1:** Bu konektör optik fiber aracılığıyla dijital multimedya aygıtları için S/PDIF giriş bağlantısı sağlar.
- OPT-OUT1:** Bu konektör optik fiber aracılığıyla multimedya aygıtları için S/PDIF çıkış bağlantısı sağlar.
- AUDIO1:** Bu konektör 7.1 kanallı ses giriş/çıkış bağlantısı sağlar.
- IEEE1394:** IEEE1394 protokolü aygıtlarına bağlantı içindir.
- LAN1:** Yerel Ağa bağlantı içindir.
- USB1/USB2:** Tarayıcı, dijital hoparlör, monitör, fare, klavye, dijital kamera, joystick vb. gibi USB aygıtlarını bağlamak içindir.

# اللغة العربية// دليل التركيب السريع 4.13

يحتوي "دليل التركيب السريع" هذا على المعلومات الأساسية الخاصة بمكونات الأجهزة اللازمة عند تركيب اللوحة الأم من abit. وللتشغيل المتقدم لهذه اللوحة، يتعين عليك الرجوع إلى الدليل الكامل.

## احتياطات تركيب المكونات

- احرص دائما على إغلاق مصدر الإمداد بالطاقة وفصل كبل الطاقة من منفذ التيار المتردد قبل تركيب اللوحة أو تغيير أية إعدادات.
- قم بتأريض نفسك على النحو الملائم من خلال ارتداء شريط معصم اليد المصمم خصيصا للحماية من الكهرباء الاستاتيكية، وذلك قبل الشروع في إخراج اللوحة من عبوتها المقاومة كذلك للكهرباء الاستاتيكية.
- احرص على الإمساك باللوحة من حوافها، وتجنب لمس أي من المكونات الموجودة عليها.
- تجنب لمس أطراف توصيل الوحدة ورفائق الدائرة المتكاملة.
- ضع اللوحة على سطح مؤرض مضاد للكهرباء الاستاتيكية أو على العبوة المقاومة للكهرباء الاستاتيكية المرفقة بها اللوحة.

## تركيب اللوحة داخل الشاسيه

- لا بد أن يشتمل شاسيه جهاز الكمبيوتر الذي سيتم تركيب اللوحة الأم عليه على الخصائص التالية:
- استيعاب حجم اللوحة الأم والتناسب مع هيئتها.
- دعم كافة منافذ التوصيل الكليبية الموجودة على اللوحة الأم والتي يتم توصيلها بالمؤشرات والمفاتيح الموجودة على الشاسيه.
- توفير الطاقة اللازمة والمساحة المطلوبة لكافة محركات الأقراص التي سيتم تركيبها.
- توافق قالب الدخل والخرج الموجود في اللوحة الخلفية للشاسيه مع منافذ الدخل والخرج وفتحات التوسعة الموجودة على اللوحة الأم.

- لتركيب اللوحة الأم داخل الشاسيه، يتعين القيام بما يلي:
- وضع الجانب الذي يحتوي على منافذ الدخل والخرج بحيث يتجه نحو الجزء الخلفي من الشاسيه.
- تحديد مواضع فتحات المسامير الملولبية على كل من اللوحة الأم وقاعدة الشاسيه.
- وضع كافة المسامير وفتحات المبادعة اللازمة على قاعدة الشاسيه وإحكام تثبيتها.
- محاذاة كافة فتحات المسامير الملولبية الموجودة على اللوحة الأم مع المسامير أو فتحات المبادعة الموجودة على الشاسيه.
- إحكام تثبيت كافة المسامير.

لتفادي إحداث قصر في دائرة PCB، يرجى "إزالة" المسامير المعدنية أو فتحات المبادعة إذا كان قد تم تركيبها بالفعل في قاعدة الشاسيه مع عدم وجود فتحات تثبيت في اللوحة الأم هذه للمحاذاة معها.

## وصلة عبور مسج ذاكرة CMOS

تستخدم وصلة العبور هذه لمسح ذاكرة CMOS حتى يتسنى إعادة تعيين محتويات BIOS. وقد تظهر الحاجة لمسح ذاكرة CMOS في حالة وجود خطأ بإعدادات BIOS ولمسح اللوحة الأم من العمل.

لمسح ذاكرة CMOS، افصل كافة كبلات الطاقة عن اللوحة الأم وقم بتوصيل غطاء وصلة العبور بإعداد "Clear CMOS" (مسح CMOS) لعدة ثوان، ثم وصل غطاء وصلة العبور بإعداد "Normal" (عادي). وبعد إعادة توصيل كافة كبلات الطاقة مرة أخرى وإعادة التمهيد، سيتم إعادة ضبط محتوى BIOS إلى التهيئة الافتراضية الخاصة به.

## توصيل مكونات الشاسيه

وحدة إمداد بالطاقة من نوع ATX: [ATXPWR1]، [ATX12V1]

منافذ توصيل المروحة: [CPUFAN1]، [SYSFAN1]، [AUXFAN1]، [NBFAN1]

- منافذ توصيل اللوحة الأمية: [FPIO1]
- [HLED]: للتوصيل بالكبل الخاص بمؤشر بيان حالة محرك الأقراص الثابتة.
- [RST]: للتوصيل بكبل مفتاح إعادة التشغيل.
- [SPKR]: للتوصيل بكبل سماعات النظام.
- [SLED]: للتوصيل بكبل مؤشر بيان حالة الإيقاف المؤقت.

- [PWR]: للتوصيل بكبل مفتاح الطاقة.
- [PLED]: للتوصيل بكبل مؤشر بيان حالة التشغيل.

رأس منفذ USB إضافي: [FP-USB1]، [FP-USB2]

رأس منفذ IEEE1394 إضافي: [FP-1394-1]، [FP-1394-2]

رأس وصلة الصوت باللوحة الأمية: [FP-AUDIO1]

منافذ التوصيل الصوتية الداخلية: [CD1]، [AUX1]

## تركيب وحدة المعالجة المركزية ووحدة المشتت الحراري

نظرا لتعدد أنواع وحدات المعالجة المركزية (CPU) ووحدات المشتتات الحرارية الخاصة بها، فإن لكل منهما طريقة تركيب مختلفة. لذا يرجى اتباع تعليمات التركيب المرفقة في العبوة الخاصة بها بدقة بالغة. وتعد وحدة المعالجة المركزية أحد المكونات الإلكترونية الحساسة التي يتولد أثناء تشغيلها كمية كبيرة من الحرارة، لذا، يرجى توخي أقصى درجات الحيطة والحذر عند التعامل معها.

بعد الانتهاء من تركيب المشتت الحراري على المعالج، قم بتوصيل مصدر الطاقة الخاص بمروحة تبريد وحدة المعالجة المركزية بمنفذ [CPUFAN1] الموجود على اللوحة الأم.

## تركيب وحدات الذاكرة

- ادفع المزلاجين إلى طرفي الخانة نحو الأسفل.
- قم بمحاذاة وحدة الذاكرة مع الخانة. فالخانة تتناسب مع السن ووحدة الذاكرة تتناسب مع القاطع وذلك لتكونا في اتجاه واحد فقط.
- قم بتركيب وحدة الذاكرة في الخانة بالضغط عليها جيدا، فتنثبت الخانة بالمزلاج تلقائيا، ترتفع إلى أعلى وتطبق على طرفي وحدة الذاكرة.
- لنزع وحدة الذاكرة، أدفع المزلاجين إلى طرفي الخانة نحو الأسفل على التوالي، ثم اسحب وحدة الذاكرة.

## التوصيل بأجهزة تخزين

التوصيل بمحرك أقراص مرنة: [FDC1]

التوصيل بمحركات الأقراص الثابتة: [IDE1]، [IDE2]

التوصيل بمحركات الأقراص الثابتة: [SATA4] ~ [SATA1]

## منافذ توصيل اللوحة الخلفية

- Mouse: للتوصيل بماوس من نوع PS/2.
- Keyboard: للتوصيل بلوحة مفاتيح من نوع PS/2.
- LPT1: للتوصيل بالطابعات أو الأجهزة الأخرى التي تدعم بروتوكول التوصيل المتوازي.
- COM1: للتوصيل بمودم خارجي أو ماوس أو الأجهزة الأخرى التي تدعم بروتوكول التوصيل التسلسلي.
- OPT-IN1: يتيح منفذ التوصيل هذا إمكانية الحصول على دخل S/PDIF باستخدام كبلات الألياف الضوئية من أجهزة وسائط متعددة رقمية.
- OPT-OUT1: يتيح منفذ التوصيل هذا إمكانية الحصول على خرج S/PDIF باستخدام كبلات الألياف الضوئية من أجهزة وسائط متعددة رقمية.
- AUDIO1: نظام بخرج ودخل للصوت في قناة 7.1
- IEEE1394: للتوصيل بالأجهزة التي تدعم بروتوكول IEEE1394.
- LAN1: للتوصيل بشبكة اتصال محلية.
- USB1/USB2: للتوصيل بالأجهزة المزودة بمنفذ USB كالماسحات الضوئية والسماعات الرقمية والشاشات والماوس ولوحات المفاتيح والكاميرات الرقمية ولوحات الوصل وذراع ممارسة الألعاب، وما إلى ذلك.

# فارسی // راهنمای نصب سریع 4.14

- **[SLED]:** به کابل دیود نورانی تطبیق (Suspend) وصل کنید.
- **[PWR]:** به کابل کلید روشن خاموش وصل کنید.
- **[PLED]:** به کابل دیود نورانی نشانگر روشن بودن سیستم وصل کنید.

