



JM20330

Serial ATA Bridge Chip

Datasheet

Rev. 2.3



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0. Revision History

Version	Date	Revision Description
Preliminary	2004-08-05	1. Initial B2 version
Preliminary 1	2004-08-27	1. Provide internal weak pull-low (Typical 31 K Ω) & internal weak pull-high (Typical 31 K Ω).
2.0	2005-01-20	1. Support Multiple-Word DMA. 2. Modify the description of signals HSTROBE and DSTROBE. 3. Modify the 6-10 Ultra DMA Transfer Rate to only support 150Mhz operation. 4. Extend the ACTL from 20 bits to 40 bits.
2.1	2005-03-10	1. Modify Absolute Maximum Ratings voltage and current.
2.2	2006-01-11	1. Add description of crystal Oscillator in page 14 2. Add industry spec. description in section 8.3
2.3	2006-07-20	1. Add power on sequence. 2. Modify Absolute Maximum Ratings voltage and current. 3. Change the minimum commercial ambient operation temperature from -10 to 0. 4. Revised REXT 12K Ω 1% 5. Add 6.11 section for device mode master-only operation.



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1. General Description

The Serial ATA Bridge is a single chip solution for serial and parallel ATA translation. It includes the Serial ATA PHY, Link, Transport, and parallel ATA (application layer) controller. The main applications are for legacy IDE storage devices connecting to newer chipset supporting serial ATA, such as the iCH5 south bridge of Intel chipset, and serial ATA IDE storage devices connecting to traditional IDE south bridge.

The Serial ATA physical, link, and transport layer are compliance to Serial ATA Generation 1, which supports a 1.5Gbps data rate. The application layer supports both the ATA register command set and PACKET command set, which could drive both the Hard Disk Drive and ATAPI Optical Storage such as CR-ROM, CD-RW, DVD-ROM, DVD-RW, etc. The serial ATA and application layer support both device and host operation and could be configured by a simple HOST/DEVICE pin.

This chip is designed by 0.18um CMOS technology and 64-pin TQFP or QFN package.



2. Features

2.1 General

- 0.18um CMOS technology.
- Serial ATA 1.5Gbps (Gen. 1) PHY.
- Spread-Spectrum Clock (SSC) technology.
- 1.8V and 3.3V power system.
- 25MHz external reference clock.
- 64-pin TQFP and QFN packages.

2.2 Host Bridge

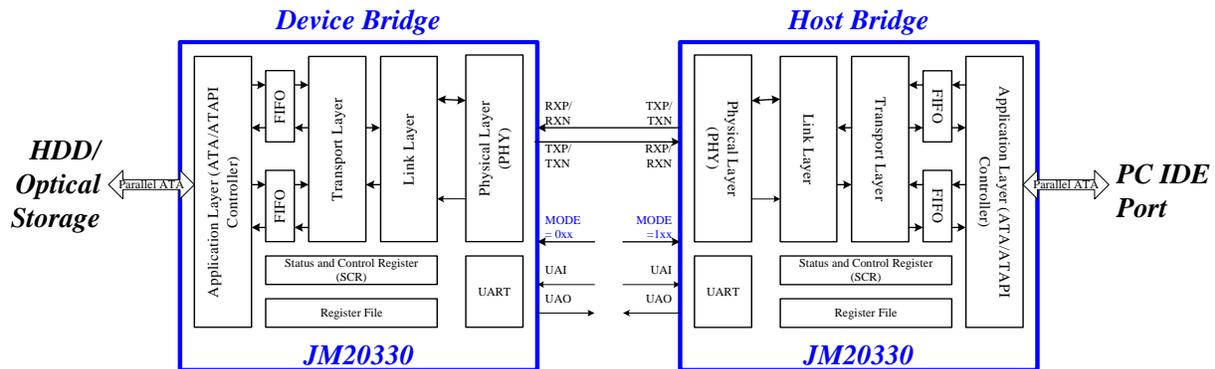
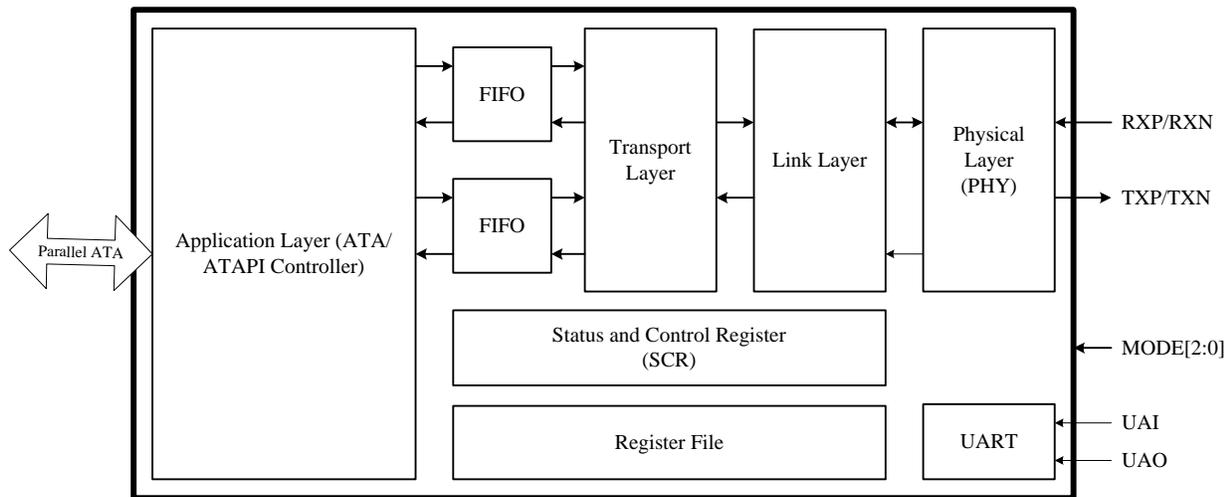
- ATA/ATAPI PIO mode 0 to 4.
- ATA/ATAPI Multiple-Word DMA 0 to 2.
- ATA/ATAPI Ultra DMA of transfer rate 16.7, 25, 33, 48, 66, 100, 133, and 150MB/s.
- ATA/ATAPI master/slave emulation.
- ATA/ATAPI PACKET command feature set.
- ATA/ATAPI-7 Force Unit Access feature set.
- ATA/ATAPI-7 Streaming feature set.
- ATA/ATAPI LBA48 addressing mode associated with 2-byte sector count.
- Serial ATA power saving modes.
- Serial ATA BIST operation.
- Serial ATA hot-plug.
- SATA II Asynchronous Signal Recovery support.

2.3 Device Bridge

- ATA/ATAPI PIO mode 0 to 4.
- ATA/ATAPI Multiple-Word DMA 0 to 2.
- ATA/ATAPI Ultra DMA of transfer rate 16.7, 25, 33, 48, 66, 100, 133, and 150MB/s.
- ATA/ATAPI PACKET command feature set.
- ATA/ATAPI-7 Force Unit Access feature set.
- ATA/ATAPI-7 Streaming feature set.
- ATA/ATAPI LBA48 addressing mode associated with 2-byte sector count.

- Serial ATA power saving modes.
- Serial ATA BIST operation.
- Serial ATA hot-plug.
- SATA II Asynchronous Signal Recovery support.

3. Block Diagram



3.1 Physical Layer

The physical layer provides serialization/de-serialization transformation between serial data bus and link layer. It also includes an OOB block to detect COMRESET/COMINIT and COMWAKE for serial bus power on initialization and hot-plug.