مادگی دیگر پورت USB: [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

مادگی دیگر پورت IEEE1394: [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

مادگی اتصال صوتی پانل جلو: [FP-AUDIO1]

محل های اتصال صوتی داخلی: [CD1], [AUX1]

## نصب سی پی یو (CPU) و مونتاژ رادیاتور

از آنجا که امکان انتخاب انواع مختلفی از واحدهای پردازش مرکزی (سی پی یو) و نحوه مونتاژ رادیاتور آن وجود دارد، که شیوه نصب هر کدام متفاوت است، لطفا دستورالعمل نصب موجود در بسته محصول خریداری شده را دقیقاً دنبال نمایید. سی پی یو یک وسیله الکترونیکی ظریف و حساس است که در هنگام کار حرارت بسیاری تولید می کند. لطفاً این کار را در نهایت دقت انجام دهید.

بعد از نصب رادیاتور روی پردازشگر، سیم برق فن خنک کننده سی پی یو را به محل اتصال [CPUFAN1] روی مادربرد وصل کنید.

## نصب ماژول های حافظه

- بستهای ادر در دو طرف سوکت به پایین فشار دهید
- مدول حافظه را در روی سوکت تراز کنید. سوکت با بستهای روی گیره ها بسته می شود و مدول حافظه لبه ها و برشهای مخصوصی دارد که هر کدام از آنها فقط می تواند در جای خود قرار گیرد
- مدول حافظه را با فشار دادن کامل آن به پایین روی سوکت محکم کنید. بستهای سوکت بطور اتوماتیکی به طرف بالا باز شده اند و لبه های مدول حافظه را در آنها جای می گیرد
- برای خارج کردن مدول حافظه، بستهای دو سر آن را به پایین بطور ملایم فشار داده و سپس مدول حافظه را بیرون بکشید

## اتصال وسایل ذخیره سازی

اتصال درایو فلاپی دیسک: [FDC1]

اتصال درایوهای هارد IDE: [IDE1], [IDE2]

اتصال درایوهای هارد دیسک Serial ATA: [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

## اتصال پانل عقب

- **Mouse:** به ماوس PS/2 وصل کنید.
- **Keyboard:** به صفحه کلید PS/2 وصل کنید.
- **LPT1:** به چاپگر یا سایر دستگاه هایی که از پروتکل ارتباط موازی پشتیبانی می کنند، وصل کنید.
- **COM1:** به ماوس، مودم بیرونی یا سایر دستگاه هایی که از پروتکل ارتباط سریال پشتیبانی می کنند، وصل کنید.
- **OPT-IN1:** این محل اتصال، اتصال ورودی S/PDIF را از طریق فیبر نوری از دستگاه های چندرسانه ای دیجیتال فراهم می سازد.
- **OPT-OUT1:** این محل اتصال، اتصال خروجی S/PDIF را از طریق فیبر نوری به دستگاه های چندرسانه ای دیجیتال فراهم می سازد.
- **AUDIO1:** اتصال ورودی/خروجی صوتی 7/1 کاناله.
- **IEEE1394:** به دستگاه های دارای پروتکل IEEE1394 وصل کنید.
- **LAN1:** به شبکه منطقه ای محلی (LAN) وصل کنید.
- **USB1/USB2:** به دستگاه های USB مانند اسکرانر، بلندگوهای دیجیتال، مانیتور، ماوس، صفحه کلید، هاب، دوربین دیجیتال، جوی استیک و غیره وصل کنید.

این "راهنمای نصب سریع" صرفاً حاوی اطلاعات اولیه در باره سخت افزار است که هنگام نصب مادربرد abit خود به آنها نیاز خواهید داشت. با این وجود، برای انجام کارهای پیشرفته لازم است به نسخه کامل تر این راهنما مراجعه فرمایید.

## مراقبت های لازم در هنگام نصب سخت افزار

- همیشه پیش از نصب مادربرد یا تغییر هرگونه تنظیم، منبع تغذیه را خاموش کرده و دوشاخه سیم برق را از پریز برق جدا کنید.
- پیش از درآوردن مادربرد از کیسه ضد الکتریسیته ساکن، با پوشیدن بند مچی ایمنی مخصوص الکتریسیته ساکن، اتصال زمین خود را به نحو مناسب برقرار کنید.
- مادربرد را از لبه های آن در دست بگیرید. از دست زدن به قطعات روی مادربرد خودداری نمایید.
- از دست زدن به اتصالات ماژول ها و تراشه های آی سی ها خودداری کنید.
- مادربرد را روی یک سطح ضد الکتریسیته ساکن دارای اتصال زمین یا روی کیسه ضد الکتریسیته ساکن که به همراه مادربرد عرضه شده است، قرار دهید.

## نصب مادربرد روی شاسی

- شاسی کامپیوتر برای این مادربرد باید:
- اندازه و فرم این مادربرد را در خود جای دهد.
  - از تمام محل های اتصال کابل کشی موجود روی مادربرد جهت اتصال به نشانگرها و کلیدهای روی شاسی پشتیبانی کند.
  - بتواند نیرو و فضای کافی را برای تمام درایو هایی که قصد نصب آنها را دارید، فراهم سازد.
  - الگوی I/O (ورودی/خروجی) واقع در پشت آن با پورت های I/O و اسلات های (شکاف های) توسعه سیستم قرار گرفته روی مادربرد مطابقت داشته باشد.

- برای نصب مادربرد روی شاسی، باید:
- روی پورت های I/O را به طرف قسمت پشت شاسی قرار دهید.
  - محل سوراخ های پیچ ها روی مادربرد و پایه شاسی را پیدا کنید.
  - تمام پیچ های بی سر یا جداکننده های لازم را روی پایه شاسی قرار داده و آنها را محکم کنید.
  - تمام سوراخ های پیچ ها روی مادربرد را با پیچ های بی سر یا جداکننده های نصب شده روی شاسی در یک راستا قرار دهید.
  - محل تمام سوراخ های پیچ ها را محکم کنید.

برای جلوگیری از اتصال کوتاه مدار PCB، لطفاً در صورتی که پیچ های بی سر یا جداکننده های فلزی از قبیل روی پایه شاسی نصب شده اند و امکان تراز کردن سوراخ های نصب آنها با این مادربرد وجود ندارد، آنها را درآورید.

## جامپر پاک کردن سی ماس (CMOS)

این جامپر برای پاک کردن حافظه سی ماس به منظور بازنشانی (reset) محتویات بایاس (BIOS) به کار می رود. در صورتی که تنظیمات بایاس اشتباه باشند و مانع از کارکردن مادربرد شما شوند، لازم است حافظه سی ماس را پاک کنید.

برای پاک کردن حافظه سی ماس، تمام کابل های برق را از مادربرد جدا کنید، درپوش جامپر را به مدت چند ثانیه روی تنظیم پاک کردن سی ماس قرار داده و سپس درپوش جامپر را دوباره در تنظیم عادی خود قرار دهید. پس از اتصال مجدد تمام کابل های برق و راه اندازی مجدد سیستم، محتویات بایاس به یکباره به پیش فرض آن بازنشانی خواهد شد.

## اتصال قطعات شاسی

منبع تغذیه ATX: [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

محل های اتصال فن: [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

محل های اتصال پانل جلو: [FPIO1]

- **[HLED]:** به کابل دیود نورانی هارد دیسک وصل کنید.
- **[RST]:** به کابل کلید بازنشانی (Reset) وصل کنید.
- **[SPKR]:** به کابل بلندگوی سیستم وصل کنید.

## 4.15 日本語//クイックインストールガイド

この「クイックインストールガイド」には、abit マザーボードを取り付けるときに必要なハードウェアの基本情報のみが含まれています。詳細な操作については、その完全版を参照してください。

### ハードウェアのセットアップに関する注意事項

- ボードを取り付けたり設定を変更するときは、事前に電源装置をオフにし、ACコンセントからプラグを必ず抜いてください。
- 静電気防止バッグからボードを取り外す前に、静電気安全リストストラップを着用して、正しくアースしてください。
- ボードは、端を持つようにしてください。コンポーネントには触れないでください。
- モジュールの接点やICチップには触れないでください。
- ボードはアースされた静電気防止面またはボードに付属する静電気防止バッグの上に置いてください。

### ボードのシャーシへの取り付け

このマザーボードのコンピュータシャーシは、以下の点を満たしている必要があります。

- このマザーボードのフォームファクタに適合すること。
  - シャーシのインジケータやスイッチとマザーボード上のすべてのケーブルコネクタをサポートすること。
  - 取り付けるすべてのドライブに対して、十分な電力とスペースを提供可能なこと。
  - 背面パネルのその I/O テンプレートが、マザーボードの I/O ポートと拡張スロットに一致すること。
- マザーボードをシャーシに取り付けるには、次の手順に従う必要があります。
- I/O ポートの側面をシャーシの背面部分に向ける。
  - マザーボードとシャーシ台のネジ穴を探す。
  - 必要なすべてのスタッドやスペーサーをシャーシ台に置き、しっかり締め付ける。
  - マザーボードのすべてのネジ穴をシャーシのこれらのスタッドやスペーサーと一列に並べる。
  - すべてのネジ穴をしっかり締める。

**PCB 回路がショートしないように、スタッドやスペーサーがシャーシ台にすでに取り付けられ一致する取り付け穴がこのマザーボードにない場合、それらのスタッドやスペーサーを取り外してください。**

### CMOS ジャンパの消去

このジャンパは CMOS メモリを消去して BIOS の内容をリセットするために使用されます。BIOS 設定が間違っているためにマザーボードが作動しない場合、CMOS メモリを消去する必要があります。