3.2 Link Layer

The link layer performs frame envelope encoding and decoding. It receives the frame instruction from transport layer, and generates the necessary primitive for serial link flow control. While receiving data, it detects the primitive and performs the front-end operation to extract the useful frame data for transport layer. It also generates CRC for serial link error handling, and provides 8b/10b data scramble for data transfer.

3.3 Transport Layer

The transfer layer performs frame information structure assembly and decomposition. It also includes FIFO to adjust the speed mismatch between application layer and serial link.

3.4 Application Layer

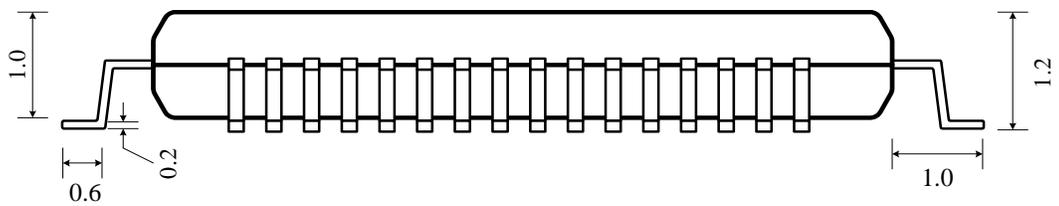
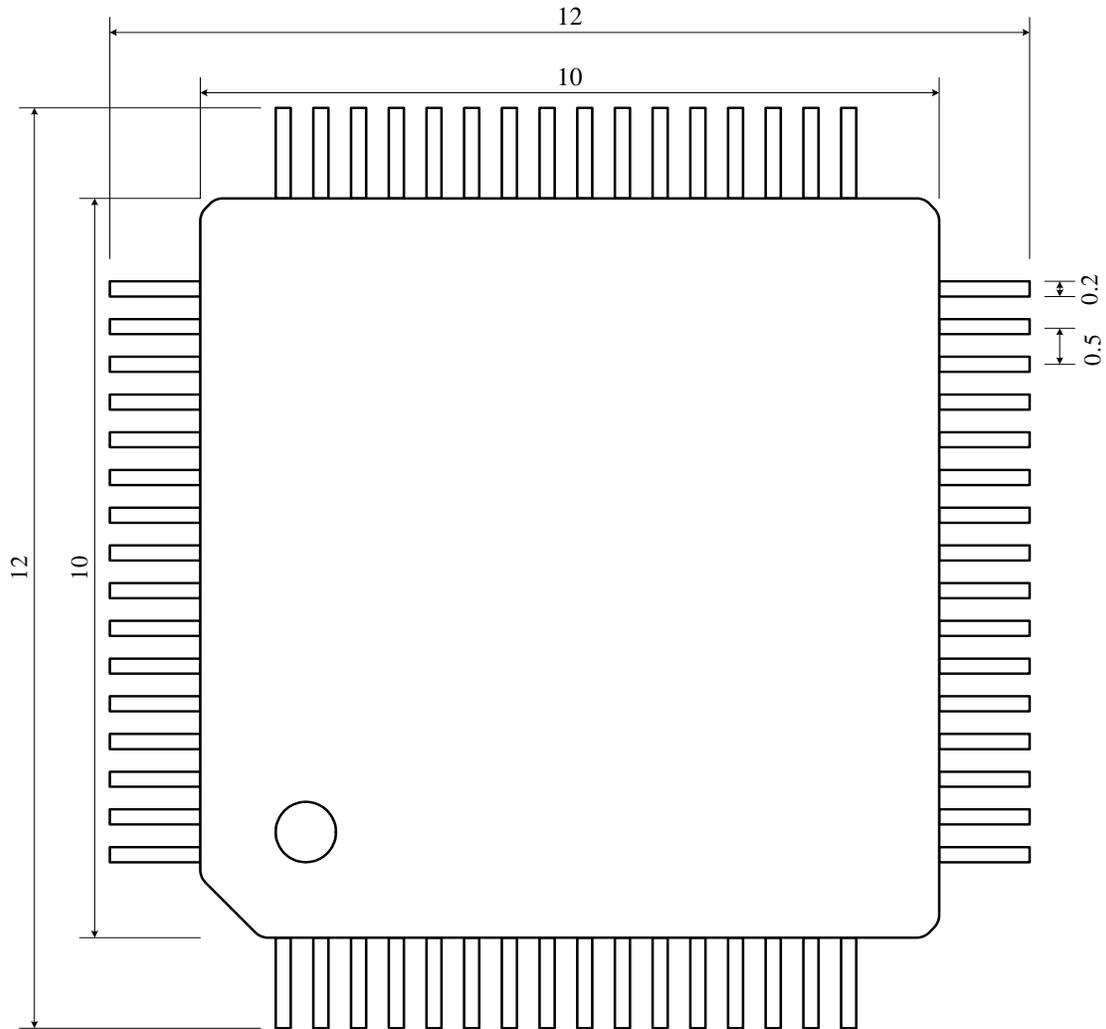
The application layer is essentially an ATA/ATAPI protocol engine, which complies with ATA/ATAPI-7. It performs the protocol and timing control for parallel ATA and ATAPI command set.



4. Package

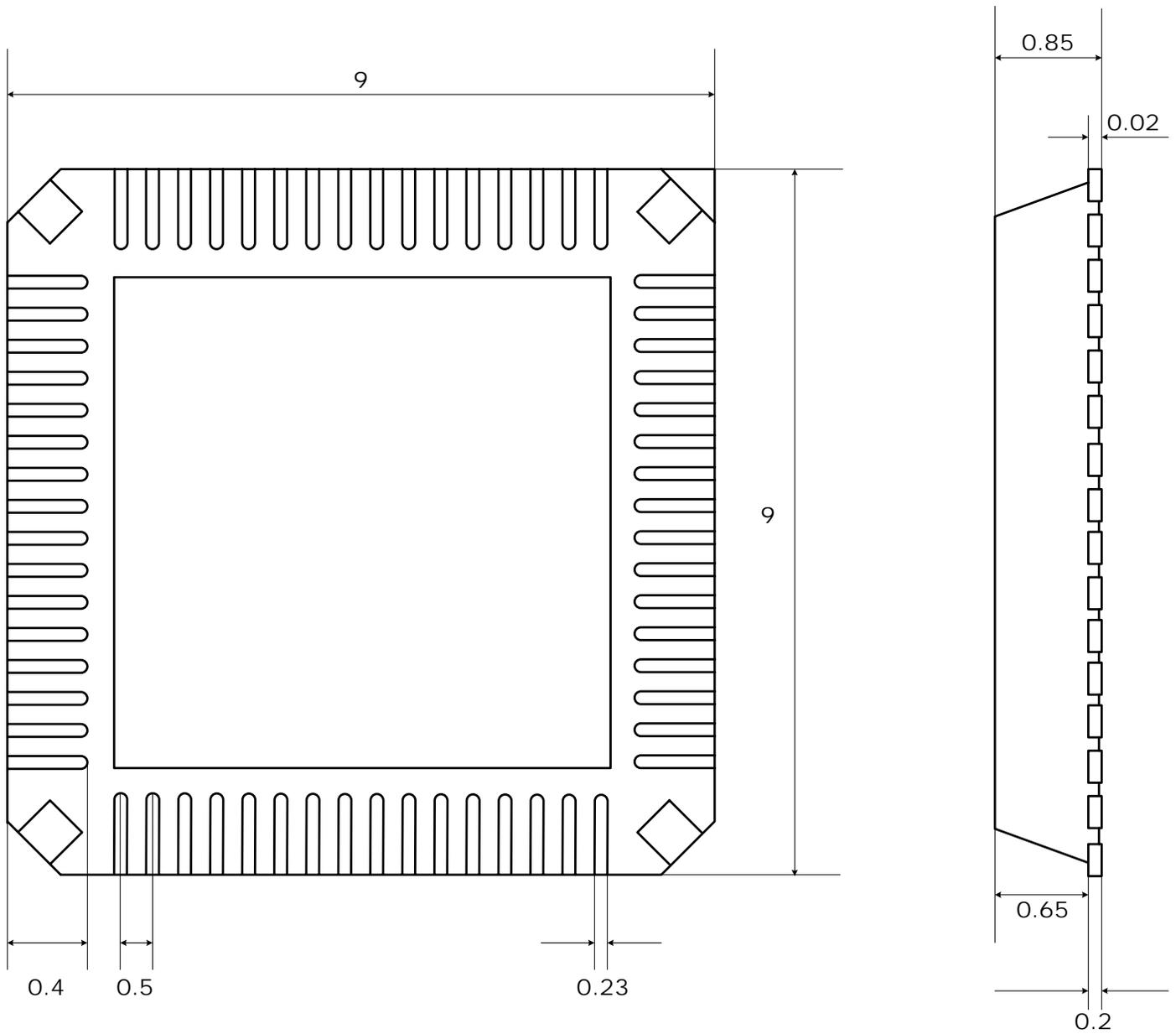
4.1 Package Dimensions

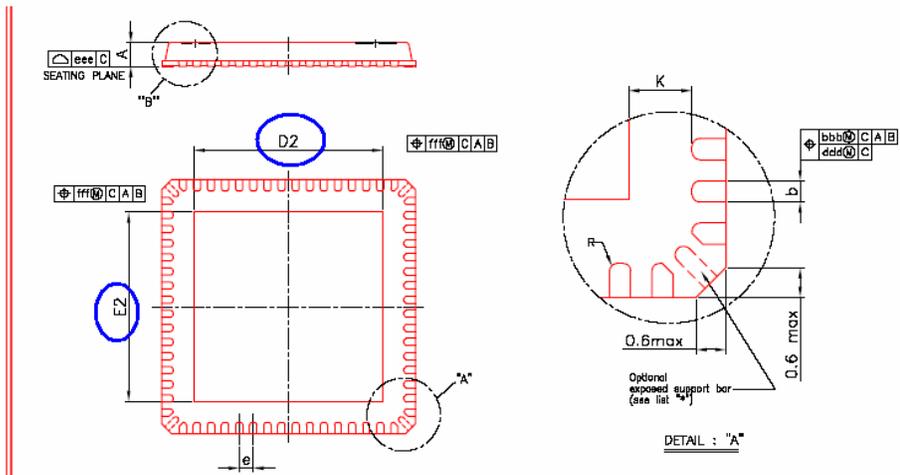
4.1.1 TQFP 64





4.1.2 QFN 64





NOTE:
 1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER
 2. REFERENCE DOCUMENT : JEDEC MO-220.

L/F	Exposed Pad Size			D2/E2 (mm)			D2/E2 (inch)			*
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
①	6.90	7.05	7.20	0.272	0.278	0.283	Y			
②	6.70	6.85	7.00	0.264	0.270	0.276	N			
③	3.64	3.79	3.94	0.143	0.149	0.155	N			
④	5.49	5.64	5.79	0.216	0.222	0.228	N			
⑤	6.75	6.90	7.05	0.266	0.272	0.278	N			

TITLE : 64LD QFN (9X9 mm) PACKAGE OUTLINE			
L/F MATERIAL : A194 FH			
APPR.	F.D.Tang	DWG NO.	CE064-SW1
ENG.	Albert Lee Terry Tsai	REV NO.	D
OM.	S.T.Hsu	PRODUCT	CE0643A , CE0641B



4.3 Pin List Table

No.	Pin Name						
1	DD13	17	PORn	33	MSSEL	49	DA2
2	DD2	18	MODE0	34	DASPN	50	DA0
3	DD12	19	MODE1	35	SSCEN	51	DA1
4	VCCO	20	MODE2	36	CLKSEL0	52	SP
5	DD3	21	ATAIOEN	37	CLKSEL1	53	INTRQ
6	DD11	22	XTALI	38	FXDMA	54	DMACKn
7	DD4	23	XTALO	39	PMEN	55	IORDY
8	DGND	24	AVDDH	40	PHYRDY	56	VCCK
9	VCCK	25	AGND	41	VCCK	57	DGND
10	DD10	26	REXT	42	DGND	58	DIORn
11	DD5	27	RXP	43	UAI	59	DIOWn
12	DD9	28	RXN	44	VCCO	60	DMARQ
13	DD6	29	AVDDL	45	UAO	61	DD15
14	DD8	30	AGND	46	PDIAGn	62	DD0
15	DD7	31	TXN	47	CS1n	63	DD14
16	RESETn	32	TXP	48	CS0n	64	DD1



5. Pin Description

5.1 Pin Type Definition

Pin Type	Definition
A	Analog
D	Digital
I	Input
O	Output
IO	Bi-directional
L	Internal weak pull-low (Typical 31 K Ω)
H	Internal weak pull-high (Typical 31 K Ω)



5.2 Serial ATA Interface

Signal Name	Pin Number	Type	Description
XTALI/OSCI	22	AI	Crystal Input/Oscillator Input. It is connected to an external 1.8V/3.3V crystal/oscillator. The clock rate is 25MHz. Freq tolerance +-100ppm
XTALO	23	AO	Crystal Output. It is connected to an external crystal.
REXT	26	AI	External Reference Resistance. An external 12K Ω 1% resistor should be connected and bypass to the analog ground.
RXP	27	AI	Serial Data Receiver. It receives positive input of differential signal.
RXN	28	AI	Serial Data Receiver. It receives negative input of differential signal.
TXP	32	AO	Serial Data Transmitter. It transmits positive output of differential signal.
TXN	31	AO	Serial Data Transmitter. It transmits negative output of differential signal.



5.3 Parallel ATA Interface

Signal Name	Pin Number	Type	Description
DD[15:0]	61,63,1,3,6,10,12, 14,15,13,11,7,5,2, 64,62	DIO 8mA	Data Bus. This is a bi-directional data bus for a host and a device to transfer data, command, and status.
CSn[1:0]	47,48	DIO 8mA	Chip Select. Active-low signals from a host to select a Command Block or Control Block register of a device.
DA[2:0]	49, 51,50	DIO 4mA	Device Address. Address signals from a host to access a register or data port of the device.
DIORn/ HDMARDYn/ HSTROBE	58	DIO 8mA	IO Read/Ultra DMA Ready/Ultra DMA Data Strobe. DIORn: Active-low signal from a host to read a register or data port of a device. HDMARDYn: Active-low signal from a host to indicate its ready to receive Ultra DMA data-in burst from a device. HSTROBE: Signal from a host to latch data into a device at Ultra DMA data-out operation.
DIOWn/ STOP	59	DIO 8mA	IO Write/Stop Ultra DMA Burst. DIOWn: Active-low signal from a host to write a register or data port of a device. STOP: Active-high signal from a host to terminate an Ultra DMA transfer.
DMACKn	54	DIO 8mA	DMA Acknowledge. Active-low signal from a host to acknowledge the DMA request from a device.
DMARQ	60	DIO 8mA	DMA Request. Active-high signal from a device to request a DMA transfer.
INTRQ	53	DIO 8mA	Device Interrupt. Active-high signal from a device to interrupt a host.
IORDY/ DDMARDYn/ DSTROBE	55	DIO 8mA	IO Ready/Ultra DMA Ready/Ultra DMA Data Strobe. IORDY: Active-high signal from a device to extend the host cycle time for operation at PIO mode 3 and above. DDMARDYn: Active-low signal from a device used to indicate its ready to receive Ultra DMA data-out burst from a host. DSTROBE: Signal from a device used to latch data into a host