CMOS メモリを消去するには、すべての電源ケーブルをマザーボードから抜き、ジャンパキャップを「CMOS の消去」設定に数秒間取り付け、その後ジャンパキャップをその「標準」設定に戻します。すべての電源を再び接続し再起動すると、BIOS の内容はその初期設定にリセットされます。

### シャーシコンポーネントの接続

ATX 電源装置: [ATXPWR1]、[ATX12V1]

ファンコネクタ: [CPUFAN1]、[SYSFAN1]、[AUXFAN1]、[NBFAN1]

前面パネルコネクタ: [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: HDD LED ケーブルに接続
- [RST]: リセットスイッチケーブルに接続

- [SPKR]: システムスピーカーケーブルに接続
- [SLED]: サスペンド LED ケーブルに接続
- [PWR]: 電源スイッチケーブルに接続
- [PLED]: 電源 LED ケーブルに接続

追加 USB ポートヘッダ: [FP-USB1]、[FP-USB2]

追加 IEEE1394 ポートヘッダ: [FP-1394-1]、[FP-1394-2]

前面パネルオーディオ接続ヘッダ: [FP-AUDIO1]

内部オーディオコネクタ: [CD1]、[AUX1]

### CPU およびヒートシンクアセンブリの取り付け

中央処理装置(CPU)とそのヒートシンクアセンブリには、それぞれ取り付ける方法が異なるタイプがあるため、お買い求めになったパッケージの取付方法説明書に正確に従ってください。CPU は精巧な電子装置で、動作時に大量の熱を発生します。取り付けに当たっては、十分注意してください。

プロセッサにヒートシンクを取り付けた後、CPU 冷却ファンの電源をマザーボードの[CPUFAN1]コネクタに接続します。

### メモリモジュールの取り付け

- スロットの両側のラッチを下に押しします。
- メモリモジュールをスロットに一直線に合わせます。スロットはノッチに固定され、メモリモジュールは切り出しに固定されるため、一方向にしかフィットしません。
- メモリモジュールを下にしっかり押してスロットに取り付けます。スロットラッチは上方向に自動的に動き、メモリモジュールのエッジにパチンとはまります。
- メモリモジュールを取り外すには、スロットの両側のラッチを下に同時に押し、メモリモジュールを引き上げます。

### 記憶装置の接続

フロッピーディスクドライブの接続: [FDC1]

IDE ハードドライブの接続: [IDE1]、[IDE2]

シリアル ATA ハードディスクドライブの接続: [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### 背面パネルの接続

- Mouse: PS/2 マウスに接続
- Keyboard: PS/2 キーボードに接続します。
- LPT1: プリンタ、またはパラレル通信プロトコルをサポートするその他のデバイスに接続します。
- COM1: 外部モデム、マウス、またはシリアル通信プロトコルをサポートするその他のデバイスに接続します。
- OPT-IN1: このコネクタは、光ファiberを通してデジタルマルチメディアデバイスに S/PDIF イン接続を提供します。
- OPT-OUT1: このコネクタは、光ファiberを通してデジタルマルチメディアデバイスに S/PDIF アウト接続を提供します。
- AUDIO1: 7.1ch オーディオ 入力/出力 コネクタ。
- IEEE1394: IEEE1394 プロトコルのデバイスに接続します。
- LAN1: 構内通信網(LAN)に接続します。
- USB1/USB2: スキャナ、デジタルスピーカー、モニタ、マウス、キーボード、ハブ、デジタルカメラ、ジョイスティックなどの USB デバイスに接続します。

## 4.16 한국어//빠른 설치 가이드

본 “빠른 설치 가이드”는 빅빔 abit 메인보드 설치에 필요한 중요한 하드웨어 정보만을 포함하고 있습니다. 보다 상세한 정보 및 과정은 사용자 설명서를 참고하시기 바랍니다.

### 하드웨어 설치시 주의사항

- 메인보드 설치 또는 설정을 변경하시기 전에는 항상 전 원을 끄고, AC 콘센트를 제거하시기 바랍니다.
- 정전기 방지 비닐에서 메인보드를 빼 낼 때는 정전기 안전 손목 접지대를 착용하고 메인보드의 가장 자리를 잡으시기 바랍니다.
- 컨넥터나 IC 류는 만지지 마십시오.
- 메인보드를 정전기가 일어나지 않는 표면에 보관하거나 함께 제공된 정전기 방지 비닐에 보관하시기 바랍니다.

### 케이스에 대하여

구입하신 메인보드에 대한 컴퓨터 케이스는

- 메인보드 형태(form factor)에 맞는 케이스를 사용하시기 바랍니다.
- 메인보드 상의 모든 케이블이 연결될 수 있도록 연결 부를 지원해야만 합니다.
- 설치하려는 모든 드라이브에 대한 충분한 전원과 공간을 제공할 수 있어야 합니다.
- 후면에 장착된 I/O 판넬이 메인보드에 제공되는 I/O 포트와 확장 슬롯과 일치해야 합니다.

마더보드를 새시에 설치하기 위해서:

- I/O 판넬의 측면을 컴퓨터 케이스 뒷부분을 향하도록 설치 합니다.
- 메인보드와 컴퓨터 케이스 바닥의 나사 구멍을 일치 시킵니다.
- 컴퓨터 케이스 바닥 위에 필요한 모든 볼트와 스페이서를 위치시키고 고정합니다.
- 모든 나사 구멍을 고정합니다.

**PCB 회로의 단선을 방지하기 위하여, 금속 볼트 혹은 스페이서들이 이미 컴퓨터 케이스 바닥에 설치되어 있고, 메인보드 상에 고정 홀이 없다면 이들을 제거하시기 바랍니다.**

### CMOS 점퍼 지우기

이 점퍼는 롬 바이오스의 내용을 처음상태로 초기화 하기 위하여 롬 바이오스의 내용을 지우기 위한 점퍼입니다.

롬 바이오스 설정이 부정확하거나 메인보드 동작에 이상 이 있을 경우 롬 바이오스의 내용을 초기화 한 후 사용하시기 바랍니다.

롬 바이오스의 내용을 초기화하기 위해서는 메인보드에 연결된 모든 전원 케이블을 분리하고, 점퍼 캡을 약 30초 동안 “CMOS 지움” 설정으로 변경한 후, 점퍼 캡을 다시 “정상” 설정으로 연결하십시오. 이후 모든 전원을 다시 연결하고 재부팅하면, 롬 바이오스 내용이 처음상태로 초기화될 것입니다.

### 컴퓨터 케이스 각종 컨넥터 연결

전원공급장치: [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

팬 연결부: [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

전면 판넬 연결 컨넥터: [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: HDD LED 케이블에 연결하세요.
- [RST]: 초기화 스위치 케이블에 연결하세요.

- [SPKR]: 시스템 스피커 케이블에 연결하세요.
- [SLED]: 유휴(Suspend) LED 케이블에 연결하세요.
- [PWR]: 전원 스위치 케이블에 연결하세요.
- [PLED]: 전원 LED 케이블에 연결하세요.

추가 USB 포트 헤더: [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

추가 IEEE1394 포트 헤더: [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

전면 판넬 오디오 연결 헤더: [FP-AUDIO1]

내부 오디오 연결부: [CD1], [AUX1]

### CPU 및 방열판 설치

구입하신 프로세서에 따라 방열판 조립방법이 다를 수 있으므로 구입하신 패키지에서 지시하는 방법에 따라 정확하게 설치하시기 바랍니다. CPU는 동작시 높은 양의 열을 발산하는 섬세한 전자 장치로 각별한 주의를 가지고 취급하시기 바랍니다.

프로세서 위에 방열판 설치를 마치고 나서, CPU 냉각 팬의 전원을 메인보드 상에 있는 [CPUFAN1] 연결부에 연결 하십시오.

### 메모리 모듈 설치

- 슬롯 양쪽에 있는 걸쇠를 눌러서 내리십시오.
- 메모리 모듈을 슬롯에 정렬시키십시오. 슬롯은 홈으로 구분되고, 메모리 모듈도 절단된 부분으로 구분되어 있어 오로지 한 방향으로만 맞습니다.
- 메모리 모듈을 강하게 눌러 슬롯에 설치시키십시오. 슬롯 걸쇠가 자동적으로 올라가고 메모리 모듈의 끝부분에 고정될 것입니다.
- 메모리 모듈을 제거하기 위해서는, 슬롯 양쪽에 있는 걸쇠를 동시에 눌러 내리십시오. 그러면 메모리 모듈이 빠질 것입니다.

### 저장 장치 연결

플로피 디스크 드라이브 연결: [FDC1]

IDE 하드 드라이브 연결: [IDE1], [IDE2]

시리얼 ATA 하드 디스크 드라이브 연결: [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### 후면 판넬 연결

- Mouse:** PS/2 마우스에 연결하십시오.
- Keyboard:** PS/2 키보드에 연결하십시오.
- LPT1:** 프린터 혹은 병렬 통신 프로토콜을 지원하는 다른 장치들에 연결하십시오.
- COM1:** 외부 모뎀, 마우스 혹은 시리얼 통신 프로토콜을 지원하는 다른 장치들에 연결하십시오.
- OPT-IN1:** 이 커넥터는 디지털 멀티미디어 장치에서 옵티컬 파이버를 통한 S/PDIF 입력 연결을 제공합니다.
- OPT-OUT1:** 이 커넥터는 디지털 멀티미디어 장치로 옵티컬 파이버를 통한 S/PDIF 출력 연결을 제공합니다.
- AUDIO1:** 이 커넥터는 7.1 채널 오디오 입/출력 연결을 제공합니다.
- IEEE1394:** IEEE1394 프로토콜 장치들에 연결하십시오.
- LAN1:** 근거리 통신망(LAN)에 연결하십시오.
- USB1/USB2:** 스캐너, 디지털 스피커, 모니터, 마우스, 키보드, 허브, 디지털 카메라, 조이스틱 등과 같은 USB 장치들에 연결하십시오.