Signal Name	Pin Number	Type	Description
			at Ultra DMA data-in operation.
PDIAGn/ PATAOR	46	DIOH 8mA	Diagnostic Signal. In Host Bridge mode: PDIAGn provides the diagnostic signals from device 1 to device 0 to indicate the device 1 diagnosis is complete. In Device mode: PATAOR defines the pin order of parallel ATA interface. (see 5.6) 0: ATA interface signals in Normal Order mode. 1: ATA interface signals in Reverse Order mode.
RESETn	16	DIO 8mA	Hardware Reset. Active-low signal from a host to reset a device.
DASPN/GPIO0	34	DIOH 8mA	Slave Device Present. Active-low signal from Device 1 to Device 0 in Host Bridge mode to indicate the presence of slave device. In Device 0 configuration, this pin is an input. In Device 1 configuration, it is an output. This pin is used as slave present indicator at ATA power on device diagnostics phase, and used as device activity at command or data transfer. In Device Bridge mode, the pin will output bit3 of parallel ATA control register.
SP/GPIO2	52	DIOL 4mA	Slave Device Present. Active-high signal from Device 1 to Device 0 in Host Bridge mode to indicate the presence of slave device. In Device 0 configuration, this pin is an input. In Device 1 configuration, it is an output. In Device Bridge mode, the pin will output bit5 of parallel ATA control register.



5.4 Power Supply

Signal	Pin Number	Type	Description
AVDDH	24	AI	Analog Power. Analog 3.3V power supply. It should be bypassed to ground by a 0.1uF capacitance.
AVDDL	29	AI	Analog Power. Analog 1.8V power supply. It should be bypassed to ground by a 0.1uF capacitance.
AGND	25,30	AI	Analog Ground.
VCCO	4,44	DI	Digital IO Power. Digital 3.3V power supply. It should be bypassed to ground by a 0.1uF capacitance.
VCCK	9,41,56	DI	Digital Core Power. Digital 1.8V power supply. It should be bypassed to ground by a 0.1uF capacitance.
DGND	8,42,57	DI	Digital ground.



5.5 Configuration Interface

Signal Name	Pin Number	Type	Description
PORn	17	DIH 4mA	Power On Reset. Low-active global reset. It should be connected to an external RC to build the power on initialization.
SSCEN	35	DIL 4mA	Spread Spectrum Clock Enable. 0: Disable SATA spread spectrum clocking. (default) 1: Enable SATA spread spectrum clocking.
CLKSEL[1:0]	37, 36	DIL DIH 4mA	Reference Clock Selection. 01: 25MHz external reference clock. others: reserved.
PHYRDY	40	DO 4mA	Physical Layer Ready. 0: Serial ATA physical layer communication is not established. 1: Serial ATA physical layer communication is established.
MODE[2:0]	20,19,18	DIL DIH DIL 4mA	Operation Mode. Set host/device and Ultra DMA operation mode. 000: Device Mode 100MB/s. 001: Device Mode 133MB/s. 010: Device Mode 150MB/s. (default) 011: Reserved. 100: Host Mode 100MB/s. 101: Host Mode 133MB/s. 110: Host Mode 150MB/s. 111: Reserved.
MSSEL/ GPIO1	33	DIOL 4mA	Master/Slave Selection. In Host Bridge mode: 0: Device 0 configuration. (default) 1: Device 1 configuration. In Device Bridge mode, the pin will output bit4 of parallel ATA control register.
FXDMA	38	DIL 4mA	Fixed UDMA Data Rate. 0: Adjustable Ultra DMA data rate according to Set Feature command.



Signal Name	Pin Number	Type	Description
			1: Negate Set Feature command, and fix Ultra DMA data rate specified by MODE[1:0] setting.
ATAIOEN	21	DIH 4mA	ATA IO Interface Enable. 0: Disable the ATA output pins. 1: Enable the ATA output pins.
PMEN	39	DIH 4mA	Power Management Command Enable. 0: Disable translating ATA Power Management feature command to Serial ATA Partial or Slumber mode. 1: Enable translating ATA Power Management feature command to Serial ATA Partial or Slumber mode.
UAI	43	DIH 4mA	On-chip UART input.
UAO	45	DOH 4mA	On-chip UART output.



5.6 Parallel ATA Reverse Order

The parallel ATA pin order is determined by **PDIAGn/PATAOR** in device bridge mode. The pin-out in reverse order is shown below.

Pin	Normal Order	Reverse Order	Pin	Normal Order	Reverse Order
1	DD13	DD0	48	CS0n	DD7
2	DD2	DD15	49	DA2	DD8
3	DD12	DMARQ	50	DA0	DD6
5	DD3	DIOWn	51	DA1	DD9
6	DD11	DIORn	52	SP	DD5
7	DD4	DMACKn	53	INTRQ	DD10
10	DD10	INTRQ	54	DMACKn	DD4
11	DD5	SP	55	IORDY	IORDY
12	DD9	DA1	58	DIORn	DD11
13	DD6	DA0	59	DIOWn	DD3
14	DD8	DA2	60	DMARQ	DD12
15	DD7	CS0n	61	DD15	DD2
16	RESETn	CS1n	62	DD0	DD13
34	DASPn	DASPn	63	DD14	DD1
47	CS1n	RESETn	64	DD1	DD14



6. Supported ATA/ATAPI Command List

6.1 PIO Data-in Commands

Command	Code	Support
CFA TRANSLATE SECTOR	87h	NO
DEVICE CONFIGURATION IDENTIFY	B1h(C2h)	YES
IDENTIFY DEVICE	ECh	YES
IDENTIFY COMPONENT	D0h	YES
IDENTIFY PACKET DEVICE	A1h	YES
READ BUFFER	E4h	YES
READ LOG EXT	2Fh	YES
READ MULTIPLE	C4h	YES
READ MULTIPLE EXT	29h	YES
READ SECTOR(S)	20h/21h	YES
READ SECTOR(S) EXT	24h	YES
READ LONG	22h/23h	YES
SMART READ DATA	B0h(D0h)	YES
SMART READ ATTRIBUTE THRESHOLDS	B0h(D1h)	YES
SMART READ LOG	B0h(D5h)	YES

6.2 PIO Data-Out Commands

Command	Code	Support
CFA WRITE MULTIPLE WITHOUT ERASE	CDh	NO
CFA WRITE SECTORS WITHOUT ERASE	38h	NO
DEVICE CONFIGURATION SET	B1h(C3h)	YES
DOWNLOAD MICROCODE	92h	YES
SECURITY DISABLE PASSWORD	F6h	YES
SECURITY ERASE UNIT	F4h	YES
SECURITY SET PASSWORD	F1h	YES
SECURITY UNLOCK	F2h	YES
SET MAX PASSWORD	F9h(01h)	YES
SET MAX UNLOCK	F9h(03h)	YES
SET MAX PASSWORD EXT	37h(01h)	YES



Command	Code	Support
SET MAX UNLOCK EXT	37h(03h)	YES
SMART WRITE LOG	B0h(D6h)	YES
SMART WRITE ATTRIBUTE THRESHOLDS	B0h(D7h)	YES
WRITE BUFFER	E8h	YES
WRITE LOG EXT	3Fh	YES
WRITE MULTIPLE	C5h	YES
WRITE MULTIPLE EXT	39h	YES
WRITE SECTOR(S)	30h/31h	YES
WRITE SECTOR(S) EXT	34h	YES
WRITE LONG	32h/33h	YES
WRITE VERIFY SECTOR(S)	3Ch	YES