## 4.17 Bahasa Malaysia // Panduan Pemasangan Ringkas

"Panduan Pemasangan Ringkas" ini hanya mengandungi maklumat perkakasan asas yang anda mungkin perlu semasa memasang papan induk abut anda. Untuk pengendalian lanjutan, anda perlu rujuk ke versi lengkapnya.

### Langkah Berjaga-jaga bagi Penyediaan Perkakasan

- Sentiasa matikan bekalan kuasa dan keluarkan kord kuasa dari alur keluar AU sebelum memasang papan atau menukarkan apa-apa pengesetan.
- Bumikan diri anda dengan sempurna dengan memakai pengikat tangan keselamatan statik sebelum mengeluarkan papan dari beg anti-statik.
- Pegang bahagian tepi papan.. Elak daripada menyentuh apa-apa komponen di atasnya.
- Elak daripada menyentuh modul penghubung dan cip-cip IC.
- Letakkan papan pada permukaan anti statik yang telah dibumikan atau di atas beg anti statik papan itu.

### Memasang Papan Ke Casis

Casis komputer bagi papan induk ini harus:

- Menampung faktor bentuk papan induk ini.
- Menyokong semua kabel penyambung pada papan induk termasuk penunjuk dan suis pada casis.
- Dapat membekalkan kuasa dan ruang yang mencukupi bagi semua pemacu yang anda ingin pasang.
- Templat I/O di panel belakang sepadan dengan port I/O dan lubang alur tambahan pada papan induk.

Untuk memasang papan induk ke dalam casis, anda harus:

- Hadapkan bahagian sisi port I/O ke bahagian belakang casis.
- Kenal pasti lokasi lubang-lubang skru pada kedua-dua tapak papan induk dan casis.
- Letakkan semua stad atau peruang yang diperlukan pada tapak casis dan ketatkannya.
- Bariskan semua lubang skru di atas papan induk agar sejajar dengan stad atau peruang pada casis.
- Ketatkan semua skru.

*Untuk mengelak daripada berlaku litar pintas pada litar PCB, sila KELUARKAN semua stad atau peruang logam sekiranya ia sudah dipasang pada tapak casis dan tidak ada lubang cagak untuk disejajarkan pada papan induk ini.*

### Padamkan Pelompot CMOS

Pelompot ini digunakan untuk memadamkan ingatan CMOS untuk pengesetan semula kandungan BIOS. Anda mungkin perlu memadamkan ingatan CMOS sekiranya pengesetan BIOS tidak betul dan mengelak papan induk anda daripada berfungsi.

Untuk memadamkan ingatan CMOS, tanggalkan semua kabel kuasa dari papan induk, pasang tukup pelompot pada pengesetan "Clear CMOS" untuk beberapa saat, kemudian pasang semula tukup pelompot ke pengesetan "Normal". Selepas bekalan kuasa disambung semula dan anda telah reboot komputer, kandungan BIOS akan diset semula kepada tata rajah lalainya.

### Menyambungkan Komponen-komponen Casis

**Bekalan Kuasa ATX:** [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

**Penyambung KIPAS:** [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

**Penyambung Panel Depan:** [FPIO1]

- [HLED]: Sambungkan ke kabel HDD LED.

- [RST]: Sambungkan ke kabel Suis Pengesetan Semula.
- [SPKR]: Sambungkan ke kabel Sistem Pembesar Suara.
- [SLED]: Sambungkan ke kabel Gantung LED.
- [PWR]: Sambungkan ke kabel Suis Kuasa.
- [PLED]: Sambungkan ke kabel Kuasa LED.

**Port Kepala USB Tambahan:** [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

**Kepala Port Tambahan IEEE1394:** [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

**Panel Depan Kepala Penyambung Audio:** [FP-AUDIO1]

**Penyambung Audio Dalam:** [CD1], [AUX1]

### Memasang CPU dan Pasangan Penenggelam Haba

Oleh kerana terdapat pelbagai pilihan bagi Unit Pemrosesan Pusat (CPU) dan pasangan penenggelam habanya, dan setiap satu dengan cara pemasangan yang berlainan, sila ikut arahan pemasangan yang terdapat pada bungkusan produk yang telah dibeli, CPU merupakan satu peranti elektronik halus yang mengeluarkan haba yang banyak semasa berfungsi. Sila teruskan dengan berhati-hati.

Selepas pemasangan penenggelam siap dipasang pada pemproses, sambungkan kuasa bagi pendingin kipas CPU kepada penyambung [CPUFAN1] pada papan induk.

### Memasang Modul Ingatan

- Tolak selak pada kedua-dua bahagian sisi slot ke bawah.
- Sejajarkan modul ingatan dengan slot. Slot akan berkunci dengan takuk sementara modul ingatan akan berkunci dengan potongan supaya ia hanya dapat dipasang dalam satu arah.
- Pasangkan modul ingatan ke dalam slot dengan menekannya ke bawah dengan kukuh. Slot akan menyelak tuil ke atas secara automatik dan mencangkuk bahagian tepi modul ingatan.
- Untuk mengeluarkan modul ingatan, tolak selak pada kedua-dua bahagian slot ke bawah secara serentak, kemudian tarik keluar modul ingatan.

### Menyambung Peranti Storan

**Menyambung Pemacu Cakera Liut:** [FDC1]

**Menyambung Pemacu Cakera Keras IDE:** [IDE1], [IDE2]

**Menyambungkan Pemacu Cakera Keras Bersiri ATA:** [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### Sambungan Panel Belakang

- **Mouse:** Sambungkan ke tetikus PS/2.
- **Keyboard:** Sambungkan ke papan kekunci PS/2.
- **LPT1:** Sambungkan pencetak atau peranti-peranti yang menyokong protokol komunikasi selari.
- **COM1:** Sambungkan ke modem luar, tetikus atau peranti lain yang menyokong protokol komunikasi bersiri.
- **OPT-IN1:** Penyambung ini adalah sambungan masuk S/PDIF melalui fiber optik dari alat-alat multimedia digital
- **OPT-OUT1:** Penyambung ini adalah sambungan keluar S/PDIF melalui fiber optik ke alat-alat multimedia digital
- **AUDIO1:** Penyambung ini adalah audio 7.1-channel sambungan masukan/keluaran
- **IEEE1394:** Sambungkan ke peranti yang berprotokol IEEE1394.
- **LAN1:** Sambungkan ke Rangkaian Kawasan Tempatan (LAN).
- **USB1/USB2:** Sambungkan ke peranti USB seperti pengimbas, pembesar suara digital, monitor, tetikus, papan kekunci, hab, kamera digital, kayu bedik dan sebagainya.

## 4.18 ไทย//คู่มือการติดตั้งอย่างย่อ

ข้อมูลทางเทคนิคของอุปกรณ์ที่ปรากฏใน “คู่มือการติดตั้งอย่างย่อ” นี้ เป็นเพียงข้อมูลพื้นฐานที่จำเป็นในการติดตั้งแผงวงจรหลัก abit ของคุณเท่านั้น กรุณาอ่านข้อมูลในการติดตั้งและใช้งานในระดับสูงขึ้นจากคู่มือฉบับเต็มที่เหมาะสมมาด้วยเพื่อการติดตั้งและใช้งานที่สมบูรณ์ที่สุด

### สิ่งที่ควรระมัดระวังในระหว่างการติดตั้งอุปกรณ์

- ให้ปิดสวิตช์ไฟของเครื่องและถอดสายไฟออกจากผนังก่อนการติดตั้งแผงวงจรหรือเปลี่ยนแปลงอุปกรณ์ใดก็ตาม
- ทำการลดระดับไฟสถิตย์ที่ร่างกาย โดยใช้สายถ่ายเทไฟฟ้สถิตย์หรือแตะที่ตัวถังส่วนที่เป็นโลหะ ก่อนนำเอาแผงวงจรออกจากช่องกันไฟฟ้สถิตย์
- กรุณาหลีกเลี่ยงการแตะอุปกรณ์ใดๆในแผงวงจรและสัมผัสเฉพาะบริเวณขอบ
- หลีกเลี่ยงการแตะบริเวณที่เป็นตัวอุปกรณ์ IC และหน้าสัมผัสต่างๆ
- วางแผงวงจรในบริเวณที่ไม่มีไฟฟ้สถิตย์หรือบนช่องบรรจุซึ่งสามารถป้องกันไฟฟ้สถิตย์ที่บรรจุแผงวงจรมาเสมอ.

### การติดตั้งแผงวงจรลงในตัวถังเครื่อง

ตัวถังเครื่องที่สามารถบรรจุแผงวงจรหลักนี้ควรจะมี

- โครงสร้างตำแหน่งจุดยึดต่างๆที่รองรับกับแผงวงจรหลักนี้
- มีจุดต่อและขั้วต่อของสายแสดงสถานะและเปิดปิดที่ตรงกับแผงวงจรหลัก
- สามารถจ่ายกำลังไฟฟ้เพียงพอและมีว่างพอในการติดตั้งอุปกรณ์ต่างๆ
- ด้านหลังต้องตรงกับตำแหน่งจุดต่อและช่องต่อเพิ่มของแผงวงจรหลัก

ในการติดตั้งแผงวงจรหลัก กรุณาปฏิบัติตามและระมัดระวังดังนี้

- หันด้านจุดต่อของแผงวงจรหลักไปด้านหลังของตัวกล่อง
- หาตำแหน่งของรูจุดยึดทั้งบนแผงวงจรหลักและบนตัวกล่อง
- ใส่ตัวรองแทนหรือที่รองที่จำเป็นให้เรียบร้อย
- วางตำแหน่งของรูจุดยึดของแผงวงจรให้ตรงกับจุดยึดต่างๆที่อยู่บนแผงวงจรหลักพร้อมใส่ตัวยึดให้เรียบร้อย
- ไขตัวยึดต่างให้แน่นพอสมควรทุกครั้ง

**เพื่อป้องกันการขีดข่วนของแผงวงจร กรุณาหลีกเลี่ยงวางอุปกรณ์หรือชิ้นส่วนโลหะใดๆไว้ใกล้กับแผงวงจรหลักหลังจากที่ติดตั้งจุดยึดแล้ว**

### จุดเชื่อมต่อเพื่อการเคลียร์ CMOS

จุดเชื่อมต่อนี้ใช้ในการลบข้อมูลของการกำหนดคุณสมบัติทำงานของ BIOS เดิมที่อยู่ในหน่วยความจำแบบ CMOS ให้เป็นค่าเดิมที่กำหนด โดยโรงงาน ในกรณีที่ค่าที่กำหนดเอาไว้ไม่ถูกต้องทำให้แผงวงจรหลักทำงานไม่ได้ เมื่อต้องการลบหน่วยความจำ CMOS ให้ถอดสายไฟที่จ่ายกำลังไฟฟ้ออกจากแผงวงจรหลัก แล้วนำตัวเชื่อมต่อสัญญาณ (Jumper) เลื่อนจากตำแหน่ง Normal ไปยัง Clear CMOS ประมาณ 2-3 วินาที แล้วนำตัวเชื่อมต่อกลับมาไว้ที่ตำแหน่ง Normal ดั้งเดิม หลังจากนั้นให้ต่อสายไฟทั้งหมดกลับเหมือนเดิมและเปิดเครื่อง ข้อมูลของ BIOS จะถูกกำหนดใหม่ให้เป็นข้อมูลเดิมที่กำหนดจากโรงงาน

### การต่อเข้าอุปกรณ์ของตัวถัง

จุดต่อแหล่งจ่ายไฟ: [ATXPWR1], [ATX12V1]

จุดต่อพัดลม: [CPUFAN1], [SYSFAN1], [AUXFAN1], [NBFAN1]

จุดต่อกับหน้าปิด: [FP-IO1]

- [HLED]: ต่อเข้ากับสาย HDD LED

- [RST]: ต่อเข้ากับสายปุ่ม Reset
- [SPKR]: ต่อเข้ากับสายลำโพงของระบบ
- [SLED]: ต่อเข้ากับสาย LED ที่แสดงสถานะหยุดชั่วคราว
- [PWR]: ต่อเข้ากับสายปุ่ม Power
- [PLED]: ต่อเข้ากับสาย LED แสดงสถานะทำงานปกติ

จุดต่อ USB เพิ่มเติม: [FP-USB1], [FP-USB2]

จุดต่อ IEEE1394: [FP-1394-1], [FP-1394-2]

จุดต่อกับหน้าปิดส่วนระบบเสียง: [FP-AUDIO1]

จุดต่อสัญญาณเสียงภายใน: [CD1], [AUX1]

### การติดตั้ง CPU และชุดระบายความร้อน CPU

เนื่องจาก CPU และชุดระบายความร้อนมีหลายแบบ ซึ่งแต่ละแบบจะมีวิธีการติดตั้งแตกต่างกันไป กรุณาปฏิบัติตามคำแนะนำการตั้งที่มาพร้อมกับอุปกรณ์โดยละเอียด ข้อควรระวัง CPU

เป็นอุปกรณ์อิเล็กทรอนิกส์ที่เมื่อมีการทำงานจะให้ความร้อนออกมาสูงมาก ดังนั้นต้องติดตั้งชุดระบายความร้อน CPU ให้ถูกต้องเพื่อป้องกันความเสียหายที่อาจเกิดขึ้น เมื่อติดตั้งเรียบร้อยแล้วให้ต่อสายไฟเลี้ยงชุดระบายความร้อน CPU เข้ากับจุดต่อ [CPUFAN1] บนแผงวงจรหลัก

### การติดตั้งแผงหน่วยความจำ

ไฟฟ้สถิตย์สามารถทำลายอุปกรณ์อิเล็กทรอนิกส์ในคอมพิวเตอร์หรืออุปกรณ์อื่นๆได้ ดังนั้น ก่อนจะต้องถอดอุปกรณ์อิเล็กทรอนิกส์ใดๆให้ทำการลดไฟฟ้สถิตย์ในร่างกายโดยทำการแตะที่ตัวถังก่อนติดตั้งแผง หน่วยความจำ

### การติดตั้งอุปกรณ์เก็บข้อมูล

การต่อ Floppy Disk Drive: [FDC1]

การต่อ IDE Hard Drives: [IDE1], [IDE2]

การต่อ Serial ATA Hard Disk Drives: [SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### การต่ออุปกรณ์ด้านหลัง

- **Mouse:** ต่อกับเมาส์แบบ PS/2
- **Keyboard:** ต่อกับแป้นพิมพ์แบบ PS/2
- **LPT1:** ต่อกับเครื่องพิมพ์หรืออุปกรณ์อื่นที่สื่อสารแบบขนาน
- **COM1:** ต่อกับโมเด็มภายนอก เมาส์ หรืออุปกรณ์อื่นที่สื่อสารแบบอนุกรม
- **OPT-IN1:** จุดต่อนี้ใช้รับสัญญาณ S/PDIF ผ่านทางสาย เส้นใยนำแสงกับอุปกรณ์มัลติมีเดียแบบดิจิทัล
- **OPT-OUT1:** จุดต่อนี้ใช้ส่งสัญญาณ S/PDIF ผ่านทางสาย เส้นใยนำแสงกับอุปกรณ์มัลติมีเดียแบบดิจิทัล
- **AUDIO1:** จุดต่อสัญญาณเสียงเข้า/ออกแบบ 7.1 ช่องทาง
- **IEEE1394:** ต่อกับอุปกรณ์ที่ใช้การสื่อสารแบบ IEEE1394
- **LAN1:** ต่อกับระบบ Local Area Network.
- **USB1/USB2:** ต่อกับอุปกรณ์ USB เช่น สแกนเนอร์, เมาส์, จอภาพ, ลำโพงดิจิทัล, แป้นพิมพ์, กล้องถ่ายภาพดิจิทัล, กล้องถ่ายภาพยนต์ดิจิทัล, ฮับ, จอยสติ๊ก เป็นต้น

## 4.19 繁體中文

### 4.19.1 規格

#### 處理器

- 支援採用 Hyper Transport™ 技術、速度高達 5200MT/s\* 的 AMD Socket AM2+/AM2 處理器
  - \* AM2+ 可跑 HT3.0 5200MT/s
  - \* AM2 可跑 HT1.0 2000MT/s
- 支援 AMD CPU Cool 'n' Quiet 技術

#### 晶片組

- AMD 780G 晶片搭配 ATI Radeon HD 3200 繪圖 (RS780) / SB700

#### 記憶體

- 4 條 240 針腳 DIMM 插槽支援最大 8GB 記憶體容量
- 支援雙通道 DDR2 1066\*/800/667 無緩衝 ECC/非 ECC 記憶體
  - \* DDR2 1066 只由 AM2+ CPU 支援

#### 圖形埠

- ATI RV610-based 繪圖引擎
- ATI Hybrid CrossFireX 技術
- ATI UVD (Unified Video Decoder) 硬體 H.264、VC-1、以及 MPEG-2 影音解碼
- 兩組獨立顯示控制器給 CRT 與 HDMI/DVI 介面

#### 網路

- 內建 Gigabit 網路

#### 音效

- 支援 5.1 聲道 HD 音效

#### Serial ATA

- 6 組 SATA 3Gb/s 支援 AHCI 及 RAID 0/1/0+1 功能

#### 擴充插槽

- 1 個 PCI-E X16 插槽 (PCI Express 2.0)
- 1 個 PCI-E X1 插槽
- 2 個 PCI 插槽

#### 內部輸入/輸出接頭

- 1 個軟碟埠
- 1 個 Ultra ATA 133 IDE 接頭
- 6 個 SATA 3Gb/s 接頭
- 4 個 USB 2.0 接頭
- 1 個 FP-Audio 接頭
- 1 個 CD-In 接頭
- 1 個 S/PDIF 輸出接頭

#### 後面板輸入/輸出接頭

- 1 個 PS/2 鍵盤接頭
- 1 個 HDMI 接頭
- 1 個 D-Sub 接頭
- 1 個 DVI 接頭
- 1 個 RCA 輸出接頭
- 1 個 RJ-45 網路接頭
- 4 個 USB 2.0 接頭
- 1 個 5.1 聲道音效接頭