6.3 DMA Data-In Commands

Command	Code	Support
READ DMA	C8h/C9h	YES
IDENTIFY DEVICE DMA	EEh	YES
READ DMA EXT	25h	YES

6.4 DMA Data-Out Commands

Command	Code	Support
WRITE DMA	Cah/CBh	YES
WRITE DMA EXT	35h	YES

6.5 Queued DMA Commands

Command	Code	Support
READ DMA QUEUED	C7h	NO
READ DMA QUEUED EXT	26h	NO
WRITE DMA QUEUED	CCh	NO
WRITE DMA QUEUED EXT	36h	NO
SERVICE	A2h	NO



6.6 PACKET/DIAG Commands

Command	Code	Support
PACKET	A0h	YES
DEVICE RESET	08h	YES
EXECUTE DEVICE DIAGNOSTIC	90h	YES
IDENTIFY PACKET DEVICE	A1h	YES

6.7 Non-Data Commands

Command	Code	Support
CFA ERASE SECTORS	C0h	NO
CFA REQUEST EXTENDED ERROR	03h	NO
CHECK MEDIA CARD TYPE	D1h	YES
CHECK POWER MODE	E5h/98h	YES
DEVICE CONFIGURATION FREEZE LOCK	B1h(C1h)	YES
DEVICE CONFIGURATION RESTORE	B1h(C0h)	YES
FLUSH CACHE	E7h	YES
FLUSH CACHE EXT	EAh	YES
FORMAT TRACK	50h	YES
GET MEDIA STATUS	DAh	YES
IDLE	E3h/97h	YES
IDLE IMMEDIATE	E1h/95h	YES
INITIALIZE DEVICE PARAMETERS	91h	YES
MEDIA EJECT	EDh	YES
MEDIA LOCK	DEh	YES
MEDIA UNLOCK	DFh	YES
NOP	00h	YES
RECALIBRATE	1xh	YES
READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS	F8h	YES
READ NATIVE MAX ADDRESS EXT	27h	YES
READ VERIFY SECTOR(S)	40h/41h	YES
READ VERIFY SECTOR(S) EXT	42h	YES
SECURITY ERASE PREPARE	F3h	YES
SECURITY FREEZE LOCK	F5h	YES



Command	Code	Support
SEEK	70h	YES
SET FEATURES	EFh	YES
SET MAX ADDRESS	F9h	YES
SET MAX LOCK	F9h(02h)	YES
SET MAX FREEZELOCK	F9h(04h)	YES
SET MAX ADDRESS EXT	37h	YES
SET MAX LOCK EXT	37h(02h)	YES
SET MAX FREEZE LOCK EXT	37h(04h)	YES
SET MULTIPLE MODE	C6h	YES
SLEEP	E6h/99h	YES
SMART DISABLE OPERATIONS	B0h(D9h)	YES
SMART ENABLE OPERATIONS	B0h(D8h)	YES
SMART ENABLE/DISABLE AUTOSAVE	B0h(D2h)	YES
SMART SAVE ATTRIBUTE VALUES	B0h(D3h)	YES
SMART EXECUTE OFF_LINE IMMEDIATE	B0h(D4h)	YES
SMART RETURN STATUS	B0h(DAh)	YES
SMART ENABLE/DISABLE AUTO OFFLINE	B0h(DBh)	YES
STANDBY	E2h/96h	YES
STANDBY IMMEDIATE	E0h/94h	YES

**6.8 ATAPI PACKET Commands**

Command	Code	Support
FORMAT UNIT	04h	YES
MODE SELECT(6)	15h	YES
MODE SELECT(10)	55h	YES
MEDIUM SCAN	38h	YES
SEND CUE SHEET	5Dh	YES
SEND DVD STRUCTURE	BFh	YES
SEND DIAGNOSTIC	1Dh	YES
SEND EVENT	A2h	YES
SEND KEY	A3h	YES
SEND OPC INFORMATION	54h	YES
WRITE	0Ah	YES
WRITE(10)	2Ah	YES
WRITE(12)	AAh	YES
WRITE AND VERIFY(10)	2Eh	YES
WRITE AND VERIFY(12)	A Eh	YES
WRITE BUFFER COMMAND	3Bh	YES
BLANK	A1h	YES
CLOSE TRACK/RZONE/SESSION/BORDER	5Bh	YES
ERASE	19h	YES
GET CONFIGURATION	46h	YES
GET EVENT/STATUS NOTIFICATION	4Ah	YES
GET PERFORMANCE	ACh	YES
INQUIRY	12h	YES
LOAD/UNLOAD MEDIUM	A6h	YES
MECHANISM STATUS	BDh	YES
MODE SENSE(6)	1Ah	YES
MODE SENSE(10)	5Ah	YES
PAUSE/RESUME	4Bh	YES
PLAY AUDIO(10)	45h	YES
PLAY AUDIO(12)	A5h	YES
PLAY AUDIO MSF	47h	YES



Command	Code	Support
PLAY CD	BCh	YES
PREVENT/ALLOW MEDIUM REMOVAL	1Eh	YES
READ(6)	08h	YES
READ(10)	28h	YES
READ(12)	A8h	YES
READ BLOCK LIMITS	05h	YES
READ CAPACITY COMMAND	25h	YES
READ CD	BEh	YES
READ CD MSF	B9h	YES
READ DISC INFORMATION	51h	YES
READ DVD STRUCTURE	ADh	YES
READ FORMAT CAPACITIES	23h	YES
READ HEADER	44h	YES
READ MASTER CUE	59h	YES
READ POSITION	34h	YES
READ REVERSE	0Fh	YES
READ SUBCHANNEL	42h	YES
READ TOC/PMA/ATIP	43h	YES
READ TRACK/RZONE INFORMATION	52h	YES
RECEIVE DIAGNOSTICS	1Ch	YES
RECOVER BUFFERED DATA	14h	YES
RELEASE	17h	YES
REPAIR RZONE	58h	YES
REPORT DENSITY SUPPORT	44h	YES
REPORT KEY	A4h	YES
RESERVE	16h	YES
REQUEST SENSE	03h	YES
RESERVE TRACK/RZONE	53h	YES
REWIND	01h	YES
SCAN	BAh	YES
SEEK	2Bh	YES
SET CD SPEED	BBh	YES
SET READ AHEAD	A7h	YES



Command	Code	Support
SPACE	11h	YES
START/STOP UNIT	1Bh	YES
STOP PLAY/SCAN	4Eh	YES
SYNCHRONIZE CACHE	35h	YES
TEST UNIT READY	00h	YES
VERIFY	13h	YES
VERIFY(10)	2Fh	YES
VERIFY(12)	AFh	YES
READ BUFFER COMMAND	3Ch	YES
READ BUFFER CAPACITY COMMAND	5Ch	YES
WRITE FILEMARKS	10h	YES



6.9 Vender Specific Command

In Serial ATA host adapter, the SCR register access act as an important role to perform device attached/detached detection, Partial/Slumber power saving mode configuration. However, the bridge function does not have any standard ATA/ATAPI command could use to access the SCR. Therefore, JM20330 provides a vender specific ATA command that the host software have this way to access the SCR of the Serial ATA host through ATA interface. This JMicron specified command also provides a Serial ATA BIST initiator, and user specified physical packet size of a PACKET command as described in this chapter.

Command	Code	Support
Vender Specific: SCR & PACKET SIZE	FCh	YES

The register-delivered contents and description are shown as below.

Register	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Features	FCh							
Sector count	na	PKT	SCR	SCR address				
Sector number	4Ah							
Cylinder low	4Dh							
Cylinder high	43h							
Device/head	na		DEV	na				
Command	FCh							

SCR address: to address one of the 16 SCR registers, this field is valid if the SCR is set to 1.