#### abit Engineered

- abit SoftMenu™ 技術
- abit EQ 技術

#### RoHS

- 100%無鉛處理與 RoHS 相容

#### 其他

- Micro ATX 主機板規格 (244mm x 244mm)
- 符合 Windows Vista Premium 硬體需求

※ 本手冊的規格與資訊若有變動，恕不另行通知。

## 4.19.2 快速安裝略說

本「快速安裝略說」僅包含安裝 abit 主機板時所需的基本硬體資訊。詳細的操作方式，仍請參閱其完整的手冊版本。

### 硬體安裝注意事項

- 安裝機板或變換任何設定之前，請先關閉電源並拔掉電源插頭。
- 從抗靜電袋中取出機板前，請先戴上靜電安全手環，以確保自己已確實接地。
- 請握住機板的邊緣。請勿接觸機板上的任何元件。
- 請勿接觸模組及 IC 晶片
- 請將機板置於已接地的抗靜電平面上，或置於隨附的抗靜電袋。

### 將機板安裝至機殼內

本主機板的電腦機殼應符合以下條件：

- 與本主機板的規格相容。
- 機殼上的指示燈及開關支援主機板上的連接線插座。
- 能提供足夠的電力及空間，以容納所有您想安裝的磁碟機。
- 背面的 I/O 必須配合主機板上的 I/O 連接埠及擴充插槽。

要將主機板安裝至機殼，您應該：

- 將 I/O 連接埠的內部面向機殼的後面。
- 將螺絲孔置於主機板與機殼的底座。
- 將所需的銅柱或塑膠腳座置於機殼底座並鎖緊。
- 將主機板上所有的螺絲孔與機殼上的銅柱或塑膠腳座對齊。
- 將螺絲孔鎖緊。

**要避免造成 PCB 電路短路，請「移除」已安裝在機殼底座上，及本主機板上沒有安裝孔可對齊的金屬銅柱及腳柱。**

### 清除 CMOS 跳線

這個跳線是用來清除 CMOS 記憶體以便重新設定 BIOS 的內容。如果 BIOS 設定有誤導致主機板無法運作，您可能需要清除 CMOS 記憶體。

若要清除 CMOS 記憶體，拔除主機板上所有的電源線，將跳線連接到標有「清除 CMOS」的設定數秒鐘，然後再將跳線插回「一般」設定。插回所有電源並重新啟動電源時，BIOS 內容將重新設定成預設值。

### 連接機殼元件

**ATX 電源供應器：**[ATXPWR1]、[ATX12V1]

**風扇插座：**[CPUFAN1]、[SYSFAN1]、[AUXFAN1]、[NBFAN1]

- [CPUFAN1]：CPU 冷卻風扇插座。
- [SYSFAN1]：系統冷卻風扇插座。
- [AUXFAN1]：輔助冷卻風扇插座。
- [NBFAN1]：北橋冷卻風扇插座。

**前面板插座：**[FPIO1]

- [HLED]：連接至硬碟 LED 連接線。
- [RST]：連接至重新啟動開關連接線。
- [SPKR]：連接至系統喇叭連接線。
- [SLED]：連接至暫停 LED 連接線。
- [PWR]：連接至電源開關連接線。
- [PLED]：連接至電源 LED 連接線。

**附加的 USB 連接埠接頭：**[FP-USB1]、[FP-USB2]

除了位於 I/O 面板上的內建 USB 接頭外，您可透過帶有支架的延長線，連接這些各有兩個附加 USB 連接埠的接頭。

**附加的 IEEE1394 連接埠接頭：**[FP-1394-1]、[FP-1394-2]

除了位於 I/O 面板上的內建 IEEE1394 接頭外，您可透過帶有支架的延長線，連接這些各有一個附加 IEEE1394 連接埠的接頭。

**前面板音效接頭：**[FP-AUDIO1]

本接頭提供前面板 HD (高品質) 音效連接。

**內部音源連接頭：**[CD1]、[AUX1]

這個連接頭可選擇內部光碟機或附加卡的音源輸出。

### 安裝 CPU 和散熱片配件

由於市面上有多種中央處理器 (Central Processing Unit, CPU) 和專用的散熱片可供選擇，而安裝方式也各有不同，請確實遵循所購買產品包裝中隨附的安裝指示。CPU 是一種精密的電子裝置，運作時會散發大量的熱能。請務必小心處理。

將散熱片安裝到處理器上以後，請將散熱風扇的電源連接到主機板上的 [CPUFAN1] 插座。

### 安裝記憶體模組

- 將插槽兩側的卡榫向下推開。
- 將記憶體模組對準插槽。記憶體模組兩側和底下的缺口必須與插槽吻合才能固定，只有一個方向能放入記憶體模組。
- 向下按壓記憶體模組，直到記憶體模組穩固地安裝在插槽中。插槽卡榫會自動向上移動，並扣住記憶體模組的兩側。
- 若要移除記憶體模組，請同時將插槽兩側的卡榫向下推開，即可拿出記憶體模組。

### 連接儲存裝置

**連接軟碟機：**[FDC1]

**連接 IDE 硬碟：**[IDE1]、[IDE2]

**連接序列 ATA 硬碟機：**[SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### 背面板線路連接

- **Mouse**：連接 PS/2 滑鼠。
- **Keyboard**：連接 PS/2 鍵盤。
- **LPT1**：連接印表機或其他支援平行通訊協定的裝置。
- **COM1**：連接外接數據機、滑鼠或其他支援序列通訊協定的裝置。
- **OPT-IN1**：本插座提供透過光纖連接到數位多媒體裝置的 S/PDIF 輸入。
- **OPT-OUT1**：本插座提供透過光纖連接到數位多媒體裝置的 S/PDIF 輸出。
- **AUDIO1**：7.1 聲道音效輸入/輸出連接。
- **IEEE1394**：連接 IEEE1394 通訊協定裝置。
- **LAN1**：連接區域網路。
- **USB1/USB2**：連接 USB 裝置，例如掃描器、數位喇叭、顯示器、滑鼠、鍵盤、集線器、數位相機或搖桿等。

## 4.20 简体中文

### 4.20.1 规格

#### 处理器

- 支持采用 Hyper Transport™ 技术、速度高达 5200MT/s\* 的 AMD Socket AM2+/AM2 处理器
  - \* AM2+ 可跑 HT3.0 5200MT/s
  - \* AM2 可跑 HT1.0 2000MT/s
- 支持 AMD CPU Cool 'n' Quiet (降温静音) 技术

#### 芯片组

- AMD 780G 芯片搭配 ATI Radeon HD 3200 绘图 (RS780) / SB700

#### 内存

- 4 条 240 针脚 DIMM 插槽支持最大 8GB 内存容量
- 支持双信道 DDR2 1066\*/800/667 无缓冲 ECC/非 ECC 内存
  - \* DDR2 1066 只由 AM2+ CPU 支持

#### 图形端口

- ATI RV610-based 绘图引擎
- ATI Hybrid CrossFireX 技术
- ATI UVD (Unified Video Decoder) 硬件 H.264、VC-1、以及 MPEG-2 影音解码
- 两组独立显示控制器给 CRT 与 HDMI/DVI 介面

#### 网络

- 主板内建 Gigabit 网络

#### 音效

- 支持 5.1 声道 HD 音效

#### 串行 ATA

- 6 组 SATA 3Gb/s, 支持 AHCI 及 RAID 0/1/0+1 功能

#### 扩充插槽

- 1 个 PCI-E X16 插槽 (PCI Express 2.0)
- 1 个 PCI-E X1 插槽
- 2 个 PCI 插槽

#### 内部输入/输出接头

- 1 个软盘端口
- 1 个 Ultra ATA 133 IDE 接头
- 6 个 SATA 3Gb/s 接头
- 4 个 USB 2.0 接头
- 1 个 FP-Audio 接头
- 1 个 CD-In 接头
- 1 个 S/PDIF 输出接头

#### 后面板输入/输出接头

- 1 个 PS/2 键盘接头
- 1 个 HDMI 接头
- 1 个 D-Sub 接头
- 1 个 DVI 接头
- 1 个 RCA 输出接头
- 1 个 RJ-45 网络接头
- 4 个 USB 2.0 接头
- 1 个 5.1 声道音效接头

#### abit Engineered

- abit SoftMenu™ 技术
- abit EQ 技术

#### RoHS

- 100%无铅工艺, 符合 RoHS 规范

#### 其它

- Micro ATX 主机板规格 (244mm x 244mm)
- 符合 Windows Vista Premium 硬件需求

※ 本手册的规格与信息若有变动, 恕不另行通知。

## 4.20.2 快速安装略说

本“快速安装略说”仅包含基本的硬件信息，供您在安装 abit 主板时进行参考。如需了解高级操作，仍请参阅其完整的手册版本。

### 硬件设置注意事项

- 在安装主板或更改任何设置前，务必关闭电源并从交流插座上拔掉电源线。
- 从防静电袋中取出主板前，应戴上静电安全腕带以使您正确接地。
- 用手拿着主板的边缘。不要触摸主板上的任何元件。
- 不要触摸模块触点和 IC 芯片。
- 将主板放在接地的防静电表面上或者放在主板附近的防静电袋中。

### 将主板安装到底盘上

此主板的计算机底盘应符合下列条件：

- 支持此主板的外形尺寸。
- 支持主板上的所有线缆连接器，能够连接到底盘上的指示灯和开关。
- 能够为您要安装的所有驱动装置提供充足的电源和空间。
- 底盘后面板上的 I/O 模板与主板上的 I/O 端口和扩展槽匹配。

要将主板安装到底盘上，您应该：

- 使 I/O 端口一侧朝向底盘的后部。
- 在主板和底盘上找到螺丝孔。
- 将所有销钉或柱杆放到底盘上，然后拧紧它们。
- 将底盘上的销钉或柱杆对准主板上的螺丝孔。
- 利用这些螺丝孔将主板固定在底盘上。