SCR: when this bit is set to 1, the host bridge will enter SCR access mode.

PKT: when this bit is set to 1, the host bridge will be ready to receive the data size of packet command that operates in DMA mode.

The data size just for one packet command after the FCh command.

The command code 0xFAh—0xFFh are vender specific. We choose 0xFCh as JMicron specific. To avoid other venders also choose 0xFCh, we put pattern "JMC" into SN, CL and CH registers. The JMC corresponding ASCII codes are '0x4Ah', '0x4Dh' and '0x43h'. The host bridge will decode command, SN, CL and CH registers to determine if enter JMicron special function mode. In JMicron special function mode, the host bridge will not send Reg-FIS to SATA device and will decode sector count register for mode selection.

SCR access:



If the SCR bit is set to 1, the software will access the SCR based on the SCR address. The following is the software sequence of SCR access:

- a. Write Device register to select device.
- b. Write features register with 0xFCh.
- c. Write Sector count with setting SCR and SCR address.
- d. Write Sector number with 0x4Ah.
- e. Write Cylinder low with 0x4Dh.
- f. Write Cylinder high with 0x43h.
- g. Write command register with 0xFCh.
- h. The host bridge will enter SCR access mode.
- i. Read/Write data port to get/put from/into the addressed SCR register word 0.
- j. Read/Write data port to get/put from/into the addressed SCR register word 1.
- k. Hardware will exit JM micron special function mode automatically if features, SN, CL, CH and command don't match any of the above special values.

Get Packet command size:

If this bit is set to 1 by Jmicron special function mode, the host bridge will save the following 2-word data from PATA data port as data size of packet command. The size is *Double Word (32-bit)-based* only. When the host bridge is not in this mode, the transfer size depends on the OP code and command packet.

The following is the software programming sequence:

- a. Write Device register to select device.
- b. Write features register with 0xFCh.
- c. Write Sector number with 0x4Ah.
- d. Write Cylinder low with 0x4Dh.
- e. Write Cylinder high with 0x43h.
- f. Write features register with 0xFCh.
- g. The host bridge will enter Get Packet command size mode.
- h. Write Sector count with setting PKT bit to 1.
- i. Write data port to put into the data size counter word 0. (MSB)
- j. Write data port to put into the data size counter word 1. (LSB)



- k. Hardware will exit JM micron special function mode automatically if features, SN, CL, CH and command don't match any of the above special values.*

The following is the software programming sequence to exit Get Packet command size mode:

- a. Write Device register to select device.*
- b. Write features register with 0xFCh.*
- c. Write Sector number with 0x4Ah.*
- d. Write Cylinder low with 0x4Dh.*
- e. Write Cylinder high with 0x43h.*
- f. Write features register with 0xFCh.*
- g. The host bridge will enter Get Packet command size mode.*
- h. Write Sector count with setting PKT bit to 0.*
- i. Hardware will exit JM micron special function mode automatically if features, SN, CL, CH and command don't match any of the above special values.*



The register map for this command is as the followed table. The description of each register, please refer to 7.3.

Addr	Name	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
00h	SStatus	Reserved (0)											IPM			SPD			DET																		
01h	SError	DIAG											ERR																								
02h	SControl	Reserved (0)											IPM			SPD			DET																		
03h	BIST_DW0	Reserved (0)											T	0	S	L	Reserved (0)																				
04h	BIST_DW1	BIST Pattern DWord 0																																			
05h	BIST_DW2	BIST Pattern DWord 1																																			
06h	SYSCTRL	Reserved (0)																								BIST_IM_scrum	BIST_IM_en	degap_en	Plug_irq	Transmit only mode	CONT_DISAB	R_SCRM_DISAB	SND_BIST				
07h	Debug 0	ff_a2t_err	empty_t2a0_37	empty_a2t	link_state			ff_t2a_err	full_t2a	full_a2t_37	tp_state			0	crc_err	err_queue	cmd_state			pdiag_state			fis_con_state														
08h	Debug 1	0	empty_t2a0_37	empty0_a2t	0	dma_state_h			0	full_t2a0_37	0	app_state			0	pio_state			0	dma_state																	
09h	PHYCTRL	ACTL[39:32]											Reserved (0)											MS_SSC	MS_OOB							PHYout_mode2	PHYout_mode1	TXAMP [3:0]	Force3G	Force PHYRDY	TXEN
0Ah	ACTL	ACTL[31:0]																																			
0bh	BIST DW3	BIST data Dword 2																																			
0ch	BIST DW4	BIST data Dword 3																																			
0dh	BIST DW5	BIST data Dword 4																																			
0eh	BIST DW6	BIST data Dword 5																																			
0fh	PM Sup												PM port[3:0]			Notify[15:0]																					



6.10 Ultra DMA Transfer Rate

Operation Mode (MODE[2:0] setting)	Ultra DMA Mode (Set Feature command)	Data Rate (MB/s)
150MHz	0	16.7
	1	25
	2	33
	3	44
	4	66
	5	100
	6	120
	7	150



6.11 Device Mode Master-Only Operation

In legacy IDE framework, we can attach two IDE drives on the IDE cable. The two drives are master and slave correspondingly. But in SATA framework, we can only attach one SATA drive on the SATA port. From the SATA Host's viewpoint, the attached SATA drive is master. In order to meet the SATA framework, if we use JM20330 to bridge the SATA Host and IDE drive the jumper selection of the attached IDE drive must be master.

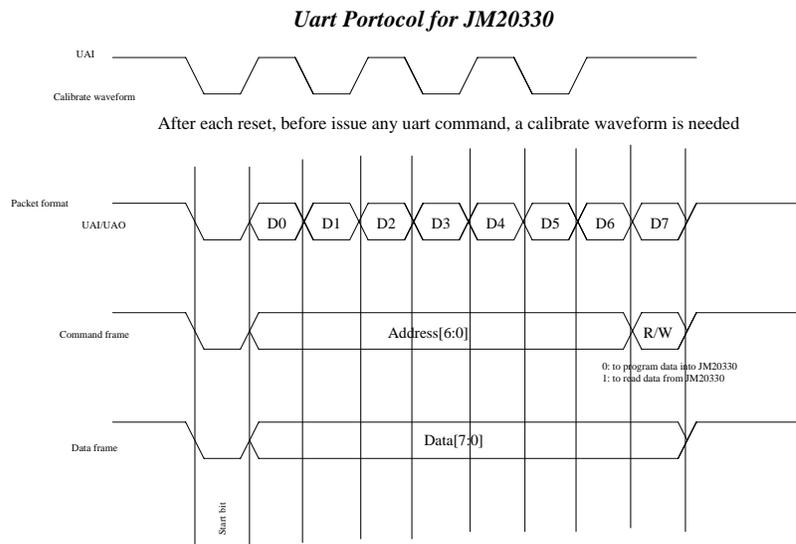


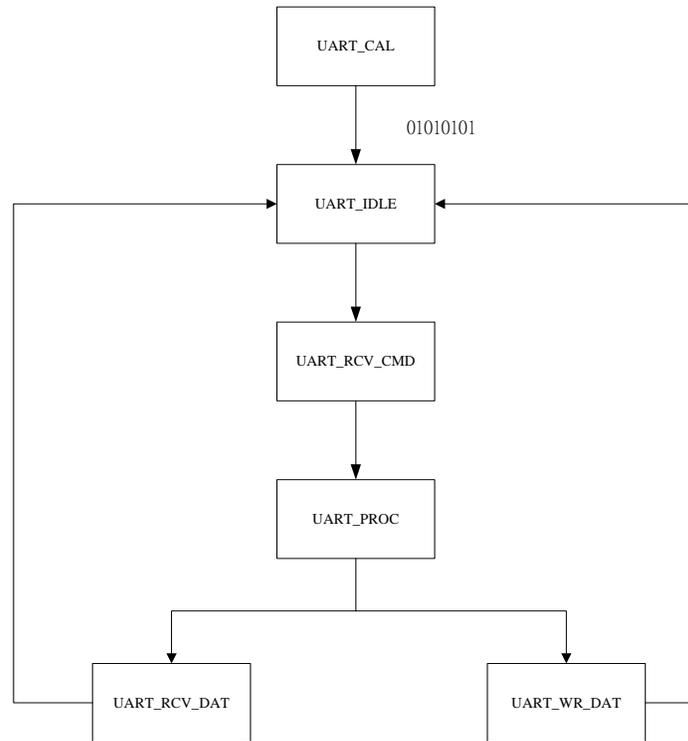
7. UART Interface Operation

The on-chip UART is an optional interface that user could use to access the SCR registers, fine tuning the serial link parameters of physical layer. Except of SCR, most registers had their power-on default values and are reserved for system troubleshooting only. Never change these registers in normal operation. Else, it may damage the file system in the storage system.

7.1 UART Interface

The on-chip UART interface is a user configurable baud rate full duplex serial interface. The software utility or firmware program should sent a 0xAAh preamble for on-chip UART core for baud rate identification, then followed by accessing Command + Data frame for internal register access. The Command frame data structure is that first data bit is a read/write control bit, and the others are address bits of the register. The bit ordering of both Command and Data are MSB to LSB. The max and min pulse width shall be 420us and 532ns. The time restriction between calibration, command, and data frame shall be 500ns.







7.2 SCR and Control Register Map

The internal register is 8-bit format. To access a SCR register, it requires to assert four Command + Data frame. The following shows the register map in DWord format.

Addr	Name	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
00-03h	SStatus	Reserved (0)											IPM				SPD			DET																	
04-07h	SError	DIAG											ERR																								
08-0Bh	SControl	Reserved (0)											IPM				SPD			DET																	
0C-0Fh	BIST_DW0	Reserved (0)								T	0	S	L	Reserved (0)																							
10-13h	BIST_DW1	BIST Pattern DWord 0																																			
14-17h	BIST_DW2	BIST Pattern DWord 1																																			
18-1Bh	SYSCTRL	Reserved (0)																								BIST_JM_sram	BIST_JM_en	degap_en	Plug_irq	Transmit only mode	CONT_DISAB	R_SCRM_DISAB	SND_BIST				
1C-1Fh	Debug 0	ff_a2t_err	empty_t2a_37	empty_a2t	link_state				ff_t2a_err	full_t2a	full_a2t_37	tp_state			0	crc_err	err_queue	cmd_state				pdiag_state			fis_con_state												
20-23h	Debug 1	0	empty_t2a0_37	empty0_a2t	0	dma_state_h			0	full_t2a0_37	0	app_state			0	pio_state				0	dma_state																
24-27h	PHYCTRL	ACTL[39:32]																						MS_SSC	MS_OOB					PHYout_mode2	PHYout_model	TXAMP [3:0]			Force3G	Force PHYRDY	TXEN
28-2Bh	ACTL	ACTL[31:0]																																			
2C-2Fh	BIST DW3	BIST data Dword 2																																			
30-33h	BIST DW4	BIST data Dword 3																																			
34-37h	BIST DW5	BIST data Dword 4																																			
38-3Bh	BIST DW6	BIST data Dword 5																																			



3C-3Fh	PM Sup				PM Port[3:0]	Notify[15:0]
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7.3 Register Description

Register Name	ATA Address	UART Address	Description			
SStatus	00h	00-03h	The Serial ATA interface Status register.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			3:0	R	0000	DET. The DET value indicates the interface device detection and physical layer state. 0000 No device detected and Phy communication not established 0001 Device presence detected but Phy communication not established 0011 Device presence detected and Phy communication established 0100 Phy in offline mode as a result of the interface being disabled or running in a BIST loopback mode All other values reserved
			7:4	R	0001	SPD. The SPD value indicates the negotiated interface communication speed established 0000 No negotiated speed (device not present or communication not established) 0001 Generation 1 communication rate negotiated All other values reserved
			11:8	R	0000	IPM. The IPM value indicates the current interface power management state 0000 Device not present or communication not established 0001 Interface in active state 0010 Interface in PARTIAL power management state 0110 Interface in SLUMBER power management state All other values reserved
			Others	R	0	Reserved.
SError	01h	04-07h	The Serial ATA interface Error register.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			0	R/WC	0	I. Recovered data integrity error
			1	R/WC	0	M. Recovered communications error
			8	R/WC	0	T. Non-recovered transient data integrity error
			9	R/WC	0	C. Non-recovered persistent communication or data integrity error
			10	R/WC	0	P. Protocol error
			11	R/WC	0	E. Internal error
			16	R/WC	0	N. PhyRdy change
			17	R/W	0	I. Phy Internal Error
			18	R/WC	0	W. Comm Wake
			19	R/WC	0	B. 10b to 8b Decode error
			20	R/WC	0	D. Disparity Error
			21	R/WC	0	C. CRC Error
			22	R/WC	0	H. Handshake error
			23	R/WC	0	S. Link Sequence Error
24	R/WC	0	T. Transport state transition error			
25	R/WC	0	F. Unrecognized FIS type			



Register Name	ATA Address	UART Address	Description			
			Others	R	0	Reserved.
SControl	02h	08-0Bh	The Serial ATA interface Control register.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			3:0	R/W	0000	DET. The DET field controls the host adapter device detection and interface initialization. 0000 No device detection or initialization action requested 0001 Perform interface communication initialization sequence to establish communication. This is functionally equivalent to a hard reset and results in the interface being reset and communications reinitialized. Upon a write to the SControl register that sets the LSB of the DET field to one, the host shall transition to the HP1:HR Reset state and shall remain in that state until the LSB of the DET field is cleared to zero by a subsequent write to the SControl register. 0100 Disable the Serial ATA interface and put Phy in offline mode. All other values reserved
			7:4	R/W	0001	SPD. The SPD field represents the highest allowed communication speed the interface is allowed to negotiate when interface communication speed is established 0000 No speed negotiation restrictions 0001 Limit speed negotiation to a rate not greater than Generation 1 communication rate All other values reserved
			11:8	R/W	0000	IPM. The IPM field represents the enabled interface power management states that can be invoked via the Serial ATA interface power management capabilities 0000 No interface power management state restrictions 0001 Transitions to the PARTIAL power management state disabled 0010 Transitions to the SLUMBER power management state disabled 0011 Transitions to both the PARTIAL and SLUMBER power management states disabled All other values reserved
			Others	R/W	0	Reserved.
BIST_DW0	03h	0C-0Fh	BIST Control Register.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			20	RW	0	L. Far-end retimed loopback mode. 0: Disable. 1: Enable.
			21	RW	0	S. Scrambler enable of transmitter. 0: Disable. 1: Enable.
			23	RW	0	T. Enable transmitting-only. 0: Disable. 1: Enable.
			others	R	0	Reserved.
BIST_DW1	04h	10-13h	BIST Pattern Doubled-Word 1.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			31:0	RW	0	BIST Pattern.