*如果底盘上已经安装了金属销钉或柱杆，并且在主板上没有它们的安装孔，为防止 PCB 短路，请“取下”这些金属销钉或柱杆。*

### CMOS 清除跳线

此跳线用于清除 CMOS 存储器以重置 BIOS 内容。当 BIOS 设置不正确并导致主板无法工作时，应清除 CMOS 存储器。

要清除 CMOS 存储器，请断开主板上的所有电源线，将跳线帽插到“清除 CMOS”位置上几秒钟，然后将跳线帽插回“正常”位置。重新接通所有电源并启动后，BIOS 内容将恢复成默认配置。

### 连接底盘元件

**ATX 电源：**[ATXPWR1]、[ATX12V1]

**风扇连接器：**[CPUFAN1]、[SYSFAN1]、[AUXFAN1]、[NBFAN1]

- [CPUFAN1]：CPU 冷却风扇连接器。
- [SYSFAN1]：系统冷却风扇连接器。
- [AUXFAN1]：辅助冷却风扇连接器。
- [NBFAN1]：北桥冷却风扇连接器。

**前面板连接器：**[FP101]

- [HLED]：连接 HDD LED 电缆。
- [RST]：连接复位开关电缆。
- [SPKR]：连接系统扬声器电缆。
- [SLED]：连接挂起 LED 电缆。
- [PWR]：连接电源开关电缆。

- [PLED]：连接电源 LED 电缆。

**附加的 USB 端口接头：**[FP-USB1]、[FP-USB2]

除了位于 I/O 面板上的板载 USB 连接器外，这些接头可以通过带线卡的延长电缆分别提供两个附加的 USB 端口连接。

**附加的 IEEE1394 端口接头：**[FP-1394-1]、[FP-1394-2]

除了位于 I/O 面板上的板载 IEEE1394 连接器外，这些接头可以通过带线卡的延长电缆分别提供一个附加的 IEEE1394 端口连接。

**前面板音频接头：**[FP-AUDIO1]

本接头提供前面板 HD (高品质) 音效连接。

**内部音频连接器：**[CD1]、[AUX1]

此连接器用于从内部 CD-ROM 驱动器或扩展卡的音频输出中选择音频。

### 安装 CPU 和过热降温装置

可供选择的中央处理单元 (CPU) 及其过热降温装置有很多种，每一种的安装方式都不相同，因此请严格按照产品包装中的安装说明进行操作。CPU 是一种精密的电子设备，工作时会产生大量热量。操作时，务请小心谨慎。

将过热降温装置安装到处理器上后，把 CPU 冷却风扇的电源连接到主板上的 [CPUFAN1] 连接器。

### 安装内存模块

- 向下按插槽两端的卡销。
- 将内存模块对准插槽。插槽上有槽口，内存模块上有凹口，因此内存模块只能按一种方式插入插槽。
- 向下用力按内存模块，将其装入插槽中。插槽卡销自动向上弹起，并卡入内存模块的边缘。
- 若要取下内存模块，请同时向下按插槽两端的卡销，然后取出内存模块。

### 连接存储设备

**连接软盘驱动器：**[FDC1]

**连接 IDE 硬盘驱动器：**[IDE1]、[IDE2]

**连接串行 ATA 硬盘驱动器：**[SATA1] ~ [SATA4]

### 后面板连接

- **Mouse：**连接 PS/2 鼠标。
- **Keyboard：**连接 PS/2 键盘。
- **LPT1：**连接打印机或其它支持并行通信协议的设备。
- **COM1：**连接外部调制解调器、鼠标或支持串行通信协议的其它设备。
- **OPT-IN1：**此连接器通过光纤提供 S/PDIF 输入连接，用于连接数码多媒体设备。
- **OPT-OUT1：**此连接器通过光纤提供 S/PDIF 输出连接，用于连接数码多媒体设备。
- **AUDIO1：**7.1 声道音效输入/输出连接。
- **IEEE1394：**连接支持 IEEE1394 协议的设备。
- **LAN1：**连接到局域网。
- **USB1/USB2：**连接 USB 设备，如扫描仪、数码扬声器、监视器、鼠标、键盘、集线器、数码相机、操纵杆等。

# 5. Appendix

## 5.1 ATI Hybrid CrossFireX Technology

The ATI Hybrid CrossFireX provides a significant performance boost to AMD based systems by enabling the ability for both discrete graphics (dGPU) and integrated graphics (iGPU) processors to render simultaneously in a CrossFireX mode. The end result is to provide significant improvements in 3D graphics performance and enhance quality to the user's gaming experience.

### 5.1.1 Setup Requirements

1. Vista operating system.
2. This motherboard with any of the following graphics cards: RADEON HD 3450, RADEON HD 3470, or RADEON HD 2400 series.
3. Use the latest Phenom Processors and dual channel DDR2-800 or higher for optimal results.
4. 1GB of system memory or higher.
5. BIOS option "Surround View" = "Enabled".
6. Connect the Hybrid CrossFireX output from graphics card.

### 5.1.2 Desktop Performance

For optimal performance, an HT3 processor with dual-channel DDR2-800 memory should be used. Lower performing components will result in lower scaling. The greater the difference between the chipset and graphics card, the lower the scaling.

RADEON HD 3470 will show mixed results based on the benchmark tested and memory configuration used. A RADEON HD 3450 and HT3 processor is recommended for best results.

### 5.1.3 Setup Procedures

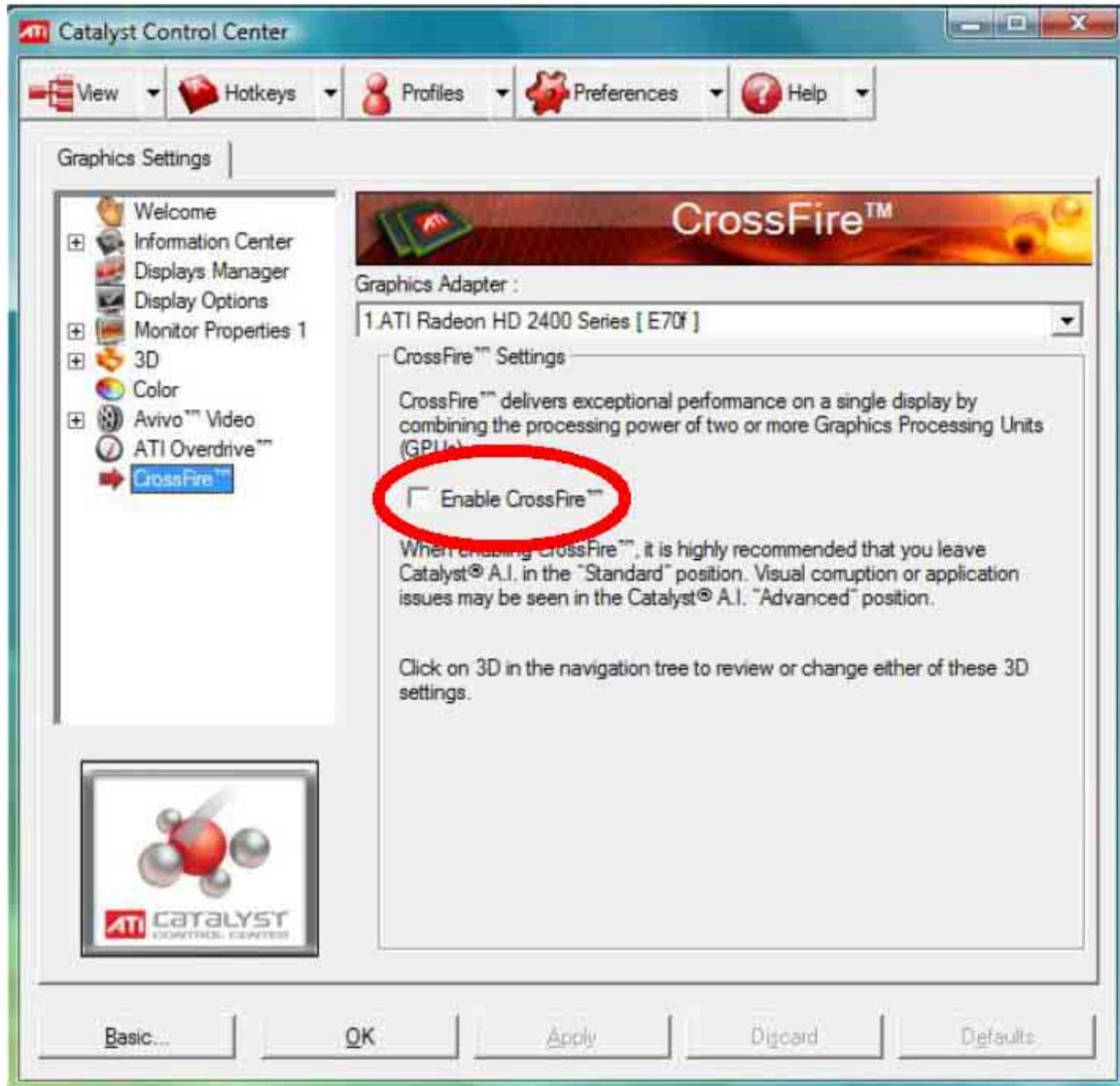
1. **256MB UMA minimum:** Enter the BIOS setup menu via route: "Advanced Chipset Features" → "IGX Configuration" → "UMA Frame Buffer Size" → select "256MB" or higher.
2. **Enable "Surround View":** Enter the BIOS setup menu via route: "Advanced Chipset Features" → "IGX Configuration" → "Surround View" → "Enabled".