Register Name	ATA Address	UART Address	Description			
BIST_DW2	05h	14-17h	BIST Pattern Doubled-Word 2.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			31:0	RW	0	BIST Pattern.
SYSCTRL	06h	18-1Bh	System Control Register.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			0	RW	0	SEND_BIST. Send BIST FIS. 0: Normal operation. 1: Start to send BIST FIS. When this bit is set, the JM20330 will send a BIST FIS with the L, S, T field and data pattern specified in BIST_DW0 , BIST_DW1 , BIST_DW2 registers.
			1	RW	0	RxSCRMDis. Receiver scrambler Disable. 0: Enable receiver scrambler. 1: Disable receiver scrambler.
			2	RW	0	CONT_Disable. CONT primitive Enable. 0: Enable CONT primitive. 1: Disable CONT primitive.
			3	RW	0	Tx_only_en. Force the transmitter to send the BIST pattern. ForcePHYRDY bit must be set before enabling this function.
			4	RW	0	Plug_irq. Reserved.
			5	RW	0	Degap_en. Reserved.
			6	RW	0	BIST_JM_en. 1:JM bist enable, 0:JM bist disable
			7	RW	0	BIST_JM_scram. 1: scramble enable, 0:scramble disable
			others	R	0	Reserved.
DEBUG_0	07h	1C-1FH	System Debug Port 0.			
DEBUG_1	08h	20-23H	System Debug Port 1.			
PHYCTRL	09h	24-27h	Physical Layer Control Register.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			0	RW	1	TXEN. Transmitter enable. 0: Disable. 1: Enable. (Normal operation)
			1	RW	0	FORCEPHYRDY. Forced PHY ready. 0: Normal operation. 1: Forced PHY ready regardless OOB power on initialization.
			2	RW	0	FRCE3G. This bit is valid only for 3G PHY.
6:3	RW	000	TXAMP. Transmitter amplitude control.			



Register Name	ATA Address	UART Address	Description			
			bit	R/W	Reset	Description
			11:7	R	R	Reserved.
			12	RW	0	MS_OOB. Reserved.
			13	RW	0	MS_SSC. Reserved.
			others	R	0	Reserved.
ACTL	0Ah	28-2Bh	PHY Analog Control Register.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			31:0	RW	AB155	Reserved for analog parameter control.
BIST_DW3	0Bh	2C-2Fh	BIST Pattern Doubled-Word 3.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			31:0	RW	0	BIST Pattern.
BIST_DW4	0Ch	30-33h	BIST Pattern Doubled-Word 4.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			31:0	RW	0	BIST Pattern.
BIST_DW5	0Dh	34-37h	BIST Pattern Doubled-Word 5.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			31:0	RW	0	BIST Pattern.
BIST_DW6	0Eh	38-3Bh	BIST Pattern Doubled-Word 6.			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			31:0	RW	0	BIST Pattern.
PM Sup	0Fh	3C-2Fh	PM and Async notification support			
			<i>bit</i>	<i>R/W</i>	<i>Reset</i>	<i>Description</i>
			15:0	RW	0	Notify register
			19:16	RW	0	PM port register



8. Electrical Characteristics

8.1 Power Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Digital I/O pad power supply			9.43	9.50	9.57	mA
Digital core power supply			44.8	47.5	49.2	mA
Analog power supply	AVDDH _(ABS)		17.90	17.92	17.93	mA
Analog power supply	AVDDL _(ABS)		54.5	55.0	55.2	mA

8.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Absolute digital I/O power supply	VCCO _(ABS)		2.4	3.3	4.4	V
			3.9	9.1	13	mA
Absolute digital core power supply	VCKK _(ABS)		1.4	1.8	3.2	V
			36	46	70	mA
Absolute analog power supply	AVDDH _(ABS)		2.6	3.3	4.4	V
			17	18	27	mA
Absolute analog power supply	AVDDL _(ABS)		1.4	1.8	3.2	V
			45	55	110	mA
Absolute Input Voltage			-0.4		VCCO+0.4	V
Absolute Storage Temperature			-55		+85	°C
Absolute Junction Temperature			-35		+125	°C

8.3 Typical Operation Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Ambient operation temperature		For commercial spec.	0		70	°C
Ambient operation temperature		For industry spec. **	-40		85	°C
Junction Temperature			0		125	°C
Operation digital I/O power supply	VCCO		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Operation digital core power supply	VCKK		1.62	1.8	1.98	V
Operation analog power supply	AVDDH		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Operation analog power supply	AVDDL		1.62	1.8	1.98	V



8.4 DC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Input low voltage	V_{IL}		0		0.8	V
Input high voltage	V_{IH}		2.0			V
Output low voltage	V_{OL}		0		0.4	V
Output high voltage	V_{IH}		2.6		3.6	V

8.5 ATA I/O DC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
DC sink current	I_{OL}		8			mA
Internal pull-up current			40		160	μ A
Input low-voltage	V_{IL}				0.8	V
Input high-voltage	V_{IH}		2.0		5.0	V
Output low-voltage	V_{OL}		0		0.4	V
Output high-voltage	V_{OH}		2.6		3.6	V

8.6 ATA I/O AC Characteristics

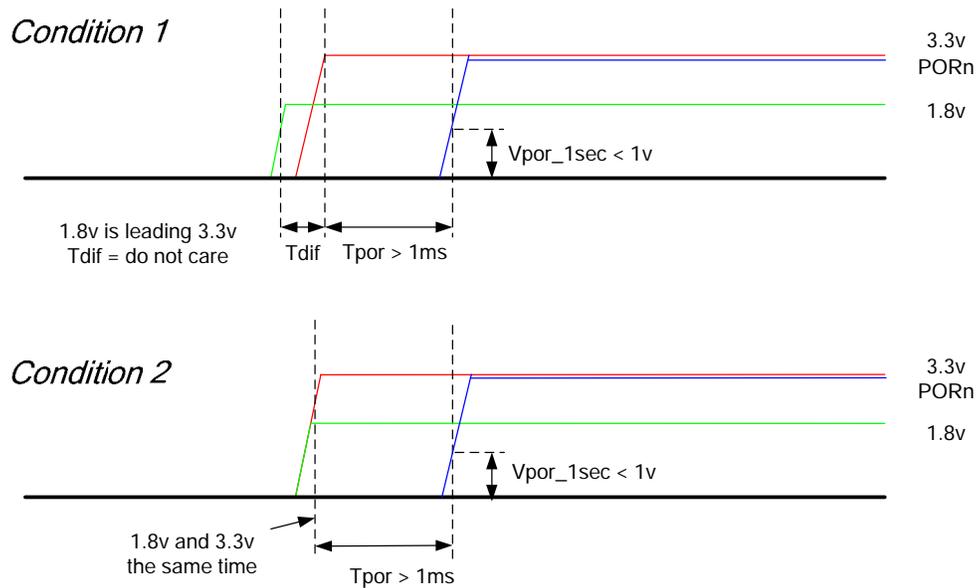
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Rising slew-rate			0.4	0.7	1.0	V/ns
Falling slew-rate			0.4	0.7	1.0	V/ns
Device Capacitance	C device				27	pF



9. Power-on Reset Sequence

The JM20330 is a UMC 0.18 process chip solution. Which need 2 power supply e.g. 1.8 v and 3.3 v. When power on, keep 1.8v leading 3.3v. If it can not be achieved, the 3.3v and 1.8v should come at the same time.

The external RC power on reset circuit is built in the system board, the PORn signal in pin 17 shall be still low(asserted) till 1 ms second after both 1.8 v and 3.3 v power supply are stable (as shown in condtion2 and contion3).



Ether condition 1, or condition 2 is ok.

After the power on reset, the JM20330 enter into normal operation mode. During the normal operation mode, the PORn signal in pin 17 must always kept in high, and the noise margin shall be always keep less than VCCO/2, as shown is the following diagram.