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
IGX Configuration		
Internal Graphics Mode	UMA	Item Help
- UMA Frame Buffer Size	256MB	
- Frame Buffer Location	Above 4G	
- IGX Engine Clock Override	Disabled	
x - IGX Engine Clock	500	
- HDMI Audio Device	Enabled	
- Surround View	Enabled	
- IGX Clock Speed	400 MHz	
- UMA-SP Interleave Mode	Auto	
x - Size	4MB	
x - Ratio (SP:UMA)	1:1	

↑↓←→:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help  
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

3. Install the **"AMD VGA Driver"** for this motherboard.
4. Enter the **"Catalyst Control Center"** via the Program Files. Check the [**Enable CrossFire™**] box to enable the CrossFire function.

*(In the initial Catalyst driver, the Hybrid CrossFireX will have to be enabled manually through the Catalyst Control Center. In subsequent versions it will be automatic.)*



5. Click [**OK**] to exit.

## 5.2 Troubleshooting (How to Get Technical Support?)

### 5.2.1 Q & A

**Q: Do I need to clear the CMOS before I use a new motherboard to assemble my new computer system?**

A: Yes, we highly recommend that you clear the CMOS before installing a new motherboard. Please move the CMOS jumper from its default 1-2 position to 2-3 for a few seconds, and then back. When you boot up your system for the first time, follow the instructions in the user's manual to load the optimized defaults.

**Q: If my system hangs when I update the BIOS or set the wrong CPU parameters, what should I do?**

A: Whenever you update the BIOS or if the system hangs due to wrong CPU parameters setting, always clear CMOS jumper before booting up again.

**Q: Why does the system fail to boot up again right after a mechanical power-off?**

A: Please keep a 30-second interval between each mechanical power On/Off.

**Q: Why does the system fail to boot up and nothing displays on the screen after I did some over-clocking or non-standard settings inside the BIOS?**

A: It should not cause hardware or permanent damage to motherboard when BIOS settings were changed from default to over-clocking or non-standard status.

We suggest the following three troubleshooting methods to discharge CMOS data, recover the hardware default status, and then making the motherboard work again. There is no need to bother returning the motherboard to where you bought it from or go through an RMA process.

**Step 1.** Switch off the power supply unit and then switch it on again after one minute. If there is no power-switch on the power supply unit, disconnect its power cord for one minute and then reconnect.

Press and hold the <Insert> key on the keyboard, and press the power-on button to boot up system. If it works, release the <Insert> key and hit <Del> key to enter the BIOS setup page to apply the correct settings.

If the situation remains the same, repeat the procedures in Step 1 three times, or try Step 2.

**Step 2.** Switch off the power supply unit or disconnect the power cord. Open the chassis cover. Locate the CCMOS jumper near the button battery. Change the jumper position from default 1-2 to 2-3 for one minute to discharge the CMOS data, and then put it back to default 1-2 position.

Close the chassis and switch on the power supply unit or plug in the power cord. Press the power-on button to boot up system. If it works, hit <Del> key to enter the BIOS setup page to do the correct settings.

If the situation remains the same, try Step 3.

**Step 3.** The same procedure as Step 2, but while discharging the CMOS data, pull out the ATX power connectors from motherboard and remove the button battery during CMOS discharge.

**Q: How to get a quick response for my request on technical support?**

A: Please carry out a simple troubleshooting before sending "**Technical Support Form**":

**System boot-up fails after the system had been assembled:**

Check the motherboard's supporting specifications first to see if all the key components attached in your system can meet.

To do so, you may:

- Remove all the unnecessary add-on devices (except the CPU, VGA card, DRAM, and Power Supply), and then reboot.
- If the trouble still exists, try another VGA card of different brand/model to see if the system will start.
- If the trouble still exists, try another memory module of different brand/model.
- If the trouble still exists, try another CPU and Power Supply.

If the system runs successfully, shut it down and start re-installing the interface cards and devices that were previously installed in the system. Re-install and start the system one at a time until the system won't start.

**Malfunction in the OS:**

If the system hangs after resuming from S3 or some testing program, if the CPU cannot be recognized properly, if the display resolution mixed, or if a certain program cannot be executed, etc, you may:

- Upgrade the motherboard's latest BIOS version.
- Upgrade the add-on device's latest driver version.
- Check if there is any conflict in the "Control Panel/System Properties".

**Q: How to fill in the "Technical Support Form"?**

A: To fill in this "**Technical Support Form**", please refer to the following instructions:

- **Region:** Type in your country name.
- **E-mail:** Type in your contact E-mail information.
- **First name:** Type in your first name.
- **Last name:** Type in your last name.
- **Subject:** Type in the model name and the problem of your motherboard.  
Example 1: AA8XE and SCSI 29160 malfunction  
Example 2: AA8XE boot fails, POST code AF  
Example 3: AA8XE (system hang when S3 resume)
- **Motherboard:** Type in the model name and revision number of your motherboard.  
Example: AA8XE REV: 1.00
- **BIOS Version:** Type in the BIOS version of your motherboard. (You can find it on the screen during the POST sequence.)
- **CPU:** Type in the brand name and the speed (MHz) of your CPU. (Illustrate the over-clocking status if you had done so.)  
Example: Intel 650 3.4GHz (OC FSB=220MHz)
- **Memory brand:** Type in the brand and model name of your memory module.  
Example: Memory brand: Kingston (KVR533D2N4/1G)
- **Memory size:** Type in the size of your memory module.  
Example: 512M\* 4PCS

- **Memory configuration:** Type in the memory configuration in BIOS setting.  
Example: Memory Timing: 2.5-3-3-7 @533MHz
- **Graphics information:** Note Graphics card's brand, model and driver version
- **Graphics card:** Type in the brand and model name of your graphics card.  
Example: ATI RADEON X850 XT PE
- **Graphics driver version:** Type in the driver version of your graphics card  
Example: Catalyst 5.12V
- **Power supply maker:** Type in the brand and model name of your power supply unit.
- **Power supply wattage:** Type in the power wattage of your power supply unit.
- **Storage devices:** Type in the brand and specifications of your HDD drive and quantity. Specify if it was inserted on IDE (Master or Slave) or SATA ports, including the RAID allocation status.  
Example 1: WD Caviar WD600 60GB (on IDE2 master), Maxtor DiamondMax 10 SATA 300GB (on SATA 3)  
Example 2: Maxtor DiamondMax 10 SATA 300GB \*2 (on SATA 3, SATA 4 RAID 1)
- **Optical devices:** Type in the brand and specifications of your optical drives and quantity. Specify if it was inserted on IDE (Master or Slave) or SATA ports.
- **Other devices:** Indicate which add-on cards or USB devices you are *absolutely sure* relate to the problem. If you cannot identify the problem's origin, indicate all the add-on cards or USB devices inserted on your system.  
Example: AHA 29160 (on PCI 2), Sandisk Cruzer mini 256MB USB Flash-disk.
- **Operating system:** Indicate which OS and language version  
Example: Microsoft Windows XP SP2, English version  
Example: Microsoft Media Center Edition 2005, Korean version
- **Problem description:** Describe the problem of your system configuration. Indicate the steps to duplicate problem if possible.

See the next page for a blank Technical Support Form, or visit our website to fill in the form on line (<http://www.abit.com.tw/page/en/contact/technical.php>).

**Q. Is the motherboard dead? Do I need to return it to where I bought from or go through an RMA process?**

A: After you have gone through the troubleshooting procedures, yet the problem still exists, or you find an evident damage on the motherboard, please contact our RMA center.  
([http://www2.abit.com.tw/page/en/contact/index.php?pFUN\\_KEY=18000&pTITLE\\_IMG](http://www2.abit.com.tw/page/en/contact/index.php?pFUN_KEY=18000&pTITLE_IMG))

## 5.2.2 Technical Support Form

Region:	
E-mail:	
First name:	
Last Name:	
Subject:	
Motherboard:	
BIOS Version:	
CPU:	
Memory brand:	
Memory size:	
Memory configuration:	
Graphics card:	
Graphics driver version:	
Power supply maker:	
Power supply wattage:	
Storage devices:	
Optical devices:	
Other devices:	
Operating system:	
Problem description:	



## 5.2.3 Contact Information

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### Taiwan Head Office Universal ABIT Co., Ltd.

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Fax: 886-2-8751-3381

Sales: [sales@abit.com.tw](mailto:sales@abit.com.tw)

Marketing: [market@abit.com.tw](mailto:market@abit.com.tw)

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Fax: 1-510-623-1092

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Latin America: [ventas@uabit.com](mailto:ventas@uabit.com)

**RMA Center:** <http://rma.uabit.com>

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Herts SG1 4QX, United Kingdom

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Fax: +44-1438-226333

For technical support and RMA return:

Tel: +44-1438-362088

[technical@abitcomputer.co.uk](mailto:technical@abitcomputer.co.uk)

[returns@abitcomputer.co.uk](mailto:returns@abitcomputer.co.uk)

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Tel: 31-77-3204428

Fax: 31-77-3204420

Chamber of Commerce Venlo – number  
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Contact: [info@u-abit.eu](mailto:info@u-abit.eu)

Support: [support@u-abit.eu](mailto:support@u-abit.eu)

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#### Universal ABIT Austria Computer GmbH

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**UNIVERSAL ABIT Co., Ltd.**

<http://www.abit.com.tw>